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BIRTHS.

McRAE—February 21, 1934, in Jerusalem, to Anne Lovett (*née* Nan Johns), wife of Captain C. A. R. McRae, Seaforth Highlanders, a son.

POLLOCK—February 19, 1934, at Belfast, to Lucy, wife of Norman Pollock, a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

WHITE and MacDERMOTT—January 31, 1934, at St. Michael's Church, Dun Laoghaire, with Nuptial Mass and Papal Benediction, by the Rev. Esmonde White, S.J. (brother of the bridegroom), assisted by the Rev. Vincent Byrne, S.J., and the Rev. John Hannon, S.J., Reginald J. White, F.R.C.S.I., 23 Merrion square, Dublin, to Elaine Marie, youngest daughter of the late Charles MacDermott, J.P., and of Mrs. MacDermott, 6 Crofton terrace, Dun Laoghaire.

DEATHS.

BARNES—February 6, 1934, at his residence, Brenormore, Nine-Mile-House, Co. Tipperary, William Barnes, aged 63.

BUTLER—February 21, 1934, at her residence, 15 Raymond street, Charlotte A. Butler, widow of the late Richard Butler. Funeral Service St. Kevin's Church, South Circular road, to-morrow (Friday) morning, 23rd inst., at 9.30 a.m., thence to Mount Jerome. "Light at evening-time."

DIMOND—February 20, 1934, at his residence, Lisnanagh House, Edgeworthstown, Henry Dimond, to the inexpressible grief of his sorrowing wife, family, brothers, and sisters. "Thy will be done." Funeral to Corboy to-day (Thursday) at 2 o'clock. American papers please copy.

FITZGERALD—February 21, 1934, at 164 Clontarf road, Anna, widow of the late Joseph P. Fitzgerald, and daughter of the late James Rooney, late of Sybil Hill. Deeply regretted. Funeral from St. John the Baptist, after 10 o'clock Mass, to-morrow (Friday), to Glasnevin Cemetery. R.I.P.

HAGUE—February 17, 1934, in London, Annie, widow of the late William Hague, Architect, of Dublin, in her 83rd year. R.I.P.

KEOHAN—February 14, 1934, at his residence, 17 Main street, Dungarvan, County Waterford, Edmond Keohan. May the Sacred Heart of Jesus have mercy on his soul. R.I.P. Burial took place at family burying place, Tramore, on February 16th.

MacGINTY—February 21, 1934, at her residence, 43 Croydon road, London, S.E. 20, Hannah, beloved wife of Dr. Edwin B. MacGinty. R.I.P. Requiem Mass at 11 a.m. on Saturday at St. Anthony's Church, Genoa road, Anerley. Funeral immediately afterwards.

O'RORKE—February 20, 1934, in a Private Nursing Home, Dublin, Eleanor O'Rorke, wife of Hugh O'Rorke, of South Africa, and eldest daughter of the late John Linton-Valelly, of Holywood, Co. Down.

RYAN—February 21, 1934, at his residence, 311 Clontarf road, William, son of the late P. J. Ryan. R.I.P. Funeral (private) to Glasnevin, at 10.30 a.m. to-day (Thursday), 22nd.

WADDELL—February 21, 1934, at the Manse of Trinity Church, Ballymoney, Margaret, youngest daughter of the late Rev. John Waddell, B.A. (Newington Church, Belfast).

WILSON—February 20, 1934, at her residence, Gortahurk, Letterbreen, Enniskillen, Mary A. Wilson, daughter of the late W. H. Wilson. Funeral to-morrow (Friday) at 2.30.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for this column will be found on Page 6.

MONTH'S MIND.

TALLON—The Month's Memory Requiem Office and High Mass for the late Dr. Thomas Tallon, Duleek, will be held in Duleek Church on Tuesday morning, February 27th, at 11 o'clock.

IN MEMORIAM.

HORNE—In fond and loving memory of my dear mother, Eliza Horne, who died at her residence, Oreen, Howth, on February 22nd, 1933. Inserted by her loving son, George Horne.

NICHOLSON—In loving memory of Annie E. Nicholson, who died on 22nd February, 1930.

TALBOT DE MALAHIDE—In piam memoriam. Isabel Charlotte Baroness Talbot de Malahide, D.B.E., 20, XII., 1851—22, II., 1932. R.I.P.

WALLACE—In loving memory of Jane Wallace, widow of Richard Thompson Wallace, called Home on the 22nd February, 1927. Inserted by her loving son, James.

WATKINS—In ever-loving memory of our darling daughter (Dot), Elizabeth Maude, called Home on the 22nd February, 1933. "With Christ, which is far better."

WATKINS—In loving memory of our dear sister (Dot), Elizabeth Maude, called Home on 22nd February, 1933. "At rest."

WHARTON—In loving memory of Christina Wharton, who died at her residence, 5 Knapton road, Kingstown, on 22nd February, 1930.

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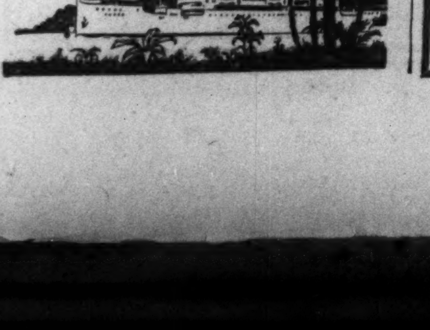
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MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS CATHERINE ST. GEORGE, late of 11 Breffni terrace, Sandycove, Co. Dublin. Claimants against Deceased's estate will please furnish particulars to T. T. MECREDY and SON, 91 Merrion square, Dublin.

BROADCASTING PROGRAMMES, HOME AND ABROAD, PAGE FOUR.

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Advertisements not prepaid are charged for at a minimum of 3/- per insertion.

Publication of these Advertisements is not guaranteed on any particular day.

As letters addressed to initials or to Christian or fictitious names at a Post Office will not be dealt with, but immediately sent to Dead Letter Office, Advertisements with such addresses will not be inserted.

TRADE AND "MATRIMONIAL" ADVERTISEMENTS IN THESE COLUMNS 1/- PER LINE.

Money Orders, Notes, ORIGINAL Testimonials, or other Documents should not be enclosed with replies to Advertisements.

IRISH TIMES, LTD.,
WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
'Phone 23062.
24/11/'25.

BRANCH OFFICES:
RATHMINES—Castlewood avenue. 'Phone—Rathmines 951
BELFAST—13 Donegall street ....'Phone 1787
CORK—15 Cook street ....Cork 1506
LONDON—59 Fleet street, E.C.4......Central 4350
MANCHESTER—Winter's Buildings, 30 St. Ann street ....City 3049

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, Gent's Black Glove, Harold's Cross, Saturday; reward.—14 Sion Hill avenue, Kimmage.

LOST, Cheque Book last week near Grafton street; finder rewarded.—B 1596, this office.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

A BUSINESS Training at Skerry's College, 76 Stephen's Green, qualifies for the best posts. Prospectus free. T

COOK GENERAL (capable) WANTED for England, R.C. family (3), comfortable home and good outings; house parlourmaid also kept; wage, £33; references required (P.P. or late employers).—Box C., c/o Smith's Bookshop, Clacton. 21 A

CLERK WANTED, shorthand, typing; full particulars and salary expected.—B 1595, this office.

INSURANCE Office (Tariff) REQUIRES the Services of an INSPECTOR for their Limerick district. Reply in confidence, giving full particulars, including age and present salary. Address "Z 1465, Inspector," this office. 21 A

NOTICE. IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper great care should be taken to include the catch words, when same are given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

STOREKEEPER—WANTED, an experienced and first class MAN; motor experience preferred; must have first class references. Give fullest information, age, and salary required.—B 1438, this office. 19 E

SEXTON WANTED, married, eight shillings weekly and house. Apply Rector, Brinny Rectory, Upton, Co. Cork. 21 F

SIMPLE Pick-up for a Screened Grid Wireless Set, by an Expert, in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 20 F

TYPIST and BOOKKEEPER REQUIRED for city. Apply in own writing, stating age, experience, and salary required, to B 1574, this office.

THE Kavanaghs should see the "Irish Family Names" Feature in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 20 F

WANTED, MAN, rebuild pram. wheels, do repairs, etc., to pram. chassis, etc.—B 1509, this office. 20 F

WANTED, MAN or WOMAN to Upholster Prams., cord piping, etc.—B 1510, this office. 20 F

WANTED, ACCOUNTANT SECRETARY for City Estates Company. Apply, stating age, experience, salary, copies references, etc., B 1531, this office. 20 D

WANTED, smart experienced YOUNG MAN for Wholesale Haberdashery, must have a thorough knowledge of the wholesale; apply, with copies of testimonials and state salary.—B 1490, this office. 20 F

WANTED for Co. Cavan, HOUSEKEEPER, to take charge of house for two young men; salary £18. Address, giving age and references, "Z 1463, Housekeeper," this office. 21 A

WANTED, Lady of good appearance, HOUSEKEEPER, answer telephone, age about 30; comfortable home; interview necessary; indoor.—B 1583, this office.

WANTED, an experienced CLERK, about 25 years of age, knowledge of the Motor business an advantage; give fullest particulars of experience, copies of references and salary required.—B 1614, this office. 21 E

30/- WEEKLY Easily Earned—Fascinating Pastime; samples 1/-.—Harrington, Quinsboro' road, Bray. F

£38—WANTED immediately, COOK GENERAL for English R.C. family, comfortable home, good outings, another maid kept; P.P. reference required.—Box C., c/o Smith's Bookshop, Clacton. 21 A

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, INVESTMENTS, ETC.

CASH Advanced, £10 upwards, with or without security.—S. Mofsovitz, 34 Exchequer street, Dublin. T

CASH Advanced, £10 upwards, with or without security.—P. and J. Toomey, 5a Fownes street. 52 19

EXTRA Capital required (about £2,000) for extension purposes in solvent wholesale business doing large turnover and having big country connection. Reply, giving solicitor's and banker's reference; principals only.—B 1600, this office. 21 A

LOANS Advanced, £10 upwards, with or without security, strictly private.—Commercial Union Loan and Discount Co., 57 Mid. Abbey street. 'Phone, 45096. T

MOTOR Trade—Well established business, holding good agencies Dublin, wishing to develop assembly and extend business, requires Extra Capital; two Directorships vacant; replies must state available amount and quote bank references.—B 1536, this office. 20 D

£5 AND Upwards Advanced—31 Exchequer street, Dublin. With or without security.—S. Mofsovitz. Tel., 21597.

£10 AND Upwards Cash Advances—Central Trust, Ltd., 17 Clare street, Dublin. 'Phone, 62122. 24 26

£2,000 AVAILABLE for any sound Commercial undertaking or building.—B 1537, this office. 20 F

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS, OFFICIALS, SERVANTS, ETC.

POSITIONS VACANT.

BOOKKEEPER CASHIER REQUIRED for first class country hotel; must be thoroughly experienced, good appearance, capable of taking charge if required. Address "Z 1463, Cashier," this office.

FOR Carlton Hotel, Harcourt street—Capable, trustworthy WAITRESS. Call between 12 and 1 o'c. and between 2 and 3 o'c.

HOUSEKEEPER REQUIRED for a first class hotel adjacent to Dublin; must be able to control staff and supervise generally; reply, stating age and copies of references.—B 1407, this office. 19 F

HOTEL—WANTED, BOOKKEEPER, must be experienced; state salary. Apply, by letter—B 1478, this office. 20 F

WANTED, experienced HOUSEMAID WAITRESS, also KITCHENMAID. Apply, with references, Belgrave Hotel, Rathmines. 17 D

WANTED, Easter, expert COOK HOUSEKEEPER for exclusive small country hotel, Kerry; state age, terms. Address "Z 1442, Housekeeper," this office. 21 A

WANTED, young capable ASSISTANT for season, seaside hotel, near Dublin. Address "Z 1452, Assistant," this office. 21 F

WANTED for quiet country hotel, an ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER RECEPTIONIST, of good appearance and address, who can type and help in dispense. Address "Z 1467, Bookkeeper," this office.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED

A YOUNG Lady (18 years), well educated, seeks a position in a Hotel, highest references from P.P. Address "Z 1357, Lady," this office. 16 D

BOOKKEEPER requires post; several years' experience in first class hotels; shorthand and typing.—B 1356, this office. 19 E

EXPERIENCED Hotel Bookkeeper seeks position; highly recommended. Apply Matron, Irish Times Office, Dublin. 21 A

EXPERIENCED General, would go under chef, hotel, private; recommended.—B 1552, this office.

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS.

LAW Clerk, Shorthand Typist, 4 years' experience (city), disengaged; Court.—B 1353, this office. 19 E

SOLICITORS—Surplus work, Land Commission, Costs, etc., carefully attended to by competent Man.—Box 3043, Eason's Advertising Service, Dublin. 19 F

MEDICAL NURSING AND APPOINTMENTS.

ATTENDANT for Invalid Lady, Protestant, WANTED (daily), Kingstown.—B 1488, this office. 20 D

CHEMIST'S Assistant, unqualified, presently engaged, desires position in Dublin. Address "Z 1409, Assistant," this office. 20 F

DENTIST has vacancy for Mechanical Pupil, 14-17 years.—B 1503, this office. 20 D

EXPERIENCED Nurse Attendant take charge Invalid Lady or Gentleman, moderate salary; highest testimonials.—B 1347, this office. 19 E

INVALID Attendant, R.C., mental hospital experience; age 29; wages £3 per month night duty, £2 10/- per month day duty. Address "Z 1446, Attendant," this office.

MEDICAL Hall for Sale in country town. Address "Z 1400, Medical," this office. 21 F

TRAINED Nurse (Protestant), long experience, would go as Companion to invalid, or nerve case; highest testimonial.—1675, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 19 E

THE Kavanaghs should see the "Irish Family Names" Feature in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 20 F

UNQUALIFIED Assistant—Part time required by young Lady.—R O 937, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 20 D

WANTED at once, to act as Temporary MATRON in Private Mental Home for gentlemen in West Midlands, England; full mental nursing qualifications required. Address "Z 1327, Matron," this office. 15 D

WANTED, MALE ATTENDANT, country, abstainer; moderate terms. Address "Z 1418, Attendant," this office. 7 21

WANTED immediately for gentleman's house in County Meath, capable HELP (Protestant preferred), some experience of nursing, accustomed to all household duties, maid given; state wages expected and enclose copies of references.—B 1489, this office. 20 F

YOUNG Lady wishes to hear of vacancy as Assistant to Dentist, no shorthand or typing, outdoor.—B 1421, this office. 19 E

YOUNG Fellow, with Matric., wishes Apprenticeship in a City Chemist's. Apply B 1587, this office.

4 UPPER Leeson street—Consulting Rooms (Hall), suit professional or offices; 'phone. 20 F

AGENCIES AND SITUATIONS WANTED.

DRAPERY Traveller, experienced young Man, first class connection Irish Free State, open for engagement March, present firm closing down owing to tariffs; fourteen years' experience.—B 1425, this office. 19 E

KELLETTS
J.B. MASTERFRONT
Offer You
THE NEW
DUAL STRETCH
The Latest Creation in the Art of Corsetry.
The Corset with the same stretch as the human skin





NO. 724.—Back-lacing model in a strong coutil tea rose shade. Elastic sections at top and bottom, giving complete figure control. Waist 23 to 36. Postage 6d. 14/11

Model 2103, for the woman who prefers a side-fastening Girdle...... 2 Gns.
Model 2106, closed back shape, so popular with the woman who needs the added support of a busk.............. 2 Gns.
Model 2720, the most exquisite Combinaire ever conceived—boneless—with charming lace over bust 2½ Gns.



RUBBER REDUCING CORSET.—A back-lacing model, made from the new Para Rubber. The perfect Slimming garment. 23 to 36 ..... 37/11

Two Expert Fitters in Attendance

Kelletts of George's Street, Dublin

TUITIONS AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

ALL Professional and University Prelims., Oral and Correspondence. Success lists free.—McGuire's College, Gardiner's Row, Dublin. T

DANCING—Private Lessons any time—Professor Mrs. Graham, North George's street. 'Phone 43259. 16 6

LESSONS in French, Spanish, Latin, English, experienced Cambridge Graduate.—Box 286, Stephens's Library, Dun Laoghaire. 20 D

LADY, with high certificates, gives Shorthand Tuitions, mornings, Dublin or Kingstown districts; terms moderate.—1684, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

NATIONAL Teacher coaches for Examinations; pupil's home; very moderate.—B 1550, this office. 21 A

PUPILS Coached, Latin, French, Maths., English, Geography; day, evening; moderate.—Miss Wallace, B.A., Raheen, Bray. 8 22

THE Kavanaghs should see the "Irish Family Names" Feature in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 20 F

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

WANTED, a TUTOR to prepare boy Matriculation, Northern examination.—B 1599, this office.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

SALES MANAGER.

SPECIALITY BUSINESS, own car, disengaged owing to firm discontinuing business, seeks appointment requiring Sales or Managerial ability.—B 1603, this office.

EXPERIENCED all round Cutter, with capital, desiring change, would consider Partnership in best class city Tailoring establishment.—B 1426, this office. 16 D

EXPERIENCED Lady Help (Protestant) seeks post with elderly refined couple; good testimonials.—1682, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 20 D

EXPERIENCED Housekeeper, all duties, town or country good references.—B 1553, this office.

FIRST class Dressmaker desires work ladies' houses; terms moderate.—1670, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 18 D

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LADY would do Housework, Sewing, Knitting, Mending, daily, early afternoons; south side.—B 1581, this office.

LADY offers her services mornings or afternoons, or resident; understands Housekeeping, Nursing, Cooking; small salary.—B 1613, this office.

MOTHER'S Help, R.C., experienced, first lessons, needlewoman; highly recommended.—B 1569, this office.

SHORTHAND Typist, knowledge of bookkeeping, desires post.—B 1319, this office. 17 D

SHORTHAND Typist, General Office Assistant, experienced, disengaged.—B 1398, this office. 19 E

YOUNG Lady would like to get experience in Egg Testing, outdoor.—B 1422, this office. 19 E

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

WANTED young LAD, 17 years, for Farm Work; good milker. Reply, with references and state wages indoor, G. Bedford Hammond, Clonsword, Ballyboghill, Co. Dublin. 20 F

MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

A RESPECTABLE middle-aged single Man wishes situation General Manservant, Caretaker, or Attendant on invalid gentleman; highest references; moderate terms.—1679, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 19 E

HERD, married, thorough knowledge cattle, sheep, general farm work, highly recommended. Address "Z 1443, Herd," this office. 21 E

RELIABLE married Man seeks situation as Herd or Caretaker; seven years in present place; well recommended. Address "Z 1404, Man," this office. 19 E

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

GARDENER, young Man, Protestant, understands all branches, inside and out; recommended; Co. Dublin preferred.—B 1494, this office. 20 F

MARRIED Couple, no incumbrance, seek situations as Gardener or Caretaker; milk. Wife assist in house if required; any position of trust; highest reference. Address "Z 1403, Couple," this office. 19 E

DOMESTICS WANTED.

WANTED, DOMESTIC SERVANT, age 19 years. Write Solash, 19 Little James street, Holborn, W.C.1, London. 19 E

WANTED, GIRL daily, 9.30 to 12, for HOUSEWORK; 7/- weekly; indoor maid kept. Apply, mornings, 12 Greenmount road, Terenure. 20 F

WANTED WORKING HOUSEKEEPER; references essential. Apply 30 Highfield road, Rathgar, after 2 p.m.

"IRISH TIMES" EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.
NO FEES CHARGED.
HOURS: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
The Matron has several vacancies on her books for recommended Unemployed, experienced and untrained; placed immediately.
31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.
'Phone: 23062.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

COOK GENERAL WANTED for Foxrock, must be experienced cook and well recommended; no other maid kept; two in family, nurse and little boy; send copies references, state age, wages required.—B 1355, this office. 19 E

COOK and HOUSE PARLOURMAID REQUIRED for England, 1st March; good wages. Apply Mrs. Lovatt, Clowanstown, Tara, Co. Meath. 19 F

EXPERIENCED COOK GENERAL WANTED for March 3rd, 2 in family, 2 maids kept; well trained Kitchenmaid might suit; wages, £36-£40. Copy of last 2 references to Mrs. McMullen, Ard Einin, Killiney. 21 E

GOOD COOK WANTED, long references, well recommended; small family, Co. Tipperary; kitchenmaid, dairy; wages, £40; send copies references. Address "Z 1405, Cook," this office. 19 F

GOOD young COOK GENERAL WANTED; house parlourmaid kept.—Mrs. Hamilton, Hanwood, Dunboyne, Co. Meath. 20 D

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WANTED, for Glenageary, experienced COOK GENERAL, family two; cleanliness and good cooking essential; send copies, discharges; state wages expected. Address "Z 1395, Cook," this office. 19 E

WANTED, early March, good COOK GENERAL and HOUSE PARLOURMAID, small adult family, small washing; good references essential; state age, wages; send copies.—B 1479, this office. 20 F

WANTED for Blackrock, young, experienced COOK GENERAL, must be good cook; well recommended.—850, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock. 20 F

WANTED for Shankill, good singlehanded COOK, HOUSE PARLOURMAID and HOUSE SEWING-MAID; well recommended; copies discharges. Address "Z 1437, Cook," this office. 20 F

WANTED, Bray, COOK GENERAL and HOUSE PARLOURMAID; Catholic; state ages, previous experience, wages, and send copies references. Address "Z 1461, Cook," this office. 21 A

GENERALS WANTED.

A REFINED GENERAL or GIRL to train, South side; family, two adults, one child; state age, wages and copies references.—B 1608, this office. 21 E

CARRICKMINES—Superior, experienced GENERAL, good cook; send copies references, age, wages expected. Address "Z 1456, General," this office.

GENERAL (daily), experienced, all duties. Apply, after 7 o'c., 11 Eaton square, Terenure. 20 D

WANTED, for Carrickmines, an experienced GENERAL, good cook, family two, modern house, good wages to suitable person, age 30-40. Address "Z 1384, General," this office. 19 E

WANTED, young, experienced GENERAL, March 2nd; wages £22-£24; enclose copies references.—B 1384, this office. 19 E

WANTED, young GENERAL, to go with small family to England, south coast; wages £30, rising in six months to £36; children's nurse kept. Address "Z 1430, General," this office. 20 D

WANTED immediately, young GENERAL; country girl preferred; £18-£24—15 Highfield road, Rathgar. 20 F

WANTED for Sutton, trustworthy young GENERAL, 2 adults; partly trained might suit; state wages, age, experience. Address "Z 1453, General," this office.

WANTED, respectable young GENERAL, good references, good plain cooking; one lady; Rathgar.—R O 943, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT, family 3, usual duties; £22-£24; Rathmines district.—B 1604, this office.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

WANTED for County Kildare, young trained HOUSE PARLOURMAID; send copies references. Address "Z 1350, Parlourmaid," this office. 16 D

NURSES WANTED.

EXPERIENCED INFANT'S NURSE, knowledge of Truby King or similar system; own and infant's washing.—B 1589, this office.

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

APPLY, Servants, all capacities.—Kennedy's, 63 Sackville street (over Purcell's). Phone 44921.

RESPECTABLE Woman wants 2 or 3 days' Work weekly; well recommended.—R O 944, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

WORKING Housekeeper, bank manager, single gentleman, or priest; good references. Address "Z 1448, Housekeeper," this office.

"IRISH TIMES" EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.
NO FEES CHARGED.
HOURS: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Matron can supply well recommended Domestics, experienced and untrained, all capacities.
31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.
'Phone: 23062.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

COUNTRY Girl, experienced Upper Housemaid, disengaged, highly recommended. Address "Z 1406, Girl," this office.

EXPERIENCED House Parlourmaid, city or suburbs; good references. Address "Z 1458, Maid," this office.

HOUSE Parlourmaid or Housemaid, free early March; good references; go town or country. Address "Z 1469, Maid," this office. 21 E

YOUNG Housemaid to train; good references; city, suburbs.—B 1558, this office.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 14.

BEST in the LONG RUN SINGER

If you want reliability, safety and security—if you want sports performance combined with economy—get a Singer. I.F.S. prices from £257.

I.F.S. Distributors: Phone 61983/4
P. J. TRACY LTD.
18 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN

BEST LIGHT VAN VALUE ON THE MARKET

They're great business builders—Morris Light Delivery Vans, with their trim, efficient appearance, roomy bodies, reliable engines. Emphatically we say that they're the best light van value obtainable. Immediate delivery from stock.

MORRIS 8 H.P. 5 cwt. VAN ... £145
14.32 H.P. LIGHT VAN £215

Above prices include delivery Dublin. Best allowance made on your present van or car in part exchange. Our Budget Plan terms are extended to purchase of new and used cars and vans. Interest charges—only 5½ per cent. on balance.

Sole I.F.S. Importers: G. A. Brittain, Ltd., Portobello, Dublin

Motor Matters, Cycles, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

AUSTIN Distributors: Lincoln and Nolan, Ltd., 57-58 Lower Baggot street. T

ASHENHURST, Williams and Co., Ltd., Talbot place, Dublin, are Sole Distributors for the famous Crossley Cars. The Crossley 10 is the finest 10 h.p. Car in the world. See us first.

SECONDHAND AUSTIN SEVENS, ALL IN GOOD ORDER.

1930 FABRIC SALOON	£ 85
1927 FABRIC SALOON	£ 60
1931 COACHBUILT SALOON	£100
1931 COACHBUILT SALOON (tax paid)...	£110

W. B. Crawford (Dublin), Ltd., 29-30 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN. Earlsfort Garage, Hatch street. 19 X

AUSTIN Seven 1931 Sunshine Saloon, beautiful condition.—19 Herbert road, Sandymount. 20 F

CHRYSLER Mortlake Saloon, 1933, 6 cyl., 19.8 h.p., taxed to 31/12/34; owner driven, 13,000 miles, perfect condition, 2 spare wheels; £300, or near offer; any trial.—Major G. A. Bayly, Ballyarthur, Woodenbridge. 19 D

ESSEX Terraplane Saloon De Luxe, six (current model), 1933-1934, for Sale, in perfect condition; price £275.—B 1403, this office. 19 E

FOR Sale, Austin Seven Tourer, late 1931, excellent condition and perfect running order; £80. Apply Crean, Ballinvilla, Claremorris, Mayo. 19 E

FOR Sale—Baby Ford, 2-door, only six months in use, £125; Morris Oxford Six, sunshine roof, 1932 model, excellent condition, £185; Morris Oxford Six Saloon, 1931 model, taxed to 1935, £130; Singer Six Special Coupe, 1931 model, privately owned, £125; Morris Six, 17.7 h.p. Saloon, beautifully kept, Maroon, £115; Hornet Saloon, 1932 model, colour Blue, £145; Hornet Open Sports Four-Seater, 1931, appearance as new, £120. (These cars are in first-class condition throughout, general appearance as new, and represent exceptional value.)—A White and Co., Limerick. 20 F

FOR Sale, Citroen Six Saloon (1932), chauffeur driven, perfect mechanical order and condition; £120. Address "Z 1417, Citroen," this office. 20 A

FOR Sale, Riley 12 Saloon (1928), in perfect condition and order. To be seen at York Street Livery Garage.

M.G. Magna Tourer, 1932 type; any trial; tempting price.—Express Garage, Ltd., 19/20 Pearse street, Dublin. 21 E

MORRIS Cowley Coupe, late 1931, splendid condition, taxed, £85; Citroen Touring Car, £15.—Dawsons, Maynooth. 'Phone 3. 21 A

RILEY Nine (1932) Plus Ultra Saloon, twin carburetter, engine and body perfect; taxed 1934; £260; demonstrations given. Address "Z 1455 Riley," this office. 21 A

SECONDHAND Cars and Commercial Vehicles, large selection and keen prices; cash or easy terms. Interview us first.—Doyle's Motors, Ltd., 16 Bachelor's Walk. T

THE world's cheapest, efficient Transport—passenger or commercial—is FORD.—R. W. Archer and Co., Ford Main Dealers, 65 Lower Mount street, Dublin. T

TERRAPLANE, 8-cylinder, 1934 model, small mileage, as new; any trial; £365. Seen by appointment.—B 1609, this office. 21 A

VAUXHALL Cars, 1934 models in stock, for immediate delivery. Official Agents, Doyle's Motors, Ltd., 16 Bachelor's Walk. Telephone, 45161. T

CLIENT'S Car—Morris Oxford 1929 Saloon, colour bright maroon, leather upholstery, bumpers, good tyres; taxed; really excellent condition in every way; a most carefully kept car and a very good bargain, £90.—Huet Motors Ltd. 21 E

AUSTIN Saloon, 16 h.p., 6 cyl., 1930, thoroughly overhauled, a very fine car throughout, guaranteed; reduced from £225 to £170.—Huet Motors Ltd.

VAUXHALL "Cadet" Saloon, 1931, brown with leather upholstery, new tyres, beautiful order; guaranteed; reduced price £175.—Huet Motors Ltd.

OVER 100 New and Used Cars to select from. Lists free.—Huet Motors Ltd., Lower Mount street, Dublin.

WOLSELEY Two Seater, 11 h.p., 1927, hood, screen and tyres in very fair condition, £30.—Huet Motors Ltd.

STANDARD Saloon, Big Nine, 10 h.p., 1932, sliding roof, excellent order; guaranteed; taxed 24/3/34; £170. Also a 1930 at £95.—Huet Motors Ltd.

SWIFT 10 h.p. 4 Seater Tourer, 1928, all good equipment and order, guaranteed, £55.—Huet Motors Ltd., Lower Mount street, Dublin.

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

USED Cars for Sale—1933 Terraplane Saloon, £220; 1930 Essex Saloon, £110; 1929 Essex Saloon, £80; 1928 Essex Saloon, £50; 1928 Essex Saloon, £35; 1930 Rover, 16 h.p., £240; 1930 Vauxhall Cadet, £80; 1929 Citroen Saloon, £75; 1929 Fiat, 17 h.p., £75; 1928 Chrysler, £70; 1928 Rover, 16 h.p., £70; 1929 Austin 7 Saloon, £65; Armstrong-Siddeley 4-Seater, £30; Citroen 2-Seater, £20; Clyno 4-Seater, £18. Easy payments arranged if desired.—P. J. Tracy, Ltd., 18 Stephen's Green, Dublin. 19 E

1932 SINGER Six Sunshine Saloon, 13 h.p., leather upholstery, triplex, small mileage, excellent condition, £155 cash.—29 Casimir road; 'phone: Rathmines, 834. 19 E

WANTED

OLD Motor Cars Wanted for Scrap (only).—19 Belvedere avenue, Drumcondra.

WANTED, 1932-33 Saloon, about 9 h.p., in P.M.O.; particulars and bottom price.—B 1580, this office.

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

BEDFORD Trucks, Vans, 'Buses, immediate delivery from stock.—Official Agents: Doyle's Motors, Ltd., 16 Bachelor's Walk. Telephone, 45161. T

MOTOR CYCLES.

A.J.S. Motor Cycle, 1933, 250 c.c., O.H.V., solo machine 4 speed; condition almost as new; to be sold at once at a low price.—Huet Motors, Ltd., Lower Mount street, Dublin. 19 E

A1 TRUSTY TRIUMPH Motor Cycles, the Best in the World: 1934 Models in stock from £34 0s. 0d., or 11/6 weekly; catalogue free.—Erne Motor Co., Lower Erne street, Lower Pearse street. 15 X

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern street (opposite Four Courts); new garage. X

COVENTRY-EAGLE, the Economy Machine, £36, £42 10/- and £51, with complete equipment. Insurance rates from £1 11/3; over 100 m.p.g.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

COVENTRY-EAGLE—Call and inspect the new Sports Model, with 250 J.A.P., at £51.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk.

MOTOR Cycle Combination, 4 h.p. or over, would exchange 3½ Sports, with cash adjustment, if suitable, or buy; state where seen and price.—B 1413, this office. 19 E

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

COOK'S for Tyres—Largest in Ireland. All makes, regular and clearance; Motor Oils, 5 gallon drums, 12/6.—Fenian street (Westland Row) and Hawkins street (Theatre Royal), Dublin. 'Phone, 62618. T

GARAGE ACCOMMODATION AND REPAIRS.

GARAGE, suitable two cars, and large Loft to Let.—4 Harrington street 19 E

BICYCLES.

B.S.A.—Call and inspect the New Models. Prices from £5 4/6, or 10/6 deposit and 10/6 monthly, or 10/- deposit and 2/4 weekly. All Models fitted with Terry saddles.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

RALEIGH—Call and inspect the New Models. Prices from £5 4/6.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

RUDGE—Call and inspect the New Models. Prices from £5 4/6, or 10/- deposit and 9/6 monthly. All Models fitted with Brooks saddles.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

RUDGE (Electric)—New Models are now fitted with dynamo head and tail lamp and all accessories. These models can be obtained at 10/- deposit.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

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CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED

MRS. Macartney Filgate REQUIRES Protestant CHAUFFEUR, not over thirty-five; nobody except with excellent references need apply. Write Stedalt, Stamullen, Co. Meath, stating particulars. 20 D

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CHAUFFEUR (T.C.), single, disengaged, long experience all Cars; Repairs, Electric Light and Handyman; well recommended. Particulars, address "Z 1410 Chauffeur," this office. 20 F

DRIVER, long experience, all makes, Protestant, outdoor, city, repairs, generally useful.—B 1577, this office. 21 E

DUBLIN CIRCUIT COURT.

ACTION AGAINST TRAMWAYS CO.

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES DISMISSED.

(BEFORE JUDGE DAVITT.)

Mrs. Mary Boyd Barrett, 18 Wellington road, sued the Dublin Tramways Company for damages for personal injuries, which she alleged she had sustained by having been thrown from the platform of a Dalkey tramcar at the junction of Grafton street and Nassau street on the 18th of October, 1932.

The plaintiff stated that at 6 p.m. she went to take a car, which was stationary, opposite the Provost's House, and that, while she was standing at the doorway looking into the interior of the car for a seat, the car was started with so violent a jerk that she was thrown off the platform, and sustained injuries to her forehead, eyes, right elbow and knees. As a result of this she was treated in the Mater Hospital, where she had to remain for about a month under the care of Dr. McAuley and Dr. Cummins.

The case for the defendants was that the plaintiff attempted to board the car before it had come to a stand-still, and that in doing so she failed to get her foot on the step, and fell on the road.

Mrs. Rose Kelly stated that she was selling newspapers outside the Provost's House. She saw Mrs. Boyd Barrett attempting to board the tramcar while it was in motion.

The Judge, in dismissing the claim, said that, while he believed the plaintiff was giving a true account to the best of her recollection, he thought that if the accident had occurred as she described it, her injuries would have been more serious, especially taking into consideration that she was over seventy years of age.

Mr. W. O'B. Fitzgerald (instructed by Messrs. Little and Cullen) appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. J. J. Mooney (instructed by Mr. Gerald Byrne) appeared for the defendant company.

PRISON SENTENCES REDUCED.

WARNING TO "JOY-RIDERS."

(BEFORE JUDGE SHANNON.)

Reginald Walker, Rehoboth avenue, South Circular road; William Jackson, South William street; Noel Kenny, Schoolhouse lane, Molesworth street, and Victor H. Martin, College Green, Dublin, appealed from sentences of imprisonment passed upon them by District Justice Little for having taken a motor car without the permission of the owner.

Evidence as to the good character of the defendants was given by Alderman Dr. Myles Keogh, the Rev. R. Northridge, Captain G. Elsie, Mr. Herbert Turner, and Sergeant W. Jackson, father of one of the boys.

The Judge reduced the sentence on Walker from four months to one month; Kenny's sentence of two months was reduced to six weeks; Martin's sentence of two months was reduced to three weeks, and Jackson's from four months to one month.

The Judge said that the youth of this city must be educated and taught that they cannot with impunity interfere with the property of the citizens, and that the law regards the unlawful taking and interfering with motor cars as a very serious matter. Great danger was caused by persons taking other people's cars. The offenders usually had no licences and were not covered by insurance. In his experience they were not marks for damages. Loss of life frequently occurred. It was a great relief and pleasure to him that the new Road Traffic Act gave the law power to deal with "joy-riders." He regarded the District Justices and the Circuit Judges as having a very clear duty to put an end, so far as possible, to what had been so prevalent up to the present—the taking of motor cars for what was known as "joy-riding"; and that could not be done unless persons guilty of these offences were dealt with in an exemplary manner. He was satisfied that the boys were all that they had been described, but their offences were so serious that he must affirm their conviction.

Mr. J. P. Murnane (instructed by Mr. Gerald Byrne) appeared for the appellants.

Mr. T. Clarke (Chief State Solicitor's Office) appeared for the prosecution.

DUBLIN DISTRICT COURT.

TWELVE CHARGES OF BURGLARY.

ALLEGED CONFESSION BY PRISONER.

(BEFORE MR. CUSSEN.)

John Dolan (30), no address, was remanded in custody on a charge of loitering at the Arcade, Henry street, and having housebreaking instruments in his possession; attempting to break and enter St. Agatha's Church, North William street, Dublin, and causing damage; attempting to break and enter 73 Summerhill, and causing damage; and breaking and entering the following:—17 Capel street, and stealing property value £4 17s.; the Church of Ireland Publishing Co., Middle Abbey street, and stealing goods value 8s. 6d.; Kevin J. Kenny's, 65 Middle Abbey street, and stealing cigarettes and an overcoat; Butler's Medical Hall, Henry street, and stealing goods value 19s.; the Dublin Handkerchief Co., Mary street, and stealing property value £3; the Woollen Stores, Lower Ormond quay, and stealing goods value £2 10s.; Henry and John Owens, Lower Ormond quay, and stealing goods value £11 9s.; Benjamin Lee, Mary street, and stealing goods value over £60; and the premises of David Malone, 62 Lower Sean McDermott street, and causing damage.

Detective Officer Sullivan said that, in company with Detective Officer Costello, he interviewed defendant at the Bridewell, where he made a statement to the effect that about ten weeks ago he tried to force the door of North William street church, but on hearing footsteps left without entering. He then told how he broke into the various premises mentioned, stating that in many cases he got in by climbing downpipes and getting in through a skylight. In one place he tried to open a safe, but could only remove the handle, which he threw into the Liffey, so that his finger-marks could not be found. He used to "spot" the places he intended to break into during the early part of the night, and break in between 12 and 2 a.m. He watched the movements of the uniformed police for opportunities to break in.

Inspector Maher, Detective Officers Costello and Sullivan, and Guards Watson and Kilkenny had charge of the case.

STOLE £3.

A sentence of three months' imprisonment, with hard labour, was imposed on John Lee (32), of no fixed address, who pleaded guilty to stealing £3 in notes from James Dunne, in Wintavern street.

The Justice directed that a sum of £1 7s. 5d. found in possession of the accused man be handed to Mr. Dunne.

RETURNED ON FATHER'S BOND.

Patrick Byrne, a youth, living at Faithful place, who pleaded guilty to stealing cigarettes, matches, minerals and a plane, the property of Mrs. Christina Harding, from a shop in Railway street, was returned to the Circuit Court on his father's bond, with a view to his committal to a Borstal Institution.

Guard Michael Healy (169C) had charge of the case.

55 ON A 'BUS.

John McGinn, Spencer street, Dublin, 'bus proprietor, was fined 40s. for permitting overcrowding of a 'bus at Cabra road on 19th January.

For the prosecution it was stated that 55 children were carried in a 14-seater 'bus.

Hugh McGinn, driver of the 'bus, said that during the tramway strike he brought 200 children to school each morning, and on 19th January he made three trips with them, taking about 28 on two occasions.

REGISTRATION OF TRADE MARK.

JUDGMENT RESERVED.

(BEFORE THE CHIEF JUSTICE, MR. JUSTICE FITZGIBBON, AND MR. JUSTICE MURNAGHAN.)

The hearing was concluded of the appeal on behalf of the N. V. Philips, Gloeilampenfabrieken, Eindhoven, Holland, from the determination of the High Court that the application of the Philadelphia Storage Battery Company, of Ontario, Canada, and Pennsylvania, U.S.A., for the registration by them of the trade mark consisting of the word "Philco" over-printed by a representation of a lightning flash, was to be permitted.

It was stated that the trade mark "Philco" was required for use in the Irish Free State in connection with apparatus and appliances for telephony, telegraphy and television.

When the matter came before the Controller of Industrial and Commercial Property, he, in his discretion, refused to permit the registration. His decision, however, was reversed on appeal to the High Court, following which the present appeal was taken against the determination of the High Court.

Opposition to the registration of the word "Philco" was based on the ground that it would tend to confusion between the goods of the Philadelphia firm with the goods of a similar class made by the Eindhoven firm under trade marks registered in the Free State, consisting of the word "Philips" alone, or one of the "Phil" family.

For the appellants (the Eindhoven firm) it was contended that the Controller and the Court had a general discretion on what trade marks might be registered; that, in any case in which the Controller or the Court was not satisfied that there was no danger or risk of confusion, the registration should be refused; that the onus of satisfying the Controller or the Court that there was no danger lay upon the applicants; that, in considering whether such danger or risk would exist, the circumstances existing in the Irish Free State alone were to be regarded; that, in considering the question, the circumstances existing at the date of the application alone were to be regarded; that the Court, on an appeal from a decision of the Controller, would attach weight to the decision given by the Controller, as an administrative official with special knowledge of the matter, to whom the Act had given a particular discretion.

On behalf of the respondents, Mr. Costello, K.C., submitted that the weight given to the Controller's position in the English Courts rested on the fact that he was an officer with wide experience. The English office was in existence for many years, dealing with a vast variety of matters, and the person who became Controller had a very expert staff available for his assistance. The Irish office had only been in existence for four years from the date of this application, and the same experience could not be imputed to the Irish officials. In any event, by reason of the provisions of the Constitution, the Controller could not exercise judicial powers, but only ministerial functions, though, in the exercise of them, he acted judicially. In the result the matter was completely open for the decision of the Court, and the decision was one purely of fact as to whether there would be any likelihood of an intending purchaser of a wireless set thinking that the Philco set had been made by the Philips company, by reason of the similarity in the appearance or sound of the respective trade marks. The test that the Court should adopt would be to judge the two trade marks both by their appearance and by their sounds. Judged by the sounds, there was no possibility of confusion. Judged by the appearance, the Philco trade mark was very striking and distinctive, containing as it did the representation of a flash of lightning through the word "Philco." It was the surname "Philips" that had really become distinctive of the appellants' goods, and they could not claim the exclusive monopoly of the prefix "Phil." The Court deciding the matter, as a matter of fact, could not come to the conclusion that there was any reasonable possibility of confusion between the marks.

Mr. Matheson followed on the same side.

Mr. Gavan Duffy, K.C., stated that he did not want to take sides in this case. The Controller was most anxious to know from the Court where he stood in the matters of this kind. Under the English rules the Controller could only hear verbal evidence with the consent of the parties. In the Free State it was not necessary to get consent.

Replying for the appellants, Mr. Monks asked the Court to hold that, in view of the evidence given, confusion and deception would likely arise by permitting the registration of the word "Philco.".

The Court reserved judgment.

Mr. Frank FitzGibbon, K.C., and Mr. Frank Monks (instructed by Mr. Kevin Walsh) appeared for the appellants; Mr. John A. Costello, K.C.; Mr. Cecil Lavery, K.C., and Mr. C. F. Matheson (instructed by Mr. Leopold J. Jameson) for the respondents (the Philadelphia Storage Battery Co.); and Mr. Gavan Duffy, K.C., and Mr. William Black (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) for the Controller of Industrial and Commercial Property.

DEPOSIT OF TITLE DEEDS.

LOCAL OR GENERAL SECURITY?

(BEFORE THE CHIEF JUSTICE, MR. JUSTICE FITZGIBBON AND MR. JUSTICE MURNAGHAN.)

An appeal in the action of the Bank of Ireland v. Gerald J. Macaura came on for hearing. It was an appeal by the plaintiffs from an order of Mr. Justice Meredith holding that the deposit of title deeds of part of the lands of Ballyisland, Carbury, Co. Cork, by the defendant and respondent with the plaintiffs' agent at Skibbereen did not create an equitable mortgage for securing all moneys due by the respondent to the plaintiffs, irrespective of the branch office or offices at which such accounts might be kept, but that it secured only any moneys due by the respondent to the plaintiffs and appellants at the Skibbereen branch of their bank. The plaintiffs asked that this order be reversed, and that the deposits at Skibbereen be held to create an equitable mortgage for securing all moneys due or to become due by the respondent to the appellants on foot of all accounts between them, irrespective of the branch office at which such accounts might be kept.

The grounds of the appeal were that the learned judge misdirected himself in law and in fact.

Mr. Phelps, K.C., and Mr. T. G. Marnan (instructed by Mr. P. R. Boyd) appeared for the plaintiffs and appellants, and Mr. H. J. Molony, K.C., and Mr. Cawley (instructed by Messrs. D. D. McDonald and Co.) for the defendant and respondent.

Opening the appeal, Mr. Phelps explained that the initial step was a summary summons by the bank against the defendant claiming a declaration on the 18th May, 1932, that, by virtue of the deposit with the bank by the defendant on the 29th August, 1921, of the title deeds of Ballyisland, including Lough Ine House, the bank was entitled to a charge on the lands and premises. They also sought an account of what was due and the sale of the lands. This summons came on for hearing on the 4th July, when an issue was directed to be tried, whether the lodgment of the deeds in the Skibbereen branch created an equitable mortgage for securing moneys loaned from any other branch of the plaintiffs' bank or at Skibbereen only.

The appeal was now taken from Mr. Justice Meredith's finding on that issue. There was something like £5,000 due by the respondent in the Cookstown, Co. Tyrone, branch of the bank, but nothing due at Skibbereen. Counsel said that Mr. Macaura, who now resided in Newtown Villas, Rathfarnham, was a somewhat remarkable man, inasmuch as when in America many years ago he was an

(Continued in next column.)

FROM THE LEGAL DIARY.

LAW NOTICES—Thursday, February 22.

AN CHUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIS UACHTARACH.
(The Supreme Court.)

At 11.30 o'clock. For Hearing—Bank of Ireland v. Macaura, at hearing.

AN CHUIRT ATHCHOMHAIRC CHOIRIULA.
(The Court of Criminal Appeal.)

The Court of Criminal Appeal will sit on Monday, the 5th day of March next, to dispose of the following cases:—The Attorney-General v. John McDonald; v. Alfred Lonnard; v. H. W. Coleman; v. Thomas McGrath; v. Thomas Sullivan; v. George Cunningham; v. Peter Carberry; v. Richard Fox; v. Michael Devlin, alias Devine; v. Ernest Harper; v. George Smyth; v. Bernard Skelly.

AN CLARATHOIR DO'N PRIMH-BHREITHEAMH.
(The Registrar to the Chief Justice.)

Before the Registrar, at 11.30 o'clock—Moynihan, minors.

Before Dr. Webb, Assistant-Registrar, at 11.30 o'clock—Price, minors.

Before Mr. Magahan, at 11 o'clock—Ubank, minors, vouch account, G.S.

AN ARD-CHUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIS.
(The High Court.)

In Court 5, at 11 o'clock—Circuit Appeals. Cork Circuit—Daunt v. John Atkins and Co., Ltd., for judgment; Sayers v. Boyd.

Western Circuit—Garvey v. Killeen; (W.C.A.) M'Hale v. Petrie; Joyce v. Joyce.

Southern Circuit—Kennedy v. Kilvilcorris Co-Op. Agricultural and Dairy Society, Ltd.; Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd., v. Gleeson; Kenny v. Curran; Mackessy v. Tipperary County Council.

In Court 6. For Friday, 23rd February (at the conclusion of the Bankruptcy List)—T. F. Slattery, decd., Slattery v. Slattery. For Tuesday, 6th March, Action—McEvoy v. Ryan and Son, Ltd.

TRIALS BY JURY.

In Court 1, at 11 o'clock. Jury—Bell v. D.U. Tram Co. (1896), Ltd. (personal injuries) (at hearing). The jurors sworn in the above case are required to attend this morning in Court 1, at 11 o'clock.

In Court 3, at 11 o'clock. Non-Jury—McGuire v. Clery and Co., Ltd. (breach of contract) (at hearing).

In Court 4, at 12.15 o'clock. Jury—Landers v. Crowley and others (probate). The jurors sworn in the above case (at hearing) are required to attend this morning in Court 4 at 12.15 o'clock.

OIFIG AN MHAISTIR-MHEASAIREACHTA
(The Taxing Master's Office.)

Master Denning, at 11 o'clock—Irish People's Assurance Collecting Society to Dixon for reconsideration. J. H. Dixon: a person of unsound mind, Malcomson and Law; Marie Ryan, a bankrupt, Thompson, Pennett and Edwards; Liston v. Collins, T. J. Liston; same v. same, Jameson and Greene; same v. same, J. S. O'Connor.

Master O'Hanlon, at 11 o'clock. Ex parte taxations—Brown's Estate, W. S. Barrett; Holland's Estate, McMahon, Russell and Co.; Harriss's Estate, same; Wright's Estate, P. W. Bass and Co.; Bomford's Estate, Darley, Orpen and Synnott; Gerrard's Estate, Moore, Kiely and Lloyd; Keogh's Estate, Farrell McDonnell and Co.; Corban's Estate, W. J. O'Meara; Franklin's Estate, Dickie, Coulter and Hamill; Bradshaw's Estate, Fry and Son; Smith's Estate, L. C. and P. Smith and Co.; O'Sullivan's Estate, Montgomery and Chaytor; Sampsay's Estate, A. D. Kennedy and Figgis; Levis's Estate, W. G. Lane and Co.

OIFIG AN SCRUDORA
(The Examiners' Office.)

Mr. Healy (Room 113), at 11 o'clock—Breslin v. Walker.

Mr. Adderley (Room 103), at 11 o'clock—National Bank, Ltd., v. O'Rourke; French v. Tydd; the Rev. E. Mahon, deceased, Fitzpatrick v. Duffy.

Mr. Greville (Room 110), at 11 o'clock—P. Reid, deceased, Reid v. MacClancy.

Mr. Crump (Room 106), at 11 o'clock—Co.'s Act and Watson-Warnock and Co., Ltd.

Mr. Murtagh (Room 108), at 11 o'clock—P. Conway, deceased, Reilly v. Flannery.

BANKRUPTCY.
(Before the Registrar.)

At 11 o'clock—Byrne, vouch account, D. and T. Fitzgerald; McGinty, vouch account, Little and Cullen; arrangement, vouch account, Collins and Son; arrangement, prove debts, A. Cox; arrangement, prove debts, Collins and Son; O'Donnell, account comp., Collins and Son; arrangement, inquiry, P. M. Scales.

IRISH LAND COMMISSION.
Examiners' Chambers, at 93 Merrion Square, W.

Before Mr. Sullivan, at 11 o'clock—E. S. Archdale (S.7248), settle schedule. At 12 o'clock—Ina Cashel (Walsh's Rent) (S.3119), vouch.

Before Mr. Franks, at 12 o'clock—Teresa A. Read (S.2570), discharge rulings and settle schedule. At 3 o'clock—Stewart's Estate.

Before Mr. Brett, at 11 o'clock—Frank Barbour (S.11306 and S.11435), discharge rulings. At 3 o'clock—W. J. Twiss (S.6690), vouch. At 4 o'clock —C. W. A. Arthur (S.2894), vouch.

Before Mr. Grove White, at 11 o'clock—Captain H. N. Bomford and another (S.2232), vouch.

Before Mr. Naish, at 11 o'clock—Jonas George Joseph L. Blackhall (S.6562), vouch.

Before Mr. Spain, at 11 o'clock—Eugene C. McManus (S.2363), discharge rulings.

(At 89 Merrion square, W.)

Before Mr. Leet, at 3 o'clock — C. E. Healy (S.1476), settle schedule.

Before Mr. O'Byrne, at 11 o'clock—Marquess of Lansdowne (S. 1194, etc.), vouch.

Before Mr. Tyrrell, at 11 o'clock—George C. Smyth (S. 2028), settle schedule.

Before Mr. Malvern White, at 11 o'clock—C. C. Webb (S. 5339), settle schedule.

(At 24 Upper Merrion street.)

Before Mr. Jackson, at 11 o'clock—John Leader and anor. (S. 2544), settle schedule.

COURT OF THE RAILWAY TRIBUNAL.
(At 3 Upper Castle Yard.)

At 11 o'clock. In the matter of new exceptional rates more than 40 per cent. below standard granted by the Great Southern Railways Co.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.

Tuesday, the 27th February, 1934, has been appointed as the date for the next Sitting of the Central Criminal Court, at the Courthouse, Green street, Dublin, at 11 a.m.

AN CHUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIS CHUARDA.
(Circuit Court of Justice.)

Before Judge Davitt, at the Law Courts, Chancery place. In Court No. 7. Civil Actions—Stephenson v. Maguire, Ltd., 3257; McCreadie v. Reid, 3277; Moles v. Lamb Bros., Ltd., 3396; McDermott v. Devlin, 3397.

Before Judge Shannon, at the Law Courts, Chancery place. In Court No. 8, at 11 o'clock—Monahan v. Higgins (interpleader summons). Ejectments—Hayes and Hayes, Ltd., v. Hayes, 1303; Orr v. Fairfield, 4409; Flood v. Forde and anor., 4417; Quinlan v. Vaughan, 3106; Judd and anor v. Sweeney, 3547; Haynes and anor. v. Walsh and anor., 4295; Byrne v. Short, 4430; Byrne v. Mohan, 4431; Horne v. Jones, 4637; Daly v. Nolan, 4677; Stack v. Keogh, 4688; Ryan v. Mahon, 4743.

Before Judge Shannon, at the Law Courts, Chancery place. In Court No. 8, at 11 o'clock. For Friday, 23rd February. Appeal from District Court—Sergeant McMahon v. William Moynihan Ejectments—Graham v. Duffy; same v. Phillips; Leahy and anor. v. Fields, 4758; McInnally v. Burbage and anor., 4760 (settled); McKinnion v. Levy, 4763; Ogden v. Greer, 4780; same v. Macken, 4781; Jackson v. Gannon, 4922; Rogan v. Rogers, 4931; Kelly v. Quinn, 4932; Whyte and ors. v. Morrison, 4942 (settled); Tucker and anor. v. Doran, 4946; Bex, Ltd., v. Dowdall, 5044; same v. Moncrieff, 5043; Hickey and anor. v. Redmond, 5048.

Before Judge Davitt, at the Law Courts, Chancery place. In Court No. 7. For Friday, 23rd February, at 11 o'clock. Civil Actions—Forde v. D.U. Tram Co., Ltd.; Bonnick v. Markey; Greene v. Ogden; Vance v. Brunker and ors.; Tormey v. Smith; Newman (trading as Whiteside and Co.) v. Nolan.

AN CLARATHOIR CONTAE.
(The County Registrar.)

At 12.30 o'clock—Fitzgerald v. D.U. Tram Co., tax costs; same v. same, tax costs; Lawson v. I.O.C., tax costs. Equity—Brooks, Thomas, v. McDonald; Hazell v. O'Brien.

THE LICENSED TRADE.

OBJECTION TO HOTEL LICENCE.

The weekly meeting of the Committee of the Licensed Grocers' and Vintners' Protection Association was held on Monday. The chairman, Mr. P. J. Kelly, presided.

The Secretary read a report from Mr. J. H. McCarroll, solicitor, Wicklow, stating that the application for a new hotel licence heard at Wicklow Circuit Court on the previous Tuesday was successful, and a new hotel licence granted.

The Chairman said that he felt if this policy was likely to become general any little interest that remained in licensed property in the present time of taxation and depression would be absolutely wiped out. If the temperance people were doing their duty, or were really out to prevent facilities where they ought not to exist, miles away from a police station, this was eminently a case for them, but they were not there.

It was decided to ask the Free State Minister for Finance to receive a national deputation of the retail trade and hear a case for a reduction in taxation on beer and spirits.

At a meeting of the Parliamentary and Publications Sub-Committee, Mr. C. E. Reddin, who was moved to the chair, submitted a communication in regard to the starting of a Trades' Journal. Mr. Reddin was authorised by the Committee to negotiate with the promoters of the proposed Journal as well as with the promoters of a Licensed Trade Annual.

(Continued from previous column.)

associate of the great Edison and the inventor of the Pulsocon, an electric vibrator which was used for various troubles. Mr. Macaura amassed a considerable amount of money, and returned to Ireland about 1908, when he purchased the property in County Cork.

The hearing had not concluded when the Court adjourned until to-day.

FOOD AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Glasgow—Best classes Cattle no dearer, high prices Sheep. Edinburgh—Better inquiry for Irish Stores. Rubber steadier. Tin dearer. Copper rising. Wheat unchanged.

CATTLE.

GLASGOW.—400 Scottish cattle offered. Quality fully better than of late. Best classes met fair demand, but no dearer; others more difficult to sell. Top quality handy-weight bullocks and heifers, extreme 50/6, current 44/- to 48/-, secondary 37/- per live cwt. 4,000 sheep. All classes sold at late high prices. Down hoggets to 54/-, half-breds 48/-, crosses 51/-, half-bred ewes to 54/-, crosses 47/-, black-faced 42/-.

DONNELLY, LTD., DUBLIN.

Pigs under 6 stone	...	62/-	per cwt., dead-weight.	
" " 8 "	...	60/-	"	"
" " 13 "	...	57/-	"	"
" " 14 "	...	54/-	"	"
" " 15 "	...	52/-	"	"
" " 16 "	...	48/-	"	"
" over 16 "	...	44/-	"	"
Sows	...	36/-	"	"

All subject to our terms of buying.
Porkers will not be killed until Friday.—(Advt.)

EDINBURGH.—Moderate show of Irish cattle met a better inquiry. Polled bullocks sold to £16 10/-, polled stirks to £13 10/-, horned stirks to £11. Milk cows met extremely quiet trade; best cows selling to £25.

WAKEFIELD.—Best English cattle 7¼d. to 8d. per lb., secondary quality 7d., fat cows and bulls 4d. to 5d.; best small hogg sheep 11d. per lb., medium 9½d., large 9d., ewes 5d. to 6d., tups 4d. to 5d. Cattle, 97; sheep, 125.

Send your Pigs to COSGRAVE, RANELAGH. Highest Current Prices Paid. —(Advt.)

GRAIN.

FLOATING GRAIN CARGOES (BALTIC).—WHEAT—Cargo market continues in the same inactive state as that existing for some time past, with offers still liberal, but prices disclosed no change, as exchange movements counter-balanced lower overnight North American advices. No. 1 Northern Manitoba, Atlantic shipment, February first half March, sellers 26/4½; No. 2 ditto, February first half March, 25/10½; white Pacific, April 20/-, May 20/3; New South Wales, bags bulk, 4th January bill of lading, 20/6; South Australian new crop, 11th January bill of lading, 20/6, 24th January bill of lading 21/3; West Australian, afloat 21/6, 6th February loading 22/-, March-April 22/-. Parcels quiet, and Australian grades declined 6d. and Plate sorts 3d. per qr. on free offers; but Canadian descriptions ruled occasionally 1½d. dearer, while Hungarian kinds were obtainable on former terms. No. 1 Northern Manitoba, Atlantic, March, sellers 26/6; ditto, f.o.w., May-June, 25/1½; ditto, Vancouver, 1st-15th March, 25/9; No. 2 ditto, Vancouver, 1st-15th March, 23/9; No. 3 ditto, 1st-15th March, 23/7½; No. 4 Manitoba, Vancouver, afloat 23/1½, 1st-15th March 23/1½; No. 5 ditto, 1st-15th March, 22/-; West Australian, February, 21/3; South Australian afloat, 20/3; Victorian afloat, 20/-; Hungarian, 81-82 kilos, March-April, 18/- per qr. of 480lb. c.i.f. terms. MAIZE—Cargoes firm at 1½d. to 3d. per qr. advance on scanty offers, but buyers reluctant. Plate, 15th April sellers 18/6, new crop April 17/10½, May 17/4½, June 17/4½, July 17/4½. Parcels advanced by 1½d. to 4½d. per qr., but demand slow to develop. Plate afloat sellers 18/9 to 19/3 as to position, February 19/4½, March 18/9, April 17/3, May-June 16/7½ per qr. of 480lb. c.i.f. BARLEY slow, and Canadian and Plate grades 1½d. per qr. lower, but other sorts remained unaltered. Parcels of No. 3 Canadian Western, Vancouver, March, sellers 18/4½; ditto Atlantic, Canadian, April-May, 18/-; Plate, 64-65 kilos new crop, February-March 12/10½, March-April 12/10½; Danubian, February-March, 13/-; Persian, February-March, 13/- per qr. of 400lb. c.i.f. Californian superior quality, February-March, sellers 20/6; Australian No. 1, February-March, 25/6; No. 2 ditto, February-March, 24/-; No. 3 ditto, February-March, 22/- per qr. of 448lb. c.i.f. OATS dull, and 1½d. per qr. easier for Canadian kinds, but Plate qualities unchanged. Parcels of Plate, f.a.q. quality, 34-35lb new crop, February-March, sellers 8/9, March-April 8/9; No. 2 Canadian Western, Vancouver, February, 16/10½; No. 3 ditto, February, 16/3; No. 1 Canadian feed, February, 15/9; mixed Canadian, Vancouver, February-March, 14/4½ per qr. of 320lb. c.i.f.

MARK LANE CORN.—The mid-weekly market was thinly attended and trading restricted. Prices ruled easier for breadstuffs, but feeders steady, while again firmer for old crop Plate maize. WHEAT quiet and occasionally easier. No. 1 Northern Manitoba (Vancouver) ex-ship 28/-, Atlantic 28/6; No. 2 ditto Vancouver 26/-, No. 3 ditto 25/9, No. 4 Manitoba 25/3, No. 5 ditto 24/-; Australian 21/9 to 22/6, German 21/3, Hungarian 21/6, duty paid, per 496lb. English new 19/- to 20/- per quarter of 504lb. ex-farm. FLOUR quiet. London straight run 23/- per sack for country deliveries, and 22/- London area. Country straights 16/6 ex-store. MAIZE firmer for old crop positions. Plate landed 20/6, ex-ship 19/6 to 20/- as to position; February 20/6, March 20/3; new crop April 18/6, May-July 18/- per 480lb. Yellow maize meal £5 10/- to £5 15/- per ton ex-wharf London. BARLEY dull. Danubian landed 15/9. Russian landed 16/6. Plate ex-ship 15/-. No. 3 Canadian Western (Vancouver) ex-ship 20/- per 400lb.; English new malting 30/- to 40/- per qr. of 448lb. ex-farm. OATS steady. Plate landed 18/6, ex-ship 17/9; No. 2 Canadian Western (Vancouver) ex-ship 18/9, No. 3 ditto 17/9; English new 19/- to 20/- per quarter of 336lb. ex-farm. MILLERS' WHEATFEED quiet. Broad digestive bran 6/-, weatings 4/10½ to 5/3 as to quality, ground oats 8/9 to 9/- ex-mill per cwt.

LIVERPOOL.—Disappointing American markets caused forward deliveries of wheat here to show a moderate decline at the outset, but, with depreciation in sterling rates of exchange and scarcity of sellers, prices improved to slightly over Tuesday night. Then moderate fluctuations took place finishing at the best point, with offerings made sparingly, and marking a moderate advance on Tuesday's final rates. C.i.f. parcels neglected and nominally unchanged; No. 1 Manitoba March quoted 26/7½, No. 2 25/9, and Rosario-Santa Fe 64lb. afloat 17/3 per qr. C.i.f. parcels River Plate maize 1½d. to 3d. dearer; afloat realised 18/4½, last half Feb. 19/- to 19/1½, Feb. 18/10½ to 19/-, April 17/3 to 17/4½, and July 16/9 to 16/10½ per qr. WHEAT on the spot quietly steady. MAIZE—Spot parcels firm, and River Plate dearer at 4/1½ to 4/2 per cental. FLOUR quiet at late rates. Graded wheat futures opened ¼d. per cental lower; then improved, and fluctuated within limited bounds, the market in the end being firm at best, or ¼d. to ½d. over Tuesday night. Values—March 4/0⅞, May 4/3, July 4/5 an dOct. 4/6¾ per cental. Sales, 200 loads.

PROVISIONS.

LIVERPOOL. — BACON—Continental is more steadily held and an improved inquiry experienced, though purchases can still be made at 1/- to 2/- per cwt. under official quotations for some descriptions. Irish and Canadian steady at late rates. HAMS scarce and firmly held at recent full prices. Shoulders scarce and nominal. LARD on the spot partially 3d. lower; American refined now quoted 31/6 to 32/9 per cwt., with a fair business reported. CHEESE steady, with a fair inquiry at late rates. BUTTER firm, with a good business reported at generally higher prices. Danish raised to 96/- to 100/-, New Zealand finest 73/- to 77/-, first grade 72/- to 76/-, Australian 70/- to 74/-, and Swedish 75/- to 79/- per cwt. EGGS partially easier; Irish Free State selected quoted 9/3 to 9/6, Northern Irish specials 12/3 to 12/6, standards 11/6 to 11/9, and selected 10/3 to 10/6 per 120.

LONDON CENTRAL MEAT.—Supplies 1,818 tons, being 481 tons British and Irish produce and 1,337 tons imported. Beef and pork supplies more than ample for a dull trade, but fresh mutton, lamb and veal met a steady demand. BEEF prices (national mark)—English long sides select 4/8 to 4/10, ditto prime 4/4 to 4/8, ditto good 4/2. General prices (including national mark)—English long sides 4/2 to 4/10, hindquarters, forerib and flank 4/6 to 4/10; Irish (Birkenhead killed)—long sides 4/2 to 4/4. PORK—English under 10st. 6/- to 6/8, 10 to 15st. 5/8 to 6/-, Irish 15st. and under 5/6 to 6/6.

SMITHFIELD POULTRY AND GAME—Market steady. Quotations:—Surrey chicken 9d. to 1/5, country 8d. to 1/2, Irish 10d. to 1/-, Dutch 11d. to 1/3, Polish 8d. to 9½d., Central European 8d. to 11d.; English hens (old) 7d. to 8d., country ducklings 1/2 to 1/4 per lb. Hares 1/3 to 1/6, Bordeaux pigeons 1/3 to 2/6, Bristols 10d. to 1/4 each. EGGS—English ordinary packing, grade 1, approximately 15-15½lb., 12/- to 12/6; grade 2, approximately 14-14½lb., 11/3 to 11/9 per 120.

DUBLIN VEGETABLE.—Usual small mid-week supply met a quiet sale at: York, 30/- to 45/- large load; swedes, feeding, 9d. to 10d.; table, 1/2 per cwt.; and mangolds, 10d. to 1/-.

DUBLIN POTATO.—Trade steady, with supplies large at previous prices. Best table lots, 3/6 to 3/9; Tipperary Dates, 4/- cwt.

DUBLIN FISH.—Improved supplies included 195 boxes mixed catch from one steam trawler, 22 packages salmon, 7 chests lobster, 100 boxes herrings, and a fair amount from country and local senders. Demand equal to an early clearance at: Salmon, 1/9 to 2/- per lb.; soles, 15/- to 22/- per 9 pairs large; medium, 8/- to 12/-; slips, 2/6 to 4/-; lobsters, 10/- to 15/- per 13 large; smaller, 4/- to 8/-; turbot, 1/- to 8/- each; brill, 6d. to 3/-; herrings, 10/- to 20/- box; plaice, 25/- to 60/- half box; cod, 22/6 to 50/-; whiting, 12/- to 30/-; ray, 15/- to 25/-; haddock, 25/- to 35/-; pollock, 20/- to 30/-; conger eels, 5/- to 15/-; and white soles, 20/- to 50/-.

BILLINGSGATE FISH.—Salmon, English, also Irish, 21d. to 22d.; Scotch, 22d. to 24d.; soles, 12d. to 14d.; slips, 10d. to 12d. per lb.; live eels, 16/- to 26/-; dead, 10/- to 21/-; draught turbot, 9/- to 10/6; plaice, 8/- to 12/-; halibut, 6/- to 16/-; lemon soles, 8/- to 12/-; hake, 9/- to 12/-; skate wings, 3/- to 5/-; haddocks, 3/6 to 7/- per stone.

PRODUCE.

LONDON.—SUGAR—British makes unaltered; rather more inquiry. Foreign, 96 per cent., March, to the United Kingdom, quoted 5/3¾, c.i.f. Terminal opened dearer, but eased. March sold at 5/2¼ to 5/1½; May, 5/5½ to 5/4½; August, 5/8¼ to 5/7½; December, 5/10¼ to 5/9¼ per cwt. COFFEE—A very firm market on the spot, especially for fine liquoring qualities, the supply position of which is tight. COCOA—Market subdued. Accra, G/F, February-March, quoted 23/9, c.i.f., per 50 kilos, and A Clause, to London, 25/6 per cwt., ex-wharf. Terminal morning sales, 100 tons. May sold at 25/-; July, 25/9; September, 26/10½ to 26/7½; December, 26/10½ per cwt. RUBBER steadier. Sheet, spot and February, sold at 4¼d.; April-June, 4⅝d., 4½d., 4⅜d.; July-September, 5⁄16d. to 5⅛d.; October-December, 5¼d. per lb. Russia is taking 900 tons from London this week. TEA—Indian auctions totalled 25,992 packages. The market in general was fairly active, but more particularly so with regard to qualities up to 1/2¼. These realised firm rates. Above this figure a somewhat irregular, not to say weaker, market predominated. Pekoe sold at 1/1¼ to 1/3½; broken ditto, 1/2 to 1/3½; orange, 1/1½ to 1/3½; broken orange, 1/2 to 1/7½; fannings, 1/1½ to 1/5 per lb. JUTE—A firmer market, sellers adopting more reserve, mainly due to the resumption of demand from the U.S.A. for Calcutta cloth. A moderate amount of business was effected. Firsts, February-March, to H.A.R.B., buyers £16 15/-; March-April, £16 15/- to £16 17/6; April-May, £17; lightnings, March-April, sellers £15 7/6; hearts, £14 7/6; Daisee, £14 12/6; Tossa, £14 12/6 per ton, c.i.f. SHELLAC steadier on balance: T.N., spot, 90/- to 94/-; March sold at 93/-; May, 94/6 to 94/-; February-March, c.i.f., sellers 88/- per cwt.

OILS—Linseed steady. Spot, sellers 20/3, small quantities 1/6 per cwt. extra: March, 15/9; March-April, 18/10½; May-August, 19/6; September-December, 19/10½. Rape quiet. Crude, spot, 24/6, refined 26/-; Japanese, crude, drums, February-March, 24/7½, refined 25/6. Cotton dull. Crude Egyptian, spot, 13/6; common edible, 16/9; deodorised, 18/3. Cocoanut quiet. Ceylon drums, mill, spot, 17/-, February-March, 14/6; white ditto, 14/3. Copra Oil, crude, spot, 19/6, refined 22/6; English deodorised, barrels, spot, 25/-. Groundnut quiet. English crude, spot, 20/6; deodorised, barrels, 26/9; Bombay crude, drums, February-March, 19/-. Turpentine dearer. American, spot, 53/6. Resin firmer. American, B to E, 16/3; F/G, 16/6; H/I, 16/9; N, 17/-; W/G, 17/3; W/W, 17/6; French, F/G, 16/3; W/W, 16/9 per cwt. OILSEEDS—Linseed—Market quietly steady. Plate, to Hull, February-March, also March-April, sellers £9 7/6; April-May, £9 8/9; May-June, £9 10/-; June-July, £9 11/3; July-August, £9 12/6; August-September, £9 13/9; September-October, £9 15/-; Calcutta, to London, February to June, £11 3/9; Bombay, to London, February-March, £11 8/9; March-April, £11 7/6; April-May, £11 8/9. Rapeseed quiet. Cottonseed steadier. Groundnuts quiet and easier. Soya Beans quiet. Castorseed steady.

LIVERPOOL.—CANE SUGAR steady, with sellers of raws March-April shipments at 5/7½ per cwt. c.i.f. to U.K. Refined qualities steady and unaltered. The following are Tate and Lyle's quotations:—Crystals—Ones, 21/1½. Granulated—Standard, 18/9. Yellows—Thirds, 18/4½, ex refinery Liverpool, less 1½ per cent. discount. COCOA—West African on spot continues very quiet. Forward shipments barely steady, with sellers of "A" clause February-March shipment at 24/6 and buyers 24/-, and sellers Lagos f.a.q. February-April 23/6, buyers 23/- per cwt. ex quay terms Liverpool. JAPANESE PEAS on spot remain quiet, with £21 10/- to £22 quoted ex store for new crop; c.i.f. parcels £18 10/- per ton quoted January-February and February-March shipments. RICE BRAN—Burmah in limited demand for shipment, with 62/6 per ton quoted for March-June ex ship terms. OIL CAKES—Imported brands in rather quiet request for forward arrival. Linseed without change at £6 15/- American and £7 7/6 River Plate, both February-March shipment, c.i.f., and Egyptian undecorticated cottonseed February-March quoted £3 12/6 ex ship terms. PALM KERNELS rather quieter, with sellers February-March and March-April shipments £7 11/3 and buyers £7 10/- per ton. TALLOW continues very slow. South American unaltered at 18/- to 19/-, according to brands, and Australian good colour mixed 19/- to 19/6 per cwt., both forward shipment c.i.f. terms.

LONDON METALS MARKET.

TIN DEARER—COPPER RISING.

TIN—Eastern cables were firmer, and here values responded to a fair demand and reserve of sellers. Official quotations were advanced by 20/- per ton for cash, and 15/- to 17/6 forward on balance. Standard cash quoted £227 10/- to £227 12/6, three months £227 2/6 to £227 5/-; settlement price £227 10/-. Sales amounted to 400 tons; cash at £227 5/-, three months £227, £226 17/6 and £227 5/-. English ingots quoted £228. Business was reported in the East at £230 5/- c.i.f. COPPER market generally firm, and a steady demand ensued, with official quotations 6/3 per ton up, both cash and forward on balance. Standard cash quoted £33 to £33 1/3, three months £33 3/9 to £33 5/-; settlement price £33. 600 tons changed hands; cash at £32 15/-, three months £32 18/9 to £33 3/9. Electros quoted £35 15/- to £36 5/-, wire bars £36 5/-. LEAD market quiet, but tone steady, as sellers refrain from pressing. 150 tons sold. Good soft foreign pig May £12; settlement price £11 15/-. English quoted £13. SPELTER market steadier in sympathy with other metals, but business restricted. 200 tons sold. March £14 17/6, April £15, May £15 1/3, June £15 3/9; settlement price £14 17/6. ANTIMONY market firmer, with a good demand for spot and near at hand parcels. English regulus spot £37 10/-. Chinese ditto spot £28 to £28 10/-; March-April reported sold at £24, crude February-March quoted £18 per ton c.i.f. Antimony Oxide—February-March £24 10/- per ton c.i.f. Antimony Ore—60 per cent. February-March 3/-, 50 per cent. ditto 2/9 per unit c.i.f. WOLFRAM firmer, with a steady demand, while offers scarce. Chinese spot 28/6 to 29/6. February-March nominally 29/- to 31/- per unit c.i.f. Copper sheets lower at £44 5/- per ton f.o.b. ALUMINIUM, QUICKSILVER and TIN PLATES unaltered. SECOND SESSION—Tin fully steady. 50 tons sold: cash buyers £227 10/-, three months sold £227 5/-, £227 2/6 and £227 5/-. Copper barely maintained. 500 tons sold: cash buyers £32 17/6, three months sold £33 3/9 to £33 1/3. Lead quiet. 200 tons sold; good soft foreign pig May £12. Spelter quietly steady. 150 tons sold; June £15 5/-.

RELIEF STILL INCREASING.

At yesterday's meeting of the Dublin Board of Assistance the Relieving Supervisors reported that, for the week ending Saturday last, 9,072 persons had received relief at a cost of £5,584 8s. This represents an increase over the previous week of 16 cases and £3 13s., an increase over the corresponding week of last year of 1,185 cases and £917 2s., and an increase over the corresponding week of 1932 of 1,243 cases and £1,199 14s.

Mr. P. S. Doyle, T.D., presided at the meeting.

IRISH ALLOTMENT HOLDERS.

At a Council meeting of the Irish Allotment Holders' Association, Mr. T. Gallagher, secretary of the Waterford Branch, and Mr. O'Rourke, secretary of the Waterford Workers' Council, were in attendance seeking information regarding the Government bill to provide allotments to the unemployed. Mr. Gallagher stated that at the moment he believed that his committee was in a position to make twenty allotments available for the scheme. He also stated that his committee felt that the present rent paid for their plots was excessive, and he asked the Executive to take up the matter with the agent in control of the land. The secretary was directed accordingly.

A man locked his daughter in her room in Moravia to prevent her from going out, writes Reuter from Prague. The lover rescued her through the window. The girl successfully sued the father for illegal detention—but the young man was punished for housebreaking.



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17/- per brl. 14 stone. SACKS 1/- EXTRA Not Returnable.

BARLEY—Archer Spratt ... ... 22/6 per brl.

CHOICE IMPORTED SEED WHEATS

Imported under Government Licence.

Double Stand Up White	(selected as grown)	27/-
Do. do.	(Double Screened)...	32/-
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Do.	(Double Screened)	32/6
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Do. do.	(Double Screened) ...	32/-
April Bearded Red	(selected as grown) ...	32/6
Do. do.	(Double Screened) ...	37/6

Sacks 1/- per brl. extra, not returnable.

GRAIN TERMS—Cash with Order. Free on Rails, Dublin. Carr. Forward.
EMPTIES—Not Returnable, 1/- each. SAMPLES—Free on application.

CERESAN— The Scientific Powder Dressing for wheat and all Grain. Kills disease. Increasss yield. Ask the Farmer who has used it what HE thinks.
16 oz., 2/4. 8 oz. sufficient for one barrel.

Seed Grain offered by us as "Fulcrop" Double Screened, whether Imported or Home Grown, has been processed in our Warehouses by the recently installed "Saat Shule" System, the most efficient seed cleaning and separating combination of modern times. This installation prepares for Seed purposes Oats, Wheat and Barley, which in Weight of Sample, High Degree of Purity, Superior Vitality of Germination, cannot be surpassed by any other method.

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The Jersey Cattle Society of Ireland

The Society was formed in 1926, and since that date has done a great deal of useful work for the breed by making its qualities better known among Irish farmers. It exhibits regularly at the Shows of the Royal Dublin Society, where its stand always arouses a considerable amount of interest. From small beginnings, it has made good progress since its foundation, and has now fifty members, among whom are some of the best breeders of cattle in the country. The President and Hon. Treasurer of the Society are Mr. W. H. Odlum and Mr. G. A. Thompson respectively, and full particulars of its aims can be obtained from the Hon. Secretary.

Mr. A. WERNER, Rockmount, Dundrum, Co. Dublin.

STOWAWAY ON FACTORY SHIP.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM ICEBERG.

When the British whaling factory ship Southern Princess was on her way to the Antarctic a fourteen-year-old stowaway was found aboard.

This boy, Einar Lamberg, had crept into the ship the night she left Sandefjord, Norway, writes Reuter from Durban, Natal. He hid under a barrel until hunger forced him to reveal himself. The skipper admired the lad's pluck, and made him assistant steward. His quickness and keenness soon made the boy extremely popular with all the crew.

In dark hours, after a hurricane had smashed the rudder of the Southern Princess and it seemed certain that she would be lost with all hands Einar proved his worth. His bright, cheery manner and utter disregard for danger helped the *morale* of the older men.

The perils of the trip are shown by a statement of the captain that "the fact that we are alive to-day is entirely due to the courage of the crew and the splendid seamanship of my officers. For nearly three weeks death simply stared us in the face at every moment, but everyone stuck to his post as if the position was absolutely normal."

While the Southern Princess was being towed by the whaling ship Southern Flower, an iceberg, hundreds of feet high, suddenly loomed up out of the fog in front of the two vessels. The Southern Flower was not powerful enough to swing the factory ship around, and had to cast off the tow rope for her own safety. With the Southern Princess completely out of control, it seemed only a matter of preparing for the inevitable crash. Lifebelts were donned and the men shook hands and wished each other luck. When it was seen that the berg could not be avoided, Captain Anderson took a last desperate chance to save the ship. The engines had not been worked for a week and the cylinders were full of water. Despite this the chief engineer was told to start them full speed astern—even at the risk of blowing them out of the ship.

By throwing a full head of steam into the engines, the chief engineer managed to blow all the water clear, and the engines started without mishap. The movement astern caused the Southern Princess to veer sufficiently to slide round the corner of the iceberg—and she passed it with barely a stone's throw to spare.

SCOUT SAVES GIRL'S LIFE.

SWIFT ACTION IN SNAKE-BITE INCIDENT.

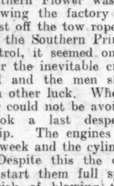
A Boy Scout has saved the life of a little girl bitten by a snake just above the ankle in Jagersfontein (Orange Free State).

The girl, thirteen-year-old Mildred Hunter, disturbed a sleeping snake as she was passing through a bush on the river bank, and it bit her, writes Reuter.

Boy Scouts camping near by heard her cries. Patrol-Leader Angus McLean, who is fifteen, promptly dashed to the spot. He applied a tourniquet, lanced the wound, sucked out the poison, and put on permanganate of potash from his snake-bite outfit.

The girl was by this time semi-conscious. She was rushed to a doctor, who injected serum, and she recovered. The doctor declares that McLean saved the girl's life.

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WEXFORD'S CHAMPION PLOUGHMEN.

NORTH CORK FOR NEXT YEAR'S EVENT.

THOSE who attended the Inter-County Ploughing Championship, held on the lands of the Agricultural Station, Athenry, Co. Galway, last week, were favourably impressed, not only with the keenness of the competition, but with the excellent quality of the work. No fewer than seventeen teams, representing as many counties in the Irish Free State, competed, and the trophy known as the David Frame Cup was in the possession of Wicklow. In the ordinary way, this year's championship should have been contested in Co. Wicklow, but the holders agreed that it would be better to break fresh ground, and hence the selection of Co. Galway.

In a strong competition, Wexford won the cup with a score of 449 marks, while the best individual work on the field was done by Michael Redmond, one of the Wexford team, who also won in 1932. Michael Redmond also had the best furrow. The runner-up for the individual championship was Mathew Tobin, another Wexford man. The Dublin team was second to the cup winners, with a score of 428, while one of their members, Andrew Doran, had the best middle and was third on the list for the individual championship. Offaly was third with 317 marks, Wicklow fourth with 315 marks, and Cork fifth with 314 marks.

There were ten teams from Leinster, two from Connaught and five from Munster. In order to stimulate ploughing in Munster, the Wexford team has agreed that next year's championship shall be held in North Cork. The exact centre will be fixed later.

It was gratifying to see the whole-hearted way in which Co. Galway farmers rose to the occasion in connection with this year's match. Not only did the local committee treat competitors as their guests for two days, but they lent no fewer than 95 horses, as only one team brought their own horses.

On the eve of the match, there was an enjoyable *ceilidhe* and dance in the Town Hall, Athenry, while after the match the ploughmen and guests of the committee were entertained at dinner, with Dr. Ryan, Minister for Agriculture, as principal guest.

AN ESCAPE FROM DEVIL'S ISLAND.

CONVICT BETRAYED BY WOMAN.

For six months Jean Duverney, an escaped murderer from Devil's Island, the French penal settlement in Guiana, had found sanctuary in the British island of Trinidad. During that time he defied all the efforts of the Trinidad police to capture him, but now, writes Reuter from Port of Spain (Trinidad), he has been betrayed by a woman.

Duverney was sentenced ten years ago to twenty years' penal servitude for the murder of a woman in Paris. After serving half his sentence he escaped from Devil's Island with six companions. At midnight they set sail in a frail Indian canoe, making for Trinidad, because they knew that extradition from there was a difficult legal process.

For days they drifted under a burning tropical sun, losing all count of time, until, parched and emaciated, they reached Trinidad. After a short rest they were given food and clothes and told to "move on," but only six of them sailed. Duverney was taken in by a Martiniquian girl, who hid him in her home, while the police combed the island for him in vain.

The search had almost been abandoned when information of his hiding place reached the authorities. Duverney was arrested and appeared before the Port of Spain magistrate charged with assaulting the girl who had befriended him. She told the Court that he had struck her on the head with a stick while she was sleeping.

Ordered to leave Trinidad within seven days, Duverney has sailed for an unknown destination in an Indian rice ship.

LAND DISPUTE LASTS NINETEEN YEARS.

ONE DISPUTANT STILL ALIVE.

A legal dispute in Madras over the ownership of half an acre of land and two houses—the total value of which was only £20—has ended after lasting nineteen years. During that time, writes Reuter, the case has been before a district judicial officer, two subordinate judges and three High Court judges.

Several highly-paid counsel have appeared in the case, including the present Advocate-General and a former Advocate-General. Now the High Court has restored the original decision of a subordinate Court. Meanwhile all except one of the original parties to the suit have died.

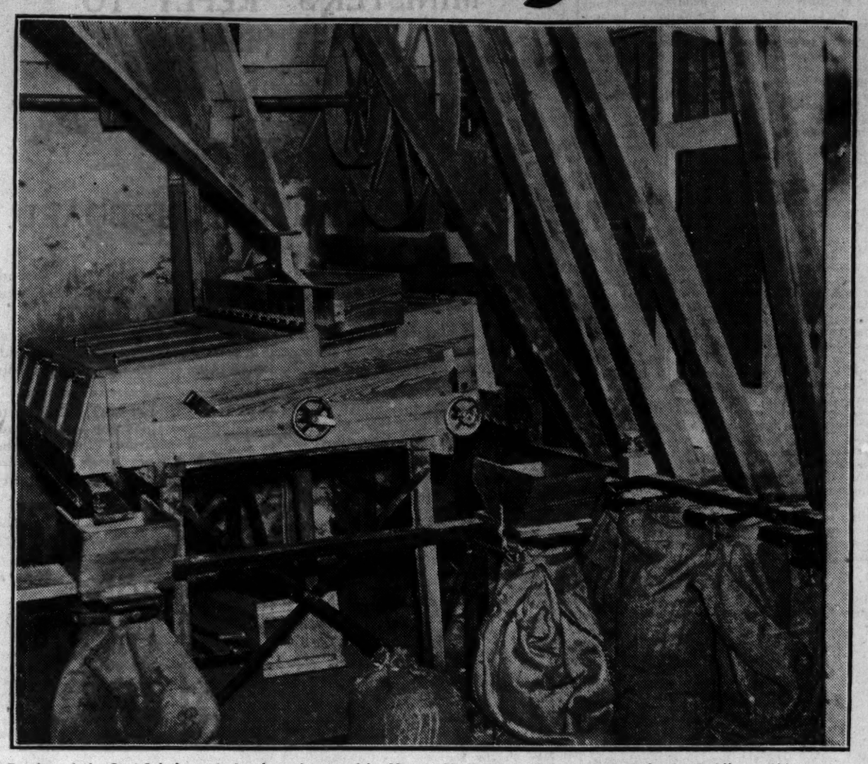
STATUES OF BRITISH ANIMALS

ACQUIRED FOR CHICAGO MUSEUM.

A collection of twenty statues of champion British animals by a well-known American sculptor has been acquired for the Field Museum in Chicago.

The sculptor, Mr. Herbert Haseltine, has worked for nearly thirteen years to complete the group of horses, cattle, sheep and pigs, writes Reuter from New York. Among the animals portrayed are two which belonged to the King. One of these is a Shire stallion, reproduced in chiselled bronze, plated with gold, and, like all the other statues, one-quarter life size.

Irish Farming Review



Portion of the Saat-Schule seed cleaning plant used by Messrs. M. Rowan and Co., seed merchants, Dublin. This machine cleans and selects grain, grass and root seeds most effectively. The frame shown is called the "Cinderella," and represents the final stage in the process of seed cleaning and grading.

MANAGEMENT OF DAIRY COWS.

HINTS TO JERSEY CATTLE BREEDERS.

BEFORE the Jersey Cattle Society of Ireland, in Bewley's Oriental Café, Dublin, Mr. John Lucey, Inspector of the Department of Agriculture, delivered an address on "The Management of Dairy Cows."

In the dairy industry, he said, there is plenty of room for considerable development, and ample scope for improvement in the management and feeding of milch cows. The aim of everyone who keeps a dairy herd should be to improve the milking capacity of each cow as far as possible, and not to retain any animal which does not conform with a certain standard. The average milk yield of dairy cows in this country ranges from 450 to 500 gallons. It is possible by adopting progressive methods to increase that average yield by at least 200 gallons per cow per year.

How to Improve Milk Yield.

There are a number of herds in the country where the average milk yield is from 700 to 800 gallons, while there are several that give over 1,000 gallons. From this it is evident that there must be a big proportion of cows giving less than 450 gallons and down as low as 300 gallons.

Cows that do not give 400 gallons of milk in their lactation period, said Mr. Lucey, do not pay for the cost of production, and the first thing that a dairy farmer should do is to find out the actual milk yield of each cow in his herd. Otherwise it will not be possible to conduct dairying on progressive lines. Success or failure in dairying depends on the milk yield of each cow in the herd.

The profits being made from dairying are not as large as they might be if farmers were more progressive in the keeping of their cows, and in the elimination of poor milkers.

This can be done by keeping milk records. If cows are recorded morning and evening on one day per week during their lactation period it will be possible by a simple calculation to determine their average yield for the week. When such records have been kept for a season, the next step should be to eliminate inferior cows as far as possible and as soon as possible. Good milch cows should be kept for mating with a bull having milk on both sides of his ancestry. The heifer progeny should be kept for renewing the herd. If breeders continue to do that it will be possible to increase the average milk yield by at least 200 gallons in the season.

The Department of Agriculture has a special scheme by which those who keep records will be provided with literature. The Department would also send an Inspector to inspect the cows and test the milk. A difference of a pint of milk per day could not be detected except by recording, and amounted to 80 gallons in the year.

Feeding Suggestions.

Unless a cow is a naturally good milker, no amount of feeding will increase her yield. It will only put flesh on her back. On the other hand, there are naturally good milkers that rarely get sufficient feeding to enable them to give their maximum milk yield. As a result they lose condition and put it into the milk.

Systematic feeding, said Mr. Lucey, should go hand in hand with keeping records. In other words, cows should be kept according to their milk yields. Generally speaking, there is no distinction in the way dairy cows are kept, with the result that the 300-gallon cow is getting as much food as the cow that gives three times that quantity.

With regard to rations, the food should be palatable, digestible, neither laxative nor too constipating, and it should be well balanced. The ration should be considered as maintenance and productive.

Quality of Food.

To maintain a small cow and help in producing the first gallon of milk, a ration of one stone of hay and three stones of roots will be sufficient. The amount of the ration depends on the size of the cow.

As regards the productive ration, it does not depend on the size of the animal, but on the amount of milk given by the cow. The productive ration is fed at the rate of 3lb. to 4lb. for each gallon of milk after the first gallon, so that, if a cow gives four gallons of milk, a maintenance ration may be sufficient for the first gallon; but for the remaining three gallons 10lb. concentrates are necessary. This can be made up of one part by weight of decorticated cotton cake and three parts of oats, or Indian meal or pollard, or maize meal mixture. Feeding this in the proportion of 3lb. to 4lb. for each gallon of milk in excess of the first gallon will usually give the best results. In feeding cows it is advisable to give the productive or concentrated ration first, and give hay and roots afterwards.

Three or four months after calving, if the milk yield falls away, the ration should be correspondingly reduced.

During the summer, when the cows are out on good pasture, they will get sufficient nourishment from the grass to enable them to give up to four gallons of milk daily.

Mr. W. H. Odlum, President of the Society, who occupied the chair, proposing a vote of thanks to the lecturer, said that the majority of the members kept Jerseys as a hobby and not as dairy farmers. With regard to records, he said it was difficult to get herdsmen to take an interest in anything outside what they were bound to do. He also mentioned that cattle frequently suffered from drinking too much water at one time.

Mr. A. Werner, Hon. Secretary, seconded the motion.

Captain Odlum said that they were all interested in the promotion of Jersey cattle, and the best thing they could do was to record the cows.

The motion was passed.

Mr. Lucey, in reply, said that water should be supplied regularly, or laid on, so that the animals could get it when they required it.

MODERN SEED CLEANING.

HOW IT HELPS THE FARMER.

WHEN they purchase seeds which are guaranteed pure and true to type, farmers and gardeners do not always realise how much work is involved in providing what they want. There is, first of all, the cultivation of selected crops for seed. Then comes the work of cleaning and grading the seed which has been harvested before it can be offered to the public. As a matter of fact, seed for most farm crops is subject to re-cleaning before reaching the farmer.

A striking example of what is done can be seen in the warehouse of Messrs. Rowan, seedsmen, Capel street, Dublin, where a Saat-Schule seed cleaning machine, as largely used on the Continent, in South America and Australia, is effectively employed in cleaning and grading wheat, barley, oats, root and grass seeds. This is the first machine of its kind to be erected in the Irish Free State, and is capable of handling 240 barrels of oats per day.

Marvellous Accuracy.

The machine is almost uncannily accurate in separating good from bad seed. Light, broken, weevil-eaten or otherwise defective seeds are divided from sound grain, and, like weed seeds, are diverted into special chutes from which they are discharged into separate receptacles. The seed is first lifted up through an elevator into a hummeller. From this, the seed is passed into a hopper, then into an aspirator, and so into four rotary sieves, where it is graded. The final grading is then passed into the cockle cylinder, where weeds, broken grains and extraneous matter are extracted. From the cockle cylinder, the grain passes into the "Cinderella," where good and bad grains are separated before going into bags. By means of this process, the bushel weight of oats has been increased from 40 to 46lb.

The seed can be subject to a variable blast, depending on the crop and what it is intended to blow out.

Biggest in Free State.

This machine is claimed by Messrs. Rowan to be the biggest seed-cleaning plant in the Free State, and, because of its effectiveness, the Department of Agriculture has allotted over 100 acres of pure live pedigree oats to be grown for Messrs. Rowan in Co. Louth. After this year's harvest, the resulting crop of oats will be cleaned and graded up to a suitable standard. The machine was originally introduced to this country because Scottish seed oats could not be imported, and there was no machinery available for cleaning up to a sufficiently high grade for seed.

The use of such a plant, electrically driven, indicates the extent of Messrs. Rowan's trade in "Fulcrop" seeds.

In addition to a direct trade, they supply a large number of agents throughout the country with root seeds in sealed bags, and flower and vegetable seeds in packets.

They also cater thoroughly for bee-keepers, not only in the supply of C.D.B. pattern beehives made in Dublin, but in the distribution of Irish honey in Irish-made jars.

FARMERS SHOULD ORGANISE.

THERE is no doubt, as Mr. Sean Broderick, T.D., remarked at the dinner of the National Ploughing Association, that farmers are entitled to more consideration, especially in an agricultural country, and they would get it if they were effectively organised. Rev. Brother Jarlath, speaking in the same strain, stated that if farmers had a proper non-political organisation of their own, the Government would consult them about any measures which it proposed to take, and no Government would dare to act without consulting them. Until farmers were united, they need not expect to get what was due to them. These are suggestions which should sink deeply into the minds of all who have at heart the welfare of agriculture.

QUOTA ON IRISH CATTLE DEPRECATED.

MR. H. HILL (Wakefield), President of the National Live Stock Traders' Association, speaking at the annual rally of the Yorkshire branch of the Association, deprecated the quota on Irish cattle. That injustice to Irishmen, he said, not only injured them, but hurt Englishmen also. They required Irish store cattle to keep fresh beef production up in England.

MERITS OF THE JERSEY COW.

ALTHOUGH the temperate climate of the Island of Jersey, the home of Jersey cattle, is not subject to very variable or extreme conditions, the Jersey cow has been endowed by nature with a constitution which enables her to live and prosper in all parts of the globe, and finds herself as much at home in the severe cold of Canadian winters as in tropical climes, such as in the different States of South America, and as far South as New Zealand she proves herself of great value, where her marked characteristics as a dairy cow are shown to great advantage. Jerseys have been long known in Ireland, but, since the advent of the Jersey Cattle Society of Ireland, the Jerseys are coming more to the front and getting better known by the public, while some dairymen and others are now recognising the advantage of including some Jerseys in their herds with the object of enriching the milk with butter fat.

A DISEASE TO WATCH.

FOWL TYPHOID.

IN order to preserve the health of one's flocks it is necessary to take every precaution against disease by perfect cleanliness in everything pertaining to the fowls, and by periodic disinfection of houses and water supply. Carelessness in these respects is often responsible, in the first instance, for the unthrifty conditions of birds, and when birds, like human beings, become "run down" they fall easy victims to the attentions of disease germs.

One disease which causes considerable loss among poultry flocks is fowl typhoid, which is often, in the popular mind, mistaken for fowl cholera. It is well to note here that fowl cholera has not been diagnosed in Ireland for over twenty years.

Fowl typhoid, which is observed at all seasons, occurs more frequently in the spring and summer months. It appears to be more or less indigenous in certain areas, and is often associated with defective sanitary conditions. The disease is acutely contagious, and it attacks adult fowls more frequently than chickens.

Cause.

The disease is caused by a small, rod-shaped microbe, which enters the blood streams and organs and is excreted in the discharge of infected birds. It is ultimately identified by bacteriological methods, by isolating from the liver, bone or blood of affected dead fowls. Fowls sometimes show no definite symptoms, and sometimes may recover from a slight attack. Such birds may, however, still retain the infection, and by excreting the germs in the droppings they become "carriers."

The germs responsible for fowl cholera bear a close resemblance to those that cause bacillary white diarrhœa. When blood is tested for evidence of infection, carriers of fowl typhoid will respond to the same extent as carriers of B.W.D. The important difference is that in the majority of cases fowl typhoid is not liable to be transmitted through the eggs of carrier hens.

Transmission.

Fowl typhoid may be transmitted to a flock by the introduction of diseased or carrier birds. It spreads to the other birds in any of the following ways—through the droppings, which infect the ground; through the houses, the litter, the food or the water. The deplorable practice of disposing of diseased dead fowls by casting them into streams or ponds, or on top of manure heaps, provides a serious source of infection.

The Symptoms.

The symptoms might be those of any severe illness. The bird becomes sleepy and dull, with its head hunched into the body and the feathers ruffled, while the comb and wattles become in colour either light or dark red. The bird is disinclined for food, and a notable symptom is the passing of stinking liquid droppings of a sulphur-yellow or greenish-yellow colour. Death, which usually occurs in from two to five days, may occasionally ensue before even the symptoms are observed. Less severely affected birds may recover. In some cases the disease rapidly spreads through a flock, wiping out most of the birds in a short time. In other outbreaks deaths occur at varying intervals, smaller numbers being lost.

Post-mortem examinations of affected fowls will reveal an enlarged liver, having a dirty greenish-brown or bronzed appearance, œdema of the lungs, a light colour of the heart wall, enlarged spleen, and reddening or inflammation of the intestines.

Prevention.

Since no effective cure has yet been discovered for treatment of this disease, the only method of procedure is to concentrate on its eradication and prevention. It is most important that all dead birds be disposed of by fire or by burial after disinfection. Droppings and litter should be similarly dealt with.

Secondly, houses and all utensils in use in the poultry yard should be thoroughly disinfected. Any reliable disinfectant that is strong enough to penetrate through infected material will readily destroy the germs. Buildings that housed diseased birds should be scraped, swept out and the scrapings burned. Walls and roosts should be washed down with a strong solution of washing soda. When dry, walls, roosts and floors should be thoroughly sprayed with a good disinfectant such as: 2 per cent. creolin, 5 per cent. carbolic acid, or 2 per cent. sulphate solution. Another method is to flame the walls, roosts, etc., with a blow lamp.

Water Supply.

Care must be taken to prevent contamination of water, in particular contamination from discharges of diseased birds. Where it is found impossible to prevent such pollution, use an antiseptic, such as potassium permanganate—half-a-teaspoonful to ten gallons of drinking water.

The Run.

The disinfection of this is usually the most difficult problem. When enclosed it is a simple matter to purify it by an application of quicklime, in the proportion of two tons to the acre. Where birds are on free range, the process of disinfection will necessarily be slow, since it must be left for sunlight, desiccation, etc. Meantime, however, the unaffected birds should be moved to fresh ground.

Blood Testing.

Before completing disinfection, all the remaining birds in the flock should be blood-tested, in the same manner as for B.W.D. All reactors are to be regarded as carriers, and hence should be removed at once and destroyed; or, if in good condition, they may be marketed. It is advisable to re-test the flock after a month for the detection of affected birds that failed to react to the first test.

As a last resort, when thorough disinfection cannot be ensured and losses are recurring, a vaccine can be procured for injection into healthy birds to inoculate them against a fatal attack of typhoid. In many cases this has proved quite successful.

WYANDOTTE.

A PORT OF THE FUTURE.

CHURCHILL AND HUDSON BAY.

Port Churchill, which is now preparing for an active summer, is a great port in the making, writes Mr. W. Waldron, Markets Commissioner for Saskatchewan. A few years ago it was a small post on the shores of Hudson's Bay, the great inland sea of Canada. To-day it is a growing town, with a fine harbour and high hopes, and the unique distinction of having cut the trade routes between the Prairies and the Old Country by several hundreds of miles.

To-morrow it will be the key to one of the richest areas in the world. It is true that shipping companies have yet to plan holiday cruises to Churchill. In course of time, however, even these northern waters, with their facilities for ocean-going vessels, will prove a source of pleasure and profit hitherto undreamt of. Meantime Churchill is building her solid reputation on commercial foundations.

As far back as 1610 Henry Hudson sailed through the northern straits and found himself in the waters of an immense inland sea which penetrated deeply into the north-eastern portion of the North American continent. Both straits and bay were named after him. Fifty-eight years later Prince Rupert, in the captain's cabin of the Nonsuch, toasted success to the Hudson's Bay route. This vessel of fifty tons reached James Bay on September 29th, and there the voyagers wintered and bartered for fur with the Indians. It was the success of this expedition which led to the organisation of the Hudson's Bay Company, and in 1670 King Charles II. granted a charter to "The Governor and Company of Adventurers of England trading into Hudson Bay."

In recent years, with the rapidly expanding Dominion of Canada, Hudson Bay has come to be regarded as the natural outlet and seaboard for the fertile prairie provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Railway facilities have been provided stretching from Churchill to central Saskatchewan with lines running conveniently into the adjoining Provinces, and at Churchill itself, excellent port facilities and storage accommodation.

It has been said that Churchill was established years before it was necessary. It has also been stated that with the well-established rail facilities running east and west across Canada, additional railway mileage was superfluous. It should be remembered that the vast resources of Northern Canada are, as yet, hardly touched. Forests, minerals, fur-bearing animals are there in abundance, and the Hudson Bay Railway and the Port of Churchill may simply be regarded as milestones towards greater achievements in the development of Canada.

The season during which the Bay is open to navigation is, admittedly, short, but already both importers and exporters are finding that it is possible and profitable to ship goods in August which, in the ordinary way, would possibly not be shipped until October or November. Again, merchandise shipped normally from the United Kingdom during June can be held back a few weeks in order that advantage may be taken of the cheaper route. The Churchill "six weeks" may thus be made to cover the operations of three or four months. During the past navigation season on the Bay, vessels have been going about their normal occupation of carrying merchandise from British ports and hauling out grain, cattle, timber and the products of western farms for the old country. The operations have been as quiet and unspectacular as complete efficiency could require.

Whatever the critics may say—and their asseverations are becoming notably fewer—the future of the route as a great summer highway of imperial trade is assured. The toast of Prince Rupert is being amply fulfilled, and Churchill is the port of the future.

POLITICAL PARTY FOR DEBTORS.

There is now a new party in Czechoslovakia, writes Reuter from Prague—the Debtors' Party.

The new party has been founded by a Ruthenian lawyer and his friends. Their programme is to fight against deflation, and for inflation, which will, of course, lighten their load of debts. As the party leaders say that every second person in Carpathian Ruthenia is heavily in debt, the new party ought soon to be the largest in the province.

Four Years' Record Success!

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The David Frame Cup was won for third year in succession by the Wexford Team using Pierce Ploughs.

The Individual Championship was again carried off by Mr. Michael Redmond, Wexford, who was also the winner in 1932. Mr. Redmond always uses Pierce Ploughs.

The E. S. M. A. Challenge Cup was won again (fourth year in succession) by champion Ploughmen using Pierce Ploughs.

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IRISH RAINFALL ASSOCIATION.

REPORT FOR JANUARY.

The Irish Rainfall Association's report for January last, issued from Ballinamona, Cashel, County Tipperary, is as follows:—

This has been rather a wet month on the whole, with some rain almost every day, although abnormal heavy daily falls were few. The amount of sunshine was generally small, but the weather was mild. The maximum temperature reached 55° at Cashel, Ballinacurra, and Rathfarnham, while the lowest recorded was 22° at Banbridge. The month was remarkable for high barometer readings at the end, which rose to 31.26 ins. on the 31st at Cashel. The highest daily rainfall returns were 2.15 ins. on the 13th at Greystones, and 2.00 ins. on the 21st at Aasleagh, Co. Mayo.

The total rainfall for the month was:—

	Inches.
Dunmanway, Co. Cork	7.63
Ballinacurra, Co. Cork	3.30
Mallow (Longueville)	4.30
Cahirciveen (Valentia)	6.74
Darrynane Abbey, Co. Kerry	4.88
Carrick-on-Suir (Seskin)	4.64
Cashel (Ballinamona)	4.19
Nenagh (Castle Lough)	5.71
Cloughjordan, Co. Tipperary	3.91
Limerick (City)	4.38
Ballingarry, Co. Limerick	3.53
Pallaskenry, Co. Limerick	3.79
Kilkee (Conyngham terrace)	6.89
Tuamgraney, Co. Clare	6.79
Bagenalstown, Co. Carlow	2.91
Hacketstown, Co. Carlow	2.97
Newcastle, Co Wicklow	3.91
Rathnew, Co. Wicklow	3.29
Delgany, Co. Wicklow	3.87
Abbeyleix (Blandsfort)	3.22
Cas. Archdale, Co. Fermanagh	3.87
Dublin (Rathfarnham)	2.02
Balbriggan (Ardgillan)	3.05
Lusk, Co. Dublin	2.73
Clongowes Wood College	3.29
Ballycumber, Co Offaly	4.75
Athboy, Co. Meath (Frayne)	4.19
Athlone (Twyford)	4.79
Cas. Forbes, Co. Longford	5.44
Castlebellingham, Co. Louth	2.00
Tuam (Palace)	6.08
Ballynahinch, Co. Galway	8.29
Claremorris, Co. Mayo	5.41
Aasleagh House, Co. Mayo	16.71
Collooney (Markree Cas.)	4.63
Crossdoney, Co. Cavan	4.65
Armagh (Tynan)	3.43
Banbridge, Co. Down	2.95
Belfast (Dunmurry)	2.81
Ballycastle, Co. Antrim	4.20
Omagh, Co. Tyrone	6.14
Milford, Co. Donegal	4.46

PRINCE CARRIES WOMAN'S BUNDLE.

ABOYNE VISIT INCIDENT RECALLED.

The coming visit of Prince George to Roodepoort, in the Transvaal, recalls an incident in which the Prince figured with the Queen and the Duchess of York at Aboyne, Deeside, nine years ago.

The royal party were walking on the wooded slopes there, writes Reuter from Johannesburg, when they met Mrs. Simpson, mother of the present Mayor of Roodepoort, carrying a load of sticks. "That is a very heavy bundle for an old lady," said the Queen to Mrs. Simpson, who did not recognise her. "May I help you with it?"

"No, thank you," replied Mrs. Simpson. "It would also be too heavy for you, my lady. This young gentleman might carry it, though."

"Come, George, carry those sticks," said the Queen, and the Prince shouldered the bundle.

Mrs. Simpson walked behind with the Duchess of York, and remarked to her how like the Queen her companion was. "She *is* the Queen," replied the Duchess, "and that is Prince George."

200 AND 800-GALLON COWS.

At the annual meeting of the Blessington and District Cow-testing Association, Colonel M. Gilheany was re-elected President. The average yield per cow for the association was 5,508lbs. milk and 201.11lbs. butter fat, with an average percentage of 3.65 butter fat. The five best cows in the association gave an average of 8,614lbs. milk and 310.67lbs. butter fat, with an average test of 3.61. The five worst cows gave an average of 2,266lbs. milk and 89.03lbs. butter fat.

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IRISHMAN'S DIARY.

"Richard Rowley" : Les Dames du Meuse : The Shylock Touch. Japan's National Beverage : Mr. Anthony Eden.

Poetry from the North.

I am looking forward to meeting Mr. "Dick" Williams, otherwise Richard Rowley, who is coming down to Dublin from Belfast to see his little play, "Apollo in Mourne," produced at the Gate Theatre next week. Richard Rowley never has been given the appreciation that he deserves as an Irish poet. I suppose we all have the superstition that the South is the only place that can produce poetry, and that the North confines its activities to Atlantic liners and pocket handkerchiefs. Richard Rowley actually is in the linen trade, but that does not prevent him from being a first-rate poet. I never have been able to understand why he and Lynn Doyle—who, by the way, are old friends—have not been made members of the Irish Academy of Letters. Without making invidious comparisons, I would venture to say that they both possess qualifications that some, at least, of the existing members lack.

Les Dames du Meuse.

The news of King Albert's death (writes a correspondent) came home very vividly to me; for a few years ago I stood on the top of one of those great crags from which he fell. I and a companion were walking in the Ardennes, and we had been following the Meuse for some days, stopping the night at those little Belgian hamlets that are so remarkably like the villages of Ireland. I remember, as we passed out of Dinant on our way to Namur, suddenly getting the view of the "Dames du Meuse," and thinking that they looked more like the cliffs at Dover than anything one might expect to find alongside a river.

At this point, the Meuse runs through a gorge, and makes one of the finest pieces of scenery to be found in Belgium. The white limestone rocks rise straight from the roadside, some of them to a height of two hundred feet or more. We scaled the highest one in sight (it may have been the rock itself, though the reports give it as being nearer to Namur than we were), but we went by a safer and less glorious route, passing behind it and up a very steep hill to the summit. Even so, it was difficult going, and the view from the top, though magnificent, was a little unnerving. The rock sloped vertically away from us, so that we could have dropped a stone on to the road below, and the passing motor cars looked like small beetles. It would take a courageous man to climb up or down that precipice, even with the aid of a rope.

The Lord Privy Seal.

Mr. Anthony Eden, who is doing a kind of Cook's tour in Europe at present, is a young man who has made a dramatic rise to political fame. He is the younger son of the late Sir William Eden, who had the famous law suit with Whistler, and was immortalised by George Moore in a single phrase to the effect that something was as unthinkable—Moore never used that word—as Sir William Eden without a valet. The Edens are a talented family. The Lord Privy Seal's elder brother, Sir Timothy Calvert Eden, who was a prisoner in Germany during the War, is a man of notable gifts. He is a magnificent linguist, speaking several languages fluently, and furthermore he has a deep knowledge of their literatures. He wrote a charming biography of his father some time ago which was praised highly by the critics, and also is an exceptionally fine actor. If he had taken to politics, he would have gone very far; but it seems as if he has been content to leave the limelight to his younger brother.

Saki.

An officer in the Merchant Service tells me that he spent last Christmas Day in Yokohama. He and his companions wished each other a merry Christmas with saki, which is the Japanese national beverage. "It is not by any means an unpleasant drink," he said. "It is a light yellow colour, and its flavour reminded me of a cocktail made from beer and sherry. It is about as intoxicating as a light Rhenish wine. Saki is obtained by fermenting rice. The process usually takes about six weeks to complete. The Japanese do not drink large quantities of this spirit. As a race, they are most abstemious. The average white man, however, requires a fairly large quantity before he experiences a 'kick'"

Aideen of Howth.

I met a man the other day who has had the nice thought of naming his baby daughter Aideen because his house overlooks Dublin Bay and faces the Hill of Howth, or Ben Edar, as it used to be called, where Aideen is supposed to be buried under the great cromlech made familiar to most of us since our school days by Sir Samuel Ferguson's famous poem, "Aideen's Grave." Finn Mac Cumhaill, the great hero of the third century, is also associated with Howth. They say that he, while sitting in the east "over the sea at the hill of Edar," had a vision of the future invasion of Ireland. It was at Howth also that his affianced bride, Grainne, took refuge with her lover, Diarmuid, in a cave which has been identified as one of those near Drumleck Point. It was Diarmuid's grandson, Oscar, who married Aideen, daughter of Angus, of Ben Edar, and it was of grief she died when he, the great leader of the Fianna, was killed A.D. 284. Death due to grief was common in those days.

The Shylock Touch.

At one time (writes a correspondent) I used to share the popular belief that the Income Tax Department was the most stony-hearted, greedy, and relentless of all official organisations, but latterly I am not so sure. When the ordinary citizen pays his income tax he is, at least, allowed to place the remittance in an envelope which does not require a two-penny stamp to ensure delivery. On the other hand, should he possess a motor-car, and wish to pay the tax on the vehicle and secure his licence, he must stamp the letter to the licensing authority—*i.e.*, the Dublin Corporation or Dublin County Council. To be more imperial than Cæsar, however, is not enough for these eminent bodies; they must further demand that the taxpayer should supply them with a stamped addressed envelope to hold the road licence when it is being forwarded to him. I notice also, by the way, that these authorities are apparently relieved from the necessity of placing a two-penny stamp on payments, such as rates, made to them by the public.

QUIDNUNC.

CONTRACT BRIDGE.

THE INDIVIDUAL CHAMPIONSHIP.

(FROM HAROLD WILLIAMS.)

The final of the Individual Championship of the Contract Bridge Association of Ireland was completed on Tuesday. Out of the original entry of forty-two players, which included most of the well-known club players, twenty survived the preliminary tests to compete in the final.

This contest is so arranged that every player plays with every other player once as a partner and twice as an opponent. To arrange the movements of the players necessary to achieve this result would seem to be the feat of a mathematician of the calibre of Einstein, but the possession of the required formula makes it quite simple.

The comparison of the relative skill of the competitors is equally simple. Every board is played at five tables, and thus are obtained five separate results of the one deal. Now, as every hand has been played in identical circumstances by five different competitors, a direct line of comparison is obtained. This comparison is reduced to a match point basis by awarding 0 to the player with the worst result, 1 to the worst but one, 2 to the worst but two, and so on. The use of match points enables the ultimate comparison to be made.

The final was played over forty boards, which required two evenings. The winner, Mr. Joseph O'Neill, held a clear advantage over the others until near the end, when the runner-up, Miss Leech, playing with characteristic steadiness, almost overtook him. Mr. Joseph O'Neill, who is the well-known singer, is a member of two clubs, the Regent and the Herbert. He is a shrewd, thrustful player, alive to many possibilities hidden to less experienced players.

It is very interesting to compare the bidding methods of various people. There was one hand that called for just the qualities possessed by the winner; this was Hand No. 27.

North: S. A.Q.10.8.6. H. 5.3. D. K.10. C. A.K.J.4.

West: S. K.J.7.4. H. A.7.4. D 9 5 C Q.9 6.5

East: S. 5.3.2. H. K.Q.10.9. D 8.7.4.3. C. 10.7.

South: S. 9. H. J.8.6.2. D. A.Q.J.6.2. C. 8.3.2.

North was the dealer, and N.S. were Vulnerable. Of the five North-South pairs who played this board, two finished in a contract of 4 Spades, and were defeated by one trick; one pair tried to obtain 5 Diamonds, and this contract was defeated by three tricks. The other two pairs played the board in 3 No Trumps. Incidentally, this board suited approach methods of bidding rather than the Two-Club system. One pair, using the Two-Club system, opened the bidding with 2 Spades. This bid practically excluded the possibility of the game-winning 3 No Trumps, for South's response of 3 Diamonds evoked 4 Clubs from North, and the chance of the best contract was lost. The approach method of bidding this hand would be:—North, 1 Spade; South, 2 Diamonds; North, 3 Clubs; South, 3 No Trumps.

The final placings were as follows. The figures in brackets show the relative placings of the players at the half-way stage:—

1	Mr. J. O'Neill.	(1)
2	Miss Leech.	(5)
3	Mrs. Phillipson.	(9)
4	Mr. H. Williams.	(13)
5	Mr. Kelly	(1)
(6	Mr. H. G. Freehill.	(6)
(6	Mr. B. May.	(3)
8	Mrs. Shortt.	(11)
9	Mrs. S. D. Lambert.	(4)
10	Miss Baldwin.	(10)

DUET AND SONG RECITAL.

ENJOYABLE PERFORMANCE.

The recital given by Renee Flynn and Dorothy Griffith at the Aberdeen Hall of the Gresham Hotel, Dublin, last night, was as brilliant a recital as the big and critical audience, composing most of the leading figures in the musical life of the city, could have expected. Both are singers who have won their spurs at the Feis Ceoil. Their choice of songs and duets last night revealed their musical taste, and in their performance one could hardly find a flaw. True, in the opening phrase of the Handel duet, "Ricordati mio ben" (Flavio), which was the first item on the programme, Miss Griffith showed a little unsteadiness, but it was obviously due to nerves, and the entry of the other voice quickly steadied her. The Handel was sung with fine appreciation of phrase and music, and the voices were nicely blended. There was a fine martial atmosphere about the Purcell duet, "Sound the Trumpet," and the singers kept this striking Elizabethan piece moving with marked rhythm. There was the same understanding in their later duets. Their powers of interpretation, with sense of humour, was reflected in Edward German's "It Was a Lover and His Lass," and the humorous "Five Eyes"—Armstrong Gibb's quaint tale of the Miller's cats. Their dramatic gifts, however, were most strikingly revealed in their singing of the "Presentation of the Silver Rose," from Strauss's "Der Rosenkavalier," and "Aber der Richtige," from the same composer's "Arabella."

In her solo items Miss Griffith showed great gifts of artistry. It is not easy to get a big dramatic voice into such songs as Purcell's "An Evening Hymn" or Rosseter's "When Laura Smiles," but Miss Griffith handled the songs admirably. She was more at home in the descriptive "Nebbie" (Mists) of Respighi, catching the changing tones of its heavy atmosphere. She also sang with a fine sense Strauss's "Zueignung."

One finds it hard to write in measured terms of Miss Renée Flynn's singing. Her voice is of the purest lyrical soprano quality, produced in an effortless manner and under perfect control, and with these qualities are extraordinary gifts of interpretation. One could draw no distinction between any of her songs last night in a group that ranged over Bach, Handel, Schumann and Schubert. The "Care Selve" of Handel was painted in lovely broad phrases. The Bach had an atmosphere all its own and was followed by Schumann's lovely "Sun of the Sleepless." Perhaps, the most enjoyed of the group were the Schubert pair, "Hark, hark, the Lark," and the imposing "Hymn to the Almighty."

The accompaniments were played by Miss Eileen Buckley, another very accomplished artiste. Her work was splendid and just how much her support at the piano meant was known by the singers.

It was in every way a most successful recital, and at the close the singers and their accompaniste were recalled again and again.

UNIVERSITY REPRESENTATION

A general meeting of the University College, Dublin, Fianna fail Cumann unanimously welcomed the decision of the Government to abolish university representation. It was stated that neither the programme of Sinn Fein nor the statements of policy of its leaders ever contemplated an isolated case of vocational representation such as this, and that the question of university representation was considered and deliberately omitted from the original draft Constitution of the Irish Free State, and inserted on British dictation.

THE LEIPZIG FAIR.

A keyless lock, which differs from all previous combination locks in so far that it does not consist of the usual system of wheels and discs, will be seen at the Leipzig Fair. The owner of the lock decides on the number by which he will open the lock; a push button sets a number disc flush with this number, and then another push on the button opens the lock. It is purely a mechanical arrangement and can be manufactured in all sizes and thicknesses to suit either a heavy door or a small attaché case. The article locks itself automatically when closed. By a luminous arrangement the lock can be operated in the dark. The number can be changed by the owner at any time.

The German author, Heinz Liepmann, who fled from a German concentration camp to Holland, was sentenced at Amsterdam yesterday to one month's imprisonment for insulting the head of a friendly nation—namely, President von Hindenburg—in his book, "Das vaterland." Germany may ask for his extradition.

OBEDIENCE TESTS FOR DOGS.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY SHOW.

The Irish Kennel Club Show at Ballsbridge each St. Patrick's Day is always an attraction to dog-lovers. The show is by far the biggest of its kind held in Ireland, and visitors are always sure of seeing the best of Irish canine aristocrats, and sometimes seeing breeds of dogs that have never been shown before in the country.

An added attraction this year will be the general obedience tests, which it has been decided to hold in the permanent sale ring erected by the Royal Dublin Society in the Bloodstock Paddock. This ring has terraced seating accommodation for nearly 1,000 spectators, so that the tests may be followed in comfort, and the ring is also covered in should the weather by any chance be inclement.

The judge of the tests is Dr. W. J. Dawson, of Newtownhamilton, Co. Armagh, probably one of the most experienced handlers and judges of gundogs in the world, and who has also a very fine appreciation of the difficulties of competitors and a flair for explaining things to interested onlookers, so that altogether these obedience tests should prove a very attractive item.

All types of pure-bred dogs may be entered for the tests, which are simple, and in conformity with the modern idea that all well bred dogs should be able to conduct themselves in public and in private.

At the show last year poodles, retrievers, Irish Blue terriers, cocker spaniels and Alsatian or German shepherd dogs all competed in friendly rivalry in the obedience tests, and the display was a most interesting item.

MODERN JOURNALISM.

DEBATE IN TRINITY COLLEGE.

The only way of reforming the Press was to restrict its activities, said Mr. E. W. Jones, proposing the motion—"That this House is disgusted with modern journalism," at the College Historical Society last night. Dr. M. F. Liddell presided at the meeting. The motion was lost by 8 votes to 7.

Mr. Jones said that the newspapers exercised a very bad influence in both private and public affairs, as well as in athletics. In private affairs they took sides for or against individuals, and prejudiced legal cases; in public affairs they dealt with matters which did not concern them at all, and in athletics they encouraged professionalism. The greater number of newspapers to-day were "rags," and had a degrading effect on young minds.

Mr. R. W. M. Crockett said that the Press exercised a great influence for good, and even the "yellow" papers were not so lurid as their predecessors, the early news sheets. One might blame modern journalism for its faults, but it should be remembered that public opinion makes the Press, not *vice versa*.

The Auditor, Mr. A. G. Quirke, B.A., said that he thought the motion was in too general terms. It was possible to approve of some modern journals, while condemning others. Those that one could condemn were the papers which pandered to the lower instincts of men, and to a morbid curiosity in sordid happenings. So far from injuring sport, however, he thought that the popular Press gave too much prominence to it. Some papers, especially the newer ones who had little tradition behind them, tended to pervert the minds of the public, and that was about as far as one could go in condemning modern journalism. There must be some papers written in a light vein, but there should be less sensationalism in them.

Mr. R. S. Nesbitt said that newspapers should be read with an open mind, and more or less in a spirit of adventure. The only way of obtaining the truth was to read all the papers and compare one version with another.

Mr. R. J. O'Neill (Sch.) said that newspapers were full of inaccuracies, and reporters seemed to be incapable of getting down anything correctly. The Press had a very undesirable influence on public opinion to-day.

Dr. Liddell, concluding the debate, said he thought that speakers had treated journalists too harshly. Blame had been laid on editors and reporters, but if modern journalism had faults they were less responsible for them than the owners of the papers, who dictated the policy. The journalist of the present day was efficient, hard-working, and, above all, accurate.

HOSPITAL AND SCHOOL COMBINED.

VALUABLE WORK AMONG CRIPPLED CHILDREN.

"The work of this hospital opens the door to a full and useful life for many unfortunate children," said the Dean of St. Patrick's, speaking yesterday at the annual meeting of the Orthopædic Hospital of Ireland. Its work, he said, was of the greatest value; for the wealth of a State depended on the health of its citizens. He thought it should be part of everyone's education to visit the hospitals, not only to appreciate what they were doing, but also because they could teach an individual valuable lessons in hygiene. If one went through the slums of Dublin, one could see that the teaching of orderly and cleanly habits was badly needed among our citizens.

Mr. Cormac Breathnach said he thoroughly agreed with the Dean's suggestion.

Dr. Haughton said that if they had sufficient accommodation they could treat double the number of children, and they hoped in the future to amalgamate with the Harcourt Street Hospital.

Dr. F. C. Purser (President, R.C.P.I.), Mr. Ernest Phelps, K.C., and Alderman Hubbard Clark also spoke at the meeting, over which Mr. P. J. O'Neill presided.

The annual report showed that the number of crippled and deformed children treated in 1933 was 2,755 out-patients and 225 in-patients, an increase of 399 cases over the year before. The hospital was also a National school, and most of the children were quite well enough to attend lessons. In addition to ordinary subjects, handicrafts and fancy-work were taught. A large proportion of the patients were given a course of remedial exercises or massage, and benefited greatly from the treatment. There had been 4,153 such treatments during the year.

The following governors were re-elected:—Mrs. Barry, Mr. Conyngham, Mrs. A. E. Goodbody, Mr. Charles E. Jacob, Mrs. Mooney, Mr. Joseph Mooney, Mr. John A. Murphy, Mrs. Saunders and Miss Sweeny.

"THE MARRIAGE OF FIGARO."

In "The Marriage of Figaro," which was presented at the Gaiety Theatre, Dublin, last night, the O'Mara Opera Company gave their best performance of the present season. It was a capital reading of Mozart's delightful comedy, from the overture, which was splendidly played, to the final scene. Ina Hill and Barbara Plummer were both in splendid voice as the Countess Almaviva and the maid Susanna. The light Mozart music lay easily on Ina Hill's upper register, and she sang with telling effect, particularly in the numerous *ensembles*. It fell to Mary Benzies to play the part of Cherubino, the page. She looked a fine, sturdy figure, and sang the lovely arias which Mozart has given this character with great appeal. Ed. O'Reilly was an imposing figure as the flirtatious Count—his voice had a fine ring; and William Aspden sang the Figaro part well.

To-night—"The Lily of Killarney."

DERRY FEIS.

PRIZES FOR COMPOSITION.

The open competition for composing at Derry Feis, which opens next Tuesday, has been won by Mr. Norman Gilbert, of Halifax. The test was the setting of a short, well-known poem as a trio for female voices, unaccompanied. Mr. Gilbert has been awarded the Knockan Cup.

The junior composers' competition, for children between 10 and 14 years, was won by Phyllis Forbes, of Strabane, Co. Tyrone. The test was a very simple pianoforte piece.

UNIVERSITY PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

A general meeting of the University Philosophical Society will be held in the Debating Hall, Trinity College, this evening, when a paper will be read by Mr. W. Warnock (Sch., Mod.), B.A., on "Educational Developments of the 19th Century." Speakers:—Mr. W. H. Mol, B.A., and Mr. T. H. C. McFall.

ELECTRICITY BILL IN FREE STATE SENATE.

MINISTER'S REPLY TO CRITICISM.

POSSIBILITY OF LOWER CHARGES.

FINANCIAL POSITION OF BOARD.

IN the Free State Senate yesterday, the Electricity (Supply) (Amendment) Bill, 1934 (Certified Money Bill), passed the second stage, and the Committee stage was fixed for next Wednesday.

Mr. Douglas contended that electricity for heating and cooking at 1¼d. per unit was too dear. In certain towns in Great Britain, he said, the charge was only ½d. per unit, at which price electricity could compete in cost with coal.

The Minister for Industry and Commerce (Mr. Lemass), in reply to the debate, said that the Electricity Supply Board's position was improving more slowly than he liked. Its financial position would not be thoroughly satisfactory for many years. This did not mean that there would not be a decrease in charges; for there was always the possibility that the revenue position might be improved.

The Minister added that he was not responsible in law for some of the functions of the Board, and his power in relation to the Board was very limited.

SENATORS' SUGGESTIONS.

On the second stage of the Electricity Bill,

Mr. LEMASS (Minister for Industry and Commerce) said that the purpose of the bill was to increase the amount of money to be provided for the Electricity Supply Board arising out of the normal growth of its activities. A further bill to provide additional storage on the Shannon was contemplated, but it would take some time to draft.

Mr. STAINES said that the original intention of the Shannon scheme was that, instead of having to import coal to generate electricity, it would be made by Irish water power. In the year ended March, 1933, however, the Pigeon House generating station had worked a great deal, and last year had been working practically all the time owing to the drought. Whether it was English or German coal that was being used there, the money was going out of the country.

They also were told when the scheme was started that they would have cheap electricity in every house in the country, but the people living in the rural areas knew how much electricity they had. They had none. The Electricity Supply Board should understand that their job was to produce electricity, and produce it at a cheap rate.

It was now intended to spend another £60,000 of the taxpayers' money. Instead of spending that amount of money, the Board should close up their showrooms all over the country and allow traders to do the business. Private firms were, in fact, paying more to their employés than the Electricity Board.

THE CASE OF DUBLIN.

Mr. O'NEILL submitted that the citizens of Dublin should receive restitution for the Dublin undertaking that was now controlled by the Electricity Board. The Dublin station had shown a clear profit of £87,000 for the year before it was taken over, but the citizens of Dublin had not received one penny compensation, while Cork, Galway and other places were amply compensated.

Mr. O'FARRELL said that it was obvious that the revenue expectations of the Board had not been realised. An examination of the figures showed the revenue was £100,000 short of the estimate made by the Board in 1931. One would like to know what was the result of the increased cost to the consumers. It was estimated to bring in £80,000 per annum, but he wondered if such was the case, or whether there had been a falling off in revenue and the number of consumers.

He strongly favoured as much publicity as possible on behalf of the Board until private traders came forward themselves to popularise electricity.

Mr. JOHNSON said that, from the point of view of general welfare, he would like to see the Board moving towards giving electricity for domestic consumers as cheap as possible. He would like the figures for domestic heating and cooking to be shown in the company's returns.

Mr. DOUGLAS asked if the Minister could give any information as to whether or not the increase of 10 to 25 per cent. was likely to be permanent. Electricity for heating and cooking at 1¼d. per unit was too dear. In certain towns in Great Britain the charge was only ½d. per unit, at which price electricity could compete in cost with coal.

NEW BUILDINGS.

Sir JOHN KEANE said that he thought the Minister should give the House some explanation of the wide discrepancy between the figures quoted by Senator O'Farrell and the actual figures revealed in the official statement. He would ask the Minister to state his views with regard to the £60,000 expended on new buildings. That seemed an unnecessary extravagance. Without reserves for that purpose it was not sound finance to pile up expenditure in that way. He was glad to see that where coal was cheapest coal was to be used. He was also glad to see that things were turning out better than was expected with the Board. That was because the assets of the Dublin ratepayers had been taken over for nothing. If the Board had not taken over the great load of the City of Dublin for nothing it would be showing a substantial loss. If restitution were to be made it could only be made out of the pockets of the taxpayers, or by increasing the cost to the consumer.

The Board was to be complimented on the manner in which the accounts were set out, and the accountant deserved special praise.

He would support Senator Johnson's demand that they should have the comaparative figures from the first years as to the consumption of current, and under various headings.

MINISTER'S REPLY.

Mr. LEMASS, Minister for Industry and Commerce in reply to the debate, said that he must refuse to take any responsibility whatsoever for any estimate given by his predecessor. The Electricity Supply Board and other public concerns were criticised owing to the fact that public expectations had been aroused which could not be fulfilled. Roughly, half the capital liability had been transferred to the Board with the Shannon works. Direct cash advances had been made to the Electricity Supply Board in addition to finance the Board's activities. £2,500,000 had been at first provided for that purpose. The Act of 1931 increased the amount available for the Board, but provided that amounts were to be advanced only when the Minister for Industry and Commerce was satisfied that they were reasonably and properly required.

He did not know whether a decrease of the rates of charge would improve the Board's financial position. It probably would cause more consumption but it must be very carefully considered whether that would benefit the Board financially. The present revenue was far short of the revenue required by the Board to meet the obligations imposed by the 1927 Act. The Board's position was improving more slowly than he liked. Its financial position would not be thoroughly satisfactory for many years. His saying that did not mean that there would not be a decrease in charges for a number of years; for there was always the possibility that the revenue position might be improved.

PRICE OF CURRENT.

Charges, in fact, were being lowered. He would very much like to see the price of the current reduced, but he certainly could not use pressure on the Board for a reduction until he was satisfied that the net result would be an improvement instead of a disimprovement in the financial position of the Board.

Last year was an abnormal year from the point of view of the Electricity Supply Board. The Pigeon House had been working at full capacity from April or May—a fact which showed the foresight of the Board, which if it had, instead, used water freely, a grave situation would have arisen. It would be unfair to criticise any hydro-electric scheme on the basis of last year's working. The period was the driest in the history of this country. Electricity here was reasonably cheap, and the price of current must, in any event, tend downwards. The increase in the consumption of current was not as rapid as he would like. It had been anticipated in 1931 that in this year the Board would commence to repay the capital advances, but it could not do so.

THE RESERVE FUND.

Neither would the Board be able to make provision for the reserve fund on the scale anticipated. This position arose partly because certain economies were not achieved to the extent then anticipated. The Board in 1931 was much too optimistic as to the reduction in expenditure that it could accomplish, and had, in fact, accomplished nothing like what it then anticipated. He had no desire to slow down the extension of the scheme, and he did not think that the Board could complain of any restriction under the 1931 Act, except that the Act required them to show that revenue could be secured in some stated relationship to the capital expenditure involved. He stressed that he was not responsible in law for some of the functions of the Board, and his powers in relation to the Board were very limited.

The bill passed the second stage, and the Committee stage was fixed for next Wednesday.

ALLOTMENTS BILL ADVANCES.

The Minister for Agriculture, on the second stage of the Acquisition of Land (Allotments) (Amendment) Bill, 1934, said that he regarded the provision of allotments at nominal rentals to the unemployed was very desirable, especially when under the bill they would be able to add free seeds and free manures.

Mr. QUIRKE supported the bill. He said that the people of the country were all doing their best to get back to the land, and this bill would enable the workers in the towns to familiarise themselves with the problems connected with the growing of crops.

Mr. COMYN welcomed the bill, but said that they should not expect too much from it.

Mr. CUMMINS said that the scope of the bill should be extended to include workers who were in short-time employment.

The MINISTER for AGRICULTURE said that he regarded the bill as more a social than an agricultural measure. The question as to what extent the value of the plot would be taken into consideration in assessing income for the purposes of the Unemployment Assistance Act was under consideration.

The regulations under the bill would enable persons in casual employment to obtain plots, but it could not be extended to persons in regular short-time employment.

The second stage was passed.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BILL.

On the second stage of the Local Government (Amendment) Bill, 1934, Mr. SEAN T. O'KELLY, Minister for Local Government and Public Health, said that the purpose of the bill was to extend the period within which a new building must be begun or completed in order to obtain a partial suspension of an increase in valuation under the Local Government Act, 1927.

"Remission of rates on new buildings," he said, "are designed to promote employment by encouraging building enterprise."

The remissions did not apply to houses built under the Housing Acts nor the Housing (Gaeltacht) Act, 1929, which were otherwise provided for, nor did they apply to cottages erected under the Labourers Acts. The bill contained no new principle: it merely continued the existing practice for five years.

The second reading was passed.

OTHER MEASURES.

The report and final stage of the Slaughter of Animals Bill, 1933, were passed.

On the second stage of the Trade Loans (Guarantee) (Amendment) Bill, 1934,

Mr. LEMASS said that the object of the bill was to remove certain doubts which had arisen in relation to the original bill.

The bill passed the second stage.

INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL.

ESTIMATE FOR NEW SCHEME.

BY OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

The supplementary estimate for a sum of £10, introduced in the Dail yesterday by Mr. Sean MacEntee, is concerned with the setting up of an Industrial Research Council and experimental works for the production of industrial alcohol. The sum actually required for these purposes is £8,754, but in view of savings effected under other sub-heads, the required amount in the present financial year is only £10.

A sum of £444 has been advanced from the Contingency Fund to the Department of External Affairs in respect of the contribution towards the cost of the Imperial Economic Committee and the Imperial Shipping Committee and a corresponding amount of this vote is required to make repayments to that fund.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING FUND CONCERT.

There was a large attendance in the Round Room of the Mansion House, Dublin, last night, when a successful concert was held in aid of the funds of the Children's Clothing Society. The following artistes contributed to an enjoyable programme: Miss Joan Burke, Miss Fay Sargent, Miss Teresa Owens, Miss Betty Byrne, Miss Una Kenny, Miss Mairin Fenning, Miss Teresa McCormack, Miss Molly Flynn, Miss Cecily Kenny, Miss Susan Murphy, Miss Lily Clarke, Mr. William J. Lemass, Mr. James P. Burke, Mr. Tadgh Forbes, Mr. Peter Dunn, Mr. Douglas Ffrench Mullen, Mr. Michael O'Higgins, Mr. P. J. Powderley, Messrs. Thornton and Earls, Mr. P. J. Henry, Mr. Sean Dempsey and Miss Kathleen Bassett. Selections were played by Mr. Patrick Delaney's orchestra, and Miss Lucy Leenane was at the piano.

SHOPKEEPER'S ESTATE.

Mr. Thomas McGovern, of Mullaghdun, County Fermanagh, shopkeeper, who died on 16th August last, left personal estate in Great Britain and Northern Ireland valued at £7,181.

ON THE WIRELESS

Daily Programme Review.

DUBLIN: Play, "Old Boyhood," **8.10.**

BELFAST: Play, "The Brandy Pad," **9.35.**

B.B.C. NATIONAL: Organ and Violin Recital, **9.35.**

ALL REGIONALS: Hallé Concert from Manchester, **7.30.**

SCOTTISH REGIONAL: Ballad Concert from Glasgow, **6.30.**

RADIO PARIS: Pro Arte String Quartet, **8.**

ROME: Symphony Concert. Conductor, Selvaggi, **7.45.**

STRAVINSKY will conduct the Hallé Orchestra to-night, when a programme of his works will be played. During the concert he will also appear as solo pianist. In the Concerto for violin and orchestra, Samuel Dushkin, who gave its first performance in 1931—the year of its composition—and to whom the work is dedicated, will be the soloist. Like many other composers, Stravinsky started life by studying for a career outside music, but his father did not neglect to encourage his son's precocious musical gifts, and at the age of twenty-two Rimsky-Korsakov advised him to devote himself entirely to music, and it was from him Stravinsky received his first systematic training.

"Fireworks" ("Feuerwerk") is one of the first important works written by this composer, and "The Firebird" music was composed for Serg Diaghilev, who was so struck by the young composer's uncommon gifts that he commissioned him to write for one of his forthcoming productions, the Russian Ballet having come into vogue at that time. To-night's programme includes the Suite from the Ballet, "Oiseau de feu" ("The Firebird"), and Stravinsky, playing with Dushkin in his Transcriptions for violin and pianoforte.

The B.B.C. organ will take part for the first time in a violin and organ recital, both instruments being played in the Concert Hall, Broadcasting House, into separate microphones. The performance will be Rheinberger's Suite for violin and organ (Op. 166), played by Arthur Catterall (violin) and C. H. Trevor (organ). In the course of the programme other music will be heard, taken from the works of Bach and Max Reger.

One of the very best series that has been running for a long time is "The Old Music Halls." Each performance brings us a little nearer to the present time, which gives an added number to the listeners who are familiar to the songs and the singers, who are so splendidly represented. Also, each performance is given before a real audience, who sing and applaud, and, therefore, create the essential atmosphere which undoubtedly is imparted to the listeners-in, who at their end simply have to sing, too. To-night M. Willson Disher presents No. 4 in the series, when the house chosen is the old Palace.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMMES.

DUBLIN—223 Metres (1,348 Kc.) (1 Kw.), **ATHLONE—531 Metres** (565 Kc.) (60 Kw.), and **CORK—242 Metres** (1,240 Kc.) (1 Kw.).

1.30-2.30—Time, Stock Exchange List, Weather, and Gramaphone. **6.0**—Children's Hour. Percy Ussher: A Story. May Devitt: Songs. Muiris O Cathain: Sgéal. **6.45**—News. **7.0**—French. **7.15**—Cathleen Murphy: Readings. **7.30**—Time. Dina Copeman (piano): Barcarolle (Chopin), La Danse d'Olaf (Riccardo Pick-Mangiagalli), Minuet Celebre (Mozart). **7.45**—A. J. O'Farrell (baritone): Songs with an Eastern flavour. China: The Emperor (G. Bantock); Persia: How Many a Caravan; Alla be with us (A. W. Finden); India: Till I Wake (Finden).

8.0—Station Orchestra: Der Freischutz Overture (Weber), Dornroschen (Waltz) (Tschaikowsky). **8.10**—Laurence Elyan and Co.: "Old Boyhood." **8.40**—Station Orchestra: Divertissement (Lalo). **8.55**—Mrs. H. Sheehy-Skeffington: Talk. **9.10**—Cathal O'Byrne: Ballads and Original Poems. **9.30**—Sponsored Programme. **10.30**—Time, News, Weather. **10.40**—Patrick Mannion (flute). Jig: The Feast is all over; Reel: The Bright Star of Munster; Hornpipe: The Harvest Home: Swallow's Tail; Reel: The Highland Skip. **10.50**—Seamus O Mathghamhna (traditional fiddle): Humours of Bandon; Sliabh na mBan; Reels: An taistealaidhe, Bristi na mBan; An Staicin Cruithneachtain agus Dunphy's—hornpipes. **11.0**—Close down.

BELFAST—267.4 Metres (1,122 Kc.). (1 Kw.).

10.15—The Daily Service. **10.30**—National Programme. **12.0**—National Programme. **4.5**—The Radio Quartet, James McCormick (baritone). **5.15**—The Children's Hour. **5.55**—Agricultural Market Prices for Northern Ireland. **6.0**—Weather Forecast, First General News Bulletin and Bulletin for Farmers, followed by Regional News. **6.30**—National Programme. **9.0**—Weather Forecast, Second General News Bulletin. **9.20**—National Programme. **9.35**—"The Brandy Pad," a play, in four scenes, by Richard Rowley. **10.30**—A Short Mid-Week Service. **10.45**—Dance Music.

NATIONAL—1,500 Metres (200 Kc.). (50 Kw.)

10.15—The Daily Service. **10.30**—Weather Forecast for Farmers and Shipping. **10.45**—"The Week in Westminster," Mr. R. Bernays, M.P. **11.0**—"Events at Home and Abroad." **12.0**—The Rutland Square and New Victoria Orchestra. **1.0**—Gramaphone Records. **2.0**—For the Schools—Reception Test. **2.5**—"Tracing History Backwards"—6; Mr. K. C. Boswell: "Unemployment." **2.30**—"King's English"—18; Professor A. Lloyd James: "Melody." **3.0**—Evensong relayed from Westminster Abbey. **3.50**—For the Schools—German Reading—3. **4.5**—The Scottish Studio Orchestra, Harry Chilvers (baritone). **5.15** (all Nationals except Daventry)—Jack Jackson and his Band, relayed from the Dorchester Hotel. **5.15** (Daventry)—The Children's Hour: "Yo-Ho-Ho!" **6.0**—Weather Forecast, First General News Bulletin and Bulletin for Farmers. **6.25**—Interlude. **6.30**—The Foundations of Music—Wolf's Goethe-Lieder, sung by Winifred Radford (soprano) and Herbert Heyner (baritone). **6.50**—Spanish Talk, Senorita Maria de Laguna. **7.30**—Industrial Britain: Its People at Work—7, Professor John Hilton. **8.0**—The Old Music-Halls. **9.0**—Weather Forecast, Second General News Bulletin. **9.20**—Foreign Affairs, Mr. Vernon Bartlett. **9.35**—An Organ and Violin Recital from the Concert Hall, Broadcasting House; C. H. Trevor (organ), Arthur Catterall (violin). **10.30**—A Short Mid-Week Service. **10.45**—Dance Music.

NORTH REGIONAL—449.1 Metres (668 Kc.). (50 Kw.).

10.15—The Daily Service. **10.30**—National Programme. **12.0**—Organ and Orchestra. **3.5**—West Regional Programme. **3.25**—Gramaphone Records. **4.5**—Scottish Regional Programme. **5.15**—The Children's Hour. **6.0**—Weather Forecast, First General News Bulletin and Bulletin for Farmers, followed by Regional Announcements and Bulletin for Northern English Farmers. **6.30**—The B.B.C. Orchestra (Section E). **7.30**—Hallé Concert, a Stravinsky Programme, relayed from the Free Trade Hall, Manchester. **8.20** (approx.)—Interval, including "Programme Reflections," by Dr. J. E. Wallace. **8.35**—Concert (continued). **9.30** (approx.)—Gramaphone Records. **10.15**—Weather Forecast, Second General News Bulletin. **10.30**—Dance Music.

SCOTTISH REGIONAL—373.1 Metres (804 Kc.). (50 Kw.).

10.15—The Daily Service. **10.30**—National Programme. **12.0**—Regional Programme. **2.0**—For the Schools—Reading Test. **2.5**—Tracing History Backwards—6; Mr. K. C. Boswell: "Unemployment." **2.30**—Music—Time and Tune, by Mr. Herbert Wiseman; Lesson 6: More Words for Tunes. **3.0**—Gramaphone Records. **3.25**—Mid-Week Service. **3.50**—For the Schools—German Reading—3. **4.5**—The Scottish Studio Orchestra, Harry Chilvers (baritone). **5.15**—The Children's Hour. At **5.45**—The Children's News Bulletin. **6.0**—Weather Forecast, First General News Bulletin, followed by Scottish Announcements and Scottish Market Prices for Farmers. **6.30**—A Ballad Concert, Horace Wilson (tenor), Robert Bovington (baritone). **7.30**—North Regional Programme. **9.30**—As North Regional. **10.15**—Weather Forecast, Second General News Bulletin. **10.30**—As North Regional.

ON THE CONTINENT.

BERLIN (Deutschlandsender)—1,571 Metres (60 Kw.).

3—Concert from Leipzig. **4.15**—Quartet in F minor (Haydn) on Gramaphone Records. **4.40**—Songs by Young People. **8.15**—The Surprise Symphony (Haydn) by the Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra. **10**—Concert of Music by Saar Composers from Frankfurt.

BUDAPEST—549.5 Metres (120 Kw.). Also relayed on 227.1 metres from 6.30 p.m. Close down.

4.30—Orchestral Concert. **5.30**—Concert by the August Café. **6.50**—Relay from the Royal Hungarian Opera House. **10**—Gramaphone.

COPENHAGEN—225.1 Metres (0.8 Kw.) and **KALUNDBORG—1,261 Metres** (75 Kw.).

7.10—Concert from the State Broadcasting Building. "La Princess de Trébizonde," Operetta in Three Acts (Offenbach), by the Station Symphony Orchestra, Chorus and Soloists. **9.30**—Dance Music. **10.10**—Dance Music (continued).

LEIPZIG—382.2 Metres (120 Kw.).

3—The Station Orchestra. **5.5**—Contralto Recital. **8.10**—Military Band. **9.25**—Piano Quartets by Max Pauer and the Leipzig String Trio. **10.25**—The Leipzig Symphony Orchestra.

PARIS (Radio-Paris)—1,796 Metres (75 Kw.).

8—Concert by the Pro Arte Quartet, Quartet No. 13 (Beethoven), Songs, String Quartet (Ravel).

PRAGUE—470.2 Metres (120 Kw.).

4.25—Violin Recital. **6.30**—Accordion Solos. **7**—Recital of Operatic Arias. **8.2**—Orchestral Concert, with 'Cello Solos. **9.15**—Gramaphone. **9.40**—String Quartet in D minor (Smetana).

ROME—420.8 Metres (50 Kw.) and **NAPLES—271.7 Metres.**

4—'Cello, Soprano and Piano Solos. **6.30**—Gramaphone. **7.45**—Orchestral Concert, conducted by Selvaggi; Music from the Works of Beethoven, Schumann, Clementi, Selvaggi, and Richard Strauss.

STOCKHOLM—426.1 Metres (55 Kw.). **KALUNDBORG—1,261 Metres** (75 Kw.).

4.30—Gramaphone. **7.2**—Cabaret Programme. **8.30**—'Cello Recital from Goteborg (318.8m.). **9**—Light Music by the Martensson Ensemble.

STRASBOURG—349.2 Metres (12 Kw.).

3—The Calvet Quartet from Paris (Radio Colonial) (1,968m.). **6.30**—Gramaphone. **8.30**—Orchestral Concert. Part 1, Italian Symphony (Mendelssohn). Part 2, Bruneau Music.

STUTTGART (Muhlacker)—522.6 Metres (100 Kw.).

4.45—Song Recital by Enrico Caruso on Gramaphone Records. **7.15**—Concert from Warsaw. **7.55**—Orchestral and Choral Concert of Operetta Music. **9.40** (approx.)—Gramaphone. **10**—Concert of Music by Saar Composers from Frankfurt. **11**—Frauenliebe und leben (Schumann) by Lore Fischer (contralto).

TURIN—263.2 Metres (7 Kw.), **TRIESTE—245.5 Metres** (10 Kw.) and **MILAN—368.6 Metres** (50 Kw.).

7.50—Relay of an Opera.

VIENNA—506.8 Metres (120 Kw.).

4.5—Liszt Piano Pieces. **4.25**—Opera Music. **6**—Military Band, with Songs by a Soldiers' Choir. **9.35**—The Vienna Symphony Orchestra, with Songs.

ULSTER AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY SHOW.

The catalogue for the forthcoming sale of pedigree cattle and pigs at the Balmoral Show Grounds, Belfast, on February 27th and the following days has been issued by the Royal Ulster Agricultural Society. As will be seen in our advertising colums, a feature of the pig section is the greatly increased entries in the large white classes, which total 199 animals as compared with 51 last year, and include the pick of the leading herds in Northern Ireland. In the cattle section the nineteen competitive classes are strongly filled, and no fewer than 654 bulls and heifers will be seen in the judging rings. There are in all nearly 900 entries, and buyers from all parts of the United Kingdom and the Free State are expected to be present.

PROMOTION OF ARMY OFFICERS

RESULTS OF WRITTEN EXAMINATIONS.

The results are announced of the examination in written subjects of officers, with a view to promotion in the Regular Army and the Indian Army, which was held in India and Burma in October last. The following were among the successful candidates:—

Royal Horse Artillery—Lieutenant J. P. McDonnel.

Royal Artillery—Lieutenant R. A. Collins, D. G. C. Cowie, H. G. M. Dunn, H. R. McConnel, J. M. McNeil, Lieutenant J. T. B. Sylvester-Bradley.

Royal Engineers—Lieutenant H. Grattan.

The Lancashire Fusiliers—Lieutenant P. G. T. Lutyens.

The Cheshire Regiment—Lieutenant R. E. Kenny.

The Dorsetshire Regiment—Captain W. M. W. Collins, M.C.

Royal Army Veterinary Corps—Major G. Barnett, M.C.; Major H. Bone, M.C.

Royal Army Medical Corps—Major J. A. Crawford, Major D. Crellin, M.C.; Major J. F. W. Meenan, Major C. Russell, M.C.; Lieutenant R. C. Langford, Lieutenant D. P. F. Mulvany, Captain C. L. Day.

INDIAN ARMY.

3rd Cavalry—Captain T. C. Crichton, M.C.

Probyn's Horse—Lieutenant A. Goring.

The Scinde Horse—Captain H. F. McKillop.

1st Punjab Regiment—Captain J. K. McConnell.

12th Frontier Force Regiment—Lieutenant C. J. C. Molony.

1st K.G.O. Gurkha Rifles—Lieutenant J. L. F. O'Ferrall, Lieutenant D. J. R. Moore.

Indian Army Service Corps—Captain J. P. Sheridan, M.B.E., M.M.

THE LATE MR. JAMES E. A. DOHERTY.

At the request of the students of University College, Dublin, the Rev. Dr. O'Halloran offered Mass at University Church, St. Stephen's Green, for the repose of the soul of Mr. James E. A. Doherty, a student of the College, who died on Monday last. A large number of students attended, among them being representatives of the various societies to which Mr. Doherty belonged, and a large number of the members of the Association Football Club, of whose 2nd XI. he was captain.

THE IRISH HARP.

DATES BACK 1800 B.C.

There was a large attendance at the annual general meeting of University College, Dublin, Gaelic Literary Society last evening, when Miss Maurin O'Shea, the Auditor, read a paper on the Cruit (the small harp).

Professor Cormac Kiely, President of the Society, occupied the chair.

Miss O'Shea, in the course of her Irish story, said that references to the Irish harp went back to the battle of Moytura, which, according to the Four Masters, took place about 1800 B.C., that was a battle between the Formonians and the Tuatha-de-Dannans. Another account of the harp was to be found in the Book of Invasions, in which it is stated that among the Milesians who came to Ireland and were praised and honoured beyond all others were Cir, the poet, and Cinnfinn, the harpist. History showed that the place of the harp in Ireland was an honoured one, and was recognised in other countries. In the Christian era two tribes of Irishmen went to Scotland, one about 130 A.D., and the other about 450 A.D. It was they who introduced the harp to Scotland. The Welsh also received their knowledge of the harp from Ireland. In 1059 the King of North Wales was forced to go into exile in Ireland, and his son, Gruffydd ap Cunan, introduced the harp from Ireland to Wales. The harpist was the official bard in Ireland, where in ancient times he was given a place beside the King in the banquet hall. A great Irish reconnaissance took place in the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries, when the O'Neills of Ulster, the McMurroughs of Leinster, the Earls of Kildare, Ormonde and Desmond took the art of music under their protection. In conclusion, Miss O'Shea asked what was being done in the present time to popularise the national musical instrument. Were the Irish people doing their duty in that respect? She submitted that they were not.

On the motion of the Rev. Dr. Brown, M.A., seconded by Mr. Liam Gogan, a vote of thanks was given to the lecturer.

Other speakers were Miss Agnes O'Farrelly and Mr. Colm O'Loughlin.

CORK RATE INCREASED.

Cork Corporation last night adopted the City Manager's report on the estimates, together with economies suggested by him, and struck a rate of twenty shillings in the pound for the year ending March, 1935, this representing an increase of one shilling and sixpence.

BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRING BOARD.

The Boot and Shoe Repairing Trade Board, at its meeting in Dublin on Tuesday, had under consideration the questions of minimum rates of wages for workers in the trade, including home workers, and conditions governing the employment and training of apprentices. These matters will be further considered at a meeting of the Board to be held early in April.

VARIOUS VIEWS ON THE RUNNING OF A DUBLIN BUSINESS.

CHAIRMAN OF MESSRS. CLERY'S EXAMINED.

THE VALUE OF SHARES IN THE COMPANY.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE HANNA.)

THE direct examination of Sir Christopher Nixon was continued when the hearing of the action of Mr. John F. McGuire, of Cambridge House, Cambridge road, Rathmines, Dublin, against Messrs. Clery and Co., Ltd., O'Connell street, Dublin, was resumed. The plaintiff claims £32,400 damages for alleged breach of an agreement in removing him from the position of managing director of the company; and the defendants plead that the plaintiff did not perform the agreement, and that his removal from the position of managing director was necessary in the interests of the business and of the shareholders of the company.

Mr. Overend, K.C.; Mr. FitzGerald, K.C.; Mr. Lavery, K.C., and Mr. Brereton Barry (instructed by Messrs. Ryan and O'Brien) appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Jellett, K.C.; Mr. Leonard, K.C.; Mr. A. E. Wood, K.C., and Mr. Marnan (instructed by Messrs. E. and G. Stapleton) for the defendants.

Mr. Leonard brought to the notice of Sir Christopher Nixon correspondence from the bank, and minutes of various meetings of the directors of Clerys towards the end of 1932. In their letters the bank made repeated application for the payment of interest on deposits. On one of the occasions in question Mr. McGuire explained that he felt the interest was due, but that creditors of the company were insistent on payment of their accounts. He also said that he would pay the bank as soon as he could, and the directors accepted that statement.

Some questions followed about a legal opinion that was obtained, and the witness, in the course of evidence relating to that matter, said that Mr. McGuire stated that he wanted the nest to remain undisturbed for him to rob it.

Mr. FitzGerald objected to such phrases being put to the witness. Mr. McGuire was never asked any such question.

Mr. Justice Hanna suggested that, as the shorthand writer's notes set out in detail what was contained in the minutes, Mr Leonard might try to avoid going over them all again.

Mr. Leonard said that he intended to put it in as a whole minute.

Mr. Justice Hanna remarked that a great many of the minutes were in already.

Mr. Leonard—Several instances happened which I want the witness to refer to.

A JOKE.

Mr. Justice Hanna said that some were not referred to by Mr. Overend or Mr. Jellett. He quoted the words: "He wanted the nest to remain undisturbed for him to rob it," and asked: Was that on behalf of the company or for himself personally?

Witness—It was a joke; what else could it be? He wanted the nest to remain as it was.

Mr. Justice Hanna—He wanted everything to remain as it was; so that he could do the best he could? Witness agreed.

Mr. Leonard—The best he could for the company?

Witness—Of course.

Mr. Leonard went on to inquire what was occurring during December, 1932.

Witness—Another offer to acquire control.

Mr. Leonard—That was the offer made through Mr. Myerscough?—Yes.

Mr. Justice Hanna—What was the offer?

Witness said that the offer, first of all, was to acquire an interest in Clerys.

Mr. Leonard asked what was the final offer in the negotiations.

Witness said that the final offer was that the control of the company was to be acquired by Mr. McGuire. "I insisted," added witness, "that if I got what I wanted I would have protection for the preference shareholders." There were proposals which were whittled down until finally there was no question of buying the preference shares.

Among the letters to which the attention of the witness was drawn were two from the bank to the company, in February, 1933, complaining of excessive drawing beyond the limit of the company's overdraft. A letter of the 1st February from the bank to the company, with reference to the overdraft, was not mentioned, said the witness, until the meeting of the directors of the company on the 16th February.

END MANAGER'S POLICY.

The witness also said that at the general meeting he made a statement of the views of himself and his co-directors, except Mr. McGuire, on the powers under the agreement, and at a meeting on February 2nd it was considered necessary to put an end to the policy inaugurated by the managing director since 1930 to pay interest on deposits with the company.

Mr. Leonard—The non-payment of interest left £3,000 available for additional stock-in-trade?—Yes.

You considered that the failure of the managing director to pay £1,349 11s. 1d. admitted to be due to the bank had involved the risk of liquidation for the company, and in the interests of the shareholders was not justified?—Yes, that was my view.

Mr. Justice Hanna—In that statement before me in the minutes you refer to the payment of dividends to the preference and ordinary shareholders?—Yes.

And in the interests of the managing director that no dividend should be recommended?—Yes; and the amounts paid out in dividends should be utilised for the purchase of stock which would accrue to the company.

Mr. Leonard—What was the effect of the non-payment of a dividend?

Mr. Justice Hanna—It says that it would make more money available for the purchase of stock for the company.

The witness said that it would also entail arrears and an accumulated dividend for shareholders piled up against the company.

Mr. Leonard referred to a meeting of the directors on March 9th, when there was an account of an interview between Mr. McGuire and the bank before the directors about the overdraft and the payment of £7,000, which was the maximum which the company could make in respect of the amount due. The bank stated that they could not consider any of the conditions laid down by Mr. McGuire, but, if a proposal was laid before them from the secretary of the company, it would be placed before the directors.

The witness said that was so.

Mr. Justice Hanna remarked that that was the first reference in the evidence to an objection by the bank in regard to the overdraft.

The witness said that that was the evidence.

Mr. Leonard called the attention of the witness to a resolution at a meeting on February 2nd, when he made a statement to the directors of the company about making provision to enable the company to meet regular outgoings and fixed charges, including the interest due by the company on deposits, in order that the payments would be in harmony with the resources of the company.

The witness said that that was the case, and Mr. McGuire also made a statement at the meeting in which he expressed extreme regret at having to bring an action against the company, as he realised that the litigation and the evidence might have serious reactions on the company's business and its financial stability. There was no suggestion then about arbitration.

Mr. Justice Hanna asked why arbitration was not suggested.

Mr. Leonard—Our answer to an application for arbitration was a plenary summons, when it was too late.

Mr. Justice Hanna—I did not think you accepted arbitration?

ARBITRATION.

Mr. Leonard—We asked him to accept arbitration.

Mr. Justice Hanna—I wish you had arbitrated. (Laughter.)

The witness said that at a meeting of the directors they did not accept certain figures from Mr. McGuire which were submitted to a meeting on March 11th, as they should have been—trade creditors, due, £26,100; fixed charges, £29,500; and trade credits not due, £51,385.

In reply to a further question, witness said that there was obstruction in every possible form.

Mr. Justice Hanna—On both sides?

Witness—I do not agree.

Mr. Justice Hanna—I realise very well what was going on.

Mr. Leonard dealt with a letter from the National Bank of 15th March to the secretary of Clerys, in which it was stated that a cheque for over £21,000 in favour of the Corporation of Dublin had been presented, and the company's account was not in a position to make the payment. The manager of the bank had been informed by telephone that funds would be forthcoming. He requested that there would be no further occurrences of that sort, and added that the letter demanded the attention of the board and should be brought to their special notice. Was that letter ever brought before the board?

The witness replied that it was not.

There was no reference and it did not appear in the minutes? When did you first hear of it?—This month.

Counsel then spoke of a meeting on 18th March, at which the board considered a resolution for the reduction of the overdraft. They proposed reducing it by £3,700. Mr. McGuire had proposed £7,000 spread over a year. Mr. McGuire now said that the proposal could not be carried out with safety. The chairman said that a reply to the bank had been promised. At the same meeting there was a request from Messrs. Stapleton about costs. It was referred to Mr. McGuire, who said that a cheque for £250 would be sent.

The dates of the hearing of the case before Mr. Justice Meredith were given by witness as 16th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd and 24th March. Judgment, added counsel, was delivered on 7th April. Are you now aware, he asked witness, of what occurred in regard to staff depositors?

Witness replied that on the second day of the hearing Mr. McGuire made out cheques for all the staff deposits.

Were they distributed? Were they paid?—Some of them were presented that week. The total was £2,445.

Mr. Justice Hanna—When did the secretary first tell you about these cheques?—I think it was probably the next day.

INVALID RESOLUTIONS.

On 10th April, proceeded Mr. Leonard, there was a meeting at which a letter from the secretary to the bank was resolved to be sent, stating that the board had decided, according to Mr. Justice Meredith's judgment, to call a special meeting for the purpose of rectifying the invalidity of the resolution passed, because the extraordinary general meeting which approved it had been held a few days after the general meeting instead of before it. You sent the letter?

Witness—Mr. McGuire sent it.

At a meeting of 10th April, proceeded counsel, Mr. McGuire reported that the company were hard pressed for money, and, as the income tax people would wait no longer, he had called at the bank with the secretary and asked for a temporary overdraft of £4,000, payable in four mnoths. A resolution requesting a special overdraft was passed. A previous resolution regarding overdraft arrangements would continue.

Mr. Justice Hanna—What was your permitted overdraft?

Witness—£150,000. We paid off ten or twelve thousand pounds, and it was to come down by £1,000 a month.

Had the company any limit?—It varied every month. The overdraft was continually coming down.

Mr. Leonard—At this same meeting Mr. McGuire said he intended making openings between the restaurant and the warehouse. It would only cost some hundreds. He said the business must always go ahead if it were not to go back. When did you first find out that there were to be openings?—In the early part of September we were going round and we saw that building operations had started.

In reply to further questions, witness said that the restaurant was on three floors, and had a separate entrance in Sackville place. He was told that the cost of the alterations was £3,000. That was over and above the figure for the bargain basement.

Mr. Leonard—Are you aware that between the 22nd April and the 16th May £6,400 was acquired out of the takings by Mr. McGuire?—I am.

Mr. Justice Hanna—How was it taken out?—It was taken out of the cash takings every week.

Was there a debit note put in as against the cash taken out? What record is kept of these transactions?—That I cannot tell you—the secretary will know that. It would not come to me.

There is some record in the books?—Of course.

"A DANGEROUS POSITION."

Mr. Leonard—It was pointed out by the auditors. (To the witness)—At a meeting of the Board of Directors on the 29th May a letter was read from the bank manager, dated the 11th April, in which he said: "Please arrange that your directors give me a call, as the recent working of your account is placing me in a dangerous position"?—Yes.

There was a call, and the result is set out in the minutes of the meeting following: "We were informed by Mr. Jackson that on two recent occasions big increases of overdraft were sprung on him by the managing director without having notified the Board of Messrs. Clery and Co"?—Yes.

The entry in the minutes also states: "Mr. Jackson pointed out that if there was a repetition he might have to take a decision serious for Messrs Clery and Co. He impressed on the Board that the account must be kept within the limit authorised, and that if there should be overstepping of that limit the company must be prepared to face the consequences"?—Yes.

Did you believe that the bank meant what they said?—Yes, I had very good reason to believe that they did

The minutes go on: "The Chairman then told Mr. McGuire that they arranged with the secretary that the matter should be most carefully attended to in the future. He thanked Mr. Jackson for his great consideration and forbearance." Arising out of the interview it was impressed on the managing director the great importance of the warning from the bank manager and the necessity of complying with the bank's requirements, and it was pointed out that all proposals with regard to the financial arrangements must be made with the approval of the Board. The secretary, who was in charge of finance, was directed to keep all cheques within the limit of the overdraft.

Mr. Justice Hanna—What was the overdraft at that time?—£153,500.

What were the recent big increases the manager complained were sprung on him?—£2,000 for rates and £4,000 for income tax, I believe.

In reply to further questions by Mr. Justice Hanna, the witness said that at the time the bank manager was "absolutely furious the way the account was being worked." The directors had to get a special overdraft for the £4,000, and at the end of the year they had to get the £2,000 added to the overdraft.

"He was asked suddenly," the witness added, "to meet cheques which had been issued without the board having asked for an overdraft, and that was what infuriated the bank manager."

Mr. Leonard—And then came a letter of 16th May from the bank manager to the directors, in which he said that the "account is being worked in a most unconscionable way, and I won't put up with such treatment any longer. It is really monstrous on your part .... The overdraft is now up to the unheard of figure of £163,000"?—We got that letter.

The witness gave evidence of a meeting of the board at which the auditors' comments on increases of salaries, increase in the value of stock and capital expenditure were considered, and the board made a minute that "the accounts should be kept within the limits of the company's ability to pay when due."

Having referred to a meeting of the directors of the company on the 29th May, 1933, and to a statement of Mr. McGuire about the taking out of his deposits, Mr. Leonard asked the witness had he any comment to make on the conduct of Mr. McGuire at that meeting.

"It was intolerable," replied the witness.

Mr. FitzGerald—I object to that. Let him say what he means by the phrase.

Mr. Justice Hanna asked the witness did Mr. McGuire say anything more than what was recorded on the minutes.

Witness—He said the staff looked to him as their security.

Mr. Justice Hanna inquired whether it was the manner in which Mr. McGuire made his statements that witness objected to.

Witness—He was saying the board and Clerys were nothing.

Mr. FitzGerald—That would have been on the minutes if it were said.

Mr. Justice Hanna (to witness)—Do I gather from you that you mean his manner was not particularly subservient?

Mr. Leonard—Subservient!

Mr. Justice Hanna—I do not want any comment from you about my remark. (To witness)—Was it his manner or his words, because every man has his own manner?

Witness—His manner, my lord.

Mr. Justice Hanna—You gave a description yesterday of his manner: was it a continuation of that?—Yes, my lord.

Mr. Leonard read extracts from the minutes of a meeting of the directors on the 8th June, 1933, on the subject of a resolution directing the secretary that no cheques were to be signed by him or issued, except cheques in which the names of the payees and the amounts payable had been filled in and signed by a director. He also read the letter of the same date from the witness to Mr. McGuire on the subject of signing cheques in blank, the paying of the depositors, the payment of Mr. McGuire's commission, and the general management of the company.

HIS OWN JUDGMENT.

The witness, recalling this letter, said that Mr. McGuire stated that he always acted in accordance with his own judgment and in the interests of the company.

Minutes of meetings of the directors and correspondence in relation to proposals for the reduction of the company's overdraft were then referred to by Mr. Leonard, who asked the witness what the daily takings of the company were.

Witness said that the daily takings were about £1,800.

Mr. Justice Hanna—What are the weekly outgoings?—I could not say. When I say "takings" I mean lodgments. The daily lodgments for 1931 averaged £1,500, for 1932 £1,841, and for 1933 £1,777.

That includes cheques as well as cash?—Yes, my lord.

Counsel went on to refer to a letter from Mr. McGuire on 10th July in reference to the repayment of £4,000 due at the end of the month, and to the method recently proposed by his co-directors of paying £200 per day. That would not be feasible, even if the bank did not object. He was arranging to pay off that loan by his own methods if he were not hindered, and he paid off £1,000 the previous week. A resolution was passed directing the managing director, as and from 10th July, to lodge to the credit of a special account a sum of £100 per week, that special account to be for the payment of arrears of interest and accruing interest on deposits, and demands other than stock-in-trade. Sums for the time being standing to the credit of the special account were not to be available to meet cheques drawn in the ordinary course of business. That resolution was afterwards rescinded?

Witness—Yes. Mr. McGuire said that it could not be done.

Mr. Justice Hanna—When was the resolution rescinded?

Mr. Leonard—In September. (To witness)—Did you write a letter that, in view of the fact that the bank was determined to insist upon the company's discharge of their obligations to the bank, the Board now proposed measures which would enable these obligations to be discharged?

Witness—That letter was sent.

TRADE CREDITORS.

Mr. Justice Hanna—If Mr. McGuire's contention that it would prevent the payment of trade creditors was correct, would you have insisted upon that resolution?—If they were pressing, yes.

I take it that, if it did interfere with the payment of creditors, it was a proper ground to put forward?—If it did. If the company were jeopardised in any way.

Which should be preferred for payment—trade creditors or the bank?—Trade creditors were not very big. Unless they came down in an avalanche there was nothing in it. The ordinary business trade creditors could be easily satisfied.

Your contention is that this was a mere pretext?—Yes.

Supposing it was sound, would you have preferred paying interest on the deposits or to the bank or to the trade creditors?

Witness—Which do I think would have been the most dangerous?

Mr. Justice Hanna—Yes.

Witness—It is very hard to answer a hypothetical question like that. If the bank were inclined, they could drive the company into liquidation by pressing for their £68,000.

Mr. Justice Hanna—The bank are to be preferred to trade creditors? It is a very serious decision—it is very difficult, it is such an absurd case.

I am responsible for the absurdity?—I did not mean that, your lordship.

Mr. Justice Hanna—I quite understand.

Trade creditors, proceeded witness, are prepared to wait for three weeks beyond the dates at which their accounts become due. If they were postponed for a few days or a week it would not make any difference to our business.

Mr. Justice Hanna—You have not answered my question.—It is so hypothetical it is difficult to answer.

Supposing you came to the conclusion that it was not a pretext to make the till empty, do you still say you would prefer the bank to be paid rather than your trade creditors?—Surely not. If you did, your trade creditors would blow you up in a month.

Witness made a reply, and Mr. Justice Hanna asked: Are you embarrassed?

When witness replied "Yes" there was laughter in court.

Mr. Leonard resumed his examination, and took witness through the proceedings at a number of Board meetings. There was, he said, a general meeting on 14th August. Were the resolutions passed the same as at the June meeting, amending the articles?—Yes.

There was a letter from the bank dated 21st August, in which it was stated that they had agreed to the account being continued until the end of the year at the rates of reduction, subject, however, to the account being worked within the sanctioned figures. Those were the figures which you had put before the Board in contradiction to the managing director's?—Yes.

Mr. McGuire wrote a letter to the bank, in which he stated that he must dissent from accepting the contents of the bank's letter. "The sums mentioned were only part of the directors' plan to attempt to take out of the business in their own personal interest other large sums which the business cannot stand at present." Do you agree with the statement in that letter?—No.

Is there a word of truth in it?—I cannot understand it, and I do not believe it.

CURTAILING CREDIT.

Mr. McGuire stated that he was curtailing credit business of every kind, and that he had dismissed your English traveller, who used to call on convents. One of the Irish travellers who was ill was not being replaced, and another was being taken off the road. They were not looking for that business, but whoever looked for it would get it. They were slow in paying.

Witness—His great idea was to increase the cash trade. With regard to their withdrawal from trading with convents, witness exclaimed: "It was an appalling business."

What was it worth?—£70,000 a year. We never had a penny of bad debt, and it was the backbone of Clery's old business.

To Mr. Justice Hanna—I protested at a later meeting, and Mr. McGuire said it was entirely a matter for him under his agreement. I do not see how you can increase your cash business by scrapping good credit business.

Mr. Justice Hanna—Were they slow to pay?

Witness—When priests and nuns come in to give big orders they do not take a lot of money out of their pockets.

Mr. Justice Hanna—Were they slow to pay as a general rule?—I think that is a very unfair criticism. If you wanted money from them and asked for it, you got it. I understand that they pay when the money comes in to them.

Mr. Leonard referred to a meeting of 31st August, at which Mr. McGuire was reminded that he himself proposed to the bank the reduction of £7,000. Mr. McGuire, on the 24th, had stated that he would be very happy if the reduction were abolished altogether?—Yes.

He was also reminded that the bank's requirements are not a subject for bargaining, but require to be carried out?—Yes.

WORTH £70,000.

There was discussion about the convent business. The chairman stated that the Board had carefully considered Mr. McGuire's remarks about abandoning it. It was worth something in the vicinity of £70,000, and had always been the backbone of the firm. It was their considered opinion that no attempt should be made to risk damaging such an account. Mr. McGuire said it was entirely a matter for him under his agreement. The chairman said he expected such a reply, and asked Mr. McGuire if he would help by criticising their considered opinion. Mr. McGuire said he wished the Board would help him.

Several meetings of directors were called attention to by Mr. Leonard, including one at which a report of the auditors mentioned that the balance sheet showed a big loss on the half-year ending 31st July, 1933.

Witness said that that was so. The loss was £10,000.

A letter from the bank of 1st November, 1933, was put to the witness by counsel, who said that the letter stated that the working limit of the overdraft was £150,800, but that that limit was not being kept to by the company, and that the overdraft was £155,316, an excess of £4,516, and that the matter must be put right without delay.

Witness said that that was so.

Mr. Leonard—Mr. McGuire said that the overdrawing was never done intentionally. There is no doubt he said that?

Witness replied that there was no doubt.

The attention of witness was called by counsel to a resolution passed by the directors, in which it was stated that liberties should not be taken with the overdraft, and that Mr. McGuire said that the directors had neither the power nor any justification for passing the resolution.

Witness replied that Mr. McGuire did say that, and that the answer which witness gave was that they had the power and every justification for passing the resolution.

Cross-examined by Mr. FitzGerald about his career before he joined the firm of Messrs. Clery and Co., Ltd., the witness said that in March, 1900, when he was over 21 years of age, he joined the Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Mr. FitzGerald—Had you any business training?—I was only going to the Bar, and was called after I was gazetted.

NO COMMERCIAL TRAINING.

Had you any training in accountancy, commerce or business before going into the Army?—I had no commercial training, and remained in the Army until 1924. When in the Army I was in charge of administration, and got a certain amount of training. I was very much interested in a scheme of administration at Woolwich in connection with Army messing.

You became good at messing?—I had no experience in company management or accounts, except "messing" accounts. In 1929 I joined the Westminster Garage Company, and it was my first venture in business.

What was the capital of that company?—£20,000; and for my qualification shares I paid £170.

You had no capital to invest for the reorganisation of Clery's?—That is quite right; but my wife held a large amount of preference shares in Clery's—4,400 £5 shares.

Your only interest in Clery's was to see that Lady Nixon got the interest to which she was entitled for her shares?—Yes; and I saw Dr. Murphy in 1928. There was something like £195,000 of an overdraft in front of any payment on the preference shares?—Yes.

In addition to the £195,000, there were cheques amounting to £10,965 outstanding, and you knew that the bank could not go beyond the outstanding cheques that had been debited to the account?—No. I took it that there was an increase in the overdraft, but did not know the cheques were held in suspense, because they were not met. I did not discuss with Dr. Murphy the state of the company with the bank, and when I met Mr. McGuire afterwards I do not think I went into the consideration of the matter with him.

Did he not tell you that it was only by the utmost care the business could be kept going?—I do not think I had any discussion with Mr. McGuire about the state of the business. What was troubling me was the renewal of the payment of the dividends on the preference shares. My conversation with Mr. McGuire was about getting Dr. Murphy's interest transferred to him or some syndicate which I was getting together.

Was not your object in coming together to discuss this matter?—Possibly. I suppose you think I am joking.

Mr. FitzGerald—No; but I think you are forgetful.

FRICTION AND CHAOS.

Witness said that over the suspension of the cumulative preference dividend he knew that there were friction and chaos between the Board and the managing director, and his idea in connection with the syndicate was to get rid of that by effecting a change. He gathered from Mr. McGuire that he could not tolerate the state of affairs, which was becoming desperate. He thought Mr. McGuire was anxious to get out.

Mr. FitzGerald—The whole of this syndicatic idea of yours was a trial offer and did not go any farther?—I asked Mr. McGuire would he come along, and suggested that the intolerable state of affairs would come to an end, and that he would buy out Dr. Murphy's interest in the business. Mr. McGuire expressed himself very pleased, and was delighted. "What is more," he said, "I will go in myself to your syndicate to the extent of £30,000."

I take it that this was all mere talk?—Do you suggest I was not genuine?

An experiment I would say, to see how far you could go?—I was in deadly earnest.

In 1930, said the witness, he reopened negotiations with Dr. Murphy, and in April of 1930 Dr. Murphy sent him a copy of Mr. McGuire's agreement. That was the first time he had seen the agreement.

Mr. Justice Hanna—Did Dr. Murphy not say: "We have Mr. McGuire in as managing director and he is in control and has a very unusual agreement?"—Not at that time. It was later on that I learned from Dr. Murphy that Mr. McGuire had wide powers under the agreement.

Was it not in consequence of some conversation like that that Dr. Murphy sent you the agreement?—No, my lord.

Mr. FitzGerald put it to the witness that he knew the financial position of the company from the balance sheet in 1930, and that he knew that that financial position was Dr. Murphy's reason for disposing of his interest in the company.

REASON FOR SELLING.

Witness said that he thought Dr. Murphy's reason for disposing of his interest in the company was that Dr. Murphy was getting tired of Mr. McGuire.

Mr. FitzGerald—You were equally sure that Mr. McGuire was tired of Dr. Murphy?—Not at that time.

You knew two years before that Dr. Murphy was very tired of him.

Mr. Justice Hanna—He must have been very tired if he dropped £40,000. (Laughter.)

Mr. FitzGerald (to witness)—You were getting 44,000 odd ordinary shares at £2,164, a little less than a shilling a share. You were certainly in the bargain basement. (Laughter.)—I did not think it was cheap for ordinary shares which had not paid dividends for a long time. I do not think on the Stock Exchange they would fetch very much.

What do you think of buying 68,745 Murphy deposits for £22,000: that was very cheap?—I think it was nearly 6s. 8d. in the £.

A very familiar sum——Why do you say familiar?

I thought you were only a decorative barrister. Did not you know the company was in a perilous position?—No.

I take it you thought you were getting a present of the business: Murphy did not like McGuire, and McGuire did not like Murphy?—I cannot follow your reasoning.

You were getting a controlling interest for £25,000.

Mr. Justice Hanna—You did not suggest to Dr. Murphy that if he gave Mr. McGuire £40,000 he might get rid of him? (Laughter.)—No.

When Mr. FitzGerald was putting further questions to the witness about getting a bargain,

Mr. Justice Hanna observed to the witness—This is all what is called "to your credit."

Witness—Oh! (Laughter.)

"I suppose," said Mr. FitzGerald to the witness, "this is the first cheap bargain you ever got."

Witness—I am not a man who goes about looking for bargains.

Mr. FitzGerald—But you had been looking for this for two years?—I was interested in it.

Witness said that Mr. McGuire did not warn him that the business was a business which was living from hand to mouth and that that was no place for an adventure.

Replying further to Mr. FitzGerald, witness said that he knew that Mr. McGuire said that the interest on the deposits could not be paid. In spite of that, he entered into the agreement of March 20, 1931, undertaking to pay immediately this interest, without consultation with Mr. McGuire.

Mr. FitzGerald—You took your chance of getting it?

Witness—I think if I had not been there at all the Murphys would have jolly well seen to it that they would have been paid.

Mr. FitzGerald—Can you suggest one reason why they sold their interest for £25,000?

Witness—I think you have forgotten the correspondence in the matter. It was disclosed at the Board meeting that there was a libel action.

Mr. FitzGerald—You have not forgotten that the libel action was withdrawn by Dr. Murphy, and solicitors' and clients' costs were paid?

Witness—That was in portion of the correspondence. It was obvious that, if I had not been carrying my deal through, serious steps would have been taken by Dr. Murphy to get the interest paid.

In the course of further replies, the witness said that a Board meeting was held on April 2, and he saw Mr. McGuire on April 3. There were certain debts due to Dr. Murphy, and he undertook that those debts should be paid. Mr. McGuire declined to pay them.

Mr. FitzGerald—Is it your evidence that Mr. McGuire was to have control of the till?

Witness—I did not know that Mr. McGuire was engineering the till.

Mr. FitzGerald—Do you not know that the control of the till is a necessary part of the management of the business?

Witness—I did not know that.

The witness said that when he got Mr. McGuire's agreement he took counsel's advice. There was considerable friction and obstruction at the Board meetings. He was very anxious that the thing should go through without any trouble. He gathered from Dr. Murphy that they were terribly incensed at Mr. McGuire's attitude, and Dr. Murphy informed him that there was a question of possibly having to dismiss Mr. McGuire. He had the question submitted to counsel, as he was anxious that Mr. McGuire should not be dismissed.

Counsel then read part of counsel's opinion obtained by the witness. The witness said that he gave the opinion to Mr. McGuire.

MR. McGUIRE'S ACTION.

Do you not know that, in the view of your own counsel, Mr. McGuire's action could not be treated as misconduct as long as he acted *bona fide* in the assertion of his rights?—That was not a matter for me.

Mr. Justice Hanna—What did you think?—I gathered from the opinion that Mr. McGuire could have been dismissed.

Mr. FitzGerald—In spite of the advice of counsel that, if he was acting *bona fide*, he could not?

The witness did not reply, and Mr. FitzGerald asked if Mr. McGuire did not always maintain that he could not pay the interest on the deposits out of the trading account.

The witness said that he did not know that, and Mr. McGuire never told him so. He always said he could not pay—every time it was the same.

Mr. FitzGerald—Did you not ask him why he could not pay?—No.

Did you write to Mr. McGuire on the 8th May: "I was called up by Maxwell on the 'phone, and he now thinks Murphy may be contemplating a squeeze to make a settlement by the paying of arrears of salary and the interest due"?

Witness admitted writing this letter, but he would not say that it showed that he was in agreement with Mr. McGuire that the interest and deposit could not be paid because of the position of the trading account.

Mr. FitzGerald next questioned the witness about Mr. McGuire's letter of protest to the auditors, following their recommendation of the payment of a preference dividend and the reply of the auditors (already published), and asked Sir Christopher if he did not think there was some inconsistency there.

The witness replied that he did not think so. The auditors originally made four suggestions, "if the company was to be saved"; the non-payment of a preference dividend; the cancellation of the managing directors' agreement as far as it concerned payment of commission, the reduction of stock-in-trade, and no further capital expenditure. No action was taken on any of these until they proposed to pay the preference dividend.

Mr. FitzGerald next drew the witness's attention to a minute of the Board dealing with Mr. Christopher Murphy's application for payment of salary and interest on deposit, and said that the order was: "Leave it in the managing director's hands."

The witness replied that that meant he was to settle it with the Murphys.

The further hearing was adjourned until this morning.

DONORE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual social and business meeting of the Donore Presbyterian Church Congregation was held in the Church Hall. The Rev. T. Bole presided.

The Session's report, presented by Mr. J. B. Hamilton, clerk, showed increased interest in all the activities expressing the spiritual life of the congregation.

Other reports were presented by Mr. James Helm, Mr. James Mason, Mrs. McAllister, Miss Irwin, Miss McCartney, Miss Bole, Mr. J. Peters, Miss Mason, and Mr. J. Hamilton, all of which recorded a year of steady activity.

During the evening musical items were contributed by Mr. Cecil Lauder, with Miss McNeill at the piano.

A SATISFACTORY YEAR.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BLACKROCK.

The annual meeting of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Blackrock, Co. Dublin, was held on last Friday, the Rev. James Snowdon, B.D., presiding. The report of Session stated that there was a slight decrease in the attendances at the ordinary Services, but that the number of communicants showed a steady increase.

The report of Committee recorded a very slight drop in revenue.

Other reports were given by Mr. James Speirs, Miss Moira Cairns, and the officials of other Church bodies.

Mr. E. Keith Eason, the church treasurer, urged the necessity of supporting the Presbyterian Association as the centre of the activities of the Church in the Free State.

A discussion took place on the work of the Sabbath School.

The Committees for 1934 were elected as follows:—Men—G. Brock, E. K. Eason, Dr. Hinchcliff, F. E. Jones, A. J. McMurray, Sydney Nesbitt, William Nesbitt, James Speirs, David Watson. Women—Miss Brock, Mrs. Eason, Mrs. Hinchcliff, Mrs. McNair, Mrs. S. Nesbitt, Mrs. W. J. Seeds.

SALVATION ARMY IN YUGOSLAVIA.

ENGLISHMAN FORMS A NEW BRANCH.

A branch of the Salvation Army is being organised in Yugoslavia by Mr. Norman F. Duggins, of Redditch, Worcestershire.

The Army headquarters in Belgrade were formerly an old tavern, states Reuter. Mr. Duggins has transformed a third-rate inn with a wine-soaked floor into a large, clean meeting room. Salvation Army texts adorn the walls in Cyralic letters in Serbian.

Mr. Duggins has had much experience of warfare against poverty and other evils in foreign fields. For seven years he worked for the "Army" in Czechoslovakia and for nearly three years in Hungary. He is assisted by a captain born of German parents in Belgrade and educated in Salvation Army work in London.

François Descamps, Georges Carpentier's former boxing manager, had a stroke on Sunday while watching a football match. Carpentier rushed down to Laguerche on Tuesday night to see his friend.

QUESTIONS IN THE DAIL.

HOUSING IN FREE STATE.

THE DUBLIN WAR MEMORIAL PARK.

The MINISTER for LOCAL GOVERNMENT and PUBLIC HEALTH, replying to Mr. Norton (Labour, Kildare) in the Dail yesterday, said that the number of houses erected by private persons, Public Utility Societies, and local authorities in urban and rural areas under the Housing and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1932, up to 1st February, 1934, was as follows:—

By private persons and Public Utility Societies, 3,219 (1,675 urban, 1,544 rural) erected; approved for erection, 8,040 (1,797 urban, 6,243 rural).

Local authorities, 4,011 (3,468 urban, 543 rural) erected; 5,896 (3,834 urban, 2,062 rural) in course of erection; 9,589 (3,478 urban, 6,111 rural) approved for erection. The total houses completed, in course of erection and approved, was 30,753.

POLICE DISMISSALS.

The MINISTER for JUSTICE, in reply to Mr. Sean Brady (F.F., County Dublin), said that the number of members of the Garda Siochana dismissed during the period when General O'Duffy was Commissioner was 332. The causes of dismissal were: Criminal offences, 39; desertion, 51; discreditable conduct, 107; breach of confidence, 9; intoxication, 111; and debt, 15.

THE WAR MEMORIAL.

Mr. FRANK MacDERMOT (U.I.P., Roscommon) asked the Minister for Finance whether an ex-soldier who participated in a mutiny in India had been appointed as the Park Ranger of the War Memorial Park.

The PARLIAMENTARY SECRETARY (Mr. Flinn) replied that the answer was in the negative.

A DUBLIN INCIDENT.

Mr. BELTON (U.I.P., North Dublin) asked the Minister for Justice if he would state whether it was proposed to take any action arising out of the demonstration towards the deputy and delegates to the United Ireland Party Convention on the night of February 9th, 1934, by a hostile and disorderly crowd of men, two of whom were caught and brought to a Garda in Dawson street; and whether any inquiries had been made in the matter, and, if so, what was the result and nature of such inquiries.

The MINISTER FOR JUSTICE said that he had made inquiries into the matter, and had ascertained that nothing occurred in the presence or hearing of the Guards in Dawson street which would justify the arrest of the two men who were pointed out to them by Deputy Belton and Dr. Hennessy. He was informed that the deputy and Dr. Hennessy admitted that they were not assaulted or threatened by those men. The names and addresses of the men were taken by the Garda and offered to the deputy. He was satisfied that no further action could properly have been taken by the Garda in the matter.

Mr. BELTON asked whether the Minister had ascertained that the crowd had followed him and Dr. Hennessy from Grafton street, and called them murderers and members of a murder gang. Did the Minister consider that groups could go round insulting citizens on the streets of Dublin without any action being taken by the Guards in the matter?

The MINISTER said that he was not taking up that position. The two men, when pointed out to the Garda, denied having done anything or that they were in Wicklow street at all. The deputy was asked by the Guards if he had been assaulted or threatened, and said he had not. In the circumstances, the Guards had no power other than take the names of the two men and give them to the deputy, and let him take whatever action he liked.

VALUE OF IMPORTS.

Dr. RYAN, Minister for Agriculture, replying for the Minister for Industry and Commerce, informed Mr. Mulcahy (U.I.P., North Dublin) that the value of shirts and collars, blankets and brushes imported during the year ended 31st December, 1933, was as follows:—Shirts not hosiery, £6,854; collars, £10,852; blankets, £5,895; blanketing, £739; brushes and brooms, £32,223.

FERTILISER INDUSTRY.

Dr. RYAN, replying for the Minister for Industry and Commerce, informed Mr. Anthony, Ind. Labour, Cork), that, owing to the seasonal nature of the manufacture of fertilisers industry, the figures of employment were not collected in respect of dates mentioned by the deputy. The following information, however, had been supplied to his Department in regard to employment in the industry:—On the 26th October, 1931, employment was given to 695 persons by six firms; on 16th March, 1933, the number was 825 for six firms, and on 26th October, 1933, the number was 533 for four firms. The two remaining firms did not re-open until after the 26th October, 1933.

TOBACCO-GROWING.

Dr. RYAN, Minister for Agriculture, replying to Mr. Cosgrave (U.I.P., Cork), said that the Revenue Commissioners had received numerous applications for licences to grow tobacco during the coming season. In each case they had provisionally approved the growing of tobacco on the area specified in the application. Each applicant had been notified that the area was approved, subject to the condition that such approval might be revoked or modified as a result of future legislation providing for the regulation and control of tobacco-growing in the Free State. It was not possible to state at present whether the area applied for would or would not be finally approved.

The MINISTER FOR AGRICULTURE, in further reply to Mr. Cosgrave, said that the question whether the area of the tobacco crop to be grown this year would be restricted would depend on the extent to which applications for licences to grow tobacco were received. It was not proposed to permit the growing of tobacco to an extent greatly in excess of the quantity grown last year. In the event of restriction being found necessary regard would be had to the suitability of the applicants and the facilities at their disposal for the growing and curing of tobacco on a commerical basis.

STALL-FED CATTLE.

Mr. J. KEATING (U.I.P., Wexford) asked the Minister for Agriculture if he had taken any steps to find an alternative market for the big surplus of stall-fed cattle that would be left on the hands of farmers when the British quota had been filled up, and, if so, when he hoped to be in a position to inform the farmers of his plans relative thereto.

The MINISTER (Dr. Ryan) said that he had nothing to add to his reply to a similar question by the deputy on the 31st ult. The matter was still under consideration.

THE VOLUNTEER FORCE.

Mr. Frank MacDERMOT (U.I.P., Roscommon) asked the Minister for Defence whether he was aware that in the *Irish Press* of February 14th a deputy of the Fianna Fail Party was reported as having said at Dundalk that in his view the rank and file of the new Volunteer Force should be composed of men with a definitely declared republican outlook, whose influence would be the governing factor with the masses; whether that statement correctly represented Government policy, and, if not, whether steps would be taken to prevent the country from being misled as to the character and objects of the new force.

The MINISTER for DEFENCE (Mr. Aiken) said that he had read the statement referred to. The deputy who made it, Deputy Hales, stressed the fact that it was his personal view. In answer to the latter portion of the deputy's question, the Minister said that he wished to state that Deputy Hales's personal view differed from the official attitude of the Government, inasmuch as Deputy Hales would like to see every recruit with a definitely declared Republican outlook, while the Government would accept recruits without questioning their political views, provided they were suitable from a military point of view and could be relied upon to give loyal service to any Government elected by the people, including, he might add, the Government which would declare the Republic with the authority of the people.

Mr. MULCAHY asked would the Minister persuade his followers to make that point of

(Continued in next column.)

A NETWORK OF FORTS.

FRANCE'S NEW DEFENCES.

ONE SECTION COSTS £48,000,000.

WHILE the Disarmament Conference has been postponed until April, at the earliest, and Mr. Anthony Eden tours the capitals of Europe in an effort to secure a further hearing for the British Disarmament Memorandum (writes Reuter's Paris Correspondent), France is soberly preparing herself against a repetition of the German invasion of 1914.

Hitler's demands for more guns and standing Army of 300,000 men have spurred on the efforts of the French military authorities to make their frontiers scientifically "attack-proof," and tighten up the efficiency of their Army—already one of the most powerful fighting machines in the world.

On the Eastern front the French defences fall into three sections:—(1) The Belgian frontier, across which the German soldiers poured twenty years ago; (2) the centre section, from Belgium to the Rhine; (3) the natural barrier of the Rhine itself.

So far France has concentrated on the centre section, where at current rates about £48,000,000 has been spent on steel and concrete fortifications in recent years. Workers in the Metz region and along the Lauter River have been steadily forging the links in France's chain of defence for a distance of 125 miles. At strategic points great concrete forts have been built with a series of casemates—or shell-proof vaults for machine-guns—linked by underground passages.

These forts are from six to eighteen miles apart, and between them are small groups of casemates about two miles apart, and between the casemates, at intervals of half a mile, are concrete shelters, built to withstand heavy artillery fire and harbour nests of machine-guns. Subterranean tunnels link most of the works, enabling guns and munitions to be rushed from point to point on underground railways.

ALMOST INVISIBLE.

The new fortifications are almost entirely below surface. Those sections which appear above the ground have been designed to conform to the contours of the surrounding country. They hide under a knoll, cling to the side of a hill or bury themselves in a natural mound. With the passage of time engineers expect that they will be almost invisible at a few yards.

Many modern mechanical devices are installed for the comfort and safety of the defenders, including electricity for cooking, lighting and heating; ventilating machinery to expel poison gas, rest rooms deep in the earth to which the vibrations of shell fire cannot reach, operating rooms and infirmaries.

South of these defences, on the French side of the Rhine, concrete fortifications have also been constructed at the most vulnerable points.

So far the Belgian frontier has no big forts, but high-speed trench-digging machines known as "flying-fortresses" are held in readiness for an emergency. In one week all of them working together are said to be capable of digging a continuous trench system from the Saar to the North Sea—a distance of more than 200 miles.

Recently M. Daladier, when Minister of War, expressed concern over France's defences along the Belgian frontier, and told the Chamber of Deputies that he would ask for credits for the construction of forts to the sea. Belgium has promised to develop her own defensive system in co-operation with France.

Meanwhile France's man power is being whipped into shape to hold the line along the eastern front and defend the ports. She relies on three categories of troops—conscripts, regulars and Colonial forces.

The Chamber has just voted a plan to keep the conscript ranks filled from 1935 to 1938—the years affected by the low birth rate of the war period—while about 15,000 Colonial troops who have been battling with tribesmen in Morocco have been called home.

France has a standing army of 468,000 men and, with her 200,000 annual conscripts reckoned as first-class soldiers for five years after their service, could count on an additional million trained men at any moment.

A COUNTRY FREE OF INCOME TAX.

HYDERABAD'S BUDGET "RECORD."

Should Mr. Neville Chamberlain produce a useful surplus, and, in consequence, a pleasant budget, Britain will be one of the few nations with a truly popular Chancellor, writes a correspondent. His feat will, however, have been matched four times by yet another Imperial Finance Minister, Sir Akbar Hydari, of Hyderabad, who may claim a world "record" in his succession of balanced budgets, and in the amazing fact that he has never had recourse to income tax. Yet the population of the State runs to over fifteen millions.

Has Sir Akbar passed his secret on to Mr. Chamberlain? It is a fact at all events that on his many visits to Britain in connection with the Round-Table Conferences the veteran Indian Statesman met the Chancellor of the Exchequer on several occasions.

Sir Akbar's feat is the more remarkable in that the social services of Hyderabad have never suffered through lack of funds. The standard of education is very high indeed; the people are contended; industries are encouraged in every way, and the most modern improvements are constantly being introduced in the spheres of communication, housing, and transport.

An important aspect of Hyderabad's finances, which is often overlooked, relates to the complete independence of the national exchequer as distinct from that of the Nizam. Many stories have been told of the alleged fabulous wealth of this potentate. His worldly possessions have been a more fruitful theme for comment than even the many and far-sighted reforms he has introduced in his own country. The latest report is to the effect that the boom in gold has made him richer by £60,000,000. However heavily he may be endowed by inheritance with earthly goods, however, his private fortune has no connection with the national revenues. He is wealthy—but not at the expense of his people.

(Continued from previous column.)

view clear to the people of the country. He asked was the Minister aware that a Sluagh had already been formed in Dundalk. Would the Minister say whether advertisements asking for recruits had been issued in that area?

The MINISTER (Mr. Aiken) said that the local area committee would canvas for recruits, and administrative officer would accept recruits. An advertisement would be arranged for recruits in that area.

Mr. MULCAHY asked if the Minister would say if a Sluagh had been formed there?

The MINISTER said that a Sluagh committee had been appointed.

Mr. MULCAHY—Are they members of the new Volunteer force?

The MINISTER—They will be.

HOW TO TREAT RINGWORM

Ringworm of the scalp is a most important disease of the skin, as it probably causes greater loss of educational time among children than any other disorder. The disease is extremely contagious during its entire duration, and care must be taken to check it immediately.

The disease microbes lie at the bottom of the hair follicles, where only that potent liquid antiseptic—**D.D.D. Prescription**—can reach them. Ointments cannot penetrate sufficiently far into the scalp. **D.D.D. Prescription, the** wonderful cleansing and healing remedy, is absorbed by the pores like water in a sponge, reaches the nesting and breeding places of the ringword germs, kills and washes them out, leaving the skin clean and healthy. **D.D.D. Prescription** never fails to give relief. Get a 1/9 bottle to-day at your chemist.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
THE FAMOUS
O'MARA OPERA COMPANY
TO-NIGHT AT 8,
THE LILY OF KILLARNEY.
Barbara Plummer, William Aspden, Ed. O'Reilly, Gaston Thomas, John Perry.
Friday—"LA TRAVIATA." Saturday Matinee—"MADAM BUTTERFLY." Saturday Evening—"MARITANA."
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

NEXT WEEK, FIVE NIGHTS AT 8,
MATINEES DAILY AT 2.30,
FIRST PERSONAL APPEARANCE IN IRELAND OF
JEAN FORBES-ROBERTSON
IN
"PETER PAN."
Owing to the elaborate nature of this Production the First Performance will be
TUESDAY MATINEE, 27th FEBRUARY.
The Magnitude of the Production makes it impossible to open on Monday Evening.
NOTICE.
Prices for this engagement:—Dress Circle, 6/-; Parterre, 4/-; Upper Circle, 3/-. NOW BOOKING.

OLYMPIA THEATRE.
6.45 .... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
"THE REVUE OF THE MOMENT."
Featuring the Favourite Revue Comedian,
SID FIELD,
ALEX FOSTER, MYRTLE GROVE,
THE THREE EL-AMICOS,
In Moments of Modern Melody, and
THE PARISIAN MADEMOISELLES.
Booking Office Open Daily, 11 to 4.30.
'Phone 23292.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AND FOLLOWING NIGHTS, AT 8.
MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
POEMS by W. B. Yeats and F. R. Higgins, Set to Irish Tunes, will be Sung by Joseph O'Neill.
"THE WHITE BLACKBIRD,"
A Play in Three Acts by Lennox Robinson.
Booking at Theatre, 10.30 to 6.

PEACOCK THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT at 8.15 p.m.
"HAY FEVER,"
By NOEL COWARD.
Booking 3-7. Tel.: 43824.

GATE THEATRE.
NIGHTLY AT 8. MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
"LILIOM,"
A FANTASY BY FRANZ MOLNAR.

THE SACKVILLE.
CONSTANCE BENNETT, in
"TWO AGAINST THE WORLD."
Afternoon Prices, 6d. and 9d.

METROPOLE.
CONTINUOUS .... 2.0 to 11.0 p.m.
LAST 3 DAYS.
JANET GAYNOR and WARNER BAXTER,
The Stars of "Daddy Long-Legs," re-united, in
"PADDY THE NEXT BEST THING."
Daily at 2.55, 5.10, 7.25, and 9.40 p.m.

GRAFTON Continuous from 2 to 11. Daily, at 2.45, 5.0, 7.10, 9.25
CONSTANCE BENNETT in
"OUR BETTERS."

GRAND CENTRAL.
THEODORE VON ELTZ and MERNA KENNEDY in "RED-HAIRED ALIBI."
Also BARNSBY WILLIAMS
In "THE WONDERFUL STORY."

CARLTON.
NOW ON THIRD AND FINAL WEEK.
DAILY, at 2.45, 4.50, 7.0, 9.5.
"I WAS A SPY."

THE ROYAL ULSTER AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
ANNUAL SHOW AND SALE
OF
PEDIGREE LIVESTOCK,
Comprising:
255 SHORTHORN BULLS AND HEIFERS.
193 DAIRY SHORTHORN BULLS & HEIFERS
63 NON-PEDIGREE REGISTERED DAIRY BULLS (SHORTHORN TYPE).
149 ABERDEEN-ANGUS BULLS & HEIFERS.
30 LARGE WHITE ULSTER & 199 LARGE WHITE PIGS,
AT
BALMORAL SHOW GROUNDS, BELFAST,
ON
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY,
27th, 28th FEBRUARY, and 1st MARCH, 1934
PROGRAMME:
MONDAY, 26th FEBRUARY.
1.30 p.m.—Judging of Pigs.
TUESDAY, 27th FEBRUARY.
8 0 a.m.—Judging of Dairy Bulls and Heifers
8.30 a.m.—Judging of Aberdeen-Angus Bulls and Heifers and Selection of Bulls for Premiums.
9 0 a.m.—Judging of Shorthorn Bulls and Heifers and Selection of Bulls for Premiums.
10 0 a.m.—Sale of Pigs in the Sale Ring.
2. 0 p.m.—Sale of Aberdeen-Angus Bulls and Heifers.
WEDNESDAY, 28th FEBRUARY.
10.30 a.m.—Sale of (a) Shorthorn and Dairy Heifers; (b) all Dairy Bulls; (c) Shorthorn Bulls calved before 1st January, 1933, in the order named
THURSDAY, 1st MARCH.
10.30 a.m.—Sale of Shorthorn Bulls calved on or after 1st January, 1933, in Catalogue order.
ADMISSION by Catalogue only, price, 2/6, obtainable from S. CLARKE, Secretary. Show Grounds, Balmoral, Belfast.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Justice, Saorstat Eireann, made in a Cause.
THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND, LIMITED, Plaintiff;
And
MICHAEL JOSEPH DUGGAN, Defendant.
All persons claiming to be Incumbrancers affecting the interest of the Defendant in the Plot of Ground situate at Merton square, also another Plot of Ground at Merton square, all of which premises are known as Castle Lloyd, and are situate at Merton square, in the Town of Kilkee, Parish of Kilferah, or Kilfereagh, Barony of Moyarta and County of Clare, held under leases, are to enter and prove their claims at the Central Office, Law Courts, Dublin, on or before the 16th day of March, 1934, or, in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order.
Every such creditor or incumbrancer holding any security is to produce same to the Examiner, at his Office, Law Courts, Dublin, on the 21st day of March, 1934, at 11 of the o'clock in the forenoon; being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.
Dated this 9th day of February, 1934.
JOHN HEALY, Examiner.

IN THE GOODS OF
WILLIAM KEPPEL, of Kilnock, in the County of Carlow, Farmer, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Victoria, cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be Creditors or in anywise to have any claims or demands against the assets of the said Deceased, who died on the 18th day of December, 1933, are hereby required to furnish (in writing) full particulars of such claims to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors on or before the 20th day of March, 1934, after which date the Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall have had notice.
Dated this 20th day of February, 1934.
MALCOMSON & LAW, Solicitors for the Executors, Carlow.

IN THE ESTATE OF
FRANCIS JOSEPH FENNELLY, late of Ashfield, Sydney, in the State of New South Wales, Commonwealth of Australia, Gentleman, Deceased.
The above-named Deceased was a son of MICHAEL FENNELLY, late of the Parish of Drangan, County of Tipperary, Ireland, and ELIZABETH MARY FENNELLY (née Webb), late of Otford, in Kent, England. Any person claiming to be one of the next-of-kin of the above-named Francis Joseph Fennelly, deceased (amongst whom his estate is divisible), are requested to send by post, pre-paid, to the Manager of the Permanent Trustee Co., of N.S.W., Ltd., at 23/25 O'Connell street, Sydney, New South Wales, so as to reach him on or before the 1st May, 1934, their full Christian and surnames and addresses and descriptions and full particulars of their claims on Affidavit or Statutory Declaration, together with the address of a Solicitor in Sydney upon whom any necessary process may be served. Claimants may attend, if they so desire, personally, or by their Solicitor, before the Master in Equity, on Friday, the 1st June, 1934, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the time appointed for the adjudicating upon the claims.
Dated this twentieth day of December, 1933.
W. P. McELHONE and CO., 11c Castlereagh street, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia, Solicitors for Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales, Limited, the Administrator of the Estate.

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER FOR DUBLIN People is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES."
Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning.
Price Twopence.

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Telephone No. 23062

THEATRE ROYAL.
CONTINUOUS............from 3.30 p.m.
CINE-VARIETY.
Two and a Half Hours' Good Entertainment.
ON THE STAGE:
THE POPULAR RADIO ENSEMBLE,
VICTOR OLOF
AND HIS FAMOUS SEXTETTE.
Hughes Macklin, Alec Halls, Five Carlton Sisters, Frank Varney and Teddie Butt, Harry Frearson and Gerald Farrar.
VARIETY AT 3.30, 6.0 AND 8.30.
ON THE SCREEN:
"PHANTOM OF CRESTWOOD,"
RICARDO CORTEZ,
Karen Morley, H. B. Warner, Pauline Frederick.
One of the Most Carefully Concealed Mysteries Ever Filmed.
PICTURE AT 4.50, 7.20 AND 9.50.

PAVILION DUN LAOGHAIRE. 3.30 to 10.30.
NOEL COWARD'S
FAMOUS DRAMA WITH MUSIC.
ANNA NEAGLE and FERNAND GRAAVEY,
With IVY ST. HELIER (in her original Rôle), in
"BITTER SWEET."
FULL OF HAUNTING CHARM AND MELODY.
'AN ENCHANTING ENTERTAINMENT.'—*The Star.*
At 4, 6.30 & 9. Comedy, Interest, Pictorial, etc.

CAPITOL.
DAILY, 2.30 to 11 o'c., CONTINUOUS.
LIKE NO OTHER STAR YOU'VE EVER SEEN!
DOROTHEA WIECK,
IN
"CRADLE SONG,"
GREATER THAN "THE WHITE SISTER."
Her eyes reflect the soul of womankind! . . her voice the echo of a lullaby!
IT'S A PARAMOUNT PICTURE.
SHOWING at 2.40, 4.55, 7.10 and 9.25.
SUPERB STAGE PRESENTATION.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PATENTS.
IMPROVED METHOD OF AND MACHINE FOR PRODUCING IRREGULAR OR NON-CIRCULAR ARCUATE SURFACES. Irish Patent No. 12341.
THE Proprietors of the above Patent are prepared to enter into working arrangements whereby this invention may be exploited in a commercial manner in the Irish Free State, and for this purpose they are willing to grant licences on a royalty basis.
Particulars obtainable from—
CRUICKSHANK & CO., Registered Patent Agents, 13-15 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.

TAKE NOTICE,
I, BENNY ROSENBERG,
2 DUFFERIN AVENUE,
will not be responsible for any debts incurred on my behalf without my written authority.

TAKE NOTICE, I, PATRICK DONNELLY, of 12 GARDEN LANE, intend to apply for Renewal of Certificate of Personal Fitness to act as Bookmaker.

TO-DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

High Courts and Circuit Courts — Four Courts, 11 a.m.
Military Tribunal—11 a.m.
Irish Railway Wages Board—11 a.m.
Solemn Requiem Mass—Pro-Cathedral, 11 a.m.
Tariff Commission—33 St. Stephen's Green, 11 a.m.
Railway Tribunal—11 a.m.
Dublin Port and Docks Board—1 p.m.
Grand Canal Company Meeting—3 p.m.
Dail and Senate—3 p.m.
Civil Service Commission—3 p.m.
County Libraries Committee—3.30 p.m.
Laying Foundation Stones—New Flats, Charlemont street, 3.30 p.m.
Academy of Christian Art—Wynn's Hotel, 8 p.m.
Clontarf Literary Society—8 p.m.

SPORT.
Rugby Football — Junior Schools' Cup Matches, Donnybrook, 2.30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.
Gaiety Theatre—"The Lily of Killarney."
Olympia Theatre — "The Revue of the Moment."
Abbey Theatre — Poems and "The White Blackbird."
Peacock Theatre—"Hay Fever."
Gate Theatre—"Liliom."
Sackville Cinema—"Two Against the World."
Metropole Cinema—"Paddy the Next Best Thing."
Grafton Cinema—"Our Betters."
Grand Central — "Red-Haired Alibi" and "The Wonderful Story."
Carlton Cinema—"I Was a Spy."
Theatre Royal—"Phantom of Crestwood" and Variety.
Pavilion Cinema, Dun Laoghaire—"Bitter Sweet."
Capitol Cinema — "Cradle Song" and Variety.
Savoy Cinema—"Dinner at Eight."

The Irish Times.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1934.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

The Government's decision to set up a new Information Bureau was severely criticised in the Dail yesterday by the Opposition.—(Page 8.)

An incident which took place in the Free State Senate yesterday when two Blue-shirts were refused admission raises the question as to the authority of the Senate over its own House. A strong protest was made by the Chairman, Mr. Westropp Bennett, and the matter is to be debated next Wednesday.—(Page 7.)

Before the Military Tribunal yesterday James Kendellon, Sean Condon and Stephen Walsh, Cork, were charged with attempting to murder John Murray and Robert Peglar in the course of a raid on Denis Murray's house. The hearing will be continued to-day.—(Page 11.)

The Electricity (Supply) (Amendment) Bill passed the second stage in the Free State Senate yesterday, and the Committee stage was fixed for next Wednesday.—(Page 4.)

The shortage of water due to the absence of rain is reported to be general throughout Ireland, with the exception of Cork City.—(Page 7.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

In the House of Commons last night Sir Henry Page-Croft called attention to the results of democratic Government in Ceylon, and moved that a Parliamentary Commission should be sent to the island to report on the working of the constitution. The debate on the motion was adjourned.—(Page 8.)

ABROAD.

The detachment and band of the 5th Inniskilling Dragoon Guards, of which the late King Albert was Colonel-in-Chief, arrived in Brussels yesterday with other British contingents for the funeral to-day.—(Page 7.)

An important witness in the Stavisky inquiry has been found murdered near Dijon. He should have given evidence yesterday.—(Page 7.)

Consternation has been caused in Sweden by the intention of Prince Sigvard, second son of the Crown Prince, to marry a commoner, a German girl.—(Page 7.)

SPORTING

At Newbury yesterday Fouquet won the Newbury Steeplechase—(Page 10.)

At Haydock Park yesterday Bogey won the Waterloo Hurdle Race.—(Page 10.)

FINANCIAL.

London Stock Markets were active and the buying of industrial issues was again the feature.—(Page 12.)

Gold rose 8d. to 136s. 5d. per oz., and £1,170,000 was taken by buyers for America. There was no change in money market conditions.—(Page 12.)

Dublin Market was steady. Dunlops and Courtaulds were the strong spots.—(Page 12.)

SAVOY.
WEEK-DAYS CONTINUOUS .... 2 to 11 p.m.
ABSOLUTELY AND POSITIVELY, LAST DAY OF THE SUPERB SCREEN TRIUMPH,
"DINNER AT EIGHT."
With JEAN HARLOW, WALLACE BEERY, MARIE DRESSLER, JOHN and LIONEL BARRYMORE and LEE TRACY.
SHOWING AT 2.20, 4.30, 6.50, 9 o'c.
TO-MORROW:
WALTER HUSTON, ROBERT MONTGOMERY, In the Thrills of Ten Lifetimes,
"HELL BELOW."

M. Doumergue's Problem.

M. Doumergue is essaying a task at which so many of his predecessors have failed—the balancing of the Budget. He is armed, indeed, with stronger weapons. For the first time in two years France's Government is something more than a hotchpotch of varying interests, dependent on the support of this party or that party, and confident of one thing only—that the necessary support will be withdrawn as soon as the occasion for it arrives. M. Doumergue has managed to form a Government of National Union, representative of every party in the Chamber, save the Socialists and Communists. To-day he possesses a majority of nearly 300, and the omens are that he will keep most of it. The Chamber of Deputies has received a thorough fright. Only a few weeks ago it awoke to the realisation that it was by no means popular with the people of France, and that the whole parliamentary system was in imminent danger. Probably, if the Stavisky scandals had not come to light, the jarring sects still would be quarrelling with one another. Now they know that they must restore the prestige of the Chamber; and their first action must be the stabilising of the country's finances. Nobody expects Socialist support; but, with or without it, the job can be done so long as M. Doumergue can keep the other parties under his control.

France's financial plight is extremely grave. For years past her Governments have been budgetting annually for a deficit, and she is saddled now with an appalling burden of debt. Recent Premiers have done their best to restore order to the Treasury, and one by one they have fallen before the opposition of the Chamber. The fight has raged chiefly round last year's proposal to reduce the salaries of public servants; and it seems that M. Doumergue will make this reform a centrepiece of his Budget plans. In addition, he is said to contemplate a substantial tax on foreign residents and visitors in France. The laws against tax evasion will be strengthened, and a host of minor adjustments will help to bring revenue up to the level of expenditure. M. Doumergue's fear is that, if his plans fail to balance the Budget, the country will be forced off gold. Already the franc has received a severe shaking from President Roosevelt's devalued dollar, and an unsatisfactory Budget might wreck the currency. Confidence, as M. Doumergue pointed out last week in the Chamber, is France's prime need at the moment; and nothing will inspire confidence like a balanced Budget.

There are, however, other matters which must be set to rights before M. Doumergue can lay valid claim to the confidence of the French people. Unless the Stavisky scandal is handled firmly, not all the virtues of a balanced Budget will save M. Doumergue. A commission of inquiry is being constituted, but it must act quickly if it is to be of any use. Then there is the problem of foreign trade—particularly of trade with Great Britain. The dispute between the two countries has caused a sharp cleavage of interests in France; for, while the people as a whole stand resolutely behind their Government's action, it is unquestionable that the British duties will add seriously to the French unemployment figures, and manufacturers are far from easy in their minds. In the next place, the opinion is growing that a Government which is racked internally by party quarrels, and harassed by financial alarms, cannot devote proper attention to the increasing complexity of foreign affairs. France, unlike Britain, is compelled to keep a watchful eye across her frontiers. Faced with the challenge of a renewed Germany, she cannot afford to relax her vigilance. Great Britain has gained fresh power, wealth and prestige since she discarded party politics for a National Administration. M. Doumergue holds her example before his own country; but can he apply it?

The New Policeman.

Reports from England suggest that the picturesque figure of the country constable of the old style is doomed to disappear. In his annual report upon the Western District County and Borough Forces the Inspector, Colonel W. D. Alan, divides the men who patrol the roads into two categories. One thinks as it patrols; the other patrols, but does not think. The men who belong to the older tradition were at home in their work in the happy days when the sight of a uniformed constable was enough in itself to put malefactors to flight. Their solidity, and the impressive gait with which they descended slowly upon disturbers of the peace, were among their most highly-prized assets. In the presence of these majestic figures the smallest child could understand something of the slowly-moving, but inexorable, engine of the law which they represented. To-day, however, the criminal is not impressed. The new policeman, then, must think. His highly-developed brain must record the numbers of all the cars which have passed him on his beat, and he must carry in his pocket a chart of all the roads in his own area and the neighbouring district. An acquaintance with the appearance and the cars of all the local suspects will not suffice; for this report states that gangs of convicted persons in cars often carry out their unlawful activities two hundred miles or more from their headquarters. In order to cope with such evil-doers the constable must surrender dignity to mobility. He must move hither and thither at great speed, in the hope that he may surprise the bandits at their work. To this end Colonel Alan suggests that the police regulations be made more stringent and the disciplinary code more severe. His report is likely to cause some consternation in the western districts of England, and many villages will be entertained in the near future by the sight of the village constable as he practises mobility. The passing of the Dogberry tradition in the English police will be regretted, but recent events have shown that organised crime has been allowed to draw ahead of the methods used to deal with it; and the American innovations of police cars and "wireless" will be necessary before the menace is removed. At present the country policeman deserves sympathy and pity; for he is required to fight criminals trained in the lore of Chicago with weapons which have lost most of their terrors for the boys who steal the vicar's apples.

Ceylon and India.

For more than a hundred years Ceylon was a peaceful and prosperous island. It was administered by British officials, who brought to their work those qualities of integrity and devotion that made, and hitherto have maintained, the Indian Empire. Then Ceylon evolved a clamorous minority, which demanded self-government. British democracy lent a ready ear; a Commission was despatched to Ceylon, and, as a result of its recommendations, a form of popular control was established three years ago. To-day the island enjoys adult suffrage of both sexes, and elects seven of the ten Ministers who manage its affairs. The swift results of this curious experiment have been political strife, administrative confusion, economic loss and a growing demand for complete independence. Native administration is extravagant. British trade is hampered in many ways and is losing ground. A deliberate campaign has been started against British Civil Servants, and has been so successful that already many of them have abandoned their life's work in the island. Yesterday Sir Henry Page Croft brought these facts before the House of Commons, and proposed that the working of the constitutional reforms should be studied at close quarters by a Parliamentary Commission. His purpose is to ensure that Parliament shall have full knowledge of the results of democratic control in Ceylon before it is asked to consider the British Government's plan of self-government for India. The debate was adjourned, but not before it had revealed the Cabinet's attitude to any sort of impartial inquiry. An official amendment was proposed, on the ground that the value of the Ceylonese reforms could not be judged by the results of three years' working. The excuse is mere evasion; for the facts of the present situation in Ceylon are notorious, and that situation is going from bad to worse. Clearly, the Cabinet is depending less upon the merits of the White Paper policy for India than on a conspiracy of silence. If India is to be saved, the Imperial Parliament must insist upon the full measure of its rights.

"Joy-Riding."

Yesterday in the Dublin Circuit Court Judge Shannon issued a very plain warning against the practice of "joy-riding." The practice is more prevalent across the Channel than it is in Ireland; but it has become increasingly common in Dublin during the past year or two, and a week seldom passes in which it has not inspired cases in the metropolitan courts. Young people, of course, see nothing in it but a harmless prank; there is no question of theft in their minds. The line between theft and "borrowing," however, is not drawn easily; and, at the very least, "joy-riding" involves interference with the property of other people that no casuistry can defend. Moreover, as Judge Shannon pointed out, there is a severely practical, and highly dangerous, aspect of the problem. Usually the "borrowers" of cars possess no driving licences and are not covered by insurance, so that, if accidents occur, it is not easy to fix the liability. We might add that, to judge from the number of casualties in which borrowed cars are involved, the majority of the borrowers are anything but skilful drivers; and, even if they have the skill, they lack the sense of responsibility which urges the real owner of a car to take due precautions. In all probability the practice will decline from now onwards; for, very sensibly, the framers of the new Free State Road Traffic Act have inserted a clause which puts heavy penalties on "joy-riders." The peril of the roads to-day, even in the normal conditions of traffic, is very considerable, and it must not be increased by these illegal and thoughtless practices. We hope that the courts, fortified by the new Act, will put a rapid end to "joy-riding."

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—An anti-cyclone off the south-west coasts is moving south-east and decreasing in intensity, while a depression off Northern Iceland is moving east and deepening. Weather will be dry in most districts, but slight rain will occur locally in the north-west and extreme north.

North-West and North-East Ireland.—Moderate fresh westerly wind, cloudy, local drizzle, rather mild.

South-East and South-West Ireland.—Light or moderate west or south-west wind, mainly cloudy, moderate temperature.

Irish Sea and St. George's Channel.—Moderate or fresh westerly wind, cloudy, sea moderate.

Dixon and Hempenstall. Barometers and Thermometers.—12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN WEATHER REPORT.

Feb.	Bar.	Thermometer. Temp. 9 p.m	Max	Min.	Grass Min.	Wind.	Rain m.m	Sun hour
15	30.949	43.1	50	35	29	W.N.W.	–	3.6
16	30.878	37.3	44	37	33	W.	–	0.0
17	30.824	34.0	49	27	25	W.	–	5.6
18	30.571	41.5	51	26	23	W.S.W.	.05	5.9
19	30.668	41.5	49	40	33	W.	–	1.9
20	30.615	45.5	49	37	30	W.	–	3.0
21	30.468	43.6	48	43	41	W.	–	0.0

THE SUN.

	To-day.	To-morrow.
Rises	7.31	7.28
Sets	5.48	5.50
Lighting-up Time	6.48	6.50

HIGH WATER—DUBLIN.

	To-day.	To-morrow.
Morning	5.25	6.43
Evening	6. 5	7.21

AT OTHER PORTS.

	Morning.	Evening.
Belfast	4.55	5.35
Cork	11.15	11.55
Drogheda	5.13	5.53
Dundalk	5. 8	5.48
Galway	10.59	11.39
Londonderry	2 18	2.58
Sligo	11.40	—
Waterford	—	0.16

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The King has received the Belgian Ambassador, the Right Hon. Stanley Bruce, High Commissioner for the Commonwealth of Australia, and the Right Hon. Sir Samuel Hoare, Secretary of State for India, whom His Majesty invested with the Insignia of a Knight Grand Commander of the Order of the Star of India

The Queen paid her promised visit yesterday to the Textile section of the British Industries Fair at the White City.

The King and Queen and the Duke and Duchess of York will attend the Memorial Service for King Albert, which will be held in Westminster Abbey to-day.

The Prince of Wales left Smith's Lawn, Windsor Great Park, yesterday afternoon by aeroplane for Brussels, where he will represent the King to-day at the funeral of King Albert in the Church of St. Gudule.

The Duke and Duchess of York will be present at the Torchlight Tattoo of the London Cadet Brigade at the Royal Agricultural Hall on March 9th.

The Princess Royal and the Earl of Harewood have prolonged their stay at Marrakesh, and will not leave till to-morrow. They made another expedition to the Atlas Mountains yesterday.

Princess Helena of Yugoslavia, sister of King Alexander, has arrived in London. Countess Lutzow has arrived in London from Rome. Prince Aly Khan has arrived in London from India. The Marquess and Marchioness of Ormonde have left Geunings, Kent, for London. The Earl and Countess of Midleton have left Peper Harow, Godalming, for London. The Marquess and Marchioness of Lansdowne, who have been staying at Derreen Co. Kerry, have returned to London

The Hon. Ronald Greville, who has been laid up with acute rheumatic fever for the last two months, is now better, and will leave shortly for the South of France. Viscountess Scarsdale is improving and Lady Simon is much better. Lady Maureen Stanley is progressing favourably.

The International Tennis Tournament opened this week at Monte Carlo, and has attracted players from many countries. Among the prizes are handsome silver cups, the gifts of the King of Sweden, the Prince of Monaco and the Duke of Connaught, and also the Beaumont Cup and the Butler Trophy.

Lady Melchett will receive the guests at the meeting in support of the Young Briton Movement, for which she is lending Mulberry House, Westminster, on Thursday, March 15th. The principal speakers will be Dean Inge and Field-Marshal Lord Milne.

The engagement is announced between Mr. John J. Murphy, Flying Officer, R.A.F., eldest son of the late Mr. Nicholas J. Murphy, M.P., and Mrs. B. Murphy, of Ballyhale, Co. Kilkenny, now residing at Talbot's Inch, Co. Kilkenny, and Miss Una E. Hay, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Hay, Ardenza, Monkstown, Co. Dublin.

The marriage between Patrick de Courcy MacDonnell, Manchester, and Mary Dorothea O'Neill, eldest daughter of Dr. O'Neill, Athy, will take place quietly at Easter.

Dr. Reginald White has returned to 23 Merrion square, Dublin.

Dr E. A. Keelan has returned to 55 Merrion square.

The Buyer of Switzers Model Gown Salon has returned from Paris and London, and the new Models are now arriving daily.

Special Demonstrations of the new season's "Twilfit" Corsets at Switzers—to-day and to-morrow, commencing at 3 p.m.

Holmes', George's street — Dressmaking, Ladies' and Juvenile Tailoring. New Model Garments on view to-day.

At Walpoles, Suffolk street, Dublin, the New Spring Knitwear and Hats are now showing. Inspection invited.

Slyne's are copying their new Spring Suits at very tempting prices this month.—Slyne and Co., Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

PASSENGERS BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

Among the arrivals were:—Dr. and Mrs. P. T. O. Farrell, Mrs. B. F. Eustace, Dr. H. R. Ormond, Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay Roy, G. H. Newbury, J. Whitnell, G. C. Hogarth, Hugh Hogarth, Mrs. C. L. Ferard, Miss Blackall, Miss O'Neill and Miss Lawlor.

Among the departures were:—Dr. C. E. Boyce, M. J. R. Eustace, the Rev. P. J. Shipway, Miss H. S. Coffey, Spencer Harty, Miss Owen, W. Wallace, J. W. O'Reilly, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Maguire, Mrs. J. Murtagh, Mrs. Galligan, Miss Nolan, Maurice N. Hartnell, P. Loftus Bustard, Lady Gordon, J. A. Carbery, George Walls, Flight-Lieutenant and Mrs. R. T. Taaffe, T. Gillespie, Miss Wilson, P. F. Burry, Peggy Melville and A. J. Morris.

PASSENGERS BY B. AND I. LINE, VIA LIVERPOOL.

Among the arrivals were:—Mr. and Mrs. Tilbrooke, T. Weeks, J. Gardiner, David Lewis, F. Hulme, W. Holt, J. Warburton, R. Roach, T. D. McKeever, R. Young, S. Golden, Major E. S. O'Brien, J. A. Bennin, Dr. Maughan, W. C. Crafter, J. Flynn, Miss K. Kenny, J. Wyllie, the Rev. J. Byrne, T. O'Grady, W. Moore, M. D. Hardy, Master K. Talty, T. Reavy, Mr. and Mrs. Villiers Morton, Mrs. Andrews and Mrs. Balfe.

Among the departures were:—T. Keller, E. Delaney, Dr. Jeffares, E. T. Jones, C. J. Cope, Dr. Maughan, T. Ash, W. J. Williams, C. J. Nolan, W. B. Siva, D. McCarthy, Miss Cook, H. Robinson, W. Holt, R. Gould, W. W. Finny, R. Malcolm, W. F. van der Schoot, Mrs. Laird, F. W. Mahoney, H. O'Donnell, A. McDonald, G. Garside, W. A. Levin, P. J. Connolly, C. A. Grant, T. Robins, R. H. Hunter, H. P. Grieve, R. Short, R. H. Crofton, S. Wiley, J. P. Toomey, W. Sewell, J. E. Kemp, T. Maloney, R. Smith, T. Hannigan, R. Mitchell, F. Molloy, Dr. and Mrs. Denham, Miss Mitchell, Miss K. McColgan, M. Devlin, Mr. and Mrs. E. Robinson, the Rev. Mother Duff, J. A. Wallace, Commandant Carroll and M. J. Doyle.

The Mansfield Sisters are showing in their Millinery Showrooms all the New Season's Shapes that are now being worn. Styles to suit each individual type. Prices moderate. 28 Wicklow street.

Exhibition of Pictures by Eva H. Hamilton and Letitia M. Hamilton, A.R.H.A., Members of the Dublin Painters, February 22nd to March 7th, Stephen's Green Gallery, 7 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin. 11-6 o'clock daily.

THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

The Duke of Connaught, who had been at Sidmouth for the past few months, left Dover yesterday at 12.55 on the Southern Railway steamer Maid of Kent for Calais, *en route* for the South of France. The Queen of Spain was a passenger on the same steamer.

PRINCE GEORGE AS A GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Chief Mbekwa wants Prince George to live in South Africa, preferably as Governor-General. He feels that by this means closer contact would be established between the natives and the King, says Reuter's correspondent in Ladysmith.

"We natives rarely see a direct representative of our King," the old man declared at a gathering of native chiefs in the Klip River district. "The appointment of one of the King's sons in the capacity of Governor-General of South Africa would bring joy into the hearts of the native people."

WOODEN HUTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—May I add a few words to Mr. Henry Hill's excellent letter? The danger, as he points out, is when misguided people, who know nothing about architecture, try to make an otherwise simple building "architectural" by adding so-called embellishment. This is seen at its worst when brick, concrete or cemented buildings pretend to be wooden buildings when they are not. Every time one travels through suburban Dublin one sees newly-built "London Suburban Style" houses, complete with sham "half-timber" gables, such as are illustrated on page 24 of the "Cautionary Guide to Dublin." These are invading a district which, in view of its proximity to Dublin, I consider to be Ireland's principal beauty spot—the neighbourhood of Dalkey and Killiney.

Why people should want to make such places into imitations of Croydon is beyond comprehension, when, at less cost, they could build plain white or ochre-coloured buildings, which, at the worst, would be inoffensive to the eye. I understand that some people (not necessarily Londoners who want a "home from home") tell speculative builders that they want these monstrosities. London, where the practice originated some fifty years ago, is doing its utmost to discourage and prevent it. Why should we keep it up in Dublin? The answer must be that of Dr. Johnson—"Ignorance, sir, sheer ignorance."—Yours, etc.,

MANNING ROBERTSON.

Dublin, February 21st, 1934.

MR. BALDWIN ON PARLIAMENT.

TRADITION OF FREE SPEECH.

Mr. Stanley Baldwin last night presided at the annual dinner of the Worcestershire Association, at the Hotel Victoria, London.

Mr. Baldwin, in the course of his speech, said:—Our thoughts are with Edward Elgar to-night. Our pride in his genius and our affection for his character are strong and living.

Referring to criticism by Lord Bridgeman of people who grumbled about the work of members of Parliament, Mr. Baldwin said: In our age-long Parliament there has been handed down, without a break for centuries, that English conception of freedom of speech, of fair play to all opponents, and those qualities which we like at times to consider as most characteristic of our race; and, if ever anything should happen in this country that should break that tradition, I doubt very much if it could ever be restored as we have known it. I am perfectly certain that there is no individual and no body of men who can ever succeed in breaking that English tradition.

RAILWAYS AND IMPERIAL AIRWAYS.

AGREEMENT TO FORM NEW COMPANY.

The four main line British railway companies and Imperial Airways, Ltd., have reached agreement for the formation of a new company with a nominal capital of £50,000, to provide and operate air services in the British Isles and elsewhere and to form connecting links with the services of Imperial Airways.

The general lines of the new organisation have also been agreed, but no announcement in regard to particular services can be made for some time, as a number of preliminary arrangements are first necessary.

FIGHT FOR BRITISH BUTTER MARKET.

FINLAND GIVES 3½D. PER LB. SUBSIDY ON EXPORTS.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

HELSINGFORS, Wednesday.

Strenuous efforts to place their surplus butter stocks in Great Britain are being made by the Finnish authorities, following the trade deadlock between Finland and Germany, and the Government premium allowed on butter exports has again been substantially increased.

The premium, which was recently raised from 3½d. to 5½d. per kilogram, has now been further increased to 8d. per kilogram, which is equivalent to more than 3½d. per lb.

At the moment Great Britain is taking virtually all Finland's butter exports, which during 1933 amounted to 11,885 tons.

BIGGER LIQUOR IMPORTS.

LOWER U.S. TARIFF PLAN TO FOIL BOOTLEGGERS.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday.

President Roosevelt's assistants, concerned with the high price of legal liquor and the advantage it gives the bootlegger, are seriously studying means of putting the bootlegger out of business.

One method suggested is lowering the tariff on liquor imports for the purpose of increasing imports, which, according to Mr. Joseph Choate, junior, administrator of the liquor code, are far below expectations.

FRENCH CHAMBER AND THE FINANCE BILL.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

PARIS, Wednesday.

The Chamber adjourned at midnight, after adopting the majority of the articles of the Finance Bill.

A few were reserved for examination by the Finance Commission to-morrow. It is hoped that by the time the Chamber meets at 5.30 to-morrow afternoon it will be possible to reach an agreement regarding the conditions for balancing the Budget.

THE EARL OF SUFFOLK ENGAGED.

The Earl of Suffolk and Miss Mimi Crawford, the actress, have become engaged.

Mr. H. R. B. Coventry, an uncle of the Earl of Suffolk, told a Press Association reporter that Miss Crawford and the Earl of Suffolk had been close friends for a considerable time, and their engagement had not come as any surprise to their acquaintances. She made her first appearance on the stage in 1909 at His Majesty's Theatre as a small child in "Pinkie and the Fairies." After the War she was in many revues and musical comedies as a soubrette and singer, as well as a dancer. Miss Crawford is a niece of Lord Chalmers, at one time Governor-General of Ceylon.

Charles Henry George Howard, the 20th Earl of Suffolk, will be 28 next month. He was only eleven years old when his father was killed in action in Mesopotamia, and he succeeded to the Earldoms of Suffolk and Berkshire.

SIR EDWARD ELGAR.

The condition of Sir Edward Elgar, who is seriously ill at his Worcester home, was stated last night to have remained stationary.

NEW PROFESSORSHIPS IN UNIVERSITY COLLEGE.

BY OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

A new statute, made for University College, Dublin, under the Irish Universities Act, 1908, has been laid on the table of the Oireachtas. This relates to a rearrangement of the Professorships of Law. There is to be:—

(1) A part-time Professorship of Law and Property, Common Law and Equity, at a stipend of £450 per year, but the existing part-time Professorship of Law, Property and Contracts shall be abolished.

(2) A full-time Professorship of Roman Law, Jurisprudence and Legal History, including ancient Irish law, at a stipend of £800 per year, pensionable, and the abolition of the existing part-time Professorship of Jurisprudence and Roman Law.

(3) A new part-time Professorship of Constitutional Law, International Law, and Criminal Law and Procedure, at a stipend of £350 a year, the existing part-time Professorship of Constitutional Law and of the Law of Public and Private Wrongs to be abolished.

OBITUARY.

THE REV. D. RYAN, P.P.

The death took place in the Mater Misericordiae Hospital, Dublin, yesterday, of the Rev. D. Ryan, Parish Priest of Cappawhite, Co. Tipperary, and brother of the Right Rev. Monsignor Ryan, P.P., V.G., Cashel, Co. Tipperary. Father Ryan, who was in his seventieth year, was ordained forty-five years ago, and ministered as curate at Lattin and other places.

LONDON LETTER.

BRITAIN'S TRIBUTE.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,

WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

The King and Queen, accompanied by all the members of the Royal Family in London, and by the Cabinet, will be present to-morrow morning at a Memorial Service for the late King of the Belgians in Westminster Abbey. The Service will be attended by a great number of well-known people, including members of both Houses of Parliament, the Diplomatic Corps, and representatives of Government departments and the Services. At the same time there will be a Service in St. Paul's Cathedral for City people desirous of paying their tribute of respect to the memory of a great King. A big crowd assembled in the approaches to Victoria Station this morning to witness the departure of seven officers and other ranks with the band of the 5th Inniskilling Dragoon Guards for Brussels. The detachment marched through the streets headed by the band of the Welsh Guards, and in the march were carried two great wreaths of Flanders poppies as a tribute from the British Army.

Sir Roger Keyes.

A strange position has arisen from Sir Roger Keyes's victory at North Portsmouth. To-morrow the First Lord of the Admiralty will be asked whether, in view of the decision announced by the then First Lord of the Admiralty on February 29th, 1928, to the effect that Admirals of the Fleet, except when employed, should be on the same footing in regard to political activities as retired officers, he will take immediate steps to amend Paragraph 17 of King's Regulations, which prohibits officers on the active list of the Navy from offering themselves as parliamentary candidates, so that Admirals of the Fleet may be excluded, save when employed, from this prohibition. At the Admiralty to-day, in reply to a request for information, it was said that no statement could be made in view of the question to be put in the House. Lady Keyes said that she understood that Admirals of the Fleet, Field-Marshals and Air-Marshals were exempt from the regulations prohibiting parliamentary candidature.

2/- a Week.

The magnitude of the vote cast against the Government in a division on the Unemployment Insurance Bill was not altogether a surprise; for it was known that there was a very strong feeling among the Conservatives that the allotted sum of 2s. a week for children of the unemployed was insufficient. These members maintain that the sum ought to be at least 3s., and it was on an amendment to bring about this change that about seventy Conservatives and Liberal Nationals voted against the Government, while scores of others abstained from voting. Members representing North of England constituencies are deeply concerned about the effect of the 2s. proposal in their divisions, and more is likely to be heard of the matter before the bill is through the House of Commons.

Imports of Eggs.

The Minister of Agriculture is contemplating a measure to deal with the ever-increasing importation of eggs into this country. Eggs are cheaper now than they have been at this time of the year for a very long time. They are sold at 1s. 9d. a dozen retail, while the price is gradually being depressed by imports from a number of European countries. It appears that in January the total imports were nearly 26,000,000 greater than in the same month of last year, while last week the increase was more than 25,000,000 compared with the previous week. In the circumstances, it is expected that the Ministry may impose restrictions to operate between the end of the present month and the end of July. Since 1924 there has been a 100 *per cent.* increase in the production of eggs in this country—an increase encouraged by the prospect of protection—but it is suggested that the present duty is ineffective in dealing with foreign supplies, more particularly at a time when production in this country is at its highest.

Drought in London.

London must face the prospect of water rationing within three weeks unless there is a heavy rainfall in the meanwhile. Supplies drawn from the River Lea are unprecedentedly low. The reservoirs are almost dangerously depleted, and, though water is being taken from the Thames, it is impossible to say how long this can last, since the streams supplying the river are drying up. The great reservoirs contain 14,000,000,000 gallons, but the daily demands are in the neighbourhood of 285,000,000 gallons, and thus normal demands can be met for less than fifty days. The Ministry of Health will issue a circular in a few days' time, giving advice to local authorities on emergency measures to combat the serious drought. It will suggest that there shall be restriction on the use of water for household, garden and other purposes, apart from industrial necessity, until the rain comes.

Cocoa Production.

Replies have not yet been received from all the countries which were approached with regard to the holding of an international conference to regulate the production of cocoa. There is no doubt that the supply of this commodity has increased to such an extent in recent years that it is now in excess of the demand; and, with a view to the maintenance of the price at an economic level, some form of restriction is suggested. The British Government is interested in this question, since most of the world's cocoa supply is produced in the British Empire, but a restriction scheme which did not include all producing countries would be useless, and it is by no means certain that a conference representative of all cocoa-growing areas can be arranged.

The London-Melbourne Race.

Britain will be well represented in next October's air race from London to Melbourne, and the leading aircraft manufacturers have prepared plans for machines suitable for the flight. It is understood that Mr. J. A. Mollison will take part in the event with his wife, and that the makers have undertaken to give a guarantee that his machine will have a speed in excess of 200 miles an hour. A special twin-engined machine is being built to the order of Captain T. Neville Stack, the Irish pilot, who has many long and speedy flights to his credit. There may be five other British competitors, while Australia will be represented by Sir Charles Kingsford Smith, and there will be at least one Dutch pilot, as well as four or five from the United States.

Bristol's Airport.

Bristol is likely to become the Croydon of the west before long; for she is engaged on many plans for aerial development. An airport was established there four years ago, but now it is being considerably enlarged, since it is likely to be used by aeroplanes in increasing numbers this year. The airport is well placed for many routes. An air line to Southern Ireland from London will pass directly over it, while there is much traffic between Bristol and west and south coast health resorts. As a development of the aerodrome scheme, hangars will be constructed to take the biggest types of passenger aircraft, while ample provision will be made for workshops, industrial sites for factories, an hotel and administrative buildings.

BLUE SHIRTS REFUSED ADMISSION.

PROTEST BY CHAIRMAN OF SENATE.

"PRIVILEGES OF HOUSE OUTRAGED."

DEBATE FIXED FOR NEXT WEDNESDAY.

BY OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

AN incident which took place in the Free State Senate yesterday is likely to have consequences, apart from the refusal to admit two persons wearing blue shirts. The wider question is as to the authority of the Senate over its own House. Senator Miss Browne had provided tickets for two friends to attend the sitting of the Senate, but, as they were refused entrance at the main gate of Leinster House, they could not avail themselves of the privilege. It appears that the Chairman of the Senate (Mr. Westropp Bennett) had been made aware of Miss Browne's intention, and had given it his approval. He had, moreover, informed the Minister for Defence.

The Minister for Defence (Mr. Frank Aiken) is responsible for the safety of Government Buildings and Leinster House, and, according to his letter to Mr. Westropp Bennett, so far back as July of last year he had given orders that no persons wearing blue shirts should be admitted, other than members of the Senate and the Dail. The further fact was revealed that, while this communication had been made to the Speaker of the Dail, no reference was made to the Chairman of the Senate.

The point that must arise is whether any invasion has been made of the right of the Senate to control its own affairs. The Senate has, of course, its own Standing Orders, and is assumed to control its own proceedings.

The debate next Wednesday will be on a motion to ask the Committee on Procedure and Privileges to investigate the entire circumstances. This motion will be sponsored by Senator Blythe.

CHALLENGE TO HIS AUTHORITY.

—THE CHAIRMAN.

In the Senate yesterday,

Miss BROWNE said that that afternoon she brought two friends, for whom she had obtained tickets of admission for the Visitors' Gallery, to the gate at Kildare street, but they were refused admission by the military, who stated that they were acting under orders. She could only assume that the reason was that the visitors were wearing blue shirts.

The CHAIRMAN (Mr. Westropp Bennett) said that, if Senator Miss Browne's facts were correct, a breach of the privileges of that House of the Oireachtas had, undoubtedly, been committed. He would prefer the Minister for Defence to be present before he dealt with the matter, and he should like a message in that sense to be conveyed to him accordingly.

On the adjournment of the House the CHAIRMAN said that, with regard to the question of privilege raised by Senator Miss Browne, the Minister for Defence was informed that his presence there was desirable. He had not attended, however, and so the matter must be dealt with in his absence.

The CHAIRMAN then stated both the constitutional position and the facts, so far as they were known to him, expressing the view that it was a challenge to his authority.

No Minister of State, he said, and no other person whatever, had power to debar from access to the Visitors' Gallery of that Chamber visitors duly introduced by senators who complied with such conditions as he might prescribe. Anyone who so debarred them, or attempted to debar them, committed a breach of privilege.

PERMISSION ASKED.

He received some days ago a letter from Senator Miss Browne, in which she stated that she proposed to bring two visitors, wearing blue shirts, to the Visitors' Gallery, and, quite properly, she requested his permission beforehand. So far as he understood, a verbal order was given some months ago by the Minister for Defence to the Superintendent of the Oireachtas that persons wearing blue shirts were not to be admitted to Leinster House, on the ground that such persons were dangerous. Subsequently an order was given by the Ceann Comhairle in the same sense to the same official, again verbally.

"I say nothing as to the propriety of such an order from the Minister for Defence," the chairman said. "As regards the order of the Ceann Comhairle it will hardly be controverted that such an order made by him solely is valid only so far as concerns the House to which he is responsible, and cannot possibly operate to debar duly authorised visitors from access to the Visitors' Gallery of this Chamber. I may say, in passing, that although this order is said to have been made some months ago, no intimation of it whatever was conveyed to me, and I had, in fact, no knowledge of it until I made inquiries consequent on the letter of Senator Miss Browne.

COULD NOT AGREE.

"It devolved upon me to decide whether the wearing of a blue shirt was a sufficient reason for depriving a person of his undoubted right, under Article 25 of the Constitution, to be present at a meeting of this House of the Oireachtas; and all I had to go upon was the verbal ruling made by the Ceann Comhairle that such persons were to be debarred from the Public Galleries of the other House, on the ground that persons wearing blue shirts are dangerous. I thought the matter over deeply, and, as is well known, I am quite impartial in politics. I found that I could not in conscience agree with the view that the mere wearing of a blue shirt is evidence that a person is dangerous; and, as I could find no other valid reason for discriminating against such person, I gave Senator Miss Browne the permission she requested, and directed two tickets of admission to be given to her for the two visitors in question.

THE ARRANGEMENTS.

"In order that there should be no element of discourtesy on my side in the matter, I wrote to the Ceann Comhairle appraising him of my decision and of the reason for it. Further, I assumed that the duty of supervising the arrangements for the admission of visitors at the entrance gates of the Oireachtas premises lay with the Garda Siochana and not with the military; and so yesterday afternoon I telephoned to the Minister for Justice and told him personally that I had given instructions that Senator Miss Browne's visitors were to be admitted. He replied that he would telephone this information to the Minister for Defence. I profoundly hope that the occurrence at the gate today was not the direct result of an order given by the Minister for Defence subsequent to, and with knowledge of, my action.

LETTER OF LAST JULY.

"The Minister has not seen fit to be present, but he has sent me the following letter:—

"To the Cathaoirleach of the Seanad.

"A CHARA.—I understand that the question of the admission of persons dressed in blue uniform shirts has been raised in the Seanad to-day. In reference to this matter I enclose herewith a copy of a letter I sent to the Ceann Comhairle on the 20th July, 1933."

"To the Ceann Comhairle.

"AN CEANN COMHAIRLE.—As Minister responsible for the protection of Government Buildings and Leinster House, I have reason to believe that it is necessary, in order to carry out such protection adequately, that all persons, other than members of the Dail and Seanad, wearing the blue uniform shirt of the organisation known as the A.C.A. be prohibited entry to those buildings. I am accordingly about to issue instructions to the military guard that all persons so attired be not permitted to enter Leinster House or Government Buildings, and I request your co-operation in the effective carrying out of the order."

BREACH OF PRIVILEGE.

"This makes it quite clear that a breach of privilege has been committed by the Minister. Fortunately, there are ways and means, and very definite ways and means, of upholding and enforcing the privileges of this House. I suggest that a notice of motion be taken for next Wednesday—'That the Committee on Procedure and Privileges do forthwith consider the matter, and report back to the House for appropriate action to be taken.' This motion, if tabled, will appear first on the Order Paper. I ask the House to agree to that course. There is not a shadow of doubt that the privileges of this House have been outraged. Egress and ingress to our House, an essential part of the Oireachtas, have been prevented, and so I feel very strongly that strong and active measures must be taken to protect the privileges and rights of this House.

"Accordingly, I ask you to ask the Committee on Procedure and Privileges to take this action."

IMPUDENT.

Mr. BLYTHE said that he believed the Minister's action was impudent and uncalled for, and he would have great pleasure in putting down a motion.

Mr. O'NEILL said that he had the greatest sympathy with the Chairman——

The CHAIRMAN, Mr. Westropp Bennett (intervening)—I hope we will not discuss the matter now. We will have a discussion next Wednesday.

Mr. O'NEILL said that it was the Chairman's duty, and it was the duty of every member of that House to stand behind him in upholding the privileges of the Chairman and of the Senators. In so doing they were naturally upholding the respect of the House. He did not agree with Mr. Blythe that it was an impudent action of the Minister.

Sir JOHN KEANE asked if it was in order to debate the matter now.

CHAIRMAN — Mr. O'Neill is not debating the matter.

"OUT OF ORDER."

Mr. COMYN submitted that any observations were out of order, as the matter would be debated on Wednesday next. He agreed that the Chairman was entitled to express his opinion, but any observations by Senators might prejudice the coming debate.

Mr. O'NEILL said that he agreed with the Chairman in the motion to be tabled, but it would be indecent to prejudge it now.

The CHAIRMAN announced that the motion would take precedence on the Order Paper for next Wednesday.

The Senate adjourned until next Wednesday.

CARDINAL WARNS GERMAN PRIESTS.

The Archbishop of Munich, Cardinal Michael Ede Faulhaber, speaking at the assembly of the Munich Diocese Priests' Association, ordered priests to co-operate with the State, and to avoid indiscreet utterances which might cause difficulties.

FRESH CUBAN RISING SUPPRESSED.

The Cuban Government, it is announced, has suppressed with a strong hand a new revolutionary outbreak. Twenty-two officers suspected of participating in the rising have been expelled from the Army.

INNISKILLINGS IN BRUSSELS.

HONOURED GUESTS OF BELGIUM.

REPRESENTING BRITISH ARMY AT FUNERAL.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

BRUSSELS, Wednesday.

THE funeral of King Albert takes place to-morrow All day to-day Princes and Ministers representing almost every country in Europe arrived for the ceremony.

The Prince of Wales, who came by air, was greeted by Prince Charles of Belgium and Embassy officials. His arrival was followed later by that of the British naval, military and Air Forcecontingent, which consisted of Admiral of the Fleet Sir Roger Keyes, Field-Marshal Lord Allenby and Air-Marshal Sir John Salmond; seven officers and 100 other ranks and the band of the 5th Inniskilling Dragoons, of which regiment King Albert was Colonel-in-Chief; an officer and 20 men of the Royal Air Force, and a party of 50 seamen, with the band of the Chatham Division, Royal Marines.

In addition, the British Legion is represented by Lord Vivian, brother of Lady Haig, and Major F. W. C. Fetherston-Godley, National Vice-Chairman of the Legion.

STATION CEREMONY.

The Inniskillings arrived by the Ostend boat-train. On the platform to receive them, but almost hidden by nearly two thousand sight-seers, were drawn up three Belgian detachments—the regimental flag and band of the Ninth Regiment of the Line, in field kit and wearing steel helmets, and two lines of Belgian infantry.

With sabres at the slope, the Inniskillings were drawn up facing the guard of honour. A sharp command, and the sabres were dropped to the "carry."

The Belgian infantry presented arms and dipped the regimental flag. In a few minutes both bodies swung smartly out of the station, the Belgians leading. The Inniskillings billeted for the night at Le Petit Château, not far from the station; the officers stayed at a hotel in the city.

QUEEN'S HEALTH.

At midday to-day the Palace gates were closed, and, although there were still thousands waiting to pass by the King and the authorities were reluctant to bar further access to the "antechamber of glory," it was thought that the time had come for the mortal remains of the King to be returned to his family.

To-morrow at the first light of dawn the King will be accorded the final homage of 20,000 loyal and grief-stricken brothers in arms—the ex-soldiers—before he is laid to his eternal rest in the panthéon of the kings of Belgium at Laeken.

A rumour circulating in the city this morning that the Queen was seriously ill is untrue, Reuter's Correspondent learns from an authoritative source. Her Majesty is, however, deeply affected by her tragic loss.

FLEMINGS' PROTEST.

The Nationalist Flemish deputies in the Belgian Chamber have decided not to be present at the ceremony on Friday in which the new King Leopold will take his constitutional oath. They have already demonstrated their extremist views by withdrawing from the Chamber during the official eulogy of the late King.

Explaining the reasons for their decision, one of the Flemish deputies said: "In the first place, we have nothing to do with this purely Belgian ceremony. Besides, we must protest against the Prime Minister making his speech to the Chamber in French only, and not in Flemish."

OIREACHTAS VOTES OF SYMPATHY.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY'S REQUIEM MASS.

At the opening of public business in the Dail yesterday a vote of sympathy to the Belgian people on the death of their Sovereign was passed, on the motion of Mr. de Valera, seconded by Mr. W. T. Cosgrave. A similar motion in the Senate was proposed by Senator Connolly and seconded by Mr. Bagwell.

The President of the Executive Council has signified his intention of being present at the Requiem Mass to-day in the Pro-Cathedral, Dublin, at 11 a.m. Accommodation will be reserved in the nave for members of the Executive Council, the Diplomatic and Consular Corps, Honorary Consuls, the Chief Justice, the Speaker of the Dail, the Chairman of the Senate, the President of the High Court, the Attorney-General, Judges of the Supreme Court, Judges of the High Court, ex-Ministers, Parliamentary Secretaries, individual members of the Oireachtas, who have sent messages of sympathy and have been personally invited; Army officers, Ministerial Departments, Universities, learned, professional and other public bodies and societies; members of the Belgian colony, holders of Belgian honours and medals, and guests holding invitation cards.

RESIGNATION OF MR. A. VINCENT.

FREE STATE SENATE'S TRIBUTE.

At yesterday's sitting of the Free State Senate, the Chairman (Mr. T. Westropp Bennett) announced the receipt of a letter from Mr. A. Vincent resigning his seat as a senator.

Mr. Douglas said that the reason for Mr. Vincent's action was because he had been unable to attend the sittings of the Senate for a considerable time owing to ill health. During his short membership of the Senate Mr. Vincent had been an active and useful member. It was necessary to make reference to Mr. Vincent's gift to the nation which was an additional reason for regretting his severance from the House.

Mr. L. O'Neill said that, while he regretted the resignation of Mr. Vincent, he congratulated him on the good example he had set, and it would be well if it were followed by many other senators.

The Minister for Lands and Fisheries expressed his regret at Mr. Vincent's resignation, and said that it was fitting to recall the gift of the Vincent-Bourne Park at Killarney which he so generously gave to the nation. Although the senator did not agree with the Government in many things, that was a suitable opportunity to record their gratitude, and the gratitude of the nation to him for his gracious gift.

The Chairman said that the House thoroughly regretted the resignation of Mr. Vincent, particularly when it was caused by ill health.

When four Glasgow men were charged with an offence under the Explosive Substances Act in Dumbarton Sheriff Court yesterday it was stated that they were found with explosives in their possession at Alexandria on the night of December 5. The men—Edward Cairns, Patrick Joseph Tobbin, John Cassidy and James Cox—who pleaded not guilty, were each sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment.

Prince To Marry Commoner.

SWEDISH KING TRIES TO STOP LONDON WEDDING.

PRINCE SIGVARD, second son of the Crown Prince of Sweden and a grandson of the Duke of Connaught, is to marry Miss Erika Patzek, a rich German girl, in defiance of the "most decidedly expressed" wish of the King of Sweden and of his father.

The marriage is announced to take place on March 8th in London, where the young couple and Miss Patzek's brother are now living. The Prince arrived on Sunday and was joined by Mr. and Miss Patzek yesterday.

Count Folke Bernadotte, a nephew of the King of Sweden, is at present in London, and it is believed that he is making efforts to stop the wedding.

If it takes place, Prince Sigvard will be following the lead of his cousin, Prince Lennart, who married Miss Karin Nissvandt, daughter of a Stockholm accountant, in London in 1931.

FILM PRODUCER.

Prince Sigvard, who is twenty-five, has for nearly two years been engaged as an assistant stage manager by the Ufa Film Company in Berlin, where he is known as "Mr. Holgers." He first met Miss Patzek a year ago, and, according to Reuter's Correspondent in Berlin, it was a case of "love at first sight."

Miss Patzek is twenty-two. Her father, Anton Patzek, is a prosperous business man of humble origin. He owns all the market-places in the north and west of Berlin, where hawkers and others have their stalls for the sale of various sorts of commodities from clothes to cabbages.

A close friend of Prince Sigvard's told a reporter in London yesterday that, although the marriage is against the wishes of his father, he is determined to go through with it and the renunciation of his royal rights.

"After his marriage he will return to the Continent, and will go on with his film work," he added.

The utmost secrecy is being maintained at the hotel regarding the movements of the couple.

PARENTS BESIEGED.

Meanwhile, in Berlin the parents-in-law-to-be, having barricaded their front door with furniture, disconnected their telephone, and instructed their servants to tell allcomers that the master and mistress are not at home, manfully withstood the onslaught of the foreign Press yesterday.

Unconvinced by assurances over the telephone that the family was away in the country, journalists of many nations descended on their Berlin home, arriving, as it seemed to the inhabitants, "in a continual stream of taxis." But up to a late hour last night the Patzek position was still untaken.

According to a woman friend of the family, Herr and Frau Patzek last week received a representative of the Swedish Royal Family, who suggested that the proposed marriage was not a suitable one.

The mother is said to have replied, "They love one another. There is nothing to be done."

GRAVE CRIME IN FRANCE.

STAVISKY WITNESS SILENCED.

KILLED BECAUSE HE "KNEW TOO MUCH."

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

DIJON, Wednesday.

M. ALBERT PRINCE, ex-Departmental Chief of the Public Prosecutor's Department, who handled inquiries into the Oustric, Mme. Hanau and Stavisky affairs between 1925 and 1931, was found dead this morning on the Paris-Dijon railway line in circumstances pointing to foul play.

The belief that the motives of the crime were political is gaining ground. In view of M. Prince's key position, it is deduced that he died because he knew too much.

M. Prince was this morning to have given evidence, says the *Liberté*, before the Commission of Inquiry in regard to the non-transmission of the reports of Police Commissioner Pachot concerning Stavisky. He would, says the paper, have been able to establish whose was the responsibility that no action was taken on the damning contents of these reports.

DECOY MESSAGES.

The facts of the case are:—

M. Prince received from Dijon a telephone call—since proved to have been bogus—saying: "Mother ill. Come immediately."

He at once left Paris to go to his mother in Dijon. After his departure his wife received a telegram from Dijon, purporting to come from her husband, saying: "Mother safely operated. Doing well." This is regarded by the police as an obvious "blind" to postpone the opening of inquiries so that the murderers could make good their escape.

Early this morning M. Prince's body was found terribly mutilated on the line a mile outside Dijon. The police thought first that the dead man had been murdered in the train. But as M. Prince was found to have been bound and stabbed it is supposed that the murderers, in placing the body on the line, hoped that passing trains would demolish it beyond recognition.

MET BY "FRIENDS."

It is now ascertained that M. Prince arrived at Dijon at 4.30 p.m. yesterday, and it is rumoured that he was met at the station by persons whom he appeared to know, and with whom he entered a motor car.

Pieces of M. Prince's cuff-links have been found by the police near Dijon, on the road to Paris, according to the *Journal*, and the police surmise that the body was taken in a motor car along the Paris road. Another part of the cuff-links was picked up 150 yards from the spot where the body was found. The police attach great importance to this discovery.

At the Palace of Justice in Paris today it was recalled that M. Cordon, M. Prince's predecessor as head of the Financial Section of the Public Prosecutor's Department, died in tragic circumstances in a motor car accident near Dijon. The news of the death caused the greatest emotion, as M. Prince was honoured as a magistrate of sterling integrity.

BROADCAST APPEAL FROM BELFAST.

The following message was broadcast by the British Broadcasting Company last night:—"Will James McCann, aged 15, who left his home at 154 Bellmount road, Belfast, on February 1, and who is believed to be in England, return at once, as his mother is dangerously ill."

MR. DE VALERA ANNOYED.

DESK-BANGING IN THE DAIL.

CLOSURE IN PRESS BUREAU DEBATE.

THE PARNELL SQUARE INCIDENT.

BY OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.

ALL things considered, it was just as well that the closure should have been invoked in the Dail last night to bring to an end the debate on the vote for the establishment of the new Press Bureau—a debate which, ever since it started last Thursday, has proceeded on rather unsatisfactory lines.

It was inevitable that there should be a certain air of unreality about the debate, in view of the indeterminate line which has existed between that which was relevant and that which was not. Mr. Mulcahy, who continued the debate yesterday, fought a losing battle with the Speaker for nearly half an hour, and then gave way to Mr. Fitzgerald, whose arguments with the same opponent on points of order were the most protracted portions of his speech.

Both Mr. Mulcahy and Mr. Fitzgerald took up the question of the excisions from last week's issue of *United Ireland*, which were made by the printer under the benevolent direction of the Attorney-General. At least, Mr. Maguire contended that his *rôle* in the affair was a benevolent one, though Mr. Mulcahy described it as "bludgeoning" the printer. Mr. Fitzgerald took the more or less middle path by absolving the Attorney-General from blame, but arguing that the real trouble was the arbitrary interpretation which had been placed in this country to-day on the word "sedition," as a result of which there existed a censorship which Mr. Fitzgerald described as "not only tyrannical, but uneven."

PARNELL SQUARE.

Sullen bickering was the mood of the House until Mr. Fitzgerald brought in the subject of the watch by detectives last Saturday week on premises at Parnell square, where instructions were being given, it was alleged, in the construction and use of a land mine, and Mr. Cosgrave's connection of this matter last week with the Dundalk explosion. Then, just as casually as Mr. Cosgrave raised the matter last week, Mr. Ruttledge intervened to make a reply.

What had been done by the police officers in entering the premises formerly used by the National Guard, he said, had been done in the execution of their duty, and, after this exculpation of the police and a further remark that the subject could be debated on a later occasion, he added: "The police are satisfied that there is no relation between what happened at Dundalk and what happened in Dublin."

"Has the Minister made that statement after investigating all the circumstances himself?" asked Mr. Cosgrave.

"After investigations by the police," said Mr. Ruttledge. He saw no reason for rejecting the verdict of "competent officers," but Mr. Cosgrave insisted that the matter was too serious for "those who were charged to be judges and jury."

"That is a get-out," snapped Mr. Cosgrave angrily, when the Minister turned the course of the argument by suggesting that he should pass the basis of his information on to the police. "It is not a get-out," rejoined Mr. Ruttledge, with equal heat, and then Mr. de Valera jumped into the fray.

"I think the leader of the Opposition has acted in a most outrageous manner," he declared, in charging Mr. Cosgrave with having prejudiced the inquiries of the police. What should have been done, he contended, was for Mr. Cosgrave to have raised the matter by a private notice question, or else to have given his information to the Minister for Justice, so that it could have been examned without prejudice.

By this time there were two debates in progress simultaneously—one between Mr. Ruttledge and Mr. Mulcahy, and the other between Mr. de Valera and Mr. Cosgrave. That between the two party leaders appeared to be the more fiery.

BANGING THE DESK.

According to the President, this serious affair was being used by the Opposition for purposes of party capital. Mr. Cosgrave replied with scorn that "the Ministry is at present engaged on a matter on which it is itself in the dock."

"We are not in the dock," thundered Mr. de Valera, banging the desk in rage. "We have this from a paper," he went on, producing a copy of *United Ireland*, and reading from it the phrase: "this story of Mr. de Valera's bombers of women and children . . . . ."

"I say," he exclaimed, "that that is a damnable suggestion. If I were censor—and if there were a censorship here—that paper would not be published."

Mr. Cosgrave had an alternative suggestion to that of censorship, which was that the President should take legal proceedings, if he felt he had cause. Meanwhile, Mr. Fitzgerald, who, during this exciting affray, had been nominally "in possession," was waiting with some impatience to continue his speech, and at the first opportunity he began again, only to become embroiled in argument with the President once again, however, on the definition of censorship.

"It is calculated to bring the Government into contempt, and worse," exclaimed Mr. de Valera, returning to his grievance, after a strident passage-at-arms with the irritated Mr. Fitzgerald; "It is sedition of the worst type."

The most reasoned contribution from the Government benches came from Mr. Moore, whose speeches are always level-headed. He challenged the Opposition to state whether their antagonism was to the general principle of a Press Bureau or only to its use by the Government in office; and Professor O'Sullivan replied by pointing out that the matter was being discussed not in the abstract, but in the concrete circumstances prevailing.

Mr. de Valera's own speech was disappointing in the extreme. Despite the strong assertion of Mr. MacDermot that the Opposition had no reflection to cast on the character of Mr. O Cuiv, who is the director of the bureau, the President insisted on defending his ability and integrity, the principal feature of his speech otherwise being the reading of a lengthy interview which Mr. O Cuiv, in his normal journalistic capacity, secured from him for publication in a Manchester newspaper in 1922, and prolonged quotation from Mr. Fitzgerald in justification of the establishment of a similar bureau in 1924.

After a further speech from Mr. MacDermot in repudiation of any suggestion that Mr. Fitzgerald had attacked Mr. O Cuiv's *bona fides*, Mr. Aiken cut short the intended contribution of Mr. Vincent Rice by moving the closure, and the vote was passed by a substantial majority, leaving the House free to proceed with a supplementary estimate for relief works, which seemed to Mr. MacDermot to be an ironical commentary on Mr. MacEntee's pæan of rejoicing last week over the prosperous condition of the country.

A sitting which began with all parties in unison in passing a silent vote of condolance with the Belgian people ended with angry protest against the dismissal of a civil servant for wearing a blue shirt.

PRINCE OTTO AND AUSTRIA.

"RESTORATION IS BOUND TO COME."

FEVERISH ACTIVITY AT EXILE'S COURT.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

BRUSSELS, Wednesday.

"WE are not politically active, as we are in duty bound to avoid causing complications in this hospitable country," Archduke Otto, the Pretender to the Austrian and Hungarian Thrones, told Reuter's Correspondent.

Count de Hedry, the former Hungarian Ambassador, also stated that "King Otto had no plans regarding any immediate intervention."

Nevertheless, there has been feverish activity in the neighbourhood of the Archduke's Castle, at the Flemish village of Steenockerzeel, near Brussels, in the last few days, following recent events in Austria.

"The King," as he is called by his suite, lives with his mother, Empress Zita, and his brothers and sister. He is studying medicine in Louvain University, and will shortly be a doctor. He is twenty-two and has been in exile since 1929.

Ever since the recent troubles started in Austria cars have been driving to and fro through the quiet streets of the village, and the Pretender is understood to be busily occupied with many conferences. Ex-Empress Zita, it is understood, is not at present at the Castle, being on a visit to her brother, Prince Sixtus, of Bourbon, who is lying dangerously ill in Paris.

INTELLIGENCE SERVICE.

Steenockerzeel, although one of Belgium's most historic palaces, is not a big castle, and the incessant stream of motor cars driving up over the little drawbridge across the moat and parking in the courtyard cannot escape the attention of the inhabitants.

The system through which the Pretender is kept informed of all occurrences, political and non-political, in his own country appears to be perfect. At the present juncture, in particular, information reaches him from every possible source

Count de Hedry, the former Ambassador, who lives in Brussels, believes that a restoration to the Throne of the exiled Royal Family will be the inevitable result of present events.

The news of the outburst of troubles in Austria apparently caused no surprise in Steenockerzeel.

"We knew something had to happen," he told Reuter. "Now something will have to be done about things. The German danger is very real, and we believe that an *anschluss* (with Germany) would be the signal for international trouble of the most disastrous type."

FRENCH WARNING OF COAL QUOTA "CUT."

REFUSAL TO REMOVE DISCRIMINATION.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

PARIS, Wednesday.

The French Government notified importers of British coal to-day that the coal quota will be reduced by ten per cent. on March 1st unless a general trade agreement is reached with Great Britain before then.

France is also cutting by ten per cent. the coal quotas for Holland and Poland.

The coal quota was cut by ten per cent. on December 1st last, and a further reduction of ten per cent. was discussed at the end of January. The February quota, however, was maintained at the same level as for December and January.

As coal represents some 40 per cent. of the total of British exports to France, it is the item by means of which France can most effectively bring pressure to bear.

The French Government's reply to the British Note on quotas and trade negotiations was handed to Sir John Simon yesterday by the French Ambassador in London.

The Note, it is understood, suggests that negotiations for a new commercial treaty between the two countries should be opened as soon as possible. If negotiations for a new treaty are arranged, France will not resort to the counter-measures which have been considered since the British twenty per cent. duties were imposed last week.

FROM "THE TIMES."

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.)

THE CHILDREN'S CHAMPIONS.

In a leading article to-day *The Times* observes:—The division on Tuesday evening, in which the Government's majority fell to fifty-two, has plainfully fluttered the Parliamentary dovecotes. About sixty of the Government's supporters voted against them, and about one hundred abstained from voting upon an amendment which did far more credit to the hearts than to the heads of the rebels. Upon reflection many of them may well realise that they could hardly have chosen a more questionable occasion for expressing their discontent with a bill which offers other and far more effective opportunities for pertinacious criticism. The amendment, which rallied the rebels in its support, proposed to instruct the new Board, which is to administer relief on the needs of the household of the applicant, to assess the need of a child at a minimum of three shillings a week. In itself the amendment is clearly ludicrous. What will happen under the bill is, that an officer of the new Board will assess the need of the applicant's household at a certain figure, which will vary, not merely in accordance with the resources, but with the liabilities of that household.

After saying that some members supported the amendment through ignorance and confusion and others to counteract political propaganda of the Opposition, *The Times* adds: The third motive behind the revolt was less unflattering to the rebels. Both Lord Eustace Percy and Mr. Boothby, for example, understood the bill and disdained purely political arguments, but they wished to punish the Government for refusing to increase the two shillings allotted to a child in insurance benefit. They, doubtless, believe that a far better way to use the surplus of the fund is to increase benefits, and to increase them where, *prima facie*, the need of the insured unemployed is greatest. That is a view which would have justified them in voting against Part I. of the bill, but it does not justify the support of an amendment affecting relief, with which Part I. has no concern. It is, nevertheless, true that the attitude of this class of critic reflects a far wider determination that something should be done for the unemployed so soon as conditions warrant anything being done for anyone else. The Government cannot be deaf to this feeling, and they would be well advised to meet it by concessions, not, indeed, upon the misconceived amendment which provoked the revolt, but upon other points in both parts of the bill.

SHORTAGE OF WATER.

REPORTS FROM MANY PLACES.

NORTH AND SOUTH AFFECTED.

ENGLISH DISTRICTS ALSO DRY.

BY OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.

ALARM at the prospect of a serious water shortage throughout Ireland this summer is expressed in a number of reports which have been received from country districts. Not only will Ireland suffer severely from the drought, but the position in Great Britain is also grave, and representations regarding shortage of water have been made by seventeen rural bodies to the Minister of Health (Sir Hilton Young) since the beginning of this year.

Yesterday civil engineers commented on the proposal to establish a reservoir at Poulaphouca for the improvement of Dublin's water supply, and one of them pointed out that the scheme would provide for a daily supply of fifty gallons of water per head, whereas the present Vartry system was only planned to allow the use of twenty-five gallons per head. The suggestions that have been made in previous years for the laying of additional pipes from the Roundwood Reservoir to the distributing reservoirs at Stillorgan were also commented on, but I was told that the pressure would be insufficient for the higher levels of the area to be supplied, and also too low to meet the needs of the Fire Brigade. Apart from this fact, it must be remembered that this year the City Engineer pointed out that it is not the inadequacy of the pipe lines that is the trouble; it is just that the volume of water is not in the Roundwood Reservoir. Yesterday was the twenty-seventh consecutive day without rain in the catchment area of this reservoir.

TYPHOID IN KERRY.

In Kerry the county medical officer, Dr. Bastible, in notifying outbreaks of typhoid to the Board of Health, stated that one feature common to all the cases was that the victims' water supplies came mainly from shallow wells. Many of these wells are virtually dry, said Dr. Bastible, and, consequently, are most liable to pollution.

A report from Ballymoney states that the water supply to both the fever and general hospitals failed last week owing to the difficulty of getting water into the town.

Bangor, County Down, is also meeting with difficulties. Its reservoir ran completely dry, and supplies have had to be purchased from Lord Dufferin, and more than 17,000,000 gallons have already been pumped from the lake on his estate at Clandeboye.

RATIONING POSSIBLE IN BELFAST.

Despite the fact that the Silent Valley reservoir holds 3,000,000,000 gallons of water, Belfast is facing the prospect of having its supplies rationed. The new reservoir has still to be connected with the County Antrim side of the city, which, at the present time, obtains most of its water from reservoirs at Woodruff (which are 50 per cent. below their normal level for this time of the year) and Stoneyford, where the amount of water is 34 per cent. below the average for the past 25 years. Warnings have been issued to the citizens to economise in the use of water, but, if the present dry weather continues, drastic restrictions of the supply will have to be made.

Omagh and Newry Councils have issued warnings to the public as to the need for economy, while Armagh has never completely overcome the shortage which it suffered last year.

Parts of County Kilkenny are suffering from water shortage already, and at Thomastown the Nore is at its lowest level ever known for this time of the year. The River Shannon is also low, but it is stated that, as yet, there is no danger that the power house at Ardnacrusha will be in difficulties as regards its supply for electricity generating purposes.

BANTRY AND DISTRICT.

Although Cork City is reported to have plenty of water, the wells and streams in the Bantry district are nearly dry, and in virtually the same condition as they were last summer. People are having to carry water long distances for domestic purposes and for the watering of cattle. A scheme to provide a water supply for Strandhill, Collooney and Ballymote has, unfortunately, been held up by the Sligo County Council, by a majority of one vote, as the Board of Health proposed to make the cost of the scheme—approximately £21,000—chargeable over the whole county.

The utilisation of the Banagher dam for water storage has been rendered necessary in view of the decreased rainfall in the Londonderry district, and the Mayor of Derry (Sir D. E. B. M'Corkell) has announced that storage there will be commenced as soon as possible. Strabane Rural Council has agreed to go ahead with plans for a water supply for Plumbridge; and owing to the present well at Ballymagorry becoming unsuitable for drinking purposes the engineer has been instructed to seek a new source of supply.

Donegal waterworks are being extended, and work is also being proceeded with at Falcarragh, Co. Donegal. The medical officer of that county has declared the water at Greencastle unsatisfactory, and a new source of supply is being sought by the engineer.

LONDON.

To-day, when the British Government's Rural Water Supplies Bill, which is to provide £1,000,000 to assist local authorities in providing waterworks, is read a second time before the House of Commons, it is anticipated that the Minister of Health will be severely criticised regarding the inadequacy of the proposals, as many country districts are suffering acutely from water shortage at the present time.

London also received a bad shock when it was announced that the Metropolitan Water Board may have to consider restricting supplies to consumers, in view of the fact that the rainfall for the past six months was the lowest for the past fifty years.

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FREE STATE AGRICULTURAL CONDITIONS

REMARKABLE STATEMENT IN MINISTER'S SPEECH.

THE NUMBER OF CATTLE MAY HAVE TO BE REDUCED.

A REMARKABLE statement was made in the Dail last night by Mr. Lemass, the Minister for Industry and Commerce. Referring to agricultural conditions in the Free State, he said that, if the farmers' purchasing power here had declined, it had also gone down in every other country.

The country, Mr. Lemass said, had not yet to resort to the slaughter of cattle, as in Denmark, in an effort to keep up prices, and, when Mr. McGilligan observed "Not yet," the Minister said: "If agricultural conditions tend in that direction, we will have to do it. We may have to do it this year. It will be along certain lines designed to decrease the volume of production where production is obviously going to be uneconomic, while, at the same time, improving the quality of the produce."

The Government's new Information Bureau provided a debate which was lively at times. The proposal was vigorously denounced by the Opposition, but was defended by Mr. de Valera, who pointed to the precedent set up in 1924, when the Minister for External Affairs established a similar office.

THE INFORMATION BUREAU.

The debate was resumed on the vote for the Government Information Bureau.

Mr. MULCAHY (U.I., Dublin) asked was the House to take it that the Executive Council had no reply to matters raised in the debate on Friday last by Mr. Cosgrave. The Government Bureau, he said, was going to be used for the purpose of party propaganda. The new Department was being set up to take out of the hands of ordinary Civil Servants the issuing of details regarding the work of the Ministries; the facts set out by the experts who handled them in the Civil Service were so clear that they had to be obscured by a coating of propaganda. The Minister for Education more than once said that General O'Duffy was out to seize power by unconstitutional means, and that there was danger of a revolution. The President had said that there was no such danger—which of these statements would the Bureau of Information agree to send out?

He suggested that what the President was proposing to deal with through his institute of information were the steps which he proposed to take, alleging that he was putting down revolution in that country or the preventing of a rising.

Mr. MULCAHY went on to refer to the charge made in the House by the President, that he (Mr. Mulcahy) met the British Minister for War with the object of securing arms from the British Government, with the object of putting the present Government out of power by force of arms.

The SPEAKER ruled that references to the President's opinion in certain matters was not in order.

Mr. MULCAHY said that the person who was responsible for the President making that statement had been the spearhead of the President's propaganda for years past. He was responsible for the present Vice-President going to the Archbishop of Dublin, and telling him that two members of the Cosgrave Administration were preparing to seize arms in a certain barracks in Dublin.

The SPEAKER said that that was not in order. It was not proposed to appoint this Bureau in 1932.

PARTY PROPAGANDA.

Mr. MULCAHY, continuing, said that the propaganda that was going to be issued there was not propaganda of information that would clear the name of the country from charges such as the Ministers opposite had made against it. He opposed the estimate, because he did not take the President's word at its face value when he intimated to the House what he proposed to do. No person had so misrepresented the country as to the burden of taxation under which it was labouring as the party opposite through its propaganda machine. The Government were asking them to vote money for them to go and tell the world that instead of decreasing taxation by three million pounds they had increased it by £4,000,000 or more, and that the country was well delivered from the hands of the people who were trying to get back to power by unconstitutional means by the obtaining of arms from barracks there in Dublin or from the British Minister for War in Scotland. The Attorney-General had made a short intervention in the debate. He would like to hear him on another point. The President was going to tell the world at large that he and the Attorney-General were going to revive Irish industry. In 1930 they were charging the Cosgrave Administration with wiping out the Clondalkin paper mills. While the Free State military clique were wiping out that industry they did not say anything about Deputy Brady's part or that the Attorney-General was representing an English company opposing the tariff of imported paper.

MR. COSGRAVE'S STATEMENT.

PRESIDENT DE VALERA'S OPINION.

Mr. DESMOND FITZGERALD (U.I.P., Carlow-Kilkenny) said that the censorship was being used most tyrannically and unevenly. While an item in one paper dealing with a statement of Government policy was branded as seditious, another paper was allowed to print open appeals to young people to join an organisation whose purpose was to overthrow the Government by force of arms and whose methods were crime. The Bureau started operations on Monday last, but had given no information yet concerning the statement by Mr. Cosgrave on Friday last or in connection with the Dundalk outrage. If it was not true why did the Government not do something to reassure the people. They had had two or three days' experience of the Bureau and it had failed criminally.

Mr. RUTTLEDGE (Minister for Justice) said that the police were satisfied that there was no relation between anything that took place in Dundalk and anything that took place in Dublin.

Mr. COSGRAVE said that he was not satisfied with the Minister's statement.

Mr. RUTTLEDGE said he was satisfied that there was no relation between what took place in Dublin and the regrettable and dastardly outrage in Dundalk.

Mr. COSGRAVE asked if the Minister had read the documents.

Mr. RUTTLEDGE said that every document and report in connection with the matter had been personally examined by himself. Certain conclusions had been arrived at by competent officers who examined the matter, and he saw no reason why he should disagree with those officers; but it would be appreciated that it was difficult for him to go into details at this stage.

Mr. COSGRAVE said that the Minister had gone a certain distance, and before the evidence was finally sifted had satisfied himself on certain matters, but he (Mr. Cosgrave) was not satisfied with the explanation.

Mr. RUTTLEDGE said that Deputy Cosgrave's statement seemed to be based on very definite information, and he would be glad if the Deputy would give to the police the information on which he based that statement.

Mr. COSGRAVE said that that was merely a "get out" for the Minister, and the matter was too serious for that.

"OUTRAGEOUS."

President DE VALERA said he thought that the leader of the Opposition had acted in a most outrageous manner. He could have raised the matter by question, or could have given the information in his possession to the Minister for Justice.

Mr. COSGRAVE said that he had more experience of the administration of justice than the Government had, and if he was not satisfied that he would have failed in his duty, he would not have brought up the matter as he did.

There was a shout of "Pose" from the Fianna Fail benches.

"And there is nothing but pose on the Government benches," replied Mr. Cosgrave.

Mr. RUTTLEDGE said that there were certain matters he would not disclose, but at a later stage he was prepared to have the matter debated.

Mr. MULCAHY—You have interfered with the police.

Mr. RUTTLEDGE—I say that is untrue.

The PRESIDENT said that if Mr. Cosgrave had information he should have acted properly. Instead of giving it by a side wind he should have given the Minister notice of it instead of trying to come along there and prejudice inquiries essential to the matter.

Holding up a copy of *United Ireland*, which, he said, contained the words: "De Valera's Bombers of Women and Children." The President said that was a damnable statement to make, and if he had anything to do with censorship he would not have allowed it.

Mr. COSGRAVE said the President was not above the law, and had legal remedies.

Mr. FITZGERALD said he had been trying to point out that the Bureau was already in operation, and had shown its absolute uselessness. The President had made a statement which indicated that he wanted to override the law.

President DE VALERA said it had been suggested on two occasions that he wished to put himself above the law. He had only said that if there was a censorship he would not allow a statement to be published that would bring the Government into contempt. It was sedition of the worst type.

The SPEAKER ruled the discussion out of order.

IMMORAL DOCTRINE.

Mr. FITZGERALD said that a most immoral doctrine had been preached in the House—that the Government had been elected by the majority of the people and that it could spend anything that it liked in propaganda. That proposal of party dictation was in defiance of justice. According to the Government the only moral law was that majority rule must prevail. The vote was a direct outrage of political morality. Those who voted for this proposal voted in favour of a party dictatorship.

Mr. NORTON—What about the Army dictatorship in 1924?

Mr. MULCAHY—Read up Mr. Johnson's report about that before you say anything.

Mr. FITZGERALD said that the Labour Party was slavishly supporting this proposal.

Mr. MULCAHY said that he utterly repudiated the suggestion that in 1924 he set up an Army dictatorship. In 1922-'23-'24 he handled the Army, and in 1924 he left the Army in certain circumstances, leaving that House with an Army that gave it service when it wanted service.

Mr MOORE (F.F., Wicklow) asked if the Opposition would approve of a Bureau of Information if there was any other Government in power. Would the Opposition approve of an Information Bureau if there was no such immoral Government in power? Could it not be used to give people elsewhere information about what the Government was doing

AN INTELLECTUAL FAILURE.

Professor O'SULLIVAN (U.I., Kerry) said that what they were discussing was the President's control of the Bureau and the use which he might make of it. What arose now was the incompetency of the President to grasp the truth. It was an intellectual failure on his part. The man at the head of the Bureau was the man who got up in the House and said that the *Irish Press* was not a party newspaper. That was his conception of the truth. He could prove anything, and it was to be presumed that the Bureau would have to do the same. He was capable of proving that the people had no right to get rid of his heaven-sent guidance constitutionally. Did the party supporting the President believe that the truth was going to go to the people from the Bureau? Was there the slightest doubt that it would be anything but mere party dope?

Would the Bureau tell them where the new industries were which the Minister for Industry and Commerce refused to give information about?

MR. DE VALERA'S REPLY.

Mr. DE VALERA said the whole trouble with the Opposition was that a Government other than themselves happened to be in power, and nothing could be trusted to that Government to do properly. There was a difference of opinion about that, and the difference was well settled by the country at two general elections, and, so far as deputies opposite were concerned, they would have to be satisfied for three or four more years with the Government they had to-day.

"We came into office," he said, "with a certain programme. We have no apologies to make to anybody for pursuing that policy."

A series of irrelevant matters had been introduced into the debate, and it was impossible for the chair to prevent that happening. Deputy O'Sullivan's contribution, however, was a masterpiece. It was because of the personality of the person who was to be in charge of the Bureau that this objection lay. It was not a question of a Sub-Department of State being set up, or the merits of a certain policy in general, but the merits of that particular Department, because it was to be directed by somebody to whom deputies on the opposite benches objected. Deputy MacDermot objected to the establishment of the Department on principle. That was a point the President said that he could understand.

"I am quite willing to admit straight off that it is a Department that can very well be abused, but so can every other Department of State, if you have people in office corrupt enough to abuse it. There is scarcely a single Department in which information is not being given out to the public which, if not accurate could mislead the public. Every Department could be abused and used for narrow party propaganda. For instance, the Minister for Agriculture had representatives in different parts of the country doing their best to put the Department's policy into operation, and there was no doubt that if all these were to be improperly used they could serve narrow party purposes. When Deputy MacDermot said he opposed it on principle because it could be abused, there was no remedy so long as there were dishonest or lying people in existence, and so long as such people could by any means come to be a Government. One would imagine that this was to be something unique, coming out of the mind of Fianna Fail, and that it could not exist in any part of the world. "There is scarcely a country in the world that has not such a Department."

EVENTS IN 1924.

There might be some excuse if the Opposition deputies were ignorant of that, but they were not. Deputy Fitzgerald's speech had suggested indignation, and it would be interesting to hear what that same deputy said when he was Minister for External Affairs and introducing a vote for a larger amount for the same purpose in 1924. That was not a period of war, but of peace. That deputy had tried to attribute to the President certain things that could be done only because the deputy had himself done them.

Mr. de Valera proceeded to quote from the speech of the Minister for External Affairs in 1924. Mr. Fitzgerald had said that the proposed Bureau would serve, among other purposes that of being a public record office; the Government would be kept informed of what was happening in the world and what was being stated in the Press of the world, and files would be kept for reference. Instead of each Department of Government having its own record office, it would be found more efficient and more economical to concentrate the work in one office.

"Apart from that," the speech continued, "we require to have some machinery for conveying information or for rectifying misinformation. It must be remembered that practically every country does this."

"There is no ignorance there," commented Mr. de Valera.

THE NEED FOR THE BUREAU.

Mr. DE VALERA, proceeding, said that Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald came there and tried, he suggested, to mislead, not merely the members of the House, but the public, as to the true situation. That department was a necessary department, and every word that was used by Deputy Fitzgerald when he was speaking as a Minister he subscribed to, and said it was a fact. That nation was being assailed from outside, and they were trying, in the face of that outside attack, to change their whole economic life. To do that without the nation suffering more than was absolutely necessary they required the co-operation of their people. They should have information to save them from being misled by mis-statements which were placed before them.

He read an extract from a letter in that paper presented to Dail Eireann, entitled, "Questions to Mr. de Valera and others." He quoted a paragraph of that letter, and it said that he (Mr. de Valera) would like to see Mr. Sean O Cuiv for a Press interview. "If you get in touch with him I will see you. It can be arranged. Ask him to send along leading questions." There was some suggestion in Deputy Fitzgerald's remarks that that journalist who was referred to was somehow an agent of propaganda for him. The Director of that Bureau, Mr. Sean O Cuiv was a journalist, who was known throughout that country, and far beyond it. There was nobody in the profession who would deny for a moment that he was a journalist of ability and repute, and he had never at any time lent himself to anything which would bring discredit to himself or his country. At that time he tried for the newspaper for which he was correspondent, the *Manchester Evening News*, to get an interview with the speaker. "I have here the interview," said Mr. de Valera, "and I am willing that both he and I should be judged by it."

Mr. MacDERMOT submitted that what Mr. de Valera proposed to do went far beyond that debate. He personally did not take the inference suggested from Deputy Fitzgerald's reference. There was no desire from his benches to make a reflection on Mr. O Cuiv.

Mr. DE VALERA, proceeding, said everybody who had been interviewed by Press representatives knew that those Press representatives came to them wishing to get information on certain points, and leading questions, of course, meant questions that would suggest the particular topics, and even the answers.

THE INTERVIEW.

Mr. DE VALERA proceeded to read the interview, and at the close said that that was the interview which was supposed to paint him as a propagandist, and the officer who had been appointed as the agent of his propaganda. He had read it at length, because it showed that whenever there was a question between that country and Britain, and his views were asked, he did his best to inform the public who were going to read it what were the true facts.

Mr. MULCAHY—From behind a wall of glass. A fortnight after Collins' death.

Mr. DE VALERA said it proved what his attitude was. He could not prevent that thing (the Treaty). He indicated at the time that it was a danger. His experience was that this Press Bureau was an essential part of the State machinery. The so-called immoral doctrine was a statement of fact. The Executive had been chosen by the people to lead them in certain work, and to show them that they were able to co-operate in that work they needed the facts to be given to them. There was another matter to which he would refer on every occasion the members on the opposite side tried to damage the *Irish Press*. They knew how. There was one suggestion made which was a false one, and that was that the *Irish Press* had been subsidised by State money. That was a falsehood.

Mr. McGILLIGAN—That is a Glasgow story, too.

Mr. DE VALERA—The capital of the *Irish Press* was subscribed by the people of this country, in which there were 10,000 shareholders, and by friends of Ireland in the United States. If the people in the United States desire to use Irish bonds to subsidise the *Irish Press*, it is their money, and has nothing to do with the State. It was their money, and it went into the *Irish Press*.

Mr. McGILLIGAN—Not *via* them.

"CONTEMPTIBLE FALSEHOOD."

It was, he said, a contemptible falsehood, worthy of those who made it, to suggest the *Irish Press* was subsidised by State funds. The Fianna Fail Party, as a party, did not control the *Irish Press*. It was founded for a definite purpose and with a definite policy. He knew that the deputies opposite would not like that, but they would have to put up with it.

In a statement which had been published at State expense by the Opposition when in office the very basis of the British claim on the land annuities question was dismissed. Mr. Thomas pointed out that the fundamental document had not been published, and it had to be searched for. These were the people who objected to an Information Bureau, because they knew how it could be abused.

Mr. MacDERMOT (U.I.P., Roscommon) said that if the *Irish Press* was an independent newspaper that never once had it made the slightest reflection of the Fianna Fail Government. It appeared to have swallowed the infallibility of the Government on all occasions. He suggested that the Bureau should set about giving the President and the people information about the success of General Smuts's policy in South Africa.

Mr. AIKEN (Minister for Defence) moved that the question be now put, and

On a division the vote was carried by 68 votes to 49.

UNIVERSITY VOTE.

On a supplementary vote of £2,338 for universities and colleges, Mr. MacENTEE, Minister for Finance, said that, pending the introduction of a special bill to implement the undertaking given to the authorities of University College, Dublin, on behalf of the Executive Council in 1931, and subsequently confirmed by the present Government, this vote was necessary. The purpose of the supplementary estimate was to enable recoupment to be made to the University College, Dublin, for expenses incurred in expansion during the years 1932-33 and 1933-34 in the promotion of Irish literature, and it was hoped to introduce a bill shortly to give statutory effect to the undertaking already mentioned.

The vote was adopted.

RELIEF SCHEMES.

VOTE FOR £50,000.

On a supplementary vote of £50,000 for relief schemes, Mr. MacENTEE said it was felt that in view of the falling off in the amount of remittances from America to certain congested districts at this time of the year, some relief should be provided for these districts.

Mr. ANTHONY (Independent, Cork City) said that in the giving of employment on relief schemes there had been unfair discrimination against ex-National Army men and British ex-Service men. He had investigated such charges, and in many cases found they were well founded, and in other cases they were not.

Mr. MacDERMOTT (U.I.P., Roscommon) said that the vote was ironical, in view of the speeches of the Minister for Finance and his Parliamentary Secretary, from which one would expect a substantial saving in the estimate for relief schemes.

Referring to the unfair discrimination, and the taking into account of political affiliations in the distribution of relief, he said that he had spent part of his time in assuring his constituents concerning such discrimination, but he regretted to say that his assurances were received with incredulity. He was willing to believe that the Government did not wish for such discrimination to take place.

UNEMPLOYMENT IN DUBLIN.

Mr. A. BYRNE (Independent, North Dublin) said that at present there were six or seven hundred families in Dublin in danger of eviction. Decrees for possession had been given against them within the last month or so. He asked what was to become of them if those people were put out of their homes.

People were coming from the country anxious and willing to take work in the city below the standard rate of wages. It should be impressed on such people from that House that they had a chance of getting something through relief schemes if they stayed at home. Things were deplorable in the City of Dublin. Unemployment was never so bad. They could use the entire grant in a couple of weeks.

Mr. T. J. MURPHY (Labour, Cork, W.) stated that a farmer with a valuation of £50 and employing a labourer had been employed on a forestry scheme in West Cork. Generally good work was done in connection with the spending of this money, but there were a number of instances such as he had mentioned.

THE GOVERNMENT'S PLAN.

Mr. P. McGILLIGAN (U.I.) said that the resources of the country had to be considered in these matters of relief, and particularly by a Government which had made a failure of their first loan. They had got to conserve these resources very much, and yet there was the problem of unemployment. The Government got into power on the promise that they had a plan which promised not work on relief schemes, but work on industries, which were going to be permanent. In two years of the Minister's industrial schemes and high tariffs, subsidies and bounties, and the placing of Government funds at the disposal of the people, 7,000 went into employment. In the last year before the present Minister had anything to do with industry 11,000 people went into industrial employment. On the other hand, the draw on the unemployment fund in 1932 had increased by nearly £100,000. Since the Minister had spoken optimistically at a dinner a short time ago unemployment figures had risen until they now stood at 96,000.

There was a test which the Minister was fond of applying. He takes the figures of tariffed articles and assumes that the difference between the amount imported now and that imported previously represents the amount manufactured at home, thus providing employment. The census of production showed that such was not the case. During the economic war the purchasing power of the community had fallen considerably.

THE DEMAND FOR MONEY.

According to the plan, 84,000 were to be put in occupations. How many had gone in yet? How were the groups working out? What were the groups in which they were superior to the Minister's expectations, if there were any such? What was the Minister's latest excuse in regard to industrial development? He had said there were 300 new factories that he knew of. He could not state the groups they belonged to. He had had two years in which to think over the problem. Unless there was more production in the country, unless the public yield in taxation increased, they could not go on supplying these moneys. There would be a bigger demand for this money next year if things go on developing as they are doing, but there would not be the same ease in supplying it. The demand would be there, the necessity would be there, but would the money be there?

MINISTER'S REPLY.

PEOPLE NEVER BETTER OFF.

Mr. LEMASS (Minister for Industry and Commerce) said that people registered at Labour Exchanges in the hope of getting work, and the increase in the number registered might, therefore, mean an increase in the expectation of work. If there was an increase in the number unemployed there would be an increase in the number of persons drawing benefit. There had been increases in the number of persons employed through Labour Exchanges at Mallow, Thurles and Tuam, where the new beet sugar factories were being constructed. In the seven years 1924-'31 the vacancies filled through Labour Exchanges averaged 18,000 in 1932 they numbered 76,000, and in 1933 they had reached 100,000. He had given instructions that employment should be offered first to the men who were longest out of work, and that meant that the demands on the fund were increasing. That was not the policy when Mr. McGilligan was in office.

Mr. McGILLIGAN said that beyond giving preference to ex-members of the National Army his instructions were that those who were most in need should get employment.

Mr. LEMASS offered to take Deputy McGilligan to see thirty new factories within two miles of that House, each of which employed 200 people. They intended to keep Gallahers as a monument and a notification that they were going to have this country for themselves; that they were going to develop Irish industries with Irish capital, and that those who were out to defeat Government policy would be themselves defeated. For that purpose they introduced the Control of Manufactures Act.

The Minister went on to say that the people never were better off; bank clearances had gone up; the volume of currency notes in circulation had increased, and there had also been an increase in purchases for cash. If the purchasing power of farmers had declined, it had also gone down in every other country.

SLAUGHTER OF CATTLE.

The price of Danish butter was the lowest recorded in forty years, and last year the Danes had slaughtered thousands of cattle in an effort to keep up prices. "We have not resorted to that yet," said the Minister.

"Not yet," added Mr. McGilligan.

The MINISTER—If agricultural conditions tend in that direction we will have to do it. We may make a start this year. It will be along certain lines designed to decrease the volume of production where production is obviously going to be uneconomic, while at the same time improving the quality of the produce.

He reminded deputies that if the Government did that, much stronger countries had also done so. Their object was to obtain more food for human consumption, and even if it was necessary, to reduce their production of cattle, and consequently reduce the consumption of feeding stuffs, there would be hundreds of thousands of acres under tillage. Last year for the first time in one hundred years, except during the war years, there was an increase in the area under tillage.

MR. BELTON'S MOTION.

Mr. BELTON (U.I.P., Dublin, N.) resumed the debate on the private members' motion: "That the Dail condemns the action of the Government in reducing the total of the grants payable for the relief of rates on agricultural land." The motion was tabled by Deputies Belton, T. F. O'Higgins and S. B. Minch.

Mr. BELTON said that the Minister misrepresented them when he said the Opposition would like to go round with a battering-ram to collect £3,000,000 and export it to England. His point was that England had set out to collect £5,000,000, which she considered owing to her, and she had collected.

Mr. LEMASS—Not from us.

Mr. BELTON said that Mr. J. H. Thomas had said that by the 31st March next they would have collected £7,063,000. On the 31st January, 1934, they had collected by duties on Free State imports £6,245,000, which, the deputy believed, was a net sum, with the cost of collection deducted.

"England will balance her account with us by 31st March next," said Mr. Belton. "We will then have paid the cost of collection, and indemnified the British revenue to the last penny-piece. £3,000,000 was Britain's charge on our agriculture. What is our agriculture paying? £5,000,000." It was by drawing on these reserves that the Government was prolonging the economic war that they were not going to win.

They had not won a skirmish in that war, declared Mr. Belton, and the whole thing that the Government went out to fight for had been lost to England.

Producing springers for sale at £1 per head in Lenehan's pound, he said in conclusion, would not be very profitable.

Progress was reported.

SUMMONS SERVER'S DISMISSAL.

On the motion for the adjournment,

Mr. FitzGERALD-KENNEY (U.I., Mayo) raised the question of the dismissal of Mr. W. Convey, of Swinford, County Mayo, from the position of summons server, because of his political activities. No matter how the Minister for Justice might attempt to excuse his conduct in that case, he could not claim that any summons server was a civil servant. When Convey was spoken to by the County Registrar about his political activities, he said that they did not interfere with his duties. A gross injustice had been done and tremendous gravity was added to it because Convey lived in the Minister's own constituency and had opposed the Minister when he was a candidate at the last election. If that kind of thing continued, the public life of this country would be dragged down to the gutter, and they would have the worst possible form of graft. Convey had admittedly carried out his duties without suspicion, and had challenged an inquiry into his conduct in his office.

The MINISTER FOR JUSTICE, in reply, said that if the deputy's contentions were to be accepted and court officials were to be free to take up politics aggressively, they would be in a position, if they were so inclined, to use their offices unjustly. In June, 1932, the County Registrar of Mayo acknowledged receipt of and said he had brought within his officials' cognisance a circular which pointed out that civil servants should maintain a certain reserve in political matters.

"I do not know," said Mr. Ruttledge, "if the deputy considers it desirable that a court official, in the course of his duties, should go round to houses wearing a blue shirt. I think it undesirable, to say the least of it."

It had come to the notice of the Department of Justice that Convey was aggressive in his politics. He was interviewed by the County Registrar, and the position stated in the Government circular of June, 1932, was explained to him. Convey later wrote a letter, which indicated that he preferred to be a political advocate than a public servant. The Minister did not blame him for that, but it concluded the matter.

The House adjourned until 3 p.m. to-day.

CORK PRISONERS END HUNGER STRIKE.

ARRIVAL AT ARBOUR HILL.

Four men, who had been remanded in custody at District Courts in County Cork during the past week in connection with the discharge of rifles over the grave of a Republican, were taken from Cork Jail to Arbour Hill Military Detention Barracks, Dublin, yesterday under an escort of military and police.

The prisoners are:—Michael and Cornelius Crowley (brothers), Kilbrittain, Cork; Peter Kearney, Cork, and Stephen O'Neill, of Clonakilty. They had been on hunger-strike since their remand to Cork Jail, as they demanded political prisoners' treatment. Yesterday morning, however, they were assured that they would receive this privilege at Arbour Hill, and took breakfast on the train to Dublin. On their arrival at Kingsbridge the men were transferred to the police patrol wagon and taken to Arbour Hill. It is understood that they will be charged before the Military Tribunal.

EX-SERVICE MEN'S EVICTION.

NO-RENT PROTEST SCENES IN CO. ANTRIM.

Bailiffs yesterday morning executed decrees for possession at Whiteabbey, five miles from Belfast, against four ex-Service men, tenants of the Irish Soldiers' and Sailors' Land Trust, for non-payment of rents.

These ex-Service men are agitating to be placed on the same footing as their comrades in the Free State, where, by a judgment of the Supreme Court, such tenants are in possession of their houses free of rent.

Large forces of police accompanied the bailiffs, and tenders full of police were stationed at various positions. A huge crowd shouted "Shame" as furniture was brought out on the roadside during the evictions.

A Union Jack was hurled down, and this was greeted with cries of "That's a credit to you and loyal Ulster."

Late last night police were still on duty in the district, and there was a feeling of tension prevalent.

ATTACK ON CIVIC GUARDS.

CLONES LABOUR DISPUTE SCENES.

The labour dispute on Clones housing scheme reached a climax yesterday evening when about one hundred strikers, armed with sticks, rushed a number of men engaged at the works. A large force of Civic Guards on duty at the works were attacked with stones and one Guard was injured.

The Guards charged the crowd and succeeded in clearing the works.

Work on the scheme was suspended, and the workers were escorted by the Guards to their homes.

The disturbances broke out afresh in Fermanagh street, where thousands of people had congregated when the workers were returning home, and the Civic Guards were again compelled to charge the crowd. Reinforcements of Guards have been drafted to the town, in anticipation of further trouble.

An abortive conference was held yesterday between the parties concerned.

CORK BOAT LANDS 540LB. OF SALMON.

From Our Correspondent.

QUEENSTOWN, Wednesday.

More than one hundred salmon were killed by Cork Harbour fishermen yesterday, hauls of nineteen and twenty fish being recovered, whilst the average hauls were four to six fish per boat, of which there are over twenty in the harbour. To-day, whilst fishing at Whitepoint, the crew of Mr. Richard Woods' boat made the season's "record" haul of fifty-four fish, averaging ten pounds weight. The price paid to fishermen, 1s. 3d. per lb., is the lowest for many seasons.

IRISH WILLS.

In yesterday's issue, under this heading, the name of the Rev. Harry B. Dobbs, All Saints' Church, Blackrock, was given in error. The will was that of Mrs. Sara Edge, late of 45 Upper Rathmines road, who died on January 11th, 1934, leaving £2,082, and the administration was granted to the Rev. Harry B. Dobbs.

G.S.R. LADY CLERKSHIPS.
Day and Evening Classes for March exam. at ROSSE COLLEGE, 65 Stephen's Green, Dublin. 5 Successes at last examination.—(Advt.)

SITUATION IN CEYLON.

WORKING OF NEW CONSTITUTION.

SUGGESTED CASE FOR INQUIRY.

From Our Parliamentary Correspondent.

WESTMINSTER, Wednesday.

PUBLIC business this afternoon was prefaced by the introduction of two private bills. Mr. R. J. C. Boothby (Conservative) asked leave to bring in the first bill, which proposes to set up a register of qualified osteopaths, and to give such practitioners the right to employ a qualified anæsthetist, without the latter's falling under the ban of the General Medical Council. The bill received a first reading.

The second bill, brought in by Sir William Davison (Conservative) provides that no diminution or reduction of the salaries of judges, nor anything otherwise prejudicial to their status or emoluments, shall be made except upon an address by both Houses of Parliament.

Mr. J. J. Tinker (Labour) moved the rejection of the bill on the ground that it would take out of the hands of the House of Comomns a power in regard to finance which rightly belonged to it.

On a division, leave to bring in the bill was granted by 125 votes to 46, and it was read a first time.

CEYLON.

Sir Henry Page-Croft (Conservative) called attention to the government of Ceylon, and moved: "That this House, in view of the results of democratic government in Ceylon, is of opinion that a Parliamentary Commission should be appointed to proceed to that island to report upon the working of the Constitution."

The situation in Ceylon, he said, represented the startling failure of democratic government planted in unsuitable soil, and it was a warning against any further experiments of the kind in other directions. (Hear, hear.) Ceylon came under British rule in 1815, and as a result of our occupation the population had multiplied seven times, and the Colony had reached a state of prosperity unequalled in any similar community in the world.

In 1931, on the recommendation of Lord Donoughmore's Commission, the new Constitution came into existence. Democracy took charge like a thief in the night. The result was disastrous. The Governor's position became Gilbertian. British officials were dismissed in wholesale fashion, and he was told that in two years' time there would be not more than four white police officers left. There was no future for the white man in Ceylon as things were at present. The whole credit system of the country was brought to a stand-still, and trade was being ruined. The obvious intention of the State Council was to end British rule. Ceylon, once a shining example of our rule, was to-day our shame and humiliation.

Lieutenant-Commander P. J. Agnew (Conservative), in seconding the motion, said that in Ceylon the cry for nationalism had displaced all judgment.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sandeman Allen (Conservative) moved an amendment declaring that an insufficient period had elapsed in which to judge of the success or failure of the Constitution, and that it would be premature to appoint a Commission. He said that he did not shut out the possibility of a Commission of Inquiry at some future date, but his view was that it was much too soon to form a balanced judgment.

Dr. W. H. McLean (Conservative) said that we had given the Ceylon people the machinery of self-government, and it was up to us to see that it was given a fair chance to work.

Mr. W. Lunn (Labour) said that the motion could never be accepted in the absence of the Colonial Secretary. There was no urgency about the matter, and it might well await Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister's return. Personally, he did not think that there was any need for a parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. Malcolm Macdonald (Parliamentary Under Secretary for the Colonies), replying for the Government, said that two-and-a-half years of abnormal conditions was not a fair trial of a bold Constitution. He denied many of the assertions made by Sir Henry Page-Croft. It was not true to state that the Council baited the Governor; indeed, on questions of policy Ministers had worked in co-operation with the Governor. So far from there having been a break-down of the Constitution, it had worked smoothly and satisfactorily with goodwill between the Governor, the Legislature and the people of Ceylon. He was not sure that the motion ought not to read:—"That a Parliamentary Commission should proceed to Ceylon to thank the Government for its acceptance of tariffs and the extension of the principle of Imperial preferences." (Laughter.) The Government could not possibly accept the motion, but they willingly agreed with the amendment.

At 7.30 a motion for the closure was rejected by 138 votes to 93, and the debate was adjourned.

PENSIONS AT SIXTY.

Mr. J. W. Banfield (Labour) moved a resolution calling on the Government to institute for all workers reaching the age of sixty "a scheme of pensions sufficient in amount to encourage the retirement from industry of these workers, and thus relieve the volume of unemployment."

Mr. Banfield then said that the necessity for pensions at sixty arose from the fact that even if commerce regained its prosperity the unemployment problem would still remain. Old people should be taken out of industry and pensioned off, though he did not advocate a universal unconditional pension. This method would have the effect of bringing into employment young people during the years in which they were best fitted for it. If it were possible for the Government, the employer and the workman to make a total contribution of 1s. 6d. a week, to provide a pension of 35s. a week at 60, he believed it would be an inducement to many people to leave the labour market.

Mr. David Kirkwood (Labour) seconded the motion, but said that he was in favour of a non-contributory pension scheme. War Loan interest should be reduced from 3½ to 2½ per cent. to provide the money.

MR. HORE-BELISHA'S REPLY.

Mr. Hore-Belisha (Financial Secretary to the Treasury) said that the gross annual cost of universal pensions of 35s. a week to a married couple and £1 a week to a single person was estimated to be £372,000,000 a year, or, deducting £93,000,000 on account of existing pensions, the net figure was £279,000,000. To put this additional burden on industry might actually decrease employment. It was right that this matter should be brought into the arena of discussion, even though it had been shown to be impracticable. The subject would have to be carefully thought out, possibly along entirely different lines. There was no reason why our social insurance system should not be improved. Any new scheme would have a better chance of acceptance if it would fit into the existing system. He must ask the House to reject the motion and to accept the amendment.

Mr. C. Edwards (Labour) suggested that a Committee should be set up to go into the whole question.

The motion was rejected, and the amendment was carried by 110 votes to 38.

ANNUITIES AND RATES.

LIMERICK REJECTS DUBLIN RESOLUTION.

Resolutions from outside sources bearing a political tinge are to be debarred in future by Limerick County Agricultural Committee.

This was decided at a meeting of the Committee yesterday following a resolution from the County Dublin Committee of Agriculture suggesting that the payment of annuities and rates on land be suspended during the economic war.

The motion that resolutions with a political tinge coming from outside bodies be not in future entertained by the Committee was passed unanimously.

FEMALE WRITING ASSISTANTS.
Next Exam., April, 1934. Oral and Postal Classes. 55 Successes since May, 1931, including 1st Place.—SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 Stephen's Green, Dublin.—(Advt.)

BOOKBINDING IN IRELAND.

EFFECT OF TARIFFS.

CHEAP IMPORTED PRAYER BOOKS.

MR. H. O'FRIEL (chairman) presided at a sitting of the Tariff Commission, held yesterday at 33 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin. The other members present were Messrs. J. B. Whelehan and D. Twomey.

Mr. R. B. Bagster, of the bookbinding firm of Messrs. Caldwell and Sons, said that in 1918 there were 10 to 12 men and from 35 to 40 girls employed in his firm. At the present time there were but 9 or 10 men and from 15 to 20 women engaged. Owing to the changes in the methods of working, the need for women workers became less.

About fifteen or twenty years ago the greater proportion of Catholic prayer books were printed and bound in Ireland, but during the past ten years Catholic countries, by cheap labour, had captured all this trade. The turnover of his firm for Catholic prayer books alone used to be up to £5,000 per annum, but for the past ten years it was nil.

In the Free State the wages were:—Forwarders (bookbinders), £4 4s. per week; finishers and gilders, £4 6s.; folders, sewers, etc. (women), £1 13s. In other countries girl labour at very low rates of pay did the work, and in some cases the work was done in Continental prisons.

The immediate effect of a tariff would be to bring back into employment about 100 per cent. more men and women than were now engaged in Prayer Book work. It would also give more work to compositors and printers, increase despatch hands, and generally stimulate trade. Revenue would be increased and a considerable sum would be saved in unemployment relief. The maximum tariff required was an additional 75 per cent. foreign, with 50 per cent. preference, and the country of origin should be printed on the title page.

The Church of Ireland got 90 per cent. of their Prayer and Hymn Books printed in their factory, the shells being printed in England and imported.

STALL TRADERS' OBJECT.

The Mission Stall Traders, in a statement submitted by Messrs. P. J. Ward, Oldcastle; Patrick McCormack, Dundalk, and C. Murray, Dublin, strongly opposed the suggested Customs duty. There were about two hundred mission traders depending for their livelihood on the sale of the cheaper classes of religious articles outside churches at which missions and retreats were being held. They would be forced out of missions by prohibitive tariffs on foreign prayer books.

Mr. McCormack said that he had not sold an Irish prayer book at a stall for four years, and if the price of prayer books went up there was nothing for himself and his wife but the workhouse.

Mr. William Fitzsimmons, director of the Talbot Press, Ltd., in a statement supporting the application for a tariff on imported prayer books, said that plant and machinery were available in a number of factories here for the production of this work in as attractive a form improve."
as the imported books. In their own case they had found it impossible to develop this side of their business, as supplies could be purchased from Continental firms at prices lower than their factory costs. The Continental firms had in many industries a world market, and it would be impossible for Free State firms to compete for this trade without an almost prohibitive tariff. The Talbot Press submitted that a duty should not be imposed on Missals or Breviaries, as in no circumstances could they be produced in Ireland at an economic price.

DUBLIN COSTS TOO HIGH.

He showed a prayer-book printed by his firm and sent to Belgium, where it was bound for 4½d. The cost of binding that book in Dublin would be 10d. In actual printing work Dublin could compete with any place.

"We do not bother with the prayer-book nowadays," said Mr. Fitzsimmons, "because it is not worth while, but it is not so many years ago since Dublin publishers had travellers calling on people selling prayer-books in London, Liverpool and Glasgow.

In opposition to the suggested duty, a statement was submitted by Mr. Donal O'Kelly, on behalf of Messrs. Browne and Nolan, Veritas Co., Messrs. Duffy and Co., Burns and Oates, Eason and Son, Hodges Figgis and Co., C. Bull, the Ave Maria Press, and other firms.

Mr. O'Kelly said that the prayer-book market was too limited to justify a tariff. It did not represent more than £5,000 worth of books of various types and classes of binding, and if that trade were divided amongst the principal Dublin firms it would mean very little to each, and very little in the way of increased employment.

Mr. Reynolds (Messrs. Burns, Oates and Washbourne) and Mr. McKenny were also examined in opposition to the tariff. The former said that on missals they escaped duty by importing the book and the binding separately. The binding was fitted to the book in Dublin.

Mr. McKenny's evidence dealt chiefly with breviaries and altar missals.

The Commission adjourned until 11 o'clock this morning.

IRISH FREE STATE CATTLE.

BRITISH RESTRICTION ORDER.

In the House of Lords yesterday Earl De La Warr (Parliamentary Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture) moved that the Order made by the Board of Trade, and approved by the House of Commons, restricting the imports of fat cattle from the Irish Free State, be approved. He pointed out that this Order was in no way to be taken as pursuing any quarrel that there might be between Great Britain and the Free State, but the Government were determined to carry through their policy of securing for the British farmer a legitimate return for his efforts.

The Order was approved.

SCHOOLBOYS' STRIKE IN CORK.

PARADE TOWN WITH FLAGS AND BANNERS.

From Our Correspondent.

CLONAKILTY, Wednesday.

The strike of forty pupils attending school, which began at Clonakilty yesterday, continued to-day.

The strike is understood to be a protest against the wearing of blue shirts by other schoolboys.

The strikers marched through the town at mid-day to-day, headed by banners and flags, and singing Republican songs, and have, apparently, no intention of returning to school.

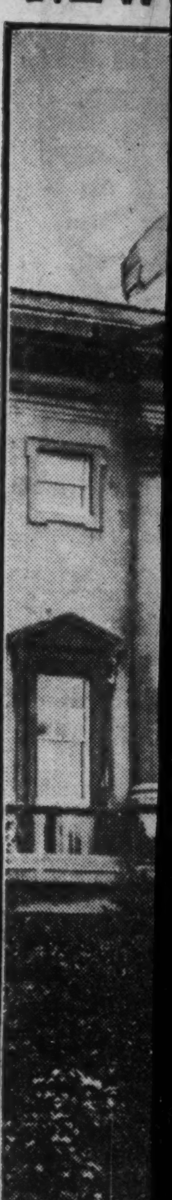
When interviewed to-day, the Head Master, Mr. James Sheehy, B.A., said that he had no comment to make in connection with the affair. He explained that, following roll-call on Tuesday morning, all the boys were let out for recreation, according to rule. During this period 39 pupils left, and did not return.

There are 190 children on the roll, with five teachers in charge. It is stated that the Garda authorities are about to take the matter up if the strike continues, and summonses for breaches of the School Attendance Act will probably issue.

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OLD GOLD
AT ORGEL'S OLD GOLD SHOP,
Where you get a much bigger price for it, because Orgels buy for the American market, the highest in the world to-day. It pays the jeweller to sell to us; surely it will pay you, as we pay the same price to the public as to the trade.
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35 NASSAU ST., DUBLIN.



NEW


THE FREE
over Leinster
to the late
funeral

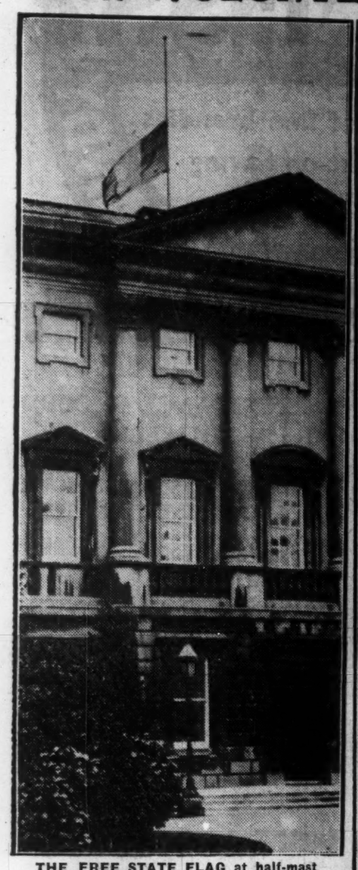

UNIVERSITY
Left to right
M.A.; and Pro


PEMBROKE


THE CUNAR


INCORPORA
Dublin, yeste
Miss M. Sava

NEW VOLUNTEER FORCE UNIFORM : HOSPITALS' CUP FINAL.



THE FREE STATE FLAG at half-mast over Leinster House, as a mark of respect to the late King of the Belgians, whose funeral will take place to-day.





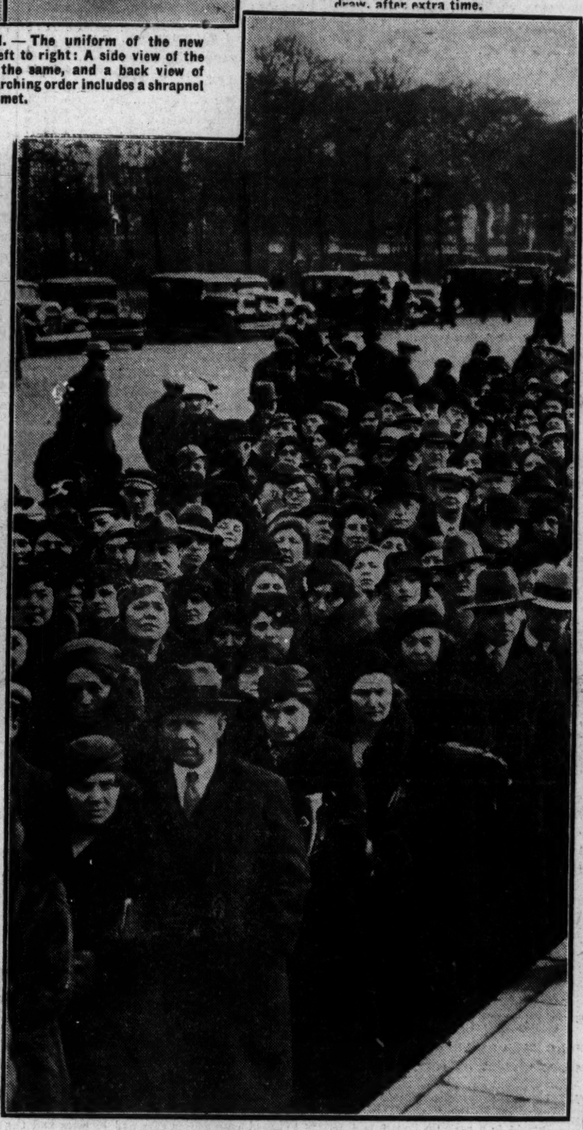
NEW VOLUNTEER UNIFORM. — The uniform of the new Free State Volunteer Force. Left to right: A side view of the drill uniform; a front view of the same, and a back view of the walking-out dress. Full marching order includes a shrapnel helmet.



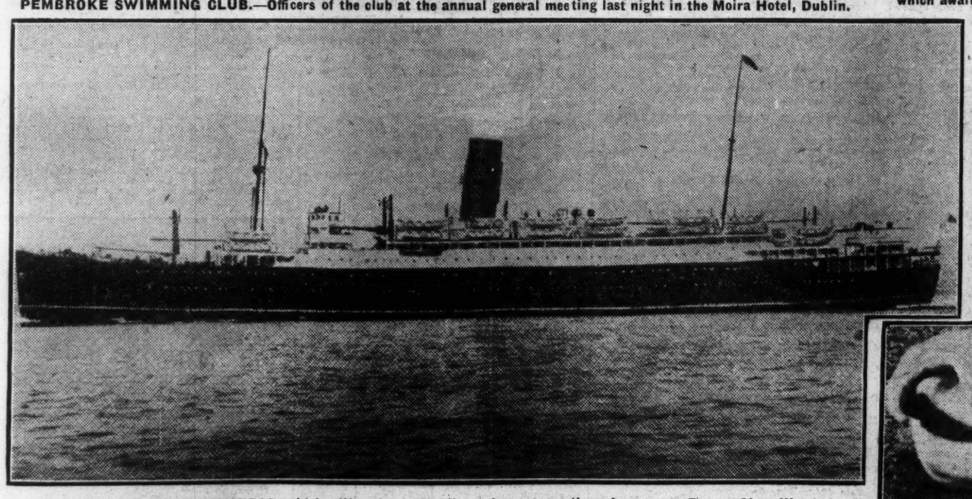
HOSPITALS' CUP FINAL.—Walker (Sir Patrick Dun's Hospital) kicking to touch at College Park yesterday against the Mater Hospital. The game resulted in a draw, after extra time.



UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN, LITERARY SOCIETY.—A group taken at the meeting at Earlsfort terrace, last night. Left to right (seated): Miss M. Morrissey, the Rev. Dr. Brown, M.A.; Miss M. O'Shea (Auditor), Professor Cormac O'Kiely, M.A.; and Professor Agnes O'Farrelly, M.A. Behind: Mr. Liam Gogan, M.A.; Mr. Colin O'Loughlin, M.A.; Miss J. Gleeson, Mr. T. Murray, and the Rev. H. O'Nolan, S.J. (Secretary).



KING ALBERT'S LYING-IN-STATE. — A small section of the great queue which awaited admission to the Palais Royal, Brussels, where the King lies in State.



PEMBROKE SWIMMING CLUB.—Officers of the club at the annual general meeting last night in the Moira Hotel, Dublin.

THE CUNARD LINER LANCASTRIA, which will arrive in Dublin early next month on her way to Rome. She will take a number of Boy Scout pilgrims from Dublin.





INCORPORATED ORTHOPÆDIC HOSPITAL ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING in the hospital, Upper Merrion street, Dublin, yesterday. Left to right: Mr. Cormac Breathnach, T.D.; the Dean of St. Patrick's, Mr. P. J. O'Neill (chairman), Miss M. Savage (Matron), Dr. F. C. Purser (President, Royal College of Physicians, Ireland), and Mr. J. Hubbard Clark.



SPILLS during the South County Dublin Harriers' Point-to-Point Races at Belgarde Hill, Clondalkin, County Dublin, yesterday. On top: Mr. Fred Clarke, on Whitehorn, falls at the last jump, with the race well in hand. In the lower picture Lieutenant Quigley, on Yours and Mine, comes to grief at the stone-wall.



The Sportsman will find his ideal neckwear in the range of "Round Tower" ties. Besides their extra wearing qualities and low price these Gaeltacht fashioned ties are beautifully distinctive in appearance. There is a certain dash and freshness about their clean-cut patterns that appeal at once to the sportsman.

Ask to see the varied range of "Round Tower" ties at your ordinary outfitters, priced at 3/6, 2/6 and 1/6.

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Gaeltacht Industries Depot, Beggars' Bush, Dublin

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Arka.

CLEANING THE STREETS.

METHOD ADOPTED IN DUBLIN.

By a Special Representative.

SINCE the work of street cleaning was handed over to a contractor by the Dublin City Commissioners there has been a marked improvement in the appearance of the city. There has been no justification for the use of the words "Dirty Dublin," and the work of street cleaning has been done more effectively and at less expense than the Corporation authorities could do it with their own workmen.

Most people who see the machines which water and sweep the streets of Dublin after midnight are under the impression that Franco-Irish Enterprises, Ltd., are paid a lump sum for keeping the streets presentable in whatever way they think fit. As a matter of fact the contractors are simply paid for mileage of streets covered and tons of refuse hauled—in other words for actual service rendered. To-day, under the City Council, as in the days of the City Commissioners, Franco-Irish Enterprises, Ltd., receive nightly instructions from the Cleansing Department as to what they shall do during the next twelve hours. Consequently, the amount of ground covered by each of the cleaners and refuse collecting lorries varies from 16 to 40 miles per night, with an average of 25 miles throughout the year.

Excepting the general manager, who is French, all the employés of Franco-Irish Enterprises are Irish. The big green refuse-carrying lorries, so familiar to those who have occasion to be out during the early hours of the day, are similar to those used in Paris, where the work of street cleaning is done in the same way by a company under the direction of M. Boudeville, who is managing director of Franco-Irish Enterprises.

IN PARIS.

In Paris, however, the work is complicated somewhat by the heavy snowfalls which take place in winter. To counteract this huge tanks of salt water are kept in readiness, and as soon as frost or snow appear salt water is used for cleaning the roads with satisfactory results.

In this country the advent of frost or snow hampers regular street cleaning operations, and little can be done until a thaw sets in. If water is used in such circumstances it only makes matters worse by making the ground impossible for horses.

Misty weather, when the ground is greasy, provides conditions for extensive use of street-cleaning machines. Those used in Dublin force water on to the road at the rate of 800 gallons per mile, and this loosens the dirt to such an extent that it is easy to sweep and collect.

During a visit to Dublin yesterday, M. Boudeville mentioned that he was also responsible for street-cleaning in Bucharest and other places on the Continent. In all cases, he said, the procedure was similar. The city manager had full control, and his company did what it was told to do, being paid on the piecework principle.

NEW IRISH COMPANIES.

The following companies have just been registered for trading in the Irish Free State:—

Brown and Polson (Ireland), Ltd., February 14, 1934. Nominal capital—3,100 Preference shares of £1 each and 2,900 Ordinary shares of £1 each. Objects—To carry on business of starch and corn flour manufacturers and merchants. Names of subscribers to memorandum and articles—Edward Cronhelm, 19 Highfield road, Rathgar, Dublin; James L. Crabbe, 7 Upper Liffey street, Dublin. First directors — Robert Arnold Brown, John McLellan, Edward Cronhelm, James L. Crabbe, A. H. Masser.

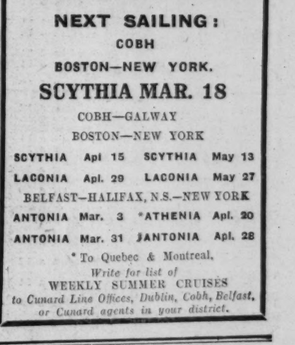
Grade "A" Meat Company, Ltd., 8th February, 1934. Registered office—379 Lisburn road, Belfast. Nominal capital—2,000 shares of £1 each. Principal objects of business—To carry on the business of fleshers. Names of subscribers to memorandum and articles—Harold Alfred Bunting, 19 Clifton Drive, Belfast; John Saunderson, 10 Jocelyn street, Belfast.

Irish Carton Printers, Ltd., February 16, 1934. Nominal capital—60,000 shares of £1 each. Objects—To carry on business of manufacturers and printers of cartons, etc., for packing and advertising, etc. Names of subscribers to memorandum and articles—William Payne Robertson, 9 Orwell Park, Rathgar, Dublin; Archibald Evander McIver, 13 Argyle road, Herbert Park, Dublin.

S. and S. Bus Services, Ltd., February 14, 1934. Nominal capital—1,000 shares of £1 each. Names of subscribers to memorandum and articles and first directors — Frank O'Boyle, Moy Park, Malahide road, Co. Dublin, late 34 Spring Garden street, Dublin; Mrs. Maureen O'Boyle, 8 Gartan avenue, Glasnevin, Dublin.

NIGHT-WORKERS' SODALITY.

The monthly meeting of the Night-workers' Sodality will be held this evening at 4 o'clock in the Ignatian Chapel, Church of St. Francis Xavier, Upper Gardiner street, Dublin.



When worry and hurried meals, sleeplessness and exhausted nerves, are against you, Benger's Food is for you. It rests the digestive system and is soothing and sleep inducing. Benger's Food forms with milk a delicious food cream, highly nourishing and most easily digested.

BENGER'S Food Regd. Trade Mark

Send for the Benger's Food Booklet, containing dainty recipes for light dishes that give nourishment with digestive rest. Post free from Benger's Food, Ltd., Otter Works, Manchester.

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SCYTHIA	Apl 15	SCYTHIA	May 13
LACONIA	Apl. 29	LACONIA	May 27

BELFAST—HALIFAX, N.S.—NEW YORK

ANTONIA	Mar. 3	*ATHENIA	Apl. 20
ANTONIA	Mar. 31	ANTONIA	Apl. 28

* To Quebec & Montreal.

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ALL WASTING DISEASES

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CHURCH SERVICES.

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL.—Holy Communion at 8 a.m. Matins at 10 a.m. Psalm, 107 (v. 21 to end). Benedictus, 32. Hymn, 364. Evening Service at 4 o'clock. Special Lenten Service. Psalm, 108. Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis, Kelway in B minor. Anthem, "O taste and see," Goss. Preacher, The Dean. Hymn, 582.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL. — Morning Prayer at 10.45 o'clock. Benedictus. Hymn, 470. Evening Prayer at 3 o'clock. Russell in A. Anthem, "Beloved, if God so loved," Barnby.

ST. KEVIN'S CHURCH, S.C. ROAD. — Lenten Service at 8 p.m. Rev. R. Bird.

Opticians DIXON HEMPENSTALL LTD. SIGHT TESTING 12, SUFFOLK ST.

GOSSIP FROM THE COURSE.

BOWMINT'S GOOD WIN.

KELLSBORO' JACK FAILS TO GIVE THE WEIGHT AWAY.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.

NEWBURY, Wednesday Night.

ALMOST summer-like weather and a perfect light made conditions most agreeable here to-day. They would have been still more agreeable if it had not been for the defeats of two good horses—Kellsboro' Jack and Le Fortium—that seemed good things in their respective races.

In the Newbury Handicap Steeplechase Kellsboro' Jack was beaten a neck by the novice, Fouquet, a French-bred horse, owned by Stanley Wootton, who has been a good hurdler and was only making his second appearance over a country. He was beaten because he could not give the weight away; and who shall say that there was any disgrace in failing to give 20lb. to what may be a very smart steeplechaser?

It was a most exciting race, from which Forbra stood down on account of the hard going. Lone Eagle went off in front, followed closely by Fouquet after Annandale had been left, and there was no change in the order, except that Alpine Hut had moved up third, until they were approaching the straight, when Lone Eagle dropped out, leaving Fouquet to go on.

A GREAT FINISH.

He went on to good purpose, but coming to the last fence Kellsboro' Jack had taken close order, and we knew that it was going to be a race for both horses were going very strongly and well. Hardy drove Fouquet into the last fence with great resolution, but the horse pecked on landing and Kellsboro' Jack jumped himself into the lead.

Fouquet picked himself up quickly, and then began a breathless contest between the pair. Fouquet worried it out most gamely, and got up to win a neck victory after as fine a struggle as we have seen in a race for some time. Another young horse, Reynoldstown, was third eight lengths away, and Lone Eagle was fourth.

FINE JUMPING.

Kellsboro' Jack gave a superb exhibition of jumping all the way through, but could not give the weight away. Alpine Hut also jumped well, but was outpaced. Coolinolagh got round this time, and finished seventh. The race gave us no fresh ideas about the Grand National.

The course rode very fast, and remarkable times were accomplished. Bowmint in winning the Weyhill Handicap Steeplechase from Road Agent and Le Fortium, who was a hot favourite, covered the two miles in under four minutes after making every yard of the running.

Le Fortium was lying close up second when he sprawled on landing over the second-last fence. This seemed to take some of the steam out of him, and he was not going so well afterwards. Bowmint had got the better of him at the last fence, and then Road Agent came to run him out of second place.

HIS SECOND APPEARANCE.

Instead of Beacon Hill II., in the February Hurdle, Ivor Anthony ran another American horse, On Post, who was only making his second appearance in England. He was made favourite, and ran passably well, but not well enough, for he was beaten two lengths and five lengths by Witch Doctor II. and Glenheiress. Dacoit finished fourth.

Like Fouquet, Witch Doctor II. is French-bred, and, after the Aga Khan had used him to lead his classic horses, Prince Aly, who was present this afternoon, bought him at the December sales. Although not so good a favourite as On Post, Witch Doctor II. was well backed.

Bagley Wood won the other hurdle, an amateurs' event, in which he was ridden by Mr. Cundell, who did not lie out of his ground on the horse as Pellerin did at Sandown last week, and won by eight lengths from Whincover, who weakened in the run-in.

It was pathetic to see the once great Gib in the selling steeplechase, in which he broke in all probability finally. He had made a flourish in the lead for a time, but the leg went and he dropped out. The favourite, Saucy Boy, won this easily.

The favourite in the selling hurdle, Jukwa, was pulled up entering the straight, after which Revlis won easily from Captain Ginger and was then bought in for 210 guineas.

SELECTIONS.

There will be no Grand National candidates out at the meeting here to-morrow, for the principal event is the Spring Steeplechase, a race for novices. As KNIGHT OF KNOCKEEVAN runs, I do not think we need look further for the likely winner, as the bright four-year-old Waukoo waits for the Juvenile at Cheltenham.

Miss Paget's brilliant hurdler, Insurance, is not, after all, to make a delayed reappearance in the Greenham Hurdle, which is likely to be won by LAST OF THE DANDIES, with Littlethorpe as the danger.

The Open Hunters' Steeplechase may be won by SHILLING.

At Haydock, the Haydock Park Steeplechase may be won by TORELEY, or, in her absence, by Nincompoop. BEE BEE may win the Lodge Steeplechase.

GALTEE MORE.

NOVICE 'CHASERS' TEST.

LITTLETHORPE MAY MAKE AMENDS FOR SANDOWN LAPSE.

THERE are two prizes of £400 each to be won at Newbury to-day. The most important race is the Greenham Hurdle, for which several horses who have previously won over the course will compete. At the January meeting here And How was a good winner of a similar race, and, as he is still in the middle of the scale, he must have a good chance of scoring again.

Only a season or so ago Last of the Dandies was winning race after race over hurdles. We have seen little of him this season, but I have no reason to think he has lost any of his speed, and conjecture that the frost and hard going generally have been the cause of his staying at home most of the time. Delaglace comes from a stable which sets a high standard, although, of course, Beeby is better known as a steeplechase trainer. Delaglace ran well behind Free Fare at Sandown Park.

I have not made up my mind where to place King Stork exactly, and The Brown Talisman varies his type of racing. He was recently competing in a National Hunt flat race, getting second. Littlethorpe ended his run of wins when up against Flaming at Sandown Park, but it was a surprising lapse on his part to fall, and we know he is well up to this class. Perfective is fancied somewhat, and a chance of some sort can be made out for Lion Courage and Perthshire Lad. I think we could, with some confidence, give another chance to

LITTLETHORPE.

George Poole finds at least one good 'chaser each season, and Knight of Knockeevan, once the champion hurdler, makes this year no exception to the rule. He came out as a 'chaser at the January meeting here, and won quite easily from a good field, showing that he has had excellent schooling on the Lewes downs, and should do well in the Spring Steeplechase. Gay Light is another who has done well over hurdles, so that if he has the necessary jumping skill he will certainly have the speed. Latest Joke can improve on his fencing, and Delapaix may do much better later. I choose

KNIGHT OF KNOCKEEVAN.

The Open Hunters' Steeplechase is another of those events in which luck counts most. One needs to be on a horse who keeps out of the way of the bad fencers; for they can cause such a lot of interference.

SHILLING

ought to win if he gets a clear run throughout the three miles, and I select him in the hope he will get ordinary luck. Minstrel Boy, Broadwas and Saratoga are others who have proved good fencing ability over park courses.

LE TOREADOR,

who won in impressive fashion at Sandown Park a few days ago, has one or two useful horses to beat in the Theale Moderate Plate—horses such as Mustard Club and Steeplejack—but latest form is usually best to follow in this sort of race.

Good fields will be out at Haydock Park. In the Haydock Handicap Steeplechase I choose

FRANCOLINO,

a much better 'chaser this season than ever before, who has Nincompoop to fear mostly. The latter has also improved a lot in the last six months.

HAYDOCK PROGRAMME.

TO-DAY'S SELECTIONS.

Aston Hurdle—**Welsh Chieftain.**
Thursday Steeplechase—**Tallow Knight.**
Haydock Steeplechase—**Francolino.**
Stewards' Hurdle—**Black Pointer** (nap).
Lodge Steeplechase—**Minto Crag.**
Amateurs' Hurdle—**Ashridge.**

2.15 — ASHTON HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs. 2 m. Age. st. lb.
WELSH CHIEFTAIN (Capt. Bethell) Renton a 11 6
MARRIAGE SETTLEMENT (Capt. Portman) Clark 5 11 5
PENNY FARTHING (Lady Samman) Renton 4 11 3
MINGLED (Mr. A. T. Threlfell) Threlfell 4 11 2
LUCKY JACK (Sir E. Bushby) H. Harrison 5 11 0
GIANE (Mr. G. W. Davies) ...J. Harper 5 11 0
BELL BOY (Mr. F. Norie-Miller) McGuigan 4 10 6
(The above have arrived.)
DICK BUSH (Mr. C. Allen) ...W. Payne a 12 7
ARDGLASS (Mr. R. J. Norbury) Cockton a 11 9
RESULT (Miss D. Paget) ......Briscoe 5 11 6
KEMMEL (Mr. H. Deterding) R. Payne a 11 2
MR. FLIM (Dr. D. A. Wilson) ...Dutton a 11 2
THEOLINPIP (Sir L. Parkinson) Coulthwaite a 10 10
HUNTING TOWER (Mr. H. Brown) Owner a 10 3

2.40 — THURSDAY SELLING HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. 2 m. Age st. lb.
MARTIAN (Mr. E. Baker) ......Lefebve a 12 6
BROWN SIMON (Mr. Whitelaw) Whitelaw a 12 3
TALLOW KNIGHT (Mr. H. H. Rose) Rose a 11 10
PARTING SHOT (Mr. G. Dixon) Easterby a 11 5
STUDENT PRINCE (Mr. H. Stockdale) L. Ward a 11 4
(The above have arrived.)
PRINCE OF ATHENS (Mr. G. Whitelaw) ......Whitelaw a 12 7
RENDER (Dr. J. Cumming)...D. Young a 11 5
WEST CURRAGH (Sir J. Grey) Barthropp a 11 0
STYLO (Mr. R. Park)............Renton 6 10 9
WHITE WINTER (Mr. Greenwood) Bullock a 10 9
BRUCEHAVEN (Col. E. Crawford) J. Fergusson a 10 6
MEYERLING Mr. R. Humphris) Humphris a 10 6
TAMPION (Mr. E. G. Pease) H. Brown a 10 5
BOSTON COTTAGE (Sir John Grey) Barthropp a 10 5
EMPIRE SINGER (Mr. A. C. Johnson) Private a 10 0

3.10 — HAYDOCK HANDICAP 'CHASE of 125 sovs. 3 m. Age st. lb.
BELHECTOR (Lt.-Col. H. E. Joicey) Wight a 11 13
HALF AND HALF (5lb. ex.) (Mr. A. Blake) ......A. Blake 6 10 12
LOWBROW (Mr. R. W. Simpson) J. Harper 6 10 11
(The above have arrived.)
GLENHAZEL (Mrs. J. C. Lewis) Hall a 12 7
MILK PUNCH (Mr. Whitelaw) Whitelaw a 12 4
SLATER (Mr. G. S. Whitelaw) Whitelaw a 12 1
MERRIMENT IV. (Lord Haddington) Wight a 12 0
APOSTASY (Lady Lindsay) ... Private a 11 11
FRANCOLINO (Mr. T. L. Parke) Cockton a 11 9
OLD FRUIT (Mr. A. F. Moralee) J. Harper a 11 6
NINCOMPOOP (5lb. ex.) (Lord Portman) ......Pease a 11 6
BALLYBRACK (Lt.-Col. R. Tweedie) Wight a 11 5
KARAMAN (Mr. Johnson) E. Johnson a 11 4
TORELEY (Mrs. S. Barrett) ... Lyde 6 10 10
OXCLOSE (Mr. A. Hall Watt) Renton a 10 8
PATRON SAINT (Mr. J. Metcalfe) H. Harrison a 10 7
PER CENT. (Mr. P. Finch) ... Private a 10 5
BATH CHAP (Sir G. Congreve) Congreve a 10 3
ROYAL WARDEN (Mr. J. Paterson) Paterson 6 10 0

3.40 — STEWARDS' SELLING HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs. 2 m. Age st. lb.
FRIARVINE (Mr. A. Saunders) F. G. Taylor a 11 2
ANDROS (Lord Ellesmere) M. Peacock 5 10 12
ROSENKAVALIER (Mrs. E. Lascelles) Beeby 4 10 7
(The above have arrived.)
TIDE TABLE (Mr. F. W. Dennis) F. Brown 5 11 13
TIBETAN PRINCE (Sir F. Freake) F. Brown 5 11 13
ARGOS LAD (Mr. W. Carr) ... Carr a 11 12
SOUTHAM (Mr. R. C. Humphris) Humphris a 11 12
LIMOUSINE (Mr. C. H. Lees) Dutton a 11 12
BLACK POINTER (Mr. E. Knowles) Private 5 11 8
GLOMACH (Sir K. Fraser) ......Fraser 4 11 3
ROYAL PILGRIM (Mrs. M. Field) H. Brown 6 11 2
ENCHI (Mrs. L. W. S. Long) Briscoe 6 11 2
GOLDEN WONDER (Mr. R. Morel) Roberts a 11 2
WALDORF (Mrs. M. Rimell) ... Rimell a 11 2
JACK O' GLEN (Mr. A. S.-Bingham) Pease 6 11 2
TUFFAN (Mr. W. H. Thorpe) Easterby a 11 2
VINCENT (Mr. E. Waring) A. Blake 6 11 2
YEN (Capt. W. P. Ahern) ... Bullock 5 10 12
VICEROSE (Mr. R. Blake) A. Blake 5 10 12
VANAMEE (Mr. P. Cazalet) H. Whiteman 5 10 12
VANISHING CREAM (Mr. H. Dennis) D. Rogers 5 10 12
STAR BOUND (Mr. R. Park) Renton 5 10 12
ARTUS (Lady Warrender) ... H. Brown 5 10 12
CECIAS (Mr. H. Clifton) ...... Ancil 4 10 7
TOGETHER (Col. Crawford) J. Fergusson 4 10 7
WARGIL (Mr. F. E. S. Groves) Cooke 4 10 7
PAULUS (Mr. H. S. Harrison) H. Harrison 4 10 7
HAYSTACK (Mr. R. Pratt) ... Renton 4 10 7

4.10 — LODGE STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. 2 m. Age. st. lb.
MINTO CRAG (Mrs. Common) J. Harper a 12 1
DRILL BOOK (Mr. A. B. Briscoe) Briscoe 6 11 10
RED MIST (Mr. C. J. F. Platt) J. Harper a 11 10
RAZMAK (Mrs. H. Black) ......Harvey 6 11 10
BEE BEE (Mrs. N. Field) ......Storie 5 11 7
ARC DE TRIOMPHE (Mr. Hall) J. Hall 5 11 7
(The above have arrived.)
LOVING MEMORY (Sir E. Bushby) H. Harrison 5 11 11
PEER GYNT (Mr. A. Buston) W. Payne 6 11 10
WEST CURRAGH (Sir J. Grey) Barthropp a 11 10
HERODE BRIDGE (Maj. I. Straker) Wight a 11 10
KING OF JAZZ (Mr. Watt) ......Watt 6 11 10
ATTEMPTED (Mr. G. Whitelaw) Whitelaw 6 11 10
CAPSTAN BAR (Capt. Broughton) Pease 5 11 7
MITZI (Mr. J. P. Hollowell) J. B. Wilson 5 11 7
MYRRDIN (Mr. Hall Watt) Hall Watt 5 11 7
SALISBURY ROW (Mr. A. White) Smallwood 5 11 7
WARDLAW (Mr. H. A. Brown) H. Brown 4 10 7

4.35 — AMATEUR RIDERS' HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs. 2 m. Age st. lb.
SOBRINO (Mr. F. S. C. Usher) ...Wight a 12 6
BLIGHTED (5lb. ex.) (Capt. Wilson) Storie 5 12 0
SLEDGE (Mr. K. J. Robson) J. Harper 6 11 7
GOWAN LODGE (Mr J. Cadman) Dutton a 11 6
LYNDLEY (Mr. R. Renton)......Renton 6 11 2
(The above have arrived.)
FIDDLER (Mr. J. S. Wight)......Wight a 12 13
SAMOHT (Mr. V. Hobbs)......V. Hobbs 4 11 7
SHINING JEWEL (Mr. Kitcat)......Lyde 6 11 4
ARGOS LAD (Mr. W. Carr)......Carr a 11 3
ASHRIDGE (Mr. L. L. Davidson)......Boyd 6 10 11
ALL SMOKE (Mr. W. F. Astor)...Private 5 10 11
CULLDEE (Mr. R. Renton)......Renton 5 10 11
ARTUS (Lady Warrender)......H. Brown 5 10 10
BETTY'S JAP (Mr. F. Baker) ...Private a 10 10
IRISH MONARCH (Mr. A. Dawes) Dawes a 10 10
HUNTING TOWER (Mr. H. Brown) Owner a 10 10
ROYAL GREY (Mr. Wheelwright) Rose 6 10 10
LONGMYND LAD (Mr. H. Deterding) R. Payne a 10 10

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

Two Thousand Guineas Stakes, Newmarket, Epsom Derby, and Doncaster St. Leger—Arcature at 9 a.m. yesterday.

Hastings Stakes, Newmarket, and Sledmere Plate, York—Arcature.

National Hunt Handicap Steeplechase, Cheltenham—Trocadero.

Troytown Steeplechase, Lingfield Park, Grand Allies Steeplechase, Manchester, and Champion Steeplechase, Liverpool—Jack Drummer.

Lansdown Selling Hurdle, Cheltenham—Huron.

NEWBURY PROGRAMME.

2.0 — READING SELLING HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 150 sovs. Age st. lb.
KING LOUIS (Miss D. Paget) ...Briscoe a 12 7
FIANNA II. (Mr. R. H. Warden) I. Anthony a 12 2
RELATION (Capt. J. B. Powell)...Powell a 12 0
CHEVIOTDALE (Mrs. Imbert Terry) Rayson a 11 12
MERCURY (Mrs. S. Savile) ...J. Beary a 11 12
SONNY (Maj. W. Newland Hillas) Gosden a 11 12
KAFFIR CORN (Mr. F. E. Peek) ...Hurt a 11 9
STOW HILL (Mrs. C. Jones) ...Roberts a 11 8
KING SOLOMON (Mr. H. Hedges) Hedges a 11 7
CAMP BED (Mrs. Peirse-Duncombe) Powell a 11 7
SUNBRONZE (Mrs. S. Savile) ...Hedges a 11 7
DERELICT (Mrs. C. Cowen) ...Gilbert a 10 13
UPPER DECK (Mr. R. Gooch) ...Private a 10 9
SPORTING CLUB (Mr. H. L. Thomas) V. Hobbs a 10 9
CRAGSMAN II. (Mr. J. Bensted) G. Langlands a 10 9
FAIR DUCHESS (Mr. F. Walwyn) Gubbins a 10 7
LION D'ANGERS (Mrs. H. C. Swain) Thrale 6 10 7
CONSEQUENCE (Mr. W. T. Ancil) Ancil a 10 3
TAMPION (Mr. E. G. Pease)...H. Brown a 10 0
GLENGUBBLE (Mr. A. D. Taylor) Gubbins 5 10 0

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
022	RELATION ......W. Parvin	7/1
200	CHEVIOTDALE ......G. Hardy	100/8
200	SONNY ......W. Stott	5/1
020	KAFFIR CORN ......F. Gurney	10/1
331	STOW HILL ......D. Morgan	3/1
402	DERELICT ......Mr. Payne Gallwey	100/30
430	UPPER DECK ......E. Taylor	100/6
020	SPORTING CLUB ......F. Maxwell	100/6
101	CRAGSMAN II. ......M. Feakes	9/2
003	FAIR DUCHESS ......Mr. F. Walwyn	100/6

2.30 — LAMBOURN SELLING HURDLE RACE of 150 sovs. 2 m. Age st. lb.
BROKEN ICE (Mr. G. B. Bates) Thrale a 11 10
ADVENTURESS (Sir A. Butt) Woodland 6 11 10
SABRE (Mr. R. W. Daniel) J. Beary a 11 10
CHIPS (Mr. E. Davis) ...... Roberts 6 11 10
ROI DES ENFERS (Mr. E. Delfosse) W. Bennett a 11 10
DODABETTA (Mr. G. Duller) Duller a 11 10
NOSIAMAS (Mr. G. Duller) ... Duller a 11 10
PLOT (Mrs. J. M. Gosden) ... Gosden a 11 10
TWELFTH NIGHT (Mr. J. Jones) J. Scott 6 11 10
BALLYHALBERT (Mr. T. H. Lloyd) Thrale 6 11 10
BOB STONE (Mr. R. E. Morel) Roberts a 11 10
SIR CRISPEN (Miss Paget) ... Briscoe a 11 10
NESTORIAN (Mrs. S. Savile) J. Beary a 11 10
NORMAN ABBOT (Mr. Walton) Butchers a 11 10
YOUNG BUCK (Mr. R. Warden) I. Anthony a 11 10
CAMROSE (Mrs. V. Atkinson) Atkinson 5 11 6
PUTITRITE (Mr. A. J. Bridgeman) Private 5 11 6
TIDE TABLE (Mr. F. W. Dennis) F. Brown 5 11 6
KOTA KOTA (Mr. C. S. Green) Cox 5 11 6
TRAPPER (Miss D. Paget) ... Briscoe 5 11 6
HIGH EASTER (Mr. H. Simmonds) Dick 5 11 6
PRIDDY HILL (Mr. G. Todd) G. Todd 5 11 6
GOLDEN NORRIS (Mr. E. C. Wheeler) B. Rogers 5 11 6
EADWARD (Mrs. F. A. Clark) R. Hobbs 4 10 10
LISALOT (Mr. D. A. Jackson) Powell 4 10 10
SWANK (Mr. A. M. T. James) Powell 4 10 10

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
420	ADVENTURESS ......W. Stott	7/1
0	SABRE ......——	7/1
102	DODABETTA ......W. Speck	6/4
043	TWELFTH NIGHT ......R. Mason	10/1
200	BOB STONE ......D. Morgan	8/1
434	NORMAN ABBOT ......——	100/8
110	YOUNG BUCK ......Owner	6/1
01	TIDE TABLE ......——	5/1
0	LISALOT ......E. Brown	100/6
000	ROI DES ENFERS ......——	100/6
000	PRIDDY HILL ......J. B. Jones	8/1

3.0 — SPRING STEEPLECHASE of 400 sovs. 2 m. 50 yds. Age st. lb.
KNIGHT OF KNOCKEEVAN (Mr. A. R. McAlpine) Poole a 12 7
D'EYNCOURT (Mr. F. W. Dennis) F. Brown 6 11 12
GAY LIGHT (Mrs. Crossman) R. Adams a 11 12
TAPINOIS (Mr. F. E. Peek) ......Hurt 6 11 12
GALLIC (Capt. R. de la Rue) ......Law 6 11 12
BOLDERO (Maj. H. P. Rushton) Rimell a 11 12
LATEST JOKE (Mrs. J. Russell) T. R. Leader a 11 12
REYNOLDSTOWN (Maj. N. Furlong) Furlong a 11 12
BROWN BALL (Maj. J. Evans) Woodland 6 11 12
BLAZE (Sir E. Wills) ......Nugent 5 11 10
NEWS ITEM (Mr. S. G. Freeman) Thrale 6 11 7
MORE AND MORE (Mr. Henderson) Thrale a 11 7
MALMSEY BUTT (Mrs. H. Hollins) W. Payne 6 11 7
BLUE BUTTON (Mrs. Huntington) Gubbins 6 11 7
DROSS (Capt. A. Stanley Wilson) Storie 6 11 7
JOURNEY'S END (Mr. W. J. Waldron) P. Beary a 11 7
BOUQIN (Mr. E. Bailey)............Blair 6 11 7
RED TOY (Mr. F. H. Bowcher) Private a 11 7
WAUKOO (Mr. A. E. Berry) F. Morgan 4 11 5
SEA LORD (Mr. G. Padley) C. Langlands 5 11 5
DELAPAIX (Mr. J. B. Snow)......Beeby 5 11 5
KILTOI (Mr. P. Woodland)...Woodland 5 11 5
SANCTUM (Sir H. Wernher) I. Anthony 5 11 0
DUSKY CHIEF (Mr. V. Smith) Beeby 5 11 0
OUDENARDE (Mrs. G. Sneyd)......Sneyd 5 11 0
TSAREVITCH (Mr. G. Vallance) Vallance 4 10 5
KNOCKVADIE (Mr. H. Ewing) Forwood 4 10 0
WESTERLANDS (Lord Woolavington) F. Hartigan 4 10 0

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
231	KNIGHT OF KNOCKEEVAN ......D. Morgan	3/1
241	GAY LIGHT ......——	8/1
012	BOLDERO ......G. Owen	9/2
120	LATEST JOKE ......F. Fish	7/1
00	NEWS ITEM ......Mr. F. Cundell	20/1
340	MORE AND MORE ......W. Hollick	20/1
02	MALMSEY BUTT ......J. Fawcus	10/1
234	DELAPAIX ......C. Keeble	100/8
004	KILTOI ......W. Parvin	20/1
002	SANCTUM ......R. Burford	7/1
030	DUSKY CHIEF ......J. Moloney	100/7
002	OUDENARDE ......R. Everett	100/7

3.30 — GREENHAM HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 400 sovs. 2 m. Age st. lb.
FREE FARE (10lb. ex.) (Mr. B. Warner) Gwilt 6 12 13
INSURANCE (Miss Paget)........Briscoe a 12 7
FLAMING (Mr. G. H. Bostwick) I. Anthony a 12 4
SONG OF ESSEX (Sir H. Nugent) Nugent a 12 1
LAST OF THE DANDIES (Mr. J. Rank) W. Payne a 11 12
DELAGLACE (Mr. J. B. Snow) ...Beeby 5 11 7
KING STORK (Ld. C. Montagu) R. Adams 6 11 5
THE BROWN TALISMAN (Mr. M. Stephens) Blair a 11 1
LION COURAGE (Wing-Comdr. Read) Read 6 10 11
LITTLETHORPE (Mr. R. Renton) Renton 6 10 11
AND HOW (Sir C. Pulley)......Butchers 5 10 9
SIR CRISPEN (Miss Paget)......Briscoe a 10 8
ADVANCER (Mr Wilmot) W. Nightingall a 10 8
PERFECTIVE (Mrs. Mundy) D. Harrison a 10 7
MASKED KNIGHT II. (Mr. G. Bostwick) I. Anthony 5 10 6
ORCHESTRATION (Mrs. M. Stephens) Blair 4 10 0
JACK GRANGE (Ld. Stalbridge) Stalbridge 5 10 0
PERTHSHIRE LAD (Mr. J. Bird) McGregor a 10 0

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
010	LAST OF THE DANDIES W. Fawcus	4/1
104	DELAGLACE ......J. Moloney	100/8
102	KING STORK ......S. Ingham	8/1
432	THE BROWN TALISMAN Sir Peter Grant Lawson	10/1
040	LION COURAGE ......W. Parvin	100/8
110	LITTLETHORPE ......W. Stott	6/1
101	AND HOW ......D. Butchers	5/2
201	PERFECTIVE ......W. Speck	6/1
000	MASKED KNIGHT II. ...D. Morgan	20/1
030	ORCHESTRATION Mr. Payne Gallwey	20/1
232	PERTHSHIRE LAD ......H. Haley	100/8

Insurance, Flaming, Song of Essex, Sir Crispen, and Advancer do not run.

4.0 — OPEN HUNTERS' (Amateur Riders) STEEPLECHASE of 200 sovs. 3 m. Age. st. lb.
BROADWAS (Mr. A. G. Bazley) R. Bennett a 12 13
WALES II. (Mr. P. Curtis) ......Barrett a 12 10
MINSTREL BOY (Maj. Rushton) Rimell a 12 10
THE WHITE RAMBLER (Maj. J. Combe) Private a 12 3
EVOLUTION (Mr. L. Stoddard) I. Anthony a 12 3
LEWES (Mr. L. Partridge) ...Private a 12 3
NEWTOWN BOY (Capt. H. Campbell) Gubbins a 12 3
SHAH III. (Mr. R. Lowenstein) Private a 11 13
RED RUFUS II. (Miss Paget) Briscoe a 11 13
LOPPY LAD (Mr. Weaving) J. Anthony a 11 13
ALEXENA (Mr. J. A. Redman) Rimell a 11 8
PRIMROSE KNIGHT (Capt. R. M. Fanshawe) ......Woodland a 11 8
SARATOGA (Mr. J. Scrimjeour) Cramsie a 11 8
LONDON WALL (Mr. T. Baker) Private 6 11 3
CINDER TRACK (Sir E. Bowring) Gilbert a 11 3
MISCHIEF II. (Mr. C. B. Chartres) R. Bennett a 11 3
GAY FELLOW (Mr. J. N. Clegg) Private a 11 3
RATHVALE (Mr. R. Daubeny) ...Barrett a 11 3
SHOREMAN (Capt. H. Ford)...Woodland a 11 3
EDGAR III. (Mr. N. P. Foster) Private a 11 3
SHILLING (Mr. F. C. Furlong) Furlong a 11 3
SILVER CLARION (Mr. W. Gray) Private 6 11 3
MIGHTY ATOM (Miss M. Lark)...Private a 11 3
SHADY LAKE (Mrs. Higgins) H. Whiteman a 11 3
ICE RINK (Lord Lovat) ......I. Anthony a 11 3
SILVER GILL (Maj. H. Lumsden) Thrale a 11 3
INNISFREE (Mr. J. V. Rank) ...Evans 6 11 3
EBON KNIGHT (Maj. Rushton) Rushton a 11 3
HARELAND (Mr. R. Strutt) C. Beechener a 11 3
SOUTHERN VALE (Mr. Thomas) Beeby a 11 3
TOWER OF BABEL (Mr. F. Whetstone) Private a 11 3
ROD AND GUN (Mr. J. Whitney) J. Anthony a 11 3
PERSEVERANCE II. (Mr. B. Mills) Private 5 10 8

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
021	MINSTREL BOY ......——	9/2
010	SHAH III. ......——	20/1
210	LOPPY LAD ......Mr. Russell	8/1
001	BROADWAS ......——	5/1
010	SARATOGA ......——	10/1
330	MISCHIEF II. ......——	20/1
3	GAY FELLOW ...Capt. Pryor Palmer	8/1
342	RATHVALE ......——	20/1
010	SHOREMAN ......Mr. F. Cundell	100/8
401	SHILLING ......Mr. F. Furlong	100/30
000	SHADY LAKE ......Mr. E. Paget	20/1
00	INNISFREE ......——	20/1
103	EBON KNIGHT ......Mr. G. Wood	100/8
	HARELAND ......Mr. F. Walwyn	20/1
400	SOUTHERN VALE ......Owner	20/1
000	ROD AND GUN ......Mr. H. Jones	100/7

4.30 — THEALE MODERATE HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 200 sovs. 2 m. Age st. lb.
CAHIRCIVEEN (Mrs. R. V. McKim) I. Anthony a 12 5
SWANLAKE BAY (Mr. C. C. Williams) D. Harrison a 12 2
DREAM WATER (Mr. W. J. Arrowsmith) Arrowsmith 5 12 0
TOM TIT III. (Mrs. V. D. Sainsbury) Holland 6 12 0
THANOS (Mr. Z. G. Michalinos) I. Anthony 4 11 7
STEEPLEJACK (Mr. F. Ambrose Clark) I. Anthony 5 11 7
MUSTARD CLUB (Mr. O. B. Colls) Woodland a 11 5
BRIGHT CLOUD (Mr. E. Burry) Private 5 10 11
LE TOREADOR (7lb. ex.) (Mr. B. Warner) ......O. Anthony 4 10 9
BLACK DUNCAN (Mr. G. M. King) King 4 10 9
CIDER PRINCE (Mr. J. D. Robertson) Rimell 5 10 9
EASTERN SPELL (Mr. S. Savile) Snow 5 10 9
ASTRAHAM (Mr. R. McAlpine) ...Poole 5 10 8
THE LYNX (Capt. D. Norton)...Barrett 6 10 8
SERENITA (Mr. H. S. Broom) J. Beary 4 10 7
DOUBLE GLOSTER (Mr. F. C. Minoprio) East 4 10 7
THEOLINPIP (Sir Lindsay Parkinson) Coulthwaite a 10 7
RIVERDALE (Mrs. Broomfield) W. Nightingall 4 10 5
GLITTER MAC (Capt. R. M. Thompson) Thompson 6 10 2
SON OF SIN (Mr. P. Hands) ...J. Wood 4 10 0
OO-ER (Mr. J. C. Solomon) ...J. Reardon 4 10 0
EMPRESS EUGENIE (Mr. R. Gubbins) Gubbins a 10 0

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
	CAHIRCIVEEN ......E. Williams	8/1
	THANOS ......R. Matthews	10/1
040	STEEPLEJACK ......D. Morgan	6/1
b13	MUSTARD CLUB ......W. Parvin	3/1
402	BRIGHT CLOUD ......Mr. G. Burry	7/1
001	LE TOREADOR ......G. Pellerin	2/1
000	THE LYNX ......——	100/6
000	DOUBLE GLOSTER ......H. East	100/6
00	SERENITA ......——	100/6
003	RIVERSDALE ......J. Marshall	100/8
000	GLITTER MAC ......J. Hamey	100/6

TO-DAY'S SELECTIONS.

Reading Steeplechase—**Derelict.**
Lambourn Hurdle—**Dodabetta** (nap).
Spring Steeplechase—**Knight of Knockeevan**
Greenham Hurdle—**Littlethorpe.**
Open Hunters' Steeplechase—**Shilling.**
Theale Hurdle—**Le Toreador.**

TO-DAY'S DOUBLE.

Dodabetta (Newbury) and **Black Pointer** (Haydock).

NEWBURY RESULTS.

2.0—BERKSHIRE SELLING HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 150 sovs. 2 m.
Mr. B. Dollar's br. c. REVLIS, by Silver Image—Lady Bessa, 5, 10-11 ...... T. Isaac 1
Mr. A. J. Bridgeman's CAPTAIN GINGER, 5, 10-2 ...... G. Flippance 2
Mr. R. E. Morel's OLIVER'S CORNER, 4, 10-1 ...... W. Stott 3

Also ran—Yare (Mr. L. Cornelius), Dust (L. Tidey), Baltic (Mr. H. Jones), Gypsy II. (R. Everett), Jukwa (E. Williams), Wandering Wing (J. Goswell), Bright Armour (M. Feakes), Come Again (W. Parvin), Result (G. Pellerin), Russet (W. Speck), Provocative (W. Hollick), Timmy Tiptoes (E. C. Brown), Green Wheat (R. Hayton), Wolfe Tone (E. C. Taylor), Douanier (D. Martin). Off 2.2. (Winner trained by W. Payne.)

Betting—100 to 30 agst. Jukwa, 7 to 2 Russet, 11 to 2 REVLIS, 7 to 1 each Dust and Bright Armour, 8 to 1 each Provocative, Gypsy II. and Oliver's Corner, 10 to 1 Wolfe Tone, 100 to 7 Result, 100 to 6 Wandering Wing, 25 to 1 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 34/3; places, 12/3, 28/9, 8/-.
Won by three lengths; a head. Gypsy II. was fourth and Wolfe Tone last.

2.30—SWINDON SELLING STEEPLECHASE of 150 sovs. About 2 m. 50 yds.
Mrs. J. M. Gosden's b. g. SAUCY BOY, by Sky Rocket—Grandeur, a, 12-3 ...... G. Hardy 1
Mr. R. H. Warden's FIANNA II., a, 11-12 ...... R. Burford, junior 2
Mr. J. Lezard's PARTHENON, a, 11-12 ...... Mr. J. Lezard 3

Also ran—Gib (W. Stott), Nigger Minstrel III. (J. Hamey), Plaster of Paris (Mr. R. Petre), Oselle (T. Elder). Off 2.31. (Winner trained by Gosden.)

Betting—7 to 4 agst. SAUCY BOY, 5 to 2 Gib, 7 to 1 each Fianna II., Parthenon and Plaster of Paris, 100 to 6 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 6/-; places, 3/6, 3/6, 3/6.
Won by six lengths; a head. Gib was fourth and Oselle last.

3.0—FEBRUARY HURDLE RACE of 400 sovs. 2 m.
Prince Aly Khan's b. g. WITCH DOCTOR II., by Pondoland—Goddess of Mirth, 6, 11-12 ...... W. Speck 1
Mrs. C. Rich's GLENHEIRESS, 4, 11-0 ...... J. Marshall 2
Mrs. F. A. Clark's ON POST, 6, 11-3 ...... D. Morgan 3

Also ran—Pinnacle (W. Parvin), La Becassine (Mr. Payne-Gallwey), Free Shadow (T. Rimell), Dacoit (J. Fawcus). Off 3.2. (Winner trained by Duller.)

Betting—15 to 8 agst. On Post, 9 to 4 WITCH DOCTOR II., 5 to 1 Free Shadow, 7 to 1 each Dacoit and Glenheiress, 10 to 1 Pinnacle, 20 to 1 La Becassine.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 7/3; places, 3/-, 4/3, 3/-.
Won by two lengths; five lengths. Dacoit was fourth and La Becassine last.

3.30—NEWBURY STEEPLECHASE, a handicap of 500 sovs. 3 m.
Mr. S. Wootton's b. g. FOUQUET, by Grey Fox II.—Toutoune, a, 10-8 ...... G. Hardy 1
Mrs. F. A. Clark's KELLSBORO' JACK, a, 12-0 ...... D. Morgan 2
Major N. Furlong's REYNOLDSTOWN, a, 11-8 ...... Mr. F. Furlong 3

Also ran—Coolinolagh (W. Kidney), Prince Cherry (Mr. F. Walwyn), Alpine Hut (Mr. R. Harding), Lone Eagle II. (J. Hamey), Annandale (Mr. Payne-Gallwey), Jack Drummer (T. Elder). Off 3.30. (Winner trained by Blair.)

Betting—5 to 4 agst. Kellsboro' Jack, 7 to 2 Lone Eagle II., 10 to 1 each Reynoldstown, Prince Cherry and Alpine Hut, 100 to 7 FOUQUET or any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 39/3; places, 7/-, 2/6, 4/-.
Won by a neck; eight lengths. Lone Eagle II. was fourth and Prince Cherry last.

4.0—AMATEURS' HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 200 sovs. 3 m.
Mr. B. Warner's ch. g. BAGLEY WOOD, by Herodote—Merry Maker, 6, 12-1 ...... Mr. F. Cundell 1
Miss Leigh's WHINCOVER, 6, 12-1 ...... Mr. R. Harding 2
Major J. Evans's LITTLE BLACKBIRD, a, 10-3 ...... Mr. M. Little 3

Also ran:—Sans-Changer (Mr. F. Walwyn), Choriambic (Major H. Misa), Honey Lomond (Mr. G. Shakerley), Isfandiar (Mr. H. Frogley), Lord Nugent (Mr. Payne Gallwey), Ballyscanlon (Mr. L. Cornelius), Olijaco (Mr. Bissill), Tarbouch II. (Mr. J. Tweed), Ross Bridge (Mr. H. Jones). Off 4.0. (Winner trained by O. Anthony.)

Betting—11 to 4 agst. BAGLEY WOOD, 5 to 1 each Sans Changer and Lord Nugent, 8 to 1 each Olijaco and Little Blackbird, 10 to 1 each Whincover, Honey Lomond and Choriambic, 20 to 1 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 9/3; places, 4/3, 9/3, 5/9.
Won by eight lengths; six lengths. Sans Changer was fourth and Tarbouch II. last.

4.30—WEYHILL HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 250 sovs. About 2 m. 50 yds.
Mrs. K. Shennan's b. g. BOWMINT, by Sprig o' Mint—Bolane, a, 11-7...Mr. Payne Gallwey 1
Mr. G. H. Bostwick's ROAD AGENT, a, 10-7 ...... D. Morgan 2
Mr. J. V. Rank's LE FORTIUM, 5, 11-12 ...... J. Fawcus 3

Also ran:—Flambent (W. Stott), Really True (Mr. F. Furlong), The Spider (Mr. F. Walwyn), Lynton (W. Parvin), Golliwology (T. Morgan), Pride of Avon (C. Mallon), Ottawa (G. Owen). Off 4.30. (Winner trained by Gubbins.)

Betting—5 to 4 agst. Le Fortium, 6 to 1 Flambent, 7 to 1 Road Agent, 10 to 1 each Lynton, Ottawa, Pride of Avon and The Spider, 100 to 8 each BOWMINT and Golliwology, 20 to 1 Really True.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 33/3; places, 7/-, 5/-, 3/3.
Won by six lengths; two lengths. Pride of Avon was fourth and Really True last.

TOTALISATOR DAILY DOUBLE (10/- stake)—Witch Doctor II. and Bagley Wood. Dividend, £6 16/-. Pool, £1,402 10/-. 185 winning tickets.

HUNTING.

KILDARE HOUNDS.

On Tuesday the field was hospitably entertained at Millicent before moving off to draw the Screens, which did not hold. However, a fox was quickly away from Landenstown, and hounds hunted him at a nice pace towards Digby Bridge, where they crossed the road, and, keeping the canal on their left, ran through Waterstown in the direction of Castle Keely covert, which they kept on their right, and ran on down to the river Liffey, where they lost after 25 minutes.

Finding again in Yeomanstown, hounds went away towards the river, but, turning right-handed, they crossed the railway just in front of a train, which, fortunately, was stopped in time, and they carried on to Waters' Farm, where scent failed. Osberstown was next tried, but scent was now very bad, and hounds were only able to proceed slowly down to the canal opposite Oldtown and back to the covert. From Coolmoonan they ran slowly towards the Dublin-Carlow road, which they crossed into Killashea, where scent failed.

WEXFORD HOUNDS.

The Wexford Hounds were at home to their south-western neighbours, the Waterford, on Friday, 16th. A very large field assembled at Ballykerogue Cross to meet Mr. Richard Russell and his pack. He arrived sharp to time, supported by what proved to be a hard riding contingent of his followers, and it is pleasing to record that their sporting effort was rewarded by an excellent day's sport. Mr. Murphy's small gorse at Ballykerogue Cross proved blank, but subsequently this sportsman's "stopping operations" yielded first-rate results. When hounds arrived at Kentsknock none but a confirmed optimist could hope for a hunt. The roads were clotted with motor cars and bicycles and the fences stacked with spectators, all eager to see the "strange dogs." Nevertheless, a fox was on foot at once, and hounds soon drove him out on the north side and he went away through Ballysop to the upper road where he was headed, and then turned sharply left-handed, a manœuvre which had the effect of deploying the large field on almost a half mile front, and this gave the thrusters elbow-room. Hounds ran hard through Whitechurch and Alderton into Pilltown Wood, where the fox was not persisted with.

The next draw was the Sand Pits, and as the pack were being put in a fox was viewed away. He was seen to swing left-handed, and hounds were quickly taken out of covert and put on good terms with their fox without delay. Two things were apparent at once—scent was excellent and the objective was the heather-covered crest of Slieve Coiltha, about three miles distant. With sound banks, dry going, but collar-work all the way, the pack never faltered and reached the heather after a good gallop of 20 minutes. From here the field could be seen tailed off for nearly a mile, with the sun glistening on a number of empty saddles. Hounds continued to hunt at a fast pace over the top and continued right-handed into the covert at Bailyverogue where a brace of fresh foxes were on foot. After some delay hounds were got away towards the Black Knocks, approaching which they were at fault. A fox from the Black Knocks left in the Carnagh direction and, swinging left-handed, skirted Hillview and crossing the new line, ran through Ballyverogue to the mountain. Aclamon bogs failed to hold, and thus ended an unusually pleasant day for all concerned.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.

WARD UNION.

February.	Meet.	Hour.
Saturday, 24th	Rathgate	1.30

THE KILDARE.

To-day	Ballyhook Gate	11.0
Saturday, 24th	Tiermoghan	11.0

THE MEATH.

To-day	Slane Castle	11.0
Friday, 23rd	Batterstown	11.0

LOUTH HOUNDS—March—Saturday, 3rd, Smarmore Castle; Tuesday, 6th, Beaulieu; Friday, 9th, Aclint; Monday, 12th, Glenmore; Thursday, 15th, Point-to-Point; Friday, 16th, Barmeath; Wednesday, 21st, Julianstown; Saturday, 24th, Travellers' Rest; Wednesday, 28th, Ardcath (11.30); Saturday, 31st, Grangegeeth. April—Wednesday, 4th, Mooretown. At 11 o'clock.

CARLOW HOUNDS—February—Saturday, 24th, Fighting Cocks (11 a.m.); Tuesday, 27th, Rathmore Park (11 a.m.). March—Saturday, 3rd, Ballykealy (11.30)

HAYDOCK RESULTS.

2.15—ST. HELEN'S HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs. 2 m.
Mrs. J. Shand's br. g. SANS ESPOIR, by Sansovino—Double Quick, a, 11-13 ...S. Magee 1
Mr. J. A. Phillips's OLD IRELAND, 4, 9-11 ...... M. Pringle 2
Mr. H. Marshall's ARMLET, 4, 9-11 A. Ireson 3

Also ran—En Garde (J. Moloney), Crackaberry (K. Piggott), Herodora (Mr. R. Glynn Hughes), Sam Cook (J. Richardson), Lady Gossip (J. Walsh), Julia Mannering (R. Lyall), Timbuc (J. Lynn, jun.), Levenside (E. Foster). Off 2.19. (Winner trained by Bullock.)

Betting—9 to 4 each agst. SANS ESPOIR and En Garde, 9 to 2 Old Ireland, 8 to 1 each Sam Cook and Levenside, 10 to 1 Lady Gossip, 100 to 6 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 8/9; places, 2/6, 2/9, 13/-.
Won by six lengths; four lengths. Sam Cook was fourth and Julia Mannering last.

2.40—PADDOCK SELLING STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. 3 m.
Mr E. Baker's br. g. MARTIAN, by Pommern—Princess of Mars, a, 12-5 ...K. Piggott 1
Mr. A. Blake's CINNAMOND DIAMOND, a, 12-5 ...... J. Millar 2

Also ran—Pongo (Mr. J. Pidcot). Off 2.42. (Winner trained by Lefebve.)

Betting—6 to 4 on MARTIAN, 3 to 1 agst. any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 3/3.
Won by twelve lengths. Only two finished. The winner was bought in for 100 gns.

3.10—WATERLOO HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 125 sovs. 2 m.
Mr. C. R. Taylor's ch. g. BOGEY, by Puttenden—Encouragement, 5, 10-4 ......S. Ingham 1
Mr. G. W. Davies's GIANE, 5, 10-3 ...... P. Fitzgerald 2
Mr. T. Davidson's PRESIDENT WILFRED, 6, 10-6 ...... R. Lyall 3

Also ran:—Banner Knight (K. Piggott), Penny Farthing (J. Moloney). Off 3.13. (Winner trained by Coulthwaite.)

Betting—5 to 2 agst. President Wilfred, 3 to 1 Banner Knight, 100 to 30 BOGEY, 9 to 2 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 10/6; places, 5/3, 4/-.
Won by three lengths; four lengths. Banner Knight was fourth and Penny Farthing last.

3.40—WEDNESDAY SELLING HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs. 2 m.
Mr. G. Dodd's br. g. HASHASHIN, by Chosroes—Mount Juliet, 6, 11-2 ......A. Boyd 1
Mr. J. McGuigan's MY CRACKERS, a, 10-4 ...... J. Cowan 2
Col. E. W. Crawford's TOGETHER, 4, 10-2 ...... J. Millar 3

Also ran:—Pure Fur (J. Lynn, jun.), Fuel (J. Ward), Virgin's Tangle (T. Duggan). Off 3.41. (Winner trained by Boyd.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. HASHASHIN, 3 to 1 My Crackers, 4 to 1 each Fuel and Virgin's Tangle, 8 to 1 Pure Fur, 100 to 8 Together.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 8/6; places, 3/3, 5/9.
Won by three lengths; one and a half lengths. Pure Fur was fourth and Virgin's Tangle last. The winner was bought in for 80 gns.

4.10—FEBRUARY HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. 2 m.
Mr. A. Smith-Bingham's b. g. FERRANS, by Meleager—Bright Star, a, 11-8......J. Moloney 1
Mr A. Cook's WISDOM GIFT, a, 10-12 ...... Mr. T. Bayley 2
Mr. E. S Waring's DAGGERDALE, 6, 11-0 ...... J. Millar 3

Also ran:—Quarter Sessions (E. Foster), Bannerdale (P. Fitzgerald), Jacky Martin (T. F. Carey), John Gilpin (J. Ward), Moortown II. (Mr. K. C. Fraser), Killinether (Mr. Hutsby), Manxmaid II. (J. H. Brown). Off 4.11. (Winner trained by Beeby.)

Betting—6 to 4 agst. FERRANS, 9 to 2 John Gilpin, 5 to 1 Daggerdale, 8 to 1 each Quarter Sessions and Bannerdale, 10 to 1 each Wisdom Gift and Jacky Martin, 20 to 1 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 3/6; places, 2/6, 10/9, 3/-.
Won by five lengths; three lengths. John Gilpin was fourth and Moortown II. last.

4.35—GOLBORNE STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. 2 m.
Capt. C. A. Cartwright's b. g. ST. TEWDRIC, by Lovely Thrush—Sea Bright, 6, 12-0 ...... J. Moloney 1
Capt. C. D. Leyland's SHOVELSTRODE, a, 12-5 ...... Sir P. Grant Lawson 2
Mr. P. J. Arm's DOUBLE BAY, 6, 12-0 ...... E. Foster 3

Also ran:—Martello (T. F. Carey). Off 4.36. (Winner trained by Beeby.)

Betting—11 to 10 agst. ST. TEWDRIC, 6 to 4 Shovelstrode, 6 to 1 Double Bay, 100 to 8 Martello.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 4/-.
Won by six lengths; three lengths. Martello was last.

TOTALISATOR DAILY DOUBLE (10/- stake)—Bogey and Ferrans—Dividend, £7 16/-; pool, £321 10/-; 37 winning tickets.

SPECIAL SELECTIONS.

Daily Sketch Double—Knight of Knockeevan and Broadwas.

Fred Rickaby—Air Pilot.

Fred Rickaby, who is at present riding in Madras, was recently granted a first class air pilot's certificate.

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POINT-TO-POINT.

SOUTH CO. DUBLIN MEETING.

MOWALL GAINS ANOTHER VICTORY.

The South County Dublin Harriers opened the point-to-point season in the Dublin area with their annual meeting at Belgarde Hill, Clondalkin, yesterday. The continued fine weather had left the going in excellent order for the time of year, and if anything it was on the hard side. The popularity of the meeting was testified to by the attendance, which was of huge proportions, and the racing proved very attractive. This pack has had a most successful season under the joint mastership of Captain Cyril Harty and Mr. Fred Clarke.

The conditions of the race for farmers' horses entailed a stiff impost being carried by that useful mare, Courageous Maid, who had to shoulder 15st. This she made light of, however, and being in the lead all the way, she finished a distance in front of her nearest attendant. The Members' and Military Race was won by Mr. P. McAuley's Mamaid in rather lucky fashion; for had not Mr. F. Clarke on Whitethorn II. come to grief at the last fence his mount would certainly have won. Miss Morgan Byrne's mount, Donau, also came to grief when lying second to Whitethorn II., who had made most of the running. There are few better lady riders at the moment than Mrs. A. Masters, and she gave one of her best exhibitions of horsemanship when she got her own horse, Award, home a length in front of Sez You in a splendid finish for the Maiden Race.

Mr. A. L. Moore, a well-known follower of the Wards, steered home Miss Wall's Blackberry to victory in the race for the South County Dublin Harriers' Challenge Cup. He led all the way, and was nearly caught after crossing the wall, but held on to win a good finish with Top Knot. The consistent point-to-point winner, Mowall, gained further laurels for Mr. T. J. Cosgrave by leading all the way in the Heavy-weight Open Race. In a big field for the Cobs' Race grief was plentiful, and when Esker Lad came down at the second last fence the way was paved for the victory of Well Over. Details:—

1.30—FARMERS' RACE. A silver cup value £5 with £20 added, of which second receives £5, and third £3. 3½ m.
Mr. D. Murray's b. m. COURAGEOUS MAID, by Brave Chap—Kitty M., a, 15-0 ...... Mr. P. Coonan 1
Mr. Wm. Hickey's BOB, 5, 13-7 ...... Miss P. Morgan Byrne 2
Mr. Wm. Harvey's BLACKCHURCH INN, 6, 13-7 ...... Owner 3
Mr. J. J. Nugent's Ben Bolt II., 7, 13-7 ...... Owner 0
Won by a distance; same between second and third.

2.0—MEMBERS' AND MILITARY RACE. Two silver cups, one for first member's horse home and one for first military horse home. Winner £15 in specie, second £3, third £2. 3½ m.
Mr. P. McAuley's ch. m. MAMAID, 6, 12-0 ...... Owner 1
Mr. F. Clarke's WHITETHORN II., a, 12-7 ...... Owner 2
Capt. Harty's RETURN TICKET, 6, 12-0 ...... Lieut. Levis 3
Miss Morgan Byrne's Donau, a, 12-10 ...Owner 0
Mr. P. E. Dunn's Allie, a, 12-0...Lt. T. Neylon 0
Won by ten lengths; a distance.

2.30—MAIDEN RACE. A sweepstakes of £2 each, of which the second receives £2, and third £1. 3½ m.
Mrs. A. Masters's AWARD, a, 11-7 ...Owner 1
Mr. T. J. Cosgrave's SEZ YOU, 6, 11-7 ...... Mr. T. Downes 2
Mr. D. Frame's ECHO, 5, 11-7 ...Mr. J. Nuttall 3
Miss E. Buckley's Elmvale, a, 11-7 Miss Myers 0
Mr. P. J. Coonan's Hue and Cry, 5, 11-7 Owner 0
Mr. J. H. M'Keever's Pertric, 6, 11-7 ...Owner 0
Miss G. Webb's Yours and Mine, 6, 11-7 ...... Lieut. J. Quigley 0
Mr. T. J. Taaffe's Gatriona, 5, 11-7 ...... Mr. J. Harvey 0
Mr. E. Molyneux's Windyridge Maid, 5, 11-7 ...... Mr. J. Morris 0
Mr. J. Malcolmson's Castle Lad, 6, 11-7 ...... Mr. D. Lenehan 0
Won by half a length; three lengths.

3.0—SOUTH COUNTY DUBLIN HARRIERS' CHALLENGE CUP. An open light-weight race for Challenge Cup, with £20 added, of which second receives £3. 3½ m.
Miss E. Wall's b. g. BLACKBERRY, a, 12-7 ...... Mr. A. L. Moore 1
Mr. W. J. Hilliard's TOP KNOT, a, 13-0 ...... Mr. P. Nugent 2
Mr. H. Egan's FIFTY FIFTY, a, 12-7 Owner 3
Sir Thomas Ainsworth's Water Gipsy, a, 12-10 ...... Mrs. Masters 0
Mr. B. S. Berry's Squalls, a, 12-7 Mr. J. Cowdy 0
Won by half a length; four lengths.

3.30—HEAVY-WEIGHT OPEN RACE for 25 sovs. presented by the Ring, of which second receives £3 and third £2. 3½ m.
Mr. T. J. Cosgrave's br. g. MOWALL, by Mohacz—Lady Lester, by Sir Lester, a, 14-10 ...... Mr. T. Downes 1
Miss A. Meagher's JANE O'MALLEY, a, 14-0 ...... Captain Corry 2
Miss Murdoch's MOHACZ II., a, 14-0 ...Owner 3
Mr. D. Butler's Ace High, a, 14-10 ......Owner 0
Mr. A. V. Wall's Rumplestilshin, a, 14-0 ...... Mr. P. Nugent 0
Mr. E. D. K. Mathews's Girlie, a, 14-0 ...... Mr. P. Connolly 0
Mr. L. F. Ball's Gold King, a, 14-0 ...... Mr. P. Sleator 0
Mr. J. Lee's John D, a, 14-0 ...Mr. J. Nuttall 0
Mrs. C. Dwyer's Rathglass, a, 14-0 ...... Mr. J. O'Brien 0
Won by five lengths; ten lengths.

4.0—COBS RACE (Maiden), for a Silver Cup value £10. Second £3 in specie, and third £2. 3 m.
Mr. P. Sleator's ch. m. WELL OVER, 6, 11-0 ...... Owner 1
Miss Morgan Byrne's MYSTIC, a, 11-0 Owner 2
Mr. D. O'Neill's GOLDEN SLIP, a, 11-0 ...... Mr. P. Connolly 3
Mrs. S. C. Henry's Kippenduff, a, 11-0 Owner 0
Mr. C. O'Neill's Chance Him, a, 11-0 ...Owner 0
Miss Gore Pickman's Midtoi, a, 11-6 ...... Mr. Harvey 0
Miss Evans's Navy Cut, a, 11-0 Mr. G. Reynolds 0
Miss B. Kearns's Susie, a, 11-0 ....Owner 0
Mr. W. Hickey's Esher Lad, 5, 10-7 ...... Miss S. Myers 0
Miss J. Manly's Pale Face, a, 11-0 ......Owner 0
Mr. M. Cosgrave's Amber, a, 11-0 Captain Corry 0
Mr. F. Clarke's Haymus, a, 11-0 ...... Mr. Chambers 0
Mr. F. Clarke's Judy a, 11-0 ...Mr. S. Nuttall 0
Won by four lengths; half a length.

SQUASH RACKETS.

ENDURANCE RECORD EQUALLED.

MATCH LASTS AN HOUR AND TWENTY MINUTES.

There was a remarkable match in the second round of the Irish Championship at Fitzwilliam yesterday. R. W. S. Greene, last year's runner-up, beat T. G. McVeagh by 3 games to 2, and the match lasted for one hour and 20 minutes, which, for duration, exactly equals the record in the English Championship. It was not clever squash, but it was a remarkable test of endurance on the part of both men, for some of the rallies lasted for several minutes, as both showed great speed about the court. McVeagh looked to have the match safely in his hands when he went to 8-1 in the fourth game, but Greene got in then, and won six points on his next hand. He again put McVeagh out, and proceeded to run out the game. He in turn went to 8-1 in the fifth game, and it was McVeagh's turn to fight back. He caught up to 8-6, but Greene got home after some terrific rallies. Results:—

IRISH CHAMPIONSHIP—SECOND ROUND.

A. Hamilton beat T. A. Purefoy—9-4, 9-3, 10-8.
R. B. Cairn Duff beat N. D. Good—9-4, 9-3, 9-1.
R. W. S. Greene beat T. G. McVeagh—10-9, 4-9, 3-9, 10-8, 9-6.
W. N. M. Hutton beat J. F. Mahony—3-9, 9-3, 9-1, 9-4.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

5 o'clock—B. Goulding v. R. B. Pringle.
5.30—C. A. Jackson v. R. W. S. Greene.
6.0—Arthur Hamilton v. W. Hamilton.
6.30—R. B. Cairn Duff v. W. N. M. Hutton.

GAELIC GAMES.

CIVIL SERVICE CLUB.

There was a large attendance of members at the annual general meeting of the Civil Service Club, which was held at 30 Harcourt street, Dublin. The hon. secretary, in his report, congratulated the members on having reached the final of the senior League and having won the Millar Shield. He also mentioned the successful visits to Belfast and Limerick, resulting in victories over an Antrim selection and Young Irelands respectively.

The following officers and Committee were elected for the coming season:—C. O'Sullivan (chairman), M. Cremin (vice-chairman), C. McGoff (hon. secretary), S. Brennan (hon. treasurer), J. Hehir (senior Board representative), S. Moriarty (junior Board representative), F. Barry (senior captain), M. Wallace (junior captain), L. Herlihy (under 21 captain).

Messrs. M. McMahon, T. O'Reilly and S. Crowley were elected vice-captains of the senior, junior and under 21 teams respectively. A vote of condolence with Mr. Madden on his recent bereavement was passed.

SPORTING GOSSIP.

Horses Breakdown at Newbury.

Jukwa, favourite for the Berkshire Selling Hurdle yesterday at Newbury, broke down badly about half a mile from home. Gib, at one time the leading steeplechaser, also broke down while contesting the Swindon Selling Steeplechase.

H. Graves to Resume Riding.

H. Graves, who was injured at the last Warwick meeting, will resume riding at Birmingham next Monday.

Remus and Grand National.

The report that Remus is a doubtful runner for the Grand National is incorrect. Mr. Frank Morgan, the trainer, stated yesterday: "Remus is quite well at the moment, although, owing to the hard going on the training grounds, I have been unable to give him many long gallops. He will next run in the Hurst Park Trial Handicap Steeplechase on March 10."

Doubles at Newbury and Haydock.

G. Hardy, the jockey, registered a double at Newbury yesterday, his two winners being Saucy Boy, in the Swindon Selling Steeplechase, and Fouquet, in the Newbury Handicap Steeplechase. At Haydock Park G. Beeby, the trainer and J. Moloney, the jockey, registered doubles, their winners being Ferrans, in the February Handicap Steeplechase, and St. Tewdric, in the Golborne Steeplechase.

WORK AT THE CURRAGH.

THE CURRAGH, Wednesday.

Though the morning was dull and threatening, no rain fell while our horses were at exercise, and trainers were again fairly active.

BEHAN gave easy six furlong work to Over Coat, Superstitious, Cariff and Figure Head.

COLLINS'S The Red Boy, Eliza's Bachelor and Better Days were sent at a nice pace over seven furlongs. The two-year-olds were led by Silverdale and Betty White over five furlongs.

DAWSON gave Sherdoon and Jorto a good schooling over hurdles, after cantering them about a mile and a quarter. Double On and Jimmy's Pet cantered five furlongs.

DOYLE'S Pretty Land and Greek Jim galloped a mile and a quarter at a nice pace round the Little Curragh. Yankee Lad did work with the two-year-olds over four furlongs.

FETHERSTONHAUGH'S Hy Spy, Moate, Yellow Furze, Mount Alto and the two-year-olds were given long bouts of walking and trotting exercise.

PARKINSON sent Stand Off, Rockford, Enevellum, Irish Fun, Finnock and Derryvullen one mile steadily. Warford led Gurteen, Border Line and Gipsy George at half-speed over six furlongs. The two-year-olds galloped four furlongs.

SLOCOCK'S Jack's Puzzle, Morning Caw and Jack's Luck travelled a mile and a half on the flat. John Poindexter, Gabarnac and Corrin Cottage cantered five furlongs with the two-year-olds.

ACCEPTANCES.

NATIONAL TRIAL 'CHASE.

(Run at Gatwick, Saturday, March 3. 3½ m.)

	Age.	st.	lb.		Age.	st.	lb.
Ready Cash	a	12	2	Southern Hero	a	11	0
Noiseau	a	11	12	Alpine Hut	a	10	13
Heartbreak Hill	a	11	9	Really True	a	10	12
Coolinolagh	a	11	9	Pelorus Jack	a	10	11
Brave Cry	a	11	9	Annandale	a	10	7
Parson's Well	a	11	9	Sea Trout	5	10	2
Uncle Batt	a	11	3	Jack Drummer	6	10	0
Trocadero	a	11	0	Fortnum	a	10	0
Destiny Bay	a	11	0	Silver Grail	a	10	0
				Annie Yutoi	a	10	0

THE NATIONAL HUNT HANDICAP 'CHASE.

(Run at Cheltenham, Thursday, March 8. 4 m.)

	Age.	st.	lb.		Age.	st.	lb.
Golden Miller	a	12	7	Bachelor Prince	a	10	7
Forbra	a	11	9	Red Rufus II.	a	10	7
Glenhazel	a	11	3	Row On	a	10	6
Irish Knight II.	a	11	2	Apostasy	a	10	5
Society	a	11	0	Francolino	a	10	2
Really True	a	10	12	Brig	5	10	0
Richborough	a	10	12	Chadds Ford	a	10	0
Blue Prince (5lb. ex)	6	10	10	Annie Yutoi	a	9	12
Gate Book	a	10	9	Jack Drummer	6	9	11
Vic Fitzroi	6	10	7	Backsight	a	9	11
Annandale	a	10	7	Mistleto	a	9	11
				Teme Garter	5	9	9

GRAND ANNUAL 'CHASE.

(Run at Cheltenham, Tuesday, March 6. 2 m.)

	Age	st.	lb.		Age.	st.	lb.
Montclair	a	12	7	Successor II.	a	11	0
Brave Cry	a	11	13	Corkaree	a	11	0
Copper Court	a	11	12	Road Agent	a	11	0
Drintown	a	11	11	Discus	6	11	0
Royal Scot	a	11	10	Squire Morris	a	10	12
The Brown Talisman	a	11	10	Lestebridge	6	10	11
Cantillius II. (7lb. ex.)	a	11	8	Tommy Tittlemouse	6	10	10
Soliped	6	11	7	Quite Calm	a	10	10
The Spider	5	11	4	Pride of Avon	5	10	9
Slater	a	11	2	Taos	a	10	6
Peucraik	a	11	1	More and More	a	10	0
				John Gilpin	6	10	0



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SELECTIONS FOR NEWBURY MEETING.

PAPER.	2.0 RACE.	2.30 RACE.	3.0 RACE.	3.30 RACE.	4.0 RACE.	4.30 RACE.
Irish Times	Derelict.	Dodabetta.*	Knight of Knockeevan.	Littlethorpe.	Shilling.	Le Toreador.
Galtee More	—	—	Knight of Knockeevan.	Last of the Dandies.	Shilling.	—
S. Life & Sportsman	Kaffir Corn.	Tide Table.	Knight of Knockeevan.	Advancer; And How, place.	Shilling.	Le Toreador.* Mustard Club, place.
Man on the Spot	Stow Hill.	Nosiamas.	Knight of Knockeevan.	And How.	Shilling.*	Le Toreador.
Daily Sketch	Camp Bed.	Sir Crispen; if ab., Bob Stone.	Knight of Knockeevan.*	Advancer; if ab., And How.	Broadwas.	Tom Tit III.
Star	Sonny; Upper Deck, place.	Nosiamas; Bob Stone, place.	Knight of Knockeevan.	Advancer.* And How, place.	Shilling; Broadwas, place.	Le Toreador; Cider Prince, place.
Evening News	Derelict.	Twelfth Night.	Knight of Knockeevan.	Advancer."	Broadwas.*	Le Toreador.
Evening Standard	King Louis.	Dodabetta.	Knight of Knockeevan.	Flaming.	Shilling.	Tom Tit III.

COURSING.

GREAT TRIALS AT CLONMEL.

STAKE STILL OPEN WITH 16 LEFT IN.

PUPPIES TESTED FOR SPEED AND WORKING ABILITY.

By Our Coursing Correspondent.

CLONMEL, Wednesday Night.

THE two rounds of the National Breeders' Stakes (Derby) provided an excellent day's coursing at Powerstown Park; as a matter of fact, not since Keen Laddie's year has the stake yielded such fine trials. Redmond's first slip was of the average length, and he maintained a uniform standard all through, the slightly slower greyhound thus being given every chance. More than one availed himself of it, and with so much working it was not a test of pace alone, as these stakes have invariably been in the past.

It was a glorious day, the ground was in splendid condition, the hares stood up splendidly, and, with the attendance up on last season, the meeting, so far as its initial stage was concerned, has to be described as a great success.

THE BETTING.

With Kilcaskin Rattler scratched, backers made Young Porthos, from the Clare county, joint favourite with Piper's Bush, who hails from the Castlepollard direction. There was a rush on Piper's Bush, and another that was well backed was the Northern dog, Cobequid, by War Debt out of Bit of Fashion; but there were more inquiries for Leading Lawyer, Neidin's Cormac, Big Result and Upside Down.

Pipers' Bush held his ground at the end of the second round, and with him at the top of the lists was Withering Wind, while Neidin's Cormac and Handsome Teddy were at "6's," and Never Say Die, Bright-Eyed Cutlet and Cobequid at "8's." The Northern contingent are very sweet on the chances of the last-named, and a lot of their money also went on the Fermanagh dog, Handsome Teddy, who went a good bat and ran his hares very well, indeed.

The running confirmed the view that had Kilcashin Rattler gone to slips fit and well he would have had an undeniable chance. We saw nothing of his class slipped to-day; indeed, many of them moved like very tired puppies, who had had more than enough of it.

THE FIRST SURPRISE.

The first big upset was the overthrow of the much talked of young Porthos. Before we began a Clareman told me confidently that he was the best dog the county had produced for goodness knows how many years; but, with odds of 5 to 1 laid on him to beat the "unknown" Dorlcote, he cut up very badly, being not only led, but, as I thought, well and truly outworked.

Tipperary Guide, the Ossory Cup winner, ran his courses convincingly, but there was a lot of coursing on the far side of the ground between him and Hazel Fort, and it may be that he had a little too much of it, and that Pipers' Bush will raise the flag in the morning. Incidentally, I learned that he has not been as well as his trainer would like him to be, but he did his work splendidly.

Pipers' Bush polished off his opponents in fine style, and the Deeside puppy, Never Say Die, likewise showed pace and resolution.

I think Bright Eyed Cutlet will take some beating in this half, for he is running his hares smartly and leaving few openings.

Neidin's Cormac meets Prudent Mick in the third round, and this will be one of the best courses of the meeting. Prudent Mick appears to be moving more smoothly than the Kerry dog, and it will not be surprising if he overcomes this formidable obstacle. His victory over Leading Lawyer was one of the best performances of the day.

Rebel Prince had not a lot to spare over Dorlcote, and the partiality of the hare towards him about decided the issue.

HANDSOME TEDDY GOING WELL.

Handsome Teddy did his job like a good workman, but he comes up against a real good worker in Cutlet's Wave, who, however, has not Handsome Teddy's pace in the run-up. Handsome Teddy is the best handicapped of the sixteen left in. Mr. Robinson raised his second flag over Royal Porthos in a close thing, but he has the best of the handicap with Withering Wind, who is not an artist with the hare, although he had pace enough to beat Upsidedown.

There is not an outstanding puppy among the sixteen survivors—one that looks a reasonable certainty to get to the end of the stake. Everyone here appears to have the winner, but one who knows nothing about the sport might hit on the champion by closing his eyes and using a pin. He might pick out Piper's Bush or Handsome Teddy, and fare as well as the knowing ones.

DETAILS OF THE COURSING.

NATIONAL BREEDERS' STAKES (DERBY)—For 64 dog puppies at £10 10/- each. Winner £350 (of which the breeder receives £50) and solid silver cup (presented by the Clonmel Committee), to be won outright; runner-up, £125 (of which the breeder receives £20); two dogs, £60 each (of which the breeders receive £10 each); four dogs, £25 each; eight dogs, £10 each; sixteen dogs, £5 each.

Mr. P. O'Hart's bd. w. HAZEL FORT (Hulwating—Hazel Dance) beat Messrs. Joyce and Tullock's bd. Shanbolard (Golden Speed—Glanmore's Best).
Betting—5 to 4 agst. Hazel Fort.

Mr. J. Lydon's bd. TIPPERARY GUIDE (Deeside—Tipperary Biddy) beat Mrs. N. C. Guiney's bd. Carhan Hero (Hero's Heart—Lilly Coddle).
Betting—4 to 1 on Tipperary Guide.

Mr. J. N. Walsh's bd. WALLET (Beaded Dick—Wealthy Woman) beat Mr. F. Gaynor's bd. Fool's Gamble (Slanebeg—Country Kernel).
Betting—5 to 2 on Wallet

Mr. A. Murray's w. f. PIPER'S BUSH (Fergus Foam—Speedy Peggy) beat Mr. John Leahy's bd. Lixnaw Warrior (Wily Warrior—Half Pay).
Betting—5 to 1 on Piper's Bush.

Mr. William Mackesy's bd. NEVER SAY DIE (Deeside—Tasty Bit) beat Mr. Daniel Moore's bd. Swift Lawyer (Lawyer's Fee—Swift Waitress).
Betting—2 to 1 on Never Say Die.

Mr. Patrick O'Brien's bk. w. GURRANE COTTAGE (Juffle—New Timer) beat Mr. T. Fennin's f. bd. Frisco Hobo (Hidden Badger—Pyke's Peak).
Betting—2 to 1 agst. Gurrane Cottage.

Mr. Joseph Heffernan's bd. GOING CUTLET (Mountmahon Cutlet—Tanavalla Lass) beat Mr. Thomas Veale's bd. Clonea Stake (Open Steak—Cherlanthus).
Betting—2 to 1 on Going Cutlet.

Miss T. Holdwright's bk. SIX BELLS (Tarmac—Clonarney Lass) beat Miss Josie Gavin's bd. w. Fierce Goshawk (The Goshawk—Solid Biddy).
Betting—2 to 1 agst. Six Bells.

Mr. M. Riordan's f. r. COMMANDING JACK (Flight Commander—Lough Poel Lass) beat Mr. "M. O'Beirne's" bd. Cooladrummon (Mutton Cutlet—Uaillbhinn).
Betting—3 to 1 agst. Commanding Jack.

Miss May O'Brien's bd. BRIGHT EYED CUTLET (Mutton Cutlet—Burette) beat Mr. J. Fitzgerald's f. Future Choice (Cheerful Choice—Countess Karl).
Betting—5 to 2 on Bright Eyed Cutlet.

Mr. P. O'Brien's bk. OCEAN BRUISER (Loafer—Ocean Bluebell) beat Mr. D. O'Connor's bd. Winter's Maine (Small Maine—Winter's Morning).
Betting—5 to 4 on Ocean Bruiser.

Mr. J. V. Rank's f. JUST REVENGE (Brave Escort—Hasimara) beat Mr. M. Toomey's f. bd. Ballybeg Steak (Open Steak—Ballytarsna Lass).
Betting—2 to 1 on Just Revenge.

Mr. Boyd Cooper's bd. COBEQUID (War Debt—Bit of Fashion) beat Mr. Thomas Daly's bd. Fair Warrior (Wily Warrior—Ducks and Drakes).
Betting—3 to 1 on Cobequid.

Mr. P. Arrigan's ALL TOGETHER (Inler—Gosha Bead) beat Mr. Ed. Matthews's bd. Killeen Bridge (Articulate—Ballynameta Blossom).
Betting—5 to 1 on All Together.

Mr. M. Stack's be. bd. PATRICK'S PUP (Mountmahon Cutlet—Tanavalla Lass) beat Mr. J. J. McFarland's r. f. Moorland Brother (Mountsandel—Hasty Sister).
Betting—5 to 4 on Patrick's Pup

Mrs. M. Fitzgerald's bd. FAVOURITE CHOICE (Cheerful Choice—Countess Karl) beat Mr. J. Ryan's bd. w. Curious Whistler (Whistling Coon—Cutglass).
Betting—5 to 4 agst. Favourite Choice.

Mr. W. O'Sullivan's bd. NEIDIN'S CORMAC (Glenquin Cutlet—My Lady Coquette) beat Mr. W. Kennedy's f. Sigri (Deeside—Porte Express).
Betting—3 to 1 on Neidin's Cormac.

Mr. P. Kelleher's bd. KEEL ROCK (Odd Minister—Golden Harrow) beat Mr. P. Hanna's bd. Heavyweight (Myroe Man—Gweedore).
Betting—4 to 1 on Keel Rock.

Mr. M. Walsh's bd. LEADING LAWYER (Lawyer's Fee—Ryland's Pet) beat Mr. E. Phelan's bd. Ashfield Hall (Mutton Cutlet—Burette)
Betting—5 to 4 agst. Leading Lawyer.

Mrs. C. M. Fagan's bd. PRUDENT MICK (Mutton Cutlet—Got the Turn) beat Mr. F. H. Latchford's (jun.) f. Castlemorris Pirate (Deeside—Eagle's Wing).
Betting—6 to 4 on Prudent Mick.

Mr. G. C. Hewson's bd. REBEL PRINCE (Mutineer—Dam Speedy) beat Mr. M. Brereton's r. f. Brilliant Side (Deeside—Best Lady).
Betting—5 to 4 on Rebel Prince.

Mrs. M. Dwyer's bd. DORLCOTE (Mutton Cutlet—Prodigal Daughter) beat Miss Mary Kelly's bd. w. Young Porthos (Porthos—Bessy's Cross).
Betting—5 to 1 agst. Dorlcote.

Mr. D. Kelleher's f. CONOR OGE (Porthos—Sparks) beat Messrs. J. Hamilton and A. Lang's bd. Choppy (Mutton Cutlet—Uaillbhinn).
Betting—6 to 4 agst. Conor Oge.

Mr. P. O'Brien's bd. CORPORAL CUTLET (Mutton Cutlet—Ela's Fancy) beat Miss M. McQuinn's bd. w. Blasket Sound (Monocotyledon—Muskerry Mary).
Betting—6 to 1 on Corporal Cutlet.

Mr. H. O'Donnell's bk. DARK RONALD (Minesweeper—Rejected) a bye; Mr. P. White's f. Romantic Eagle (Eagle's Beak—City Girl) absent.

Mr. R. Collins's bd. HANDSOME TEDDY (The Staker—Touch of Gold) beat Master J. O'Neill's bd. Captain of the O's. (Feale Hill—Slippery Kit).
Betting—3 to 1 on Handsome Teddy.

Mrs. K. Brennan's bd. CUTLET'S WAVE (Mutton Cutlet—Romola's Pet) beat Mr. P. O'Shea's f. Vandor's Glory (Vanderdecken—Record Off).
Betting—4 to 1 on Cutlet's Wave.

Mr. L. G. Barry's r. f. BIG RESULT (Deeside—Best Lady) beat Mr. W. Flynn's bd. Friendly Cutlet (Mutton Cutlet—Flying Dasher).
Betting—5 to 1 on Big Result.

Messrs. O'Donnell and McHugh's bd. MR. ROBINSON (Shepherd Boy—On the Ocean) beat Mr. T. Reilly's f. Turned Over (Deeside—Peggy Do).
Betting—5 to 2 agst. Mr. Robinson.

Mr. P. Sheehan's r. ROYAL PORTHOS (Porthos—The Cobra) beat Mrs. L. Roddy's bd. Kilwarlin Paddy (Ballybonia—Matchless Kate).
Betting—4 to 1 on Royal Porthos.

Miss N. Walsh's bd. UPSIDEDOWN (Mutton Cutlet—Wealthy Widow) beat Mr. J. Gorry's r. f. Good Print (Editor's Book—Gentle Gip).
Betting—6 to 1 on Upsidedown.

Mr. J. R. Walsh's bd. WITHERING WIND (Off You Pop—Won Well) beat Mrs. M. O'Connor's bk. Clonmore Boy (Consistent Worker—His Mistake).
Betting—4 to 1 on Withering Wind.

II.

TIPPERARY GUIDE beat Hazel Fort. 2 to 1 on Tipperary Guide.
PIPER'S BUSH beat Wallet. 3 to 1 on Piper's Bush.
NEVER SAY DIE beat Gurrane Cottage. 6 to 1 on Never Say Die.
GOING CUTLET beat Six Bells. 4 to 1 on Going Cutlet.
BRIGHT-EYED CUTLET beat Commanding Jack. 5 to 1 on Bright-Eyed Cutlet.
JUST REVENGE beat Ocean Bruiser. 4 to 1 agst. Just Revenge.
COBEQUID beat All Together. 6 to 4 on Cobequid.
FAVOURITE CHOICE beat Patrick's Pup. 5 to 4 on Favourite Choice.
NEIDIN'S CORMAC beat Keel Rock. 5 to 1 on Neidin's Cormac.
PRUDENT MICK beat Leading Lawyer. 2 to 1 agst. Prudent Mick.
REBEL PRINCE beat Dorlcote. 5 to 4 on Rebel Prince.
CORPORAL CUTLET beat Conor Oge. 6 to 4 agst. Corporal Cutlet.
HANDSOME TEDDY beat Dark Ronald. 4 to 1 on Handsome Teddy.
CUTLET'S WAVE beat Big Result. 7 to 4 agst. Cutlet's Wave.
MR. ROBINSON beat Royal Porthos. 5 to 4 on Mr. Robinson.
WITHERING WIND beat Upside Down. 6 to 4 on Withering Wind.

DESCRIPTIONS OF COURSES.

HOW THEY RAN IN FIRST AND SECOND ROUNDS.

FIRST ROUND.

Hazel Fort led Shanbolard three lengths, placed the white collar for a few wrenches, and after an exchange Shanbolard killed.

Tipperary Guide was just up for the opening points from Carhan Hero, and had all the rest of the trial, being much too fast for the latter, and going by at the escape.

Wallet raced up four lengths from Fool's Gamble, but rushed out as hare broke back. He, however, went with her, and his superior pace left him with three-fourths of the points.

In a great buckle all the way up Pipers Bush had his shoulders in front of Lixnaw Warrior when he legged the hare at the first shot—a narrow escape for the Midland dog.

Never Say Die was four lengths faster than Swift Lawyer, and as the hare came back Swift Lawyer scored, but as they straightened out the red collar cut in again, and after an exchange killed.

Frisco Hobo brought the hare round three lengths in front of Gurrane Cottage, but lost his place off the turn, and the black nicking in was a clear winner even though Frisco Hobo killed.

Clonea Steak ran unsighted. When he joined with Going Cutlet he scored a time or two, but the red collar went in and had a good winning balance when the hare blinked them.

Fierce Goshawk led Six Bells two lengths, but in the working Six Bells commanded his hare smartly, and was a meritorious winner when Fierce Goshawk brought his teeth into play.

Cooladrummon ran unsighted up the hill, and when they joined Commanding Jack had a couple, the white collar then going on to the escape, but failing to score.

Bright Eyed Cutlet killed two lengths clear of Future Choice

Ocean Bruiser led Winter's Maine two lengths; and his early advantage left him a bare winner, the loser making it most interesting in the working.

Just Revenge shifted his game three lengths in front of Ballybeg Steak, but the latter had wiped off his arrears when he fell, and Just Revenge resumed for both ends of it.

Cobequid led Fair Warrior two lengths and ran rings round and round him, the loser being unable to make a point.

Killeen Bridge showed pace from slips, but All Together led five lengths, and in a long exchanging trial was always moving the smarter.

Patrick's Pup forged up two lengths from Moorland Brother, and showing the better pace, and working nicely, allowed him only a few weak points.

Favourite Choice was two lengths faster than Curious Whistler; scored again, and placed the red collar, who fell. Favourite Choice then resumed for the kill. A short spin.

Sigri was unsighted from slips but when he began to contest it with Neidin's Cormac he was well outcounted by a faster and cleverer opponent, who had, in fact, all the points.

Keel Rock led Heavy Weight two lengths. A short working course followed, but the Meath dog was no match for the white collar, and was well beaten when he nailed the hare.

Leading Lawyer rattled away four lengths from Ashfield Hall, who seemed to run unsighted, and in a good working trial never left the issue in the least doubt, having the bulk of the points when he killed.

Prudent Mick went up two lengths from Castlemorris Pirate, and had plenty in hand when the hare beat them in a moderate course.

Rebel Prince was just up, Brilliant Side changing sides, and more than held his own in a poorly run course by both.

Young Porthos was two lengths the faster, but resigned possession at the turn, and Dorlcote rattled up a winning sequence. Young Porthos, however, came again, but was too slow to take his chance, and Dorlcote cut in for the end of it and the flag—an easy winner.

Conor Oge got the turn by two lengths from Choppy, and beat him comfortably in a good trial, which ended at the bushes. The loser never looked like raising the flag.

Corporal Cutlet raced up six lengths from Blasket Sound, and although he left opening after opening, he was never in danger of defeat.

Dark Ronald, a bye; Romantic Eagle, absent.

Handsome Teddy forged up for a three lengths' lead of Captain of the O's, and, following an exchange or two at close quarters, the latter used his teeth.

Cutlet's Wave was up a length or so from Vandor's Glory, and the latter, running rather loosely, was never in the hunt.

Big Result raced away four lengths from Friendly Cutlet, but fell when going for the second point. The white collar then nicked in, and had it won when Big Result came at the very end for a lucky score to the bushes to avert defeat.

Mr. Robinson shifted the hare three lengths in front of Turned Over, and, moving much the faster, ran rings round his opponent to the escape.

Royal Porthos led Kilwarlin Paddy four lengths. A good course followed, Kilwarlin Paddy contesting it well, but Royal Porthos had too much in hand at the beginning, and won easily, having both ends of it.

Upside Down led Good Print half a length, and Good Print, after making the second, fell, and Upside Down had so much the better of it that the Naas puppy's stronger finish was no use whatever.

Withering Wind rattled away for a four lengths lead, but rushed out, and Clonmore Boy wrenched and killed.

SECOND ROUND.

Tipperary Guide squeezed up for a lead of half a length, Hazel Fort changing sides in the last few strides. It was a long course on the far side, the hare coming back, but Tipperary Guide, running the line smartly, had practically the whole of a heavy trial.

Piper's Bush brought the hare round three lengths clear of Wallet, and commanding her cleverly conceded only an occasional point, being much the steadier off the turns and showing superior pace.

Gurane Cottage was quicker to begin, but Never Say Die forged past for a three lengths' lead. The black contested it well after falling, but was in arrears when he knocked pussy off her legs—a short course.

Going Cutlet led Six Bells five lengths, and had the second. Six Bells coursed the strong hare the smarter when he had an opening, but Going Cutlet beat him for pace in a close thing.

Bright Eyed Cutlet stretched out three lengths from Commanding Jack, but rolled over heavily when he missed his drive. Commanding Jack battled it out resolutely, but was no match for pace for the white collar.

Just Revenge led Ocean Bruiser half a length, and had so much the best of the working for a long time that the strong finish of the black was of no avail.

Cobequid led All Together two lengths. Sharp exchanges followed, and All Together then had a good innings, but Cobequid had the finish and a good kill.

Favourite Choice was two lengths faster than Patrick's Pup, and scored all the opening points, whereupon Patrick's Pup dashed in, but when he killed as the hare was about to bring them back he was well in arrears.

Neidin's Cormac led Keel Rock three lengths. As the hare whipped back Keel Rock was placed, but had scored only once when Neidin's Cormac resumed for lots the best of it and the kill—a short course

Prudent Mick got the turn from Leading Lawyer by a length and a half, missed his drive, but recovered smartly and dashed in to clinch matters at the second attempt.

Rebel Prince led Dorlcote a length and a half. A very interesting course ensued, Dorlcote shaping the smarter, but the hare was always favouring Rebel Prince, who was a lucky winner.

Corporal Cutlet led Conor Oge two lengths. A fine trial followed, with Conor Oge having all the end of it, but Corporal Cutlet just about won, and no more.

Handsome Teddy reached the hare two lengths in front of Dark Ronald, swung round well on the line, and after an exchange brought his teeth into play.

Cutlet's Wave was leading well, but steadied himself, and the margin was about a length and a half. Big Result rolled over, and the other rattled up a fine sequence, the white collar then picking up for the kill of little merit.

Mr. Robinson in a grand buckle was just up for the turn from Royal Porthos, and took the second, and, as the hare straightened out, Royal Porthos went on for a strong wrench and the kill.

Withering Wind led Upsidedown a length. The latter was a bit smarter at close quarters, but was denied by the hare. He tired at last at the end, and was very wide of his game when Withering Wind drove the hare home.

ORDER OF RUNNING TO-DAY.

Twice through Derby, Oaks and International Cup. First brace in slips at 11.45.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

HOSPITALS' CUP FINAL.

LITTLE SKILL SHOWN IN ATTACK.

SIR PATRICK DUN'S ... 0 MATER 0

The Hospitals' Cup final between Sir Patrick Dun's and Mater ended in a scoreless draw in the College Park yesterday, and, despite extra time, a result never looked in the least likely. So keen was the marking and tackling and so poor the constructive play of both teams that there were few exciting moments, and neither line was ever seriously threatened. The Dun's pack were rather better together in the tight, and certainly got the ball back more often. Patton duly gave it out, but there progress ceased. Jewell, usually the mainspring of the team, had an off day, and was never able to cut out an opening, while the centres passed without ever trying to draw their opponents. Both Good and Cochrane were strong-running wings, but they never had a chance to get clear.

The Mater backs were mostly concerned with defence, and this they did extremely well, but when they did get the ball they showed rather more individual dash than their opponents. Cremin was about the best three-quarter, and his kicking proved extremely useful. The best men behind the scrum, however, were the full-backs, both of whom did splendid work in every respect. All the fire one usually associates with Hospital Cup ties must have burnt itself out in the earlier stages this season, for yesterday's game was a quiet and almost tame affair. Teams:—

Mater—R. J. Belton; N. C. Smith, P. J. Cremin, M. F. Headon, J. J. MacNamara; P. J. McCormack, V. J. MacAllister; Dr. J. Fahy, M. M. Enright, F. G. Dwyer, P. J. O'Connor, D. J. Boland, G. P. Glynn, G. T. Hayes, M. I. Nolan.

Sir P. Dun's—D. G. Walker; H. W. Good, A. Spocek, T. N. Taylor, B. Cochrane; J. H. Jewell, P. Patton; L. W. McCaughey (capt.), G. B. Jackson, R. I. Shier, B. G. Kearon, C. W. Greene, M. F. Graham, W. Jones, L. McCartney.

THE IRISH TEAM FOR EDINBURGH.

No further changes were announced on the Irish team yesterday. The team and officials of the Irish Rugby Union leave by this morning's mail boat from Dun Laoghaire and travel straight on to Edinburgh, where they are due to arrive at 9.30 to-night. Three substitutes travel with the team—A. Bailey (Lansdowne) back, and the forwards, M. M'Grath (London Irish) and J. Megaw (Instonians). Mr. B. Cumberlege will referee the match.

CHANGE OF SENIOR CUP DATE.

The Leinster Senior Cup match, Blackrock v. Old Wesley, arranged to take place on the 13th March, has been changed provisionally to Saturday, 10th March. Kick-off 2.45.

FIXTURE WANTED.

Y.M.C.A. 2nd XV. require a home fixture for Saturday, 3rd March. Reply to H. Acton, hon. secretary, 7B Merrion View avenue, Merrion, Dublin.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

JUNIOR SCHOOLS' CUP.

Belvedere College v. Wesley College, Donnybrook, 2.50.

Blackrock College v. Mountjoy School, Donnybrook, 2.45.

CROSS-CHANNEL RESULTS.

	Points.		Points.
Royal Navy	14	Civil Service	7
Berkshire	6	Surrey	6
Royal Air Force	0	Oxford Univ.	11

MUNSTER SENIOR SCHOOLS' CUP.

	Points.		Points.
Presentation (Cork)	0	C.B.S. (Cork)	0

ATHLETICS.

WOMEN IN ATHLETICS.

Mr. J. J. McGilton, the Hon. Secretary of the National Athletic and Cycling Association of Ireland, has sent the following letter to the Very Reverend Dr. McQuaid, President of Blackrock College, in reply to his letter of protest against the proposed participation by women in track and field events:—

20th February, 1934.

Very Reverend and dear Father,—Your letter of the 8th instant, relative to the proposed participation by women in track and field athletics, was considered at a meeting of the Standing Committee of my Association on Friday, the 16th instant.

I am directed to inform you that the Committee was of opinion that the points raised by you appertain to the General Council of our Association, and, accordingly, your letter has been referred to the next meeting of that body, which will be held on the 10th proximo.

I am to add that the Standing Committee appreciate the fact that your protest was made in the best interests of the Association.

—Yours, etc.,

(Signed) J. J. McGilton, Honorary Secretary.

WOMEN'S HOCKEY.

OLD TRINITY FORWARDS IN FORM.

TRINITY PAST...... 6 OLD COLLEGE... 2

Yesterday, at Sydney Parade, the Trinity attack was always too strong for the Old College defence. Old College at times did well, but Miss Rees, who was outstanding in their attack, got little support from the rest of the line. In the first half Miss Ross-Todd scored for Trinity Past, and Miss Rees equalised. In the second half Trinity Past had much the better of the game, and goals were added by Mrs. Luce (2), Miss Cairns (2) and Miss Ross-Todd. It was almost on time when Miss Cuffe scored for Old College.

MAIDS OF THE MOUNTAIN H.C.

General meeting this evening at the Country Shop, Stephen's Green, at 6 o'clock. All members are requested to attend.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

Optimists v. Dublin University, Terenure, 3.30.
Dublin University 4th v. Old College 4th, Dartry road, 3.15.

TEAMS.

Dublin University—Misses Kennedy; Simpson, G. Pike; Griffin, Lombard, Menay; Treanor, Perry, M. McKay, French, Radcliffe.

Dublin University 4th—Misses M. Meyrick; M. Pinkerton, R. Burkett; McIntosh, Stephens, Bannon; A. Jones, McKinley, Dorman, Matthews, McManus.

GOLF.

MILLTOWN CLUB.

Dr. W. Lombard Murphy presided at the annual general meeting of Milltown Club, held in the clubhouse on Tuesday evening. In moving the adoption of the report of the committee and statement of accounts, the president congratulated the members on the successful conclusion of the negotiations for the purchase of the lands. All the lands hitherto held under lease become the property of the club in fee-simple, and, while the financial responsibility involved is undoubtedly a heavy one, he (the president) had no doubt that the club would continue to prosper, and in a very short time would be able to clear off the debt incurred by their wise decision to purchase. The hon. treasurer (Mr. P. Gorevan) seconded the adoption of the report, which was passed unanimously.

Dr. W. Lombard Murphy was re-elected president, and the following officers and members of committee were elected:—Dr. J. F. O'Grady (vice-president), V. E. Becker (captain), P. Gorevan (hon. treasurer), W. J. Carbery (hon. secretary), and Messrs. W. Boland, L. J. McGrath, George Nesbitt, R. S. Sandys, and H. M. Stanley. Votes of thanks to the president, to the outgoing captain (Dr. J. F. O'Grady), and the staff were passed unanimously.

On the motion of Mr. B. D. H. Fleming, the very best thanks of the club were tendered to the retiring vice-president (Mr. H. J. Johnston) for his services to the club.

CLUB NOTICES AND REPORTS.

SKERRIES.

Saturday—Monthly medal, nine holes, bogey.

RATHFARNHAM.

Ladies' Branch.—February 20th—The match played between captain's and hon. secretary's teams resulted in a draw. February 27th—Match between captain's and hon. secretary's teams, foursomes. Entries close Monday (26th) morning; choose partners.

CLONTARF.

Crawford Cup, 12 holes: Class 1—P. B. Heffron (13), 45½; M. Kennedy (12), 46. Class 2—J. Trimble (16), 40½; F. Speidel (20), 45½.

DONABATE.

Saturday next—Monthly medal, strokes. Holes 10 to 18. Draw 2.30. Winner of club gold medal—L. de L'Asa (11), 64.

LACROSSE.

COMBINED TEAMS V. FRENCH SCHOOL.

The following combined team of the Pioneer Club and the Alexandra College will play the French School, Bray, to-day at 3 p.m.:—Misses M. Wilkinson, B. Thompson (capt.), R. Mayne, J. Barlee, S. Meredith, E. Goodbody, J. Lombard, P. Sinton, B. Rutherfoord, N. Franks, N. Weir, S. Maddock.

HOCKEY.

FINE DISPLAY BY BANK OF IRELAND.

THREE ROCK ROVERS "A" 2
BANK OF IRELAND 2

Although Three Rock Rovers had the assistance of D. J. Coulson and T. B. Dagg, of Dublin University, they could do no better than draw with Bank of Ireland at Londonbridge road yesterday. The Bank led by two goals, both scored by McConkey at half-time; but W. Brewster and Pigot made the scores level in the second half. Fahy, Felton, Tyndall and Sarratt did splendid defensive work for Bank of Ireland, and Coulson and R. Pilkington were the best of the Rovers team. The teams were:—

Three Rock Rovers—C. Cuffe; "P. Back," R. Wix; R. Pilkington, D. J. Coulson, W. Pilkington; B. Fuge, T. B. Dagg, J. P. Pigot, W. Brewster, A. Findlater.

Bank of Ireland—H. B. Bulmer; P. J. Fahy, E. W. Felton; D. C. Fitzpatrick, A. D. Sarratt, A. P. Tyndall; J. H. Ferris, J. S. Brewster, R. McConkey (capt.), S. Armstrong, D. Shepherd.

BANKERS' CUP DRAW.

The following is the draw for the Bankers' Cup:—
Royal v. Hibernian.
National v. Munster and Leinster.
Provincial v. Northern and Ulster.
Bank of Ireland a bye.

LEINSTER BRANCH I.H.U.

There will be a meeting for all club room secretaries to-night at 7.30 at Londonbridge road. Captains of the various club elevens are requested to be present at the same hour. There will be an Emergency Committee meeting at 8 o'clock, to be followed by a combined meeting of the Branch and I.H.U. Emergency Committees.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

Leinster Schools' Trial: Whites v. Colours. Imperial Tobacco Co. ground, Crumlin, 3.45.
Dublin University v. Kingstown Rovers. Londonbridge road, 3.30.

TEAMS.

Whites — B. Anderson (K.G.S.); D. Haigh (K.G.S.), E. Flewett (St. Patrick's); J. White (Mountjoy), W. Grimson (Mountjoy), D. Beckett (Avoca); G. Galbraith (Dundalk), A. Alcom (St. Moibhi's), A. Thompson (capt.) (Avoca), I. Sloane (Dundalk), G. Byrne (K.G.S.).

Colours—E. Seales (Mountjoy); R. Campbell (Mountjoy), J. Baker (Mountjoy); S. Rogan (Dundalk), D. Young (K.G.S.), J. Leveroni (K.G.S.); W. Boucher (St. Patrick's), J. Striven (K.G.S.), A. Harris (K.G.S.), J. Mattsson (capt.) (Mountjoy), J. O'Callaghan (Mountjoy).

Dublin University—C. D. Morgan; G. K. Donald, A. F. Delaney; D. J. Coulson, R. F. Browne, A. Roberts; J. M. Howe, W. G. Lee, J. A. MacDonogh, T. B. Dagg, H. F. Sloan.

JUNIOR TRIAL MATCH VENUE.

The above game will be played next Wednesday on the Y.M.C.A. ground at 4 p.m.

ROWING.

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY B.C.

The Senior VIII. has been practising for the Head of the River race at Putney on March 24th for the last four weeks, and have been in strict training for ten days now. The crew is seated as follows:—Bow, A. B. K. Tyndall; 2, T. Shillington; 3, L. H. Bradell; 4, J. R. Orpen; 5, J. C. McCarthy-Morrogh; 6, J. A. F. Montgomery; 7, M. Horan; str., D. McGillycuddy; cox, R. T. O'Neill.

The Hilary Term races have been fixed for March 9th and 10th, the "at home" taking place on Saturday, the 10th. Last term a handicap sculling race was instituted, and another one will take place this time. It is open to all members of Dublin University Boat Club and Lady Elizabeth Boat Club. The fours for the Craig-Davidson and Millar Cups will also race on those two days, and on Saturday it is hoped to have a race between the Senior VIII., Lady Elizabeth B.C. VIII. and two other junior crews. These should give a line to the maiden and junior VIII.'s in the summer.

THE BOAT RACE CREWS AT WORK.

The Oxford University crew made one of their hardest efforts during yesterday's boat race practice at Henley, when, in the second outing, they rowed the Regatta course in 7 mins. 27 secs. Although their time was 36 secs. outside the record for this journey, the work was satisfactory. They began with 35 in the first minute, 31 in the second, and the barrier was reached in 3 mins. 3 secs. Holdsworth, at stroke, reached 34 in his finishing effort, and the average rate of striking was 30. The crew was unaltered.

FINE ROW BY CAMBRIDGE.

The Cambridge crew did a fast piece of work during their second outing at Goring. With C. K. Buckle retaining his seat at No. 2, they rowed from the Gatehampton railway bridge to Combe Park boathouse (two miles) in 10 mins. 1 sec. In perfect conditions N. J. Bradley, at stroke, got away at 32 in the first minute, and dropped to 30 in the next. They passed Gatehampton ferry in 1 min. 18 secs., the Regatta starting post in 3 mins. 16 secs., and Hartslock Wood in 7 mins. 46 secs. Bradley, in a burst towards the end, worked up to 34. The time was 4 secs. faster than that of Luxton's crew of 1932, when a row took place under similar conditions.

TABLE TENNIS.

FREE STATE V. ENGLAND.

The teams for the international match between the Free State and England at the Catholic Commercial Club, Upper O'Connell street, Dublin, on Saturday, March 3rd, are:—

England—A. Millar (Manchester), D. Foules (Birmingham), K. Hyde (Liverpool), J. Bowyer (Manchester), Miss Doolan (London), Miss Norrish (Liverpool), captain (non-playing), J. Siddran (Manchester).

Free State—J. Drum (Castle) (captain), J. Hussey (Mountjoy and Abbey Presbyterians), C. Kemp (Acme), A. Maguire (Castle), Miss R. Davis (Anglesea), Miss T. Whelan (Mountjoy).

J. Bowyer (England) and Miss T. Whelan (Free State) are new "caps."

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

FREE STATE CUP REPLAY.

The Council of the Free State F.A., at a meeting last night, decided to rescind the minutes fixing the venue and date of the F.S. Cup semi-final replay between Cork and Dundalk.

A special meeting will be held next Wednesday to fix the new date and venue. A motion will be before the Council to play the match on St. Patrick's Day at Dalymount Park.

SCOTTISH CUP—Fourth Round.

The draw for the Scottish Cup, Fourth Round, was made in Glasgow yesterday, and resulted as follows:—

St. Johnstone v. Queen of the South.
Albion Rovers v. Motherwell.
Glasgow Rangers v. Aberdeen.
St. Mirren v. Glasgow Celtic.

Ties to be played on Saturday, March 3. Kick-off, 3 o'clock.

CROSS-CHANNEL RESULTS.

F.A. CUP (Fifth Round) REPLAY.

	Goals.		Goals.
Manchester City	2	Sheffield Wednesday	0

ENGLISH LEAGUE—Division I.

	Goals.		Goals.
Arsenal	2	Blackburn Rovers	1
Chelsea	2	Liverpool	0
Huddersfield	2	Aston Villa	1
Portsmouth	3	Leicester City	5
Birmingham	2	Derby County	1
Sunderland	6	Tottenham	0

ENGLISH LEAGUE—Division II.

	Goals.		Goals.
Preston N.E.	3	Manchester United	2

SCOTTISH CUP REPLAY.

	Goals.		Goals.
Hearts	1	Rangers	2

COUNTY ANTRIM SHIELD.

Linfield	8	Glentoran	1

CORK PRISONERS BEFORE TRIBUNAL.

ATTEMPTED MURDER CHARGE.

AT the Military Tribunal yesterday, peared before the Military Tribunal, sitting at Collins Barracks, Dublin, on charges relating to a raid on the house of Denis Murray, which occurred on January 27th, 1934.

The prisoners were:—

James Kendellon, Kelleher's Buildings, Cork;

Sean Condon, Ballyvolane road, Cork;

Stephen Walsh, Stream Hill, Cork.

They were charged (1) with conspiring to murder John Murray; (2) with conspiring to assault John Murray, and to break and enter, under arms, the dwellinghouse of Denis Murray; (3) wounding with intent to murder Robert Peglar; (4) attempting to murder John Murray by shooting at him; (5) attempting to murder Robert Peglar by shooting at him; (6) shooting at John Murray with intent to do him grievous bodily harm, or to resist the lawful apprehension of James Kendellon; (7) shooting with intent at Robert Peglar; (8) maliciously wounding Robert Peglar; (9) riotous assembly; (10) housebreaking and having firearms with intent to endanger life; (11) having firearms unlawfully; (12) having firearms without licences; (13) assaulting John Murray.

Counsel in the case were:—Mr. William Black (instructed by Mr. John S. O'Connor, solicitor for the Attorney-General) prosecuted. Mr. Liam Trant McCarthy, solicitor, represented Kendellon. Mr. Owen O'Mahony (instructed by Mr. Neville McCarthy) appeared for Condon and Walsh

Kendellon, on being arraigned, pleaded guilty to charges 11 and 12.

To all the other charges the three prisoners answered "Not guilty."

FIRED AT JOHN MURRAY.

Mr. Black said that on 27th January last the good citizens of Cork might have felt that they were disgraced by the cowardly outrage which then occurred. There was however, no reason to believe that any organisation was connected with the outrage. One of the prisoners would mention an organisation, but counsel would not say it was implicated. Counsel hoped that if the prisoner had been a member of the organisation he had been expelled, and that the members of it would feel the disgrace of the outrage even more keenly than did the citizens of this country in general. Counsel said that about 9.30 p.m., on the 27th January, Denis Murray, who was head of a family living in a small cottage in Old Youghal road, was sitting with his wife, his son John, his daughter and three neighbours in his kitchen. Kendellon and Condon suddenly forced their way in, and Kendellon, raising a revolver, fired two shots at John Murray, who was seated by the fire. Those might have been blank shots, because the number of bullets picked up after the affray did not correspond with the firing. The only harm done was that Miss Murray had her cheek scorched by the revolver shots.

"The family at once precipitated themselves upon the two men," continued counsel, "and in some way pushed them out of the kitchen. Then an extraordinary thing happened. Kendellon, before the eyes of three Guards who were looking after Murray's house, and were now rushing up to the spot, again raised his revolver and fired a number of shots at the house. Three of the bullets pierced the outer door, one was found embedded in the inner door, and one bullet went through the window. This was done, defiantly, in spite of the Guards. One of the shots wounded a neighbour of the Murray's, Robert Peglar, who was in the kitchen. It punctured his skin at the right shoulder, after piercing all his clothes.

"The Guards saw this last episode," said counsel; "they saw Kendellon blazing away at the house with his revolver."

One of the two who were with Kendellon was, however, apparently struggling with him, and counsel supposed the suggestion would be made that the other's object was to stop Kendellon from continuing the fire. All three men had been in a public-house belonging to a Mrs. Maher until shortly before the outrage took place.

John Murray swore that when Kendellon opened the door he said to witness that he wanted to speak to him. As the witness got up, Kendellon pulled a revolver from behind his back and fired at the witness. The witness picked up an iron file from behind a cupboard and rushed at Kendellon. They got Kendellon out, and he then fired through the door. Peglar was wounded and ran out the back door. "The next time I saw Kendellon," said witness, "he was being brought down the road, under arrest, by the Guards. He said: 'I'll get you yet, Murray.'"

Cross-examined by counsel for Kendellon, the witness said that he had appeared before the Tribunal once before, in connection with his carrying a baton.

Counsel—I suggest you are a very truculent and troublesome person?

John Murray—No, sir.

He had been in the British Army, but had not been dismissed; he had discharge-papers. He had not been making himself unpleasant and a nuisance in the vicinity by making remarks about persons from whom he differed politically.

Counsel—I put it to you that you whipped a file from your pocket when Kendellon asked to speak to you and rushed at him.

Witness denied this.

LEFT THE BLUESHIRTS.

I think you belong to an organisation which is known officially or unofficially as the Blueshirts?

Not now. I left when the organisation was disbanded. I was not a member on 27th January. I am not a member of the League of Youth.

I suggest that you were one of several people who assaulted Kendellon a few days prior to Christmas?

A few days prior to Christmas I was a prisoner in Arbour Hill.

To another question, the witness said that he was not aware that Kendellon had been assaulted by members of witness's organisation.

Denis Murray said that on the night in question Kendellon called his son twice, and then stepped forward and fired two shots. He bore out counsel's statement, adding that when Kendellon was passing his door afterwards on arrest he said: "Murray, I will have you yet." That remark was addressed to witness's son.

Replying to Mr. O'Mahony, he said that Kendellon and Condon were clearly inside the door of the house. Witness told Mr. Liam McCarthy that he had some military experience.

Mr. McCarthy was proceeding to question him about the method of carrying guns, and the witness declared, amidst laughter: "Unfortunately, the gun I had I could not carry it." To other questions he said that when the gun was fired it was in direct line with his son. As far as he could see there was no mark on the ceiling—he did not examine the walls. Three shots were fired through the door and one through the window.

Mr. McCarthy—Does your son belong to any political organisation?—He belongs to the U.I.P.

Mr. McCarthy—I think there was a meeting to be held in Clonakilty on the following day?—I know nothing about it. I take no interest in politics. I am not a politician in any way.

Mrs. Ellen Murray said that Condon pushed Kendellon into the kitchen. "My son's life was at his mercy," she said, "and I was strong enough to push him out."

BURNED WITH POWDER.

Miss Ellen Murray told the Court that when the second shot was fired particles of powder fell over her eyes, and she felt a burn on her forehead afterwards.

Replying to Mr. O'Mahony, she denied that she caused annoyance to people of different political opinions from her by shouting remarks at them.

Robert Peglar, who was in Murray's house on the occasion, told of rushing through the back door and scaling a wall into the next house, where he found that he had received a shot in the back.

Dr. D. F. Burke, North Cork Infirmary, gave evidence of the skin-wound sustained by Peglar and perforations in the man's garments.

Dr. Fennell, also of North Cork Infirmary, corroborated.

Dr. D. F. Hegarty, visiting physician, said that Peglar was suffering more from fright than anything else.

Richard Peilow, who was in Murray's kitchen when the shooting occurred, also gave evidence.

Thomas Hassett, who was also in Murray's kitchen, gave corroborative evidence.

Mrs. K. Mahony said that between 9.35 and 9.40 on the 27th inst. she closed her licensed premises on Old Youghal road. The three prisoners had been drinking there during the evening, but when they left they were not drunk. She thought Kendellon left shortly before Walsh and Condon; she was not certain if the two latter had left when the firing broke out nearby.

THE LOCAL CLUB.

To Mr. O'Mahony, witness said that her tap-room, where the prisoners had been, with several others, including Walsh's father and uncle, was looked on as a local club-room. The company had been having a "sing-song" on the night of the 27th.

Guard M. Wall, a photographer attached to Dublin headquarters, produced and proved photographs taken at Old Youghal road, indicating the position of the buildings and the damage done by bullets.

Guard Magner exhibited a wooden model, made to scale, of Murray's cottage.

Sergeant Thomas A. Elwin, Kilmainham, had made drawings of the Old Youghal road, and also produced ordnance maps.

Detective Officer John Flanerty, Cork, said that about 9.30 p.m. he heard shots ring out. "I wheeled round," said the witness, "and saw three men standing outside Murray's house. I rushed across the street and shouted: 'Hands up!' Walsh's mother jumped in between me and the group on the footpath. I saw Walsh put his hands up and back towards Kendellon. Condon had a grip of Kendellon, and was pulling him away when I landed beside him.

"I saw Kendellon fire about five shots towards the house. I didn't see any gun in the possession of Walsh or Condon. The women, who were between me and the three of them, were shouting to me not to fire, and then the crowd ran in between us, and the three, who were backing away towards Streamhill lane, got away. Fifty to a hundred people gathered around the house, and I kept them away from the door. Then the other Guards arrived from town.

"I escorted Kendellon to the Bridewell when he was arrested, and I asked him for his gun, but he would not tell me what had happened to it."

Replying to Mr. O'Mahony he said that Condon appeared to be dragging Kendellon away from the house.

Witness told Mr. MacCarthy that Kendellon appeared to be excited. It was common knowledge in the area that Murray's house was under protection.

Guard Philip Ryan, who was on duty with the previous witness, said that when he heard the shots he ran up to Murray's house. Detective Officer Flaherty was on the road and drew his gun and covered Stephen Walsh with it. Witness went to 'phone for reinforcements. Robert Pegler was taken away from the house in an ambulance.

"MURRAY, COME OUT."

To Mr. O'Mahony witness said that the three men seemed to be struggling on the road, but he could not say whether the other two were trying to keep Kendellon from firing the shots.

Guard John O'Neill said that he saw Detective Officer Flaherty cover Kendellon with his gun, and then Walsh went between Flaherty and Kendellon. He heard someone shout: "Murray, come out here." He was present when Kendellon admitted firing at Murray, and said he was sorry he did not get the right man.

Sergeant Eamonn Conray, Union quay, Cork, said that he saw Kendellon near Murray's house. Some Guards were with him looking for the revolver he was alleged to have. Witness told him there was a serious charge of attempted murder against him, and Kendellon said: "I am not going to make any statement, but I went into Murray's to get him. I went in alone, and Murray pretended he was putting his hand in his pocket for a gun. I said I would have the first of it and I pulled a gun and fired at him. I meant to shoot him, and I am sorry I did not finish him." Witness asked him where the gun was, and he said: "I was knocked down by four or five people, and the gun was taken out of my hand." When asked why he tried to shoot Murray, he said: "I had no reason except that he was in the British Army. I was beat up three times by the Blue Shirts, and he was the leader of them."

Superintendent T. McNeill produced a .32 automatic bullet which had been found in Murray's house.

Superintendent Meehan said that in the Bridewell Kendellon alleged that he had twice been "beaten up" by Blue Shirts, but had not reported this to the Guards. The prisoner also said that Condon and Walsh had nothing to do with the raid. Walsh had made a statement to the effect that after leaving the public-house at 9.30 he heard a commotion in the road. He was going down when he was stopped by a Guard who had a gun. That was the first he knew of the shooting.

Mr. O'Mahony applied for a direction in favour of Condon and Walsh.

The President said a *prima facie* case had been established in regard to both prisoners.

Mr. McCarthy opened his case for the defence of Kendellon by offering, on his client's behalf, an unconditional apology for the visit to Murray's house on the 27th, and to John Murray and Robert Peglar. Kendellon had been brooding prior to the 27th because it had been conveyed to him that he was to be made the subject of an attack on the following night. He was worried, and when John Murray's attitude was inimical instead of being friendly he was angered at his reception. His medical history was that of a man subject to epileptic fits, and his conduct had certainly been strange.

Kendellon, in evidence, said he was a married man, with four children. On January 27 he was told that his house was going to be raided on the following Sunday night. He was in Mrs. Mahony's licensed premises that night, and had on him a .32 revolver. He left the public-house and went down to Murray's, opened the door, and said, "Murray, I want to speak to you for a minute." Witness wanted to tell him that he would hold him responsible if the Blue Shirts came to his house on the Sunday night. Murray was a captain of the Blue Shirts. When Murray saw witness in the house he put his hand in his pocket and pulled out a file, which he made as if to throw at witness. Pielow and Pegler made a rush at him and he fired a shot over their heads. They pushed him out of the house, and he fired the remainder of the shots through the door. Condon had a hold of him by the arm and was pulling him away when the shot went through the window. He had no desire to do any harm to Pegler. He did not at present belong to any organisation, as he was dismissed from the I.R.A. for this offence. He was prepared to give an undertaking never to use arms against any citizen of the State again.

DISMISSED FROM I.R.A.

Mr. Black—You were dismissed from the I.R.A. for this offence?—Yes.

Mr. Black—I am glad to hear that, and I am sure all decent people will be.

Further replying to Mr. Black, witness said that he had been assaulted by members of a certain organisation, but, as a member of the I.R.A., he had not reported it to the Guards. His house had also been raided, and he reported that to the I.R.A., of which he was a member at the time. "When I was beaten up by the Blue Shirts," said witness, "I reported it to the I.R.A., and they gave me permission to have a gun for the protection of my house. That was the reason I did not report the matter to the Guards. I would not go to the Guards in any case."

Witness also said in cross-examination that the gun was fully loaded. John Murray had a file and Pielow, Pegler and Hassett had batons in Murray's house that night.

Why did you fire the shots through the door?—When I was pushed outside the house I lost my temper and blazed away at the door.

Prisoner said that his remark to John Murray, "I'll get you yet," probably represented his feelings towards Murray at the time; he would admit that shooting was what he intended to threaten in that remark. If he had mentioned that he wanted to ask Murray about the suspected raid in the public-house Walsh and Condon would not have let him go to Murray's house.

President—What happened the revolver?—I was after coming out of the house when four strangers caught hold of me and it was taken off me. I took off my leather coat to fight them.

Have you any idea where they came from?—No, sir; I have not.

Mr. McCarthy said that he did not propose to call any further evidence.

Mr. Martin Corry, T.D., examined by Mr. O'Mahony, said that the prisoner Walsh was attached to him during the Black and Tan period. He was a good soldier then. He had known him ever since to be a most respectable boy.

The Court adjourned until 11 o'clock to-day.

CITIES LEFT FOR FARMS.

NEW MIGRATION IN CANADA.

The mass movement of 203 women and children from Montreal to newly-established settlements in the Abitibi district in Northern Quebec has drawn public attention to a new kind of migration, which has been quietly proceeding in Canada for some time, in contribution to a solution of the unemployment problem.

It is the "repatriation" of the ex-farmer and his wife who have tried the city, assessed its attractions—the near-by cinema, theatre, the wages, the short hours, the conveniences of hot and cold running water—compared them with the comparative "hardships" of the country, and have come to the conclusion that after all there is no life like that of the farm.

The men leave first, to prepare homes for their families, who follow in due course under a settlement plan, in which the Federal and Provincial Governments lend their active sympathy. In moving the 203 women and children, perhaps the largest single "repatriation" to date, the Canadian National Railways provided a special train, which, besides carrying the passengers, took all their household effects. The largest family included nine children, while several numbered eight. Colourful scenes at the railway station marked their departure, reminiscent of the busiest days of pre-war immigration.

WOMAN'S WORK WITH ABORIGINES.

REWARD FOR THIRTY YEARS' STUDY.

The only woman in the world to claim the distinction of blood brotherhood in an aboriginal tribe has now been made a C.B.E. Mrs. Daisy Bates, that remarkable woman who for thirty years has lived among the Australian aborigines, studying them, loving them, protecting them, was included in the list of New Year Honours, writes Austral News.

Her story makes fascinating reading. Hailed by ethnologists as the most reliable living authority on the life and customs of the Australian black, Mrs. Bates lives in a tiny hut in the scrub at Ooldea, South Australia, recluse and reserved to a degree.

For twenty years this shelter of boughs and saplings has been her home in between her wanderings with her nomad friends. In the course of this time she has acquired 115 tribal languages, also a store of notes and manuscripts, and a collection of native legends of unique anthropological value. She has seen corroborees and ceremonials witnessed by no other white man or woman, and 25 years ago at Tonderup, Western Australia, was initiated into the Bibbulmun tribe, and given the freedom of its totem.

Mrs. Bates established herself at Ooldea during the construction of the trans-Continental railway, so that the blacks should have her protection. They still come to her over 1,000 miles of desert to be fed and clothed, and initiated, much to her regret, into the ways of the white man. Last August, for the first time for twenty years, Mrs. Bates returned to civilisation at the urgent invitation of the Federal Ministry, to confer with them about a native problem in Arnhem Land.

Thanks to the establishment of a religious mission at Ooldea, she hopes soon to be able to devote time to the compilation of her manuscripts. Already through her writings her name is famous, and correspondence pours into her from scientists and publishers of note all over the world.

A cultivated little Irishwoman, with a flair for Latin poetry and a gay wit, Mrs. Bates came to Australia in 1899 from the London staff of the *Review of Reviews*. Newspaper accusations of ill-treatment of the blacks took her to the far North-West, where, a visitor direct from London, she paid £3 10s. a week to sleep between blue blankets on an earthen floor in the old hotel at Hedland, with the hermit-crabs nibbling her toes in the night-time. Here her interest in the life and legends of the aborigines was first awakened. Taking up a station property of her own at Nullagine, Mrs. Bates later sold this and became journalist and lecturer, travelling protector and officer of the Aborigines' Department, and also assistant ethnologist to the Cambridge scientific expedition of 1914.

BOWLING.

FREE STATE LEAGUE.

At a meeting of the Free State League, held at Exchequer street, Mr. H. W. Stockman presiding, Mr. McGovern was appointed to act for the League on the Management Committee of the I.B.A. It was decided to issue a Free State handbook this year, the drafting to be left to the members of the Emergency Committee.

In an endeavour to get the League fixtures completed by the end of July, it was decided to start the League competitions (Senior and Junior) on Saturday, May 5th.

The hon. secretary was instructed to offer the Belfast Public Parks Association any Saturday in August, except the last Saturday, for the annual match between the Public Parks and the Free State League.

It was decided that in future the deciding game in the Baird Cup be played on the green of the president's club. The following dates and venues were arranged for the competition:—June 12th—"A": Scotland v England, at Imperial Tobacco Co.'s ground; June 13th—Ireland v. losers of "A," at St. James's Gate ground; June 14th—Ireland v. winners of "A," at Kenilworth.

The type of competition for the cup presented by Messrs. Schweppes was left to the selection of the clubs.

IRISH CUP DRAWS.

The draws for the Irish Senior and Junior Cups were made by the Irish Bowling Associations last night in Belfast. In the first round of the Senior Cup Kenilworth travel to Connsbrook, and Clontarf visit Falls; while in the preliminary round of the Junior Cup Kenilworth play Ballymoney at Belfast. In the first round the winner of the Kenilworth v. Ballymoney match meets Hilden, also at Belfast. Blackrock travel to Newtownards.

The first round of the Senior Cup is on the 19th May, and the preliminary round of the Junior is on the same date, and the first round of the Junior on 26th May.

CYCLING.

ROAD RACING FIXTURES FOR THE SEASON.

The following fixtures for the season have been made:—

April 8—C. and S. 25 miles; 15—Celtic 25 miles; 22—Irish Road Club 50 miles; 29—Fingal Rovers 25 miles.

May 6—25 Miles Munster and Connaught Championships; 6—Co. Dublin 50 Miles Championship; 13—Ladies' (Shamrock C.C.) Two Miles Handicap; 20—50 Miles Provincial Championship; 27—50 Miles Junior Championship.

June 6—Celtic 25 miles (paced), Phœnix Park; 10—50 Miles National Championship; 13—Celtic 30 Miles (paced), Phœnix Park; 17—Celtic 50 Miles Handicap, Phœnix Park; 20—C. and S. 25 miles (paced), Phœnix Park; 23—Irish Road Club Rudge 50 miles; 24—Harp C.C. Dublin to Mullingar; 27—Celtic Open Tandem, 50; 27—Shamrock Open Novice, 10 miles

July 1—75 Miles World's Championship Trials; 4—Shamrock Open 10 Miles Handicap; 15—Co. Dublin 100 Miles Championship; 22—Celtic Open 100 Miles; 29—Celtic Open 120 Kilos Variable Gear Championship.

August 5-6—Irish Road Club 24 Hours Open; 19—Celtic Open, 12 hours.

September 2—100 Miles National Championship; 9—50 Miles C. and S. (competitors paced); 16—Co. Dublin 25 Miles Championship; 23—50 Miles National Tandem Championship; 30—Harp C.C. Palmer Cup, 25 miles.

October 7—Shamrock Open 25 miles; 14—Fingal Rovers Dublin to Drogheda (competitors paced); 28—Harp C.C. Dublin to Drogheda (competitors paced).

BOXING.

BIG CAMPAIGN PLANNED FOR JACK DOYLE.

Jack Doyle, the Irish heavy-weight, is anxious to get busy, and yesterday he named six heavy-weights he is prepared to fight following his contest with an opponent yet to be selected at the Royal Albert Hall, London, on March 22. Reggie Meen (Leicester), Ben Foord (South Africa), Charlie Smith (Deptford), Jack London (West Hartlepool), Frank Borrington (Derby) and Norman Baines (Catford) are the suggested opponents, and, according to Mr. Dan Sullivan, his manager, Doyle will fight them at intervals of two weeks.

"Jack has been hard at work in his new training quarters at Orpington, Kent, for the past two weeks," said Mr. Sullivan. "We are preparing a big campaign of fighting for this year, and when Jack has finished with his preliminary contests he will tackle Len Harvey, Jack Peterson and Larry Gains."

MAGNER CUP RETAINED.

At Clonmel last night, Dolphin B.C., Cork, retained possession of the Magner Cup. Results:—Pte. Ryan (Cork) beat D. Ryan (Clonmel); D. Daly (Limerick) k.o. B. Dwyer (Clonmel); C. Ford (Dolphin) beat F. Rice (Limerick); Pte. Ryan (Collins, Cork) k.o. J. Renwick (Limerick); J. Corry (Dolphin) beat M. Walsh (Clonmel).

After two years without a parson, the world's loneliest island, Tristan da Cunha, welcomed its new padre yesterday. He is the Rev. Harold Wilde, formerly of Lincoln.

COMPANY NOTICES.

British Celanese Ltd.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF 7½ per cent. Convertible Second Mortgage Bearer Bonds.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the right reserved to the Company by the conditions governing the above Bonds, the Company will, on the 30th June, 1934, redeem the whole of the said Bonds then outstanding at a premium of 10 per cent. Directions as to the method of obtaining payment will be advertised in due course.

The Company has determined to create £3,000,000 5½ per Cent. Mortgage Debenture Stock, of which £2,800,000 is about to be issued.

The holders of the 7½ per Cent. Convertible Second Mortgage Bonds of the Company may, up to and including Monday, the 5th March, 1934, exchange their holdings for—

(1) £110 of the new 5½ per Cent. Mortgage Debenture Stock in respect of each £110 of principal moneys and premium represented by Bonds held by them, with a cash payment of £1 (less tax) for interest adjustment; or

(2) £100 of the new 5½ per Cent. Mortgage Debenture Stock in respect of each £100 of principal moneys represented by Bonds held by them, and a cash payment of £10 for premium and £1 (less tax) for interest adjustment.

The new stock will (subject to the existing 7 per Cent. Debenture Stock and the 7½ per Cent. Bonds until redeemed) be a specific charge on the freehold property of the Company at Spondon, and a floating charge upon its undertaking and all its property and assets, present and future, including uncalled capital.

The Company will be restricted from creating any mortgage or charge ranking *pari passu* with, or in priority to, the stock other than charges in the ordinary course of business over current trading assets to secure sums not exceeding £500,000 at any one time outstanding.

Interest will be payable half-yearly on the 30th June and 31st December. A full six months' interest will be paid on the 30th June, 1934, on stock allotted by way of conversion.

The stock will be redeemable at 102 per cent. on the 31st December, 1964, or earlier by means of a cumulative sinking fund of 1½ per cent. per annum, commencing in the year 1935. The sinking fund will be applied in purchases at or below 102 per cent. (exclusive of accrued interest, but inclusive of expenses of purchase) or by drawings at 102 per cent., the Company reserving the right to tender stock in satisfaction of the sinking fund at the rate of £100 nominal of stock in satisfaction of £102 of sinking fund. The Company also reserves the right to repay the whole, but not part, of the stock at 105 per cent. on or after 31st December, 1942, on two months' notice.

Applications from holders of 7½ per cent. Convertible Second Mortgage Bonds for 5½ per cent. Mortgage Debenture Stock in addition to that which they take up by way of conversion, will, along with applications from shareholders and First Mortgage Debenture stockholders of the Company, receive preferential consideration if made on the special forms provided.

Full particulars of the 5½ per cent. Mortgage Debenture Stock, together with the necessary forms for effecting conversion and making additional applications, may be obtained by Bondholders from the issue departments of the Company's bankers, Lloyds Bank, Limited, 72 Lombard street, London, E.C.3, and Midland Bank, Limited, Poultry, London, E.C.2, or any of their respective branches.

Dated 22nd February, 1934.

By Order of the Board,
W. H. POXON, Secretary.

Celanese House, Hanover Square, London, W.1.

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE OF DIVIDENDS TO HOLDERS OF ORDINARY AND PREFERENCE STOCK WARRANTS TO BEARER.

A Second Interim Dividend on the Ordinary Stock for the year ending 30th September, 1934, of Tenpence for each £1 of Ordinary Stock, free of United Kingdom income tax at 4/2½ in the £, will be payable on 31st March, 1934.

Holders of Bearer Stock to obtain this Dividend must deposit Coupon No. 154 with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 32 Lombard street, E.C., for examination three clear business days (excluding Saturday) before payment is made.

The usual Half-yearly Dividend of 2½ p.c. on the 5 p.c. Preference Stock (less income tax at 4/1 in the £) for the year ending 30th September next, will also be payable on the same date.

Coupon No. 61 must be deposited with the National Provincial Bank, Limited, Savoy Court, Strand, London, W.C., for examination three clear business days (excluding Saturday) before payment is made.

Dated 20th February, 1934.

By Order,
A. M. RICKARDS, Secretary.
Westminster House, 7 Millbank, London, S.W.

DEALINGS IN LONDON MARKET.

The following dealings among active stocks and shares were "marked" in London yesterday:—

Consols—76⅝, ¼, 5/16, 3/16, ⅛, 7/16, 11/32, 9/32. **3½ p.c. War Loan**—102⅛, ¼, 5/32, 7/32, 3/16, 5/16, 9/32, *¼, *⅜, *⅛. **Funding Loan**—112 15/16, ⅞, ¾, 11/16, ⅝. **Conversion Loan 3½ p.c.**—103, 1/16, 2 15/16, ⅞, 13/16, 3/8. **4 p.c. Consols**—109 13/16, ⅝, ⅞, 11/16, ¾, *15/16, 27/32. **Free State Land Bonds**—108⅛. **Aerated Bread**—*24/7½, 5/3. **Allied Newspapers Ord.**—20/-. **Amalgamated Press**—20/10½, 1/-. **Anglo-Dutch Rubber**—19/7½, 9d., 10½d., 20/-, 1½d. **Associated Cement**—29/6, 9d., 10½d., 30/-, 1½d. **Associated Newspapers Def.**—20/6, 9d., 7½d., 10½d. **Bovril Def.**—21/3, 4½d., 9d., 7½d., 6d. **Brazilian Traction**—12⅝, ⅞, 15/16, ¾, 13/16. **British American Tobacco**—6, 5 31/32, £5 19/3. **British Celanese**—14/4½, 7½d., 6d. **British Match Ord.**—34/10½, 9d., 7½d., *5/-, 5/-. **British Oil and Cake**—42/7½, 9d., 3d., 1½d. **Buenos Ayres Great Southern**—31, ¼, ¾, ⅛, ½, 30¾, ½, 1⅜. **Cables and Wireless "A"**—*23⅝, ⅝, ½, ¾, ⅞, *¾, ¼, 4; **do. "B"**—*10¾, ¾, ⅞; **do. 5½ p.c. Pref.**—*71, 2, ⅛, 1, ½, ⅝, ¾, ⅛, ¼. **Calico Printers**—*12/1½. **Canadian Pacific**—16¼, ½, 3/16, 5/16, ⅜. **Carreras**—8⅜, 7/16, 13/32, 15/32, *13/32. **Coats** (x.d.)—62/-, 1/9, 10½d., *9d., 2/1½, 3d. **Courtaulds**—48/7½, 10½d., *10½d., 6d., 9d., 9/-, 1½d., 3d. **Crown Mines**—10 11/16, ⅝, 23/32. **Cunard Ord.**—6/4½, 6d., 9d., 7½d. **"Daily Mail" Trust**—44/6, 10½d., 5/-. **"Daily Mirror" Ord.**—14/9, 10½d., *6d., 15/-. **Dunlop Ord.**—46/9, 6d., 7½d., 10½d., 4½d., 3d., *4½d., 7/-, *6/3, *9d., 7/1½, *6/10½d. **Dunlop Plantations**—26/3, 5¼. **East Asiatic Rubber**—2/3. **Electric and Musical Ord.**—25/-, 1½d., 3d., 4½d., 6d., 9d., 7½d., 6/-, *6/-, 1½d., 3d.; **do. Pref.**—22/1½. **Ford Motors**—25/9, 6d., 4½d., 4/10½, 5/-, 3d., 6/3, 4½d., 6d., *6/-, 5/7½, 6/1½, 9d., *6/4½, 4/6, 5/1½. **Gallaher Ord.**—54/10½, 5/-, 3d., 1½d. **General Electric**—44/-, 3d., 1½d. **General Electric Debs.**—109¾, ½. **Grand Central Rubber**—14/4½. **Great Western Rail**—57⅞, *½, ⅜, ¾, ½, 8. **Great Western 5 p.c. Pref.**—112, ¼, 111¼, ⅞, ⅜, ½. **Greek 7 p.c. Refugee**—40, ½, ¼. **Guinness Ord.** (x.d.)—104/-, 3/6, 9d, 3d., *4/-. **Harland and Wolff Pref.**—6/6, 9d., 7½d., 10½d., 7/-. **Harrods Ord.**—*72/9, 3/-, 3d., 7½d., 9d., 6d. **Highlands Rubber**—22/4½. **Hudson's Bay Ord.**—26/10½, 6d., 7/-. **Hungarian 7½ p.c., 1924**—42¼. **Imperial Airways**—40/-, 3d., 4½d. **Imperial Chemical Ord.**—35/-, 1½d., 4/9, 10½d., *7½d., *6d., *9d., 6d., 5/1½. **Imperial Chemical Def.**—9/6, 4½d., 7½d., *4½d., *3d., 1½d. **Imperial Tobacco**—£5 19/9, 6, 5 31/32, *£5 19/6, £5 19/1½. **International Holdings**—2 5/32, ⅛, 3/16, ¼, 7/32. **International Nickel** (dols.)—23 3/16, ¼, 5/16, ⅜, 3. **L.P.T.B. 5 p.c. "A"**—125¼; **do. 4½ p.c. "A"**—116, *16, ½; **do. 5 p.c. "B"**—118, ½, *18, ¾, ¼, ⅞, *17½, 18⅜; **do. "C"**—82⅞, ¼, ¾, *½, ½, ⅜, 3, *2¼, 2. **Lever 7 p.c. Pref.**—28/6, *1½d., 4½d., 3d., 7½d. **London, Midland and Scottish Ord.**—25, ⅛, 4⅝, 15/16, ¾, ⅞, *¾, 13/16, 5 1/16. **London and N.E. Pref. Ord.**—19 *18¾, ⅞, *⅞, ¾, 19 1/16, ¼, ⅜, ⅝, *⅛, ⅛. **London and N.E. Def.-Ord.**—9 9/16, ⅝, ½, *½. **Lyons (J.) and Co. Ord.**—6 5/16. **Marconi Marine**—28/10½, 9d., 3d., 6d., 8/-; **do. Canada**—16/1½, 6d., 3d., 16/-, 7½d., *16/-, 9d., 10½d., 17/-, 1½d. **Maypole Def.**—3/-, 2/10½. **Peruvian Corporation Pref.**—11½. **Phillips (Godfrey) Ord.**—28/9, 10½d., 6d., 9/-, 1½d., 3d. **P. and O. 5 p.c. Def.**—17/4½, 3d., 6d., 1½d. **Provincial Cinema Theatres**—23/7½, 3d. **Rand Mines**—6 5/16, *1 3/32, 1½. **Roan Antelope**—*28/10½, 4½d., 1½d., 6d. **Rubber Trust**—27/10½, 9d., 6d., 7½d. **Selfridge Trust**—*8/-. **Southern Rail Pref.-Ord.**—78¾, ¼, ⅝, 8, *¼, ½, ⅜, ⅝, *⅛. **Southern Rail Def.-Ord.**—23¾, ⅝, ⅜, 9/16, 7/16, ½, ¼, ⅞, 5/16, 15/16, 4. **Sudan Plantations**—35/-, 6d., 3d., 1½d. **"Sunday Pictorial" Ord.**—42/9. **Swedish Match "B"**—*9/7½, 7½d., 6d., 11¼d. **Tobacco Securities Ord.**—95/-, 7½d., 4/4½, *4½d., 6/10½. **Tobacco Securities Def.**—6, 1/32, 1/16, *6, *5 15/16, £5 19/-. **United Dairies**—56/-, 3d., *3d., 5/9. **Unilever Ord.**—23/4½, 7½d., 9d., 6d., 10½d., 4/1½, 3/1½, 4½d. **Unilever N.V.**—22/1½, 3d., 4½d. **United Molasses**—22/6, 4½d., 3d., 9d., 7½d., 2/-, 1½d., 3/-, 2/10½. **United Tobacco**—95/7½. **Vickers**—9/-, 1½d., 8/11¼. **Vine Products**—14/9, 15/-, 1½d. **Watney Combe Def.**—55/9, 6/-, 3d., 6d., 4½d. **Westminster Bank**—86/7½, 3d., 4½d., 6/-, 1½d. **White Star Pref.**—3/-, 2/10½. **Woolworth Ord.**—93/4½, 9d., 7½d., 3d., *3d., 10½d., 3/-, 6d. **Woolworth Pref.**—29/3, 1½d., 6d., 9/-, *9/-.

(*Exceptional bargain at special price.)

The cattle seized from Co. Tipperary farmers for rates due, and sold in the pound in Prussia street, Dublin, last Friday, were still in the pound yesterday. No one seemed to know when they were likely to be removed.

Financial News & Notes

TONE AND COMMENT

DUBLIN STEADY.

DUNLOPS AND COURTAULDS STRONG.

Dublin Stock Market was steady yesterday, but business was not on a much larger scale. Free State Funds were firm and higher, with the Fourth Loan ⅛ better at 98⅜. Land Bonds improved and War Loan was unchanged.

Some of the Dublin Corporation Stocks lost small fractions, and Banks were unchanged where quoted.

Among Rails, Great Northern Ord. and Pref. both improved, but the Debs. lost a point. Great Southern Guar. was unchanged, and the Debs. a fraction lower. Dublin Tram Ord. and Pref. both repeated former prices.

Breweries and Distilleries were buyers, and prices were all higher. Guinness units rose to 103s. 1½d., Dublin Distillers "A" to 7s. 7½d., and the Debs. repeated 75. Dunvilles rose to 27s. 9d., and Distillers (Scotch) was 1s. 6d. up at 87s. Arnott Ord. and Todd Debs. were unchanged. Walpole Pref. went back to 51s. Burke Debs. were 2s. 6d. better at 7⅜.

The feature of the Industrial section was the activity and sharp appreciation in Courtaulds and Dunlops. The former rose 1s. to 49s., and the latter was 1s. 1½d. higher at 46s. 10½d. Imperial Chemicals continued their steady rise and closed at 34s. 10½d. Unilevers also gained strength, and moved up to 23s. 6d. Coats exceptionally lost sixpence at 61s. 9d. The "other business done" list had a firm appearance.

LONDON FIRM.

INDUSTRIALS THE FEATURE.

The London Stock Markets again presented an active appearance yesterday, there being a big business in progress. As on previous days, principal attention was directed to the Industrial department, which, after opening on a rather hesitant note, developed fresh strength as the day wore on, and with strong buying orders forthcoming quotations were put appreciably higher in numerous instances. Final prices were rather below the best in some cases, the recent strong advance bringing a little profit-taking in its wake, but the undertone kept remarkably firm. Gold Shares were another good market, being favourably affected by the further improvement in the price of the metal, while Bibianis were prominent following the publication of the report.

The firmer tendency apparent recently in British Funds was well maintained yesterday, the good revenue figures exercising a favourable influence, and the closing levels showed further appreciations. Business among Foreign Government Stocks was again on a reduced scale, yet rather firmer conditions were evident, and, with a few exceptions, prices trended in the upward direction. Quiet and somewhat easier conditions characterised British Rails at the commencement, but, following the announcement of the traffic receipts—which again make a satisfactory showing—a firmer tendency developed, and values improved. Little of interest transpired among Colonial and Foreign Rails, and, apart from a trifling recovery in "Canpacs," values were lower where alteration was shown.

Further strong improvements were registered in the Industrial market. Business, as indicated above, continued on an active scale. Outstanding features of strength were provided by Austins, Fords and Rolls-Royce in the Motor section, while among Iron, Coal and Steels Babcock, Wilcox and Stewart and Lloyds Def. were especially favoured. Textiles generally presented a firm front, Patons and Baldwins spurting smartly, while numerous strong markets were apparent among Miscellaneous Industrials. Breweries and Distilleries also attracted buyers, and Aircraft issues continued firm. Oils moved narrowly, but disclosed a firm trend. Rubber Shares, on the other hand, weakened all along the line, despite the steadier tone ruling in the commodity market.

THE MONEY MARKET

GOLD DEARER.

The price of gold yesterday rose 8d. further to 136s. 5d. per oz. fine, being based on supply and demand. A sum of £1,170,000 was available in the market, and this was taken by the usual buyers for shipment to the United States.

Money market conditions were without material change. There was still a good demand for short loans at ⅝ p.c., while bill rates were steady. Fine three months' maturities were quoted at ⅞ to 15/16 p.c., and the new Treasuries were changing hands around 15/16 p.c.

Bank Rate Discount (changed June 30, 1932), 2%

60 days (fine)	13/16	15/16 %				
3 months	13/16	15/16 %	Trade	2	2½	%
4 "	⅞	1 %	"	2¼	2½	%
6 "	15/16	1⅛ %	"	2½	3	%

Loans to Brokers Day-to-day	¾ %
" for a week	¾ %
Deposit Allowance; Banks at Call	½ %
" " Discount Houses at Call	½ %
" " at Notice	¾ %

Silver improved ⅛d. on China buying to 20⅜d. per oz. for spot and 20 7/16d. for forward delivery.

There was little change in the Foreign Exchange market yesterday. Sterling in relation to the principal currencies showed a moderate improvement during the early hours, but the movement was not altogether maintained at the close. Sterling on New York was nominally quoted at the outset at about 5.04½ following the sharp improvement of the dollar in New York overnight, but the exchange soon rose to 5.07½, and moved between that rate and 5.08½ during the rest of the day. The final dollar rate was 5.07⅞ compared with the previous London close of 5.06½. Canadian dollars were finally ½c. easier on the day at 5.11. The £ also appreciated slightly in relation to the chief European exchanges, the franc rate rising during the afternoon to about 77⅞. The range of the franc for the day was from 77⅛ to 77⅞, and the closing rate was 77 13/16, showing a rise of 7/16f., as compared with the previous close. The movements of the other gold currencies closely followed the franc rate, though quotations generally showed little change on the day. Far Eastern currencies remained firm, both the Hong Kong and Shanghai dollar showing a rise of 1/16 to 18 1/16 and 16½ respectively.

Centre	Feb. 21 Closing Rates		Feb. 20 Closing Rates		Par Exch
New York	5.07¼	5.07½	5.06	5.07	24.628
Montreal	5.10½	5.11½	5.10	5.11	4.66¾
Amsterdam	7.59	7.60	7.58	7.59	12.10
Berlin	12.84	12.88	12.84	12.87	20.43
Brussels	21.87	21.90	21.87	21.90	35.00
Copenhagen	22.35	22.45	22.35	22.45	18.15
Geneva	15.79	15.83	15.80	15.83	25.221
Madrid	37⅝	37 11/16	37 11/16	37¾	25.22
Milan	58⅜	58½	58 5/16	58 7/16	92.46
Oslo	19.85	19.95	19.85	19.95	18.15
Paris	77 9/16	77⅝	77 7/16	77 9/16	124.21
Stockholm	19.37	19.41	19.37	19.41	18.15
Alexandria	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜	97⅝	97.5
Athens	525	sellers	530	sellers	375
Helsingfors	225½	227½	225½	227½	193.2
Lisbon	109½	110¼	109½	110¼	110
Prague	122¾	123¼	122¾	123¼	164.25
Vienna	27½	29½	27½	29½	34.58½
Warsaw	26 15/16	27 5/16	26⅞	27⅛	43.38
B. Ayres	27⅜	27⅞	27½	28	47.577
Lima 90 dys	20.50 nom		20.65 nom		17.38
Mexico*	17.50	18.50	17.50	18.50	9.76
M'video*	38 sellers of rate		37⅞ sellers off rate		51 1/16
Rio de Jan.	4⅛ sellers off rate		4⅛ sellers off rate		5.89
Valparaiso	nom		nom		40d
Calcutta	18 1/16	18⅛	18 1/16	18⅛	18
Hongkong	18	18⅝	18	18⅛	
Kobe (p.yn)	14 3/16	14¼	14 3/16	14¼	24.5
Shanghai*	16¼	16¾	16⅛	16¾	—
Singapore	28	28¼	28	28¼	28d

* Rate quoted in London.

AUSTRALIAN WOOL SALES.

Offerings totalled 12,106 bales, of which 10,073 were sold, at yesterday's wool sale at Sydney. Wool sold privately amounted to 2,162 bales. The market was unchanged. Competition came principally from Continental and Japanese representatives, support from Yorkshire being moderate. The highest price obtained was 28½d.

MARKETS AT A GLANCE.

Wednesday Night.

STOCKS AND SHARES:

London firm.
Dublin steady.
Birmingham Motors busy.
Manchester Textiles quiet.
New York firm.

MONEY:

Bank of England Rate	2	p.c.
Last Year	2	p.c.
Irish Banks' Rate	3	p.c.
London Day-to-Day Loans	¾-1	p.c.
London Fine 3-Months' Bills	⅞-15/16	p.c.
Price of Gold	136/5	

THE INDUSTRIAL MARKET.

GOOD DEMAND FOR IRON AND STEELS.

Although some irregularity was witnessed at times in the Industrial market yesterday owing to a little profit-snatching the general tone continued good. Fresh buyers were again in evidence for the leading home issues, and satisfactory gains were recorded on the day in several instances. Murex made the best showing on favourable trade reports, the buying being described as coming from a knowledgable quarter. Motor shares continued to attract a good deal of attention under the lead of Austins.

A firm tendency prevailed among the trans-Atlantic counters, but there was not a great deal doing in view of to-day's holiday on Wall street. Nickels finished at 23⅜, Radios at 8 7/16 and Steels at 57¼. "Emmies" improved at one time to 25s. 10½d., eventually closing at 25s. 7½d.

Cables and Wireless stocks remained under the influence of the January traffic index, which was regarded as disappointing in some quarters. The Preference closed ½ lower at 71½, the "A" Ordinary remaining around 23⅝ and the "B" Ordinary at 10⅝. Canadian Marconi continued in evidence and finished 1s. higher at 16s. 7½d.

A steady demand again existed for Aviation and kindred descriptions. Handley Page Participating Prefs. further rose 6d. to 16s., and gains of a like amount were shown by De Havilland and Rolls-Royce.

In the Motor group the main feature was again provided by Austins, a keen demand for which lifted the price another 2s. 9d. to 83s. 3d. Standard met with buyers and rose 1s. 3d. to 48s., and Fords were also 1s. 3d. up at 26s., there being a good turnover in the latter.

There was again a good demand for Iron, Coal and Steel descriptions, prices of which continued their upward course. Babcock and Wilcox were prominent, rising 1s. to 44s.

Provincial support was again in evidence for the leading Brewery shares. Courage Ordinary closed 1s. higher at 70s., and modest gains were recorded by several others. Guinness repeated 104s. 9d. ex div.

Among alcohol issues, Distillers continued in request and finished at 87s., while Seager Evans strengthened to 29s. 3d., with buyers also about for Vancouvers and Dublin Distillers.

Tobaccos moved within narrow limits. "Imps" hardened at first on the chairman's remarks at the meeting, but eased later. "Bats" also lost the turn. Gallahers were inquired for, and Carreras were well maintained. Tobacco Securities Trust Deferred had buyers around 6 1/16.

Textile shares continued to attract support, and where altered prices again made headway in most instances. Patons and Baldwins remained in keen request, advancing another 1s. 3d. to 71s. 6d. Whitworth and Mitchells hardened fractionally to 1 15/16, and Fine Spinners were 6d. better at 14s. 1½d. A renewed demand was reported for Woolcombers on the dividend and bonus, the price further hardening to 5⅝. J. and P. Coats and several others were a few pence better.

The Rayon group generally displayed firmness. Buyers were again in evidence for Courtaulds, which further hardened to 48s. 10½d., and British Celanese Ordinary were revived, rising 7½d. to 14s. 6d. Wardle and Davenport were 1/16 to the good at 1 1/16. Canadian Celanese were finally ⅛ higher at 3 11/16, though American Celanese closed without net change at 8 7/16.

Provision and Catering descriptions displayed firmness.

Considerable activity was seen in Miscellaneous shares, several strong features being evident. Leading counters were again generally supported, Dunlops putting on 4½d. to 46s. 10½d., while a similar improvement occurred in Turner and Newall at 48s. 4½d. United Molasses held steady at 21s. 10½d., as did Chemical Ordinary at 34s. 10½d., though the Preference were lowered 6d. to 29s. 4½d. Murex were a strong spot, a steady demand lifting the price ⅜ to 4¼, while British Oxygen also attracted more attention than of late, advancing 1s. 7½d. to 46s. A good demand was reported for London Brick on the publication of the report, and the price was 1s. higher at 81s. 3d. Boots Pure Drug were a bright feature, jumping 1s. 6d. to 41s. 6d.

OIL SHARES QUIET.

As on Tuesday Oil shares commanded only a little attention, interest being centred on a few of the better-class descriptions, prices of which moved to higher levels.

Business, which was small all round, was, however, of a satisfactory character, a moderate demand existing for shares such as Anglo-Persians, Burmahs, Trinidad Leaseholds and Anglo-Ecuadorians. Even in the shares which received special attention best prices were not maintained, for although they showed improvements at the end they left off sellers in a small way where they had been buyers.

RUBBER SHARES DULL.

Public interest was still lacking in the Rubber Share market, trading being almost at a standstill, and in the absence of attention quotations were marked off in a number of instances. Rather steadier conditions characterised the raw material department. Spot and February sold at 4⅞d. per lb., with April to June at 4 15/16d., 4 31/32d. and 4 15/16d. per lb. July to September was quoted at 5 1/32d. to 5 1/16d. per lb.

VALUE OF THE £.

	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Per Cent. of Parity.
New York	5.07⅞*	5.06½	104.2
Montreal	5.11	5.10½	105.0
Amsterdam	7.59½	7.58½	62.7
Berlin	12.86	12.85½	62.9
Brussels	21.88½	21.88½	62.5
Copenhagen	22.40	22.40	123.4
Geneva	15.81	15.81½	62.7
Madrid	37 11/16	37 11/16	149.3
Milan	58 7/16	58⅜	63.2
Oslo	19.90	19.90	109.6
Paris	77 13/16	77½	62.5
Stockholm	19.39	19.39	106.8

*Close in New York, 5.07⅞.

INSURANCE SHARES.

BUSINESS DONE IN LONDON:—Alliance, 25 9/16, 11/16; Atlas, 12¾, ¾; Commercial Union, 23 11/16, 15/16, ⅞; Employers', 62/-, 3/-; General Accident, 16⅞, 17; Guardian, 13¼, £13 6/6, 13¼, 7/16; London and Lancashire Fire, 27¾; London Assurance, 12 7/16, ¼, ¼, £12 5/9; North British and Mercantile, 35⅜; Northern, 16¾; Phoenix, 13 13/16, ⅝, ⅝; do. £1 (fully paid), 14⅝, 15/16, ⅞, ⅝; Prudential, 31⅜, 3/16; do. "B" £1 (4/- paid), 80/-, 3d.; Royal Exchange, 7 7/16; Royal Insurance, 7 9/16, ⅝, 19/32, 21/32; Sun Insurance, 79/-, 80/-, 3d.; Sun Life, 6 1/16; Yorkshire, 7 11/16, ¾.

BUSINESS DONE IN LIVERPOOL:—Alliance Assurance, 25¾; Commercial Union Assurance, 23⅞; Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, 62/9; Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance, 103½; London and Lancashire Insurance, 27¾, London Assurance, 12 13/32; Phœnix Assurance, 400001, etc., 14 15/16; Royal Insurance, 7 21/32; Sun Insurance Office, 80/7½; World Auxiliary Insurance, 26/6.

LATEST CLOSING AND STREET PRICES.

BRITISH FUNDS, ETC.

—	Closing.		Rise or fall
Consols 2½%	76¼	76½	+1/16
Do. 4%	109¾	110	+⅛
3½% War Loan	102 3/16	102 5/16	+1/16
Funding Loan	112⅝	112⅞	
Victory Bonds	109 7/16	109 [illegible]	-1/16
3% Conversion Loan	98 3/16	98 7/16	+1/16
3½% Conversion Loan	102⅞	103⅛	+1/16
4½% Conversion Loan	109 15/16	110 3/16	-1/16
5% Conversion Loan	117⅜	117⅝	
2¾% Irish Land Stock 1903	78½	80½	
Irish Free State 4½% Land Bonds	107¾	108¾	
India 3%	75¾	76¾	
Do. 3½%	88	89	
Do. 4½%	108¼	109¼	
Do. 5½%	106¾	107¾	
Local Loans	89¼	89½	+3/16
Sudan 5½%	114	116	

PUBLIC BOARDS STOCKS.

Cent. El. Bd. 4% 1959-89	103	105	
Do. 5% 1950-70	110	112*	
Do. 4½% 1951-73	105	107*	
Do. 5% 1955-75	113	115	
Do. 4½% 1957-82	107	109*	
Metro. Water 3 p.c. (a)	89	91	

DOMINION AND COLONIAL STOCKS.

Australian Com. 5 p.c. 1931-45	103¼	103¾	
Do. do. 5 p.c. 1945-75	110	110½	
Do. do. 4 p.c. 1943-48	102	104	
British Columbia 4½ p.c., 1941	100	103	
Canada 4 p.c., 1940-60	104	106	
Do. 4 p.c. 1953-58	105	107*	
Cape 3½ p.c. Cons.	100	102	
Ceylon 6 p.c.	107	109	
N.S.W. 5 p.c., 1945-65	109⅝	110⅛	+⅛
Do. 4 p.c., 1942-62	101	102	
Do. 4½ p.c., 1935-45	101	103	
New Zealand 6 p.c., 1936-51	105	107	
Do. 5 p.c., 1935-45	101	103	
Nigeria 6 p.c.	124	126	
Queensland 5 p.c., 1940-60	108¼	108¾	
South African 4 p.c., 1943-63	103	105	
Do. 5 p.c., 1945-75	111	113	
South Australian 5 p.c., 1932-42	101⅝	102⅛	
Do. 4 p.c., 1940-60	101	103	
Victoria 4 p.c., 1940-60	101	103	
Do. 5 p.c., 1945-75	109½	110	
Western Australian 5 p.c., 1945-75	109⅛	109⅝	
Do. 4 p.c., 1942-62	101	103	

BANKS.

Anglo-South American (£10) £5 paid	0	½	
Bank of Australasia	10⅛	10⅝	-⅛
Bank of England	350	352	
Bank of Montreal	38	41	+1½
Bank of New South Wales	27	29	
Bank of New Zealand	2⅜	2½	
Barclay's "A" Shares	10⅛	10⅜	
British Overseas	4⅞	5⅜	
Canadian of Commerce	31	33	+½
Chartered of India	15/8	16⅜	
Hong Kong and Shanghai	137	141	
Lloyds	55/6	56/6	
London and S. American	⅛	¼	
Martins, £20 (£2/10 paid)	7⅞	8⅛*	
Midland	9 11/16	9 15/16*	
National Discount "B"	12 5/16	12 7/16*	
National Provincial (£4 pd.	13¾	14	
Royal of Canada	30½	33½	
Standard of South Africa	13	13½	
Union of Australia	8⅛	8⅝	
Westminster Bank (£1)	85/9	86/9	

FOREIGN BONDS.

M.U.—Feb. 19.				
95½	Argentine 4 p.c. Rescn.	94½	95½	+¼
101¾	Austrian 6 p.c. Guar.	101½	102½	+½
—	Do. 3% Guar. Stg. Bds.	100	101	+½
111¼	Belgian 7 p.c.	110¾	111¾	+¼
38½	Brazil 6½ p.c. S. Bds. 27	38¼	39¼	+¾
91½	Do. 5 p.c. Funding	90¾	91¾	+½
78¼	Do. 5 p.c. do., 1914	76½	77½	-½
102½	Chinese 4½ p.c., 1898	102¼	103¼	
67¾	Do. 5 p.c., 1912	67¾	68¾	
92	Do. 5 p.c. Reorg. 1913	92½	93½	+¼
95½	Chinese Imp. Ry. 5% Gld.	93	97	
60	Do. Shanghai-Nanking 5 p.c.	59	61	
39½	Do Tientsin - Pukow 5 p.c.	38	42	
103½	Czecho-Slovakia Bonds	103¾	104¾	+½
106¾	Egyptian Unified	107	108	
24½	French Loan 4 p.c.	24	24½	
92	German 7 p.c.	92½	93	+½
64¼	Do. 5½ p.c.	64¼	64¾	+¾
—	Do. Potash 7 p.c.	91½	92½	+1
40	Greek 7 p.c., 1924	39	40	
33	Do. 6 p.c. Stabs.	32	35	
29	Do. 5 p.c., 1914	27	30	
39	Italian Rentes	37	40	
86	Japan 6 p.c., 1924	85	86	-¼
79¾	Do. 5½ p.c. Conversion	79	80	
12½	Mexican 5 p.c., '99	11½	13½	-½
12½	Do. 6 p.c. 10-Y. Treas	11½	13½	-½
40	Peru 7½ p.c. Guano	38	42	
3	Peruvian Corporation	3	3¼	
12	Do. Pref.	11¼	12¼	
41½	Do. Debs.	40	42	
94	Poland 7 p.c. Sterling	93½	94½	
68½	Portuguese 3 p.c.	68	69	
—	Spanish 4 p.c.	68	73	

BRITISH RAILS.

57¾	Great Western	57½	58½	+¼
—	Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	111	113	
25¼	Ldn., Mid. & Scot. Ord	24⅝	25⅛	-⅛
—	Do. 4 p.c. Pref.	77	79	
—	Do. 5 p.c. Red. Pref.	96	99	
—	Do. 4 p.c. Pref., 1923	51	53	
19¼	Ldn., North-East. 5 p.c. Pref. Ord.	19¼	19¾	+¼
9⅝	Do. Def.-Ord.	9½	10	+⅛
—	Do. 4 p.c. 1st Pref.	65	67	+1
—	Do. 4 p.c. 2nd Pref.	36	38	
—	Lond. Trans. 5 p.c. "A"	125	127	
—	Do. 4½ p.c. "A"	115	117	
—	Do. "B"	118	120	
—	Do. "C"	82¼	83¼	-¼
78½	Southern Pref.-Ord.	78	79	
23¾	Do. Def.-Ord.	23⅝	24⅛	+⅜
115	Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	111	113	

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS.

21½	Antofagasta Ord.	20	22	-½
15	Argentine G.W. Ord.	13	16	
—	Bahia Blanca Guar. Stk.	70	73	
32	Buenos Ayres Gt. Sthn.	30½	32½	-½
14	Buenos Ayres & Pacific	13	15	
25	Buenos Ayres and W.	23	25	
—	Canadian National Guar.	79	82	
16½	Canadian Pacific ($25)	16 3/16	16 5/16	+1/16
20½	Central Argentine Ord.	19	21	
14	Do. Def.	13	16	
14	Central Uruguay Ord.	14	16	
5	Cordoba Central New	4½	6½	-½
—	Do. 1st Deb.	25	27	-1
11½	Do. 2nd Deb.	11	13	
19½	Entre Rios	19	21	
—	Do. 6 p.c. Cum. Pref.	30	32	
—	Grand Trunk 4 p.c. Guar.	97	100	
—	Do. 4 p.c. Perp. Deb.	97	100	
—	Internl. of Cent. America	4½	6½	
12½	Leopoldina	11	13	-½
45/0	Mexican Rails	2¼	3¼	
90/0	Do. 8 p.c. Pref.	4¼	5¼	
45/0	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	2¼	3¼	
81	San Paulo Ord.	79	83	
5	United, Havana	4½	6½	

AMERICAN RAILS.

—	Atchison	67	72	+2
—	Chicago, Milwaukee New	7	8	+½
—	New York Central	40	45	
—	Pennsylvania	35	40*	
35	Southern Common	33	38	+1
—	Southern Pacific	28	33	
129	Union Pacific	127	132	

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

M.U.—Feb. 19.				
37/6	Allsopp £1 Shares	38/6	39/3	+0/3
29/9	Bass, Ratcliff Ord.	90/0	91/0	
10/3	Brewers of Vancouver	10/9	11/3	+0/1½
12/1½	City of London Def. (5/-)	11/9	12/6	
67/6	Courage Ord.	69/0	71/0	+1/0
35/0	Distillers Ord.	86/6	87/6	+0/9
104/0	Guinness Ord. (£1 units)	103/3	104/3*	
86/0	Ind Coope Ord.	86/0	87/0	
74/6	South African Breweries	74/0	75/6	
—	Walker (John) Pref.	29/6	30/6	
16/9	Walker (P.) & R. Cain Or.	15/9	16/9*	
55/9	Watney Combe Def.	53/9	58/9	+0/3

DRAPERY AND STORES.

70/9	Barker (John)	3½	3 9/16	
7/9	Cook, Son and Co.	7/3	8/0	
—	Gamage (A. W.)	15/6	16/6	
73/3	Harrod's Stores	73/3	74/0	
6/6	Harrod's (B.A.)	6/3	6/9	
26/0	Maple and Son	25/9	26/9	+0/3
9 1/16	Marks & Spencer (10/-)	9⅜	9½	+⅛
—	Selfridges Pref.	24/3	25/3	

ELECTRIC SUPPLY.

—	Bournemouth and Poole	76/9	77/9	
34/6	Charing Cross	33/6	35/6	
34/6	City of London	34/6	35/6	
56/6	County of London	56/6	57/3	+0/1½
—	Electric Supply Corp.	75/6	78/6	
—	Lancashire	36/9	37/6	
34/6	Metropolitan	34/0	35/0	
54/0	London Electric	53/9	54/6	
34/9	Newcastle	1 27/32	1 31/32	
34/6	St. James's	34/0	36/0	
—	Scottish Power	40/6	41/6	
—	South London	32/6	34/6*	
34/6	Westminster Electric	34/0	35/0	
—	Whitehall Inv. Pref.	21/0	23/0	
—	Yorkshire Ord.	47/6	48/6	+0/3

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENTS.

19/7½	Associated Electric Ind.	19/3	19/9	
74/0	British Insul. Cables	72/3	73/3	-0/6
61/6	Callenders Cable	61/3	62/3	
—	Enfield Cable	84/6	85/6	-1/3
—	English Electric	6/0	6/6	-0/1½
29/7½	Ever Ready (5/-)	28/6	29/6	+0/3
44/0	General Electric Ord.	43/9	44/3	
6⅜	Henley's Telegraph	6 3/16	6 5/16	
20/9	Johnson and Phillips	19/3	20/3	-0/6
—	Phillips Lamps	47/0	47/9	-0/4½
20/0	Siemens	19/3	20/3	
—	Telegraph Constr.	25/6	26/6	

INSURANCE.

—	Alliance £20 (£2 4/- p.)	25¼	26¼	-¼
—	Atlas £5 (£1 5/- paid)	12¾	13¾	
—	Com. Un. (£2½ paid)	23¼	24¼	
—	Eagle Star Ord. £3	15	16*	
—	Employers' £1 (5/- paid)	3	3¼	
—	Gen. Accdt. £5 (£1¼ p.)	16½	17½	-¼
—	Guardian £3 (10/- paid)	13⅛	13⅝	-¼
—	L. & Lan. Fire £5 (£2)	27	28	-¼
—	Lon. Ass. £2½ (£1½ p.)	12	12½	
—	N.B. & Mer. £5 (£1¼ p.)	34¾	35¾	-¼
—	Northern £10 (£1 paid)	16½	17¼	
—	Phœnix £10 (£1 paid)	13½	14	-⅛
—	Do. £1 (f.p.)	14½	15	-¼
—	Prudential	30¾	31¾	
—	Do. "B" £1 (4/- pd.)	3⅞	4⅛	
—	Royal Exchange	7⅛	7⅝	
—	Royal Ins £1 (10/- pd.)	7⅛	7¾	
—	Sun Ins. £1 (5/- paid)	3 15/16	4 3/16	-1/16
—	Sun Life £1 (f.p.)	5¾	6¼	
—	Yorkshire 50/- (10/- pd.)	7½	8	

IRON AND STEEL.

5/9	Amal. Anthracite	6/0	6/6	+0/1½
42/0	Babcock, Wilcox Ord.	43/6	44/6	+1/0
2/9	Baldwins	2/9	3/3	+0/4½
4/0	Brown (John) (6/-)	3/9	4/3	+0/1½
8/0	Buell Combustion	5/16	7/16	
2/6	Cammell Laird (5/-)	2/3	2/9	
77/6	Cory (William)	77/9	78/9	+0/3
2/0	Dorman Long and Co.	1/7½	2/1½	
16/0	Guest Keen	16/3	17/3	+0/6
—	Pease and Partners	3/9	4/3	
17/0	Powell Duffryn	17/7½	18/1½	+0/1½
22/3	South Durham Steel	21/6	22/6	
22/6	Stewarts & Lloyds Def.	23/9	24/3	+0/10½
8/9	Vickers Ord.	8/9	9/3	

OILS.

M.U.—Feb. 19.				
15/3	Anglo-Ecuadorian	15/4½	15/10½	+0/4½
1 21/32	Anglo-Egyptian "B"	1⅝	1¾	+1/32
2 17/32	Anglo-Persian Ord	2½	2⅝	+1/32
31/7½	Do. 8 p.c. 1st Pref	31/1½	31/7½	-0/1½
31/9	Do. 9 p.c. 2nd Pref	31/7½	32/1½	+0/1½
27/0	Apex Trinidad (5/- shares)	26/7½	27/1½	
15/3	Attock	14/6	15/6	-0/3
10/0	British Borneo Pet. (6/0)	9/9	10/3	
3/9	British Burmah (8/)	3/6	4/6	
5/0	British Controlled	5/0	5/6	+0/1½
12/6	Do. Pref	12/6	13/0	
4 17/32	Burmah	4½	4⅝	+1/32
36/6	Do. 8 p.c. Pref	36/3	36/9	
8/4½	Canadian Eagle Ord.	8/4½	8/7½	
13/4½	Do. 7 p.c. 1st Pref (£8)	13/0	13/6	
11/9	Do. 8 p.c. Pref	11/0	12/0	
4/4½	Kern River (10/)	4/4½	4/10½	+0/3
2⅜	Lobitos	2⅜	2 7/16	+1/32
11/7½	Mexican Eagle Ord	11/7½	11/10½	
12/3	Do. 8 p.c. Pref	11/9	12/9	
9/0	Do. 7 p.c. 1st Pref (4 pesos)	8/10½	9/4½	+0/1½
0/4½	North Caucasian (10/)	0/1½	0/7½	
13/3	Phoenix Oil	13/1½	13/7½	+0/1½
7/3	Do. 1/- shares	7/0	7/6	+0/1½
23⅜	Royal Dutch	23¼	23½	+⅛
2 23/32	Shell Transport	2 11/16	2¾	
12 5/16	Do. 5 p.c. Pref. (£10)	12	12½	
28/6	Do. 7 p.c. Pref	28/3	28/9	
11/7½	Steaua Romana	11/4½	11/10½	
3/4½	Tankers Pref	3/1½	3/7½	
8/0	Trinidad Central	7/9	8/3	
3 19/32	Trinidad Leasehold	3 19/32	3 21/32	+1/32
1⅞	V.O.C. Holdings	1 27/32	1 29/32	
1 15/16	Do. 7 p.c. Pref	1⅞	2	

LAND AND INVESTMENT.

19/0	Argentine Land Invest.	⅞	1	
17/6	Do Southern Land	13/16	1 5/16	
—	Commodity Certs.	56½		
—	First Brit. Fixed Trust	37/0	38/0	
—	Second do.	25/9	26/6*	+0/3
—	Third do.	21/3	22/0	+0/3
—	Fourth do.	20/0	20/9	
11/0	Forestal Land	10/3	11/3	+0/1½
26/9	Hudson's Bay Ord.	26/3	27/3	+0/3
1	Hyderabad Deccan	15/16	1 1/16	
—	Internat. Invest. Certs.	44		+¼
3/3	Pekin Syndicate	2/9	3/9	
35/6	Sudan Plantations	35/0	35/0	

NEWSPAPERS.

20/7½	Assd. Newspaper Def.	20/3	21/0	
19/9	Allied News Ord.	19/9	20/3	-0/3
—	Amal. Press (New)	20/6	21/6	+0/3
44/9	Daily Mail Trust	44/3	45/3	
14/10½	Daily Mirror Ord.	14/6	15/3	
—	Financial Newspapers	6/0	7/0	
42/9	Sunday Pictorial Ord.	42/3	43/3	

NITRATES.

33	Cosach 7 p.c. Ster. Bds.	32	36	
6/6	Lautaro Nitrate 7 p.c. Pref (£5)	6/0	7/0	

RUBBERS.

M.U.—Feb. 19.			
20/6	Anglo-Dutch	19/9	-0/6
0/6¾	Anglo-Java	0/6	
12/6	Anglo-Malay	12/3	
2/6	Bukit Mertajam	2/4½	-0/1½
0/9	Bukit Sembawang	0/9	
14/6	Grand Central	14/3	
23/0	Highlands	22/6	
11/3	Jugra Land	11/0	-0/3
1⅝	Kuala Lumpur	32/3	-0/6
18/0	Linggi	17/6	-0/1½
3/3	London Asiatic	3/3	
1 9/32	Malacca	25/7½	
29/3	Malayalam	28/6	-0/6
1/4½	Merlimau-Pegoh	1/6	
28/6	Rubber Trust	27/10½	-0/6
17/6	Tandjong	16/6	-0/6
20/7½	Tandjong Malim	20/3	-0/4½
46/3	United Sua Betong	45/0	-1/0
8/3	Vallambrosa	7/9	-0/6

Alagar	1/4½		Kinta Kellas	1/4½	
Batu Tiga	20/0	-0/3	Kombok	1/7½	
Bernam Perk	0/7½		Kuala Sel	2/4¼	
Brit I.G. Trst	46½		Ledbury	19/4½	
Brit. E. Java	1/0		Manch'r N.B	8/9	
Broome Sel(2/)	2/10½		N. Hayoep	0/7½	
Buntar	1/6		N. Hummock	11/3	-0/7½
Chersonese	2/8	-0/1	P.P.K.(C'y'n)	12/6	-0/7½
Cheviot	3/9		Pataling	19/6	-0/6
Cicely	3/1½		Perak (2/)	2/6	
Djasinga	10/7½		Rim Malacca	2/1½	
F.M.S. Plant.	24/0		Sedenak	17/6	
Gen. Ceylon	22/6		Soember Ajoe	1/6¾	
Glenbervie	1/0		Sungei Siput	2/0	-0/1½
Golden Hope	19/6		Taiping	1/9	
Java Amal	13/1½		Telogoredjo	11/4½	-0/1½
Kamuning	122		Un. Serd'ng 2/	3/1	-0/1
Kepitigalla	0/9		Yam Seng	2/0	

REFRESHMENT AND FOOD.

25/0	Aerated Bread	24/9	25/9	+0/3
19/6	Bovril Def.	1	1 1/16	
0/8	Crosse & Blackwell	0/7	0/9	
9/0	Home & Colonial (4/-)	8/9	9/6	+0/1½
28/0	Inter. Tea Ord. (5/-)	27/9	28/3	
1	Lovell and Christmas	19/3	20/3	-0/3
6⅜	Lyons (J.)	6 3/32	6 13/32	
2/10½	Maypole Def.	2/9	3/0	
12/3	Scribbans	20/4½	20/10½	-0/1½
—	Do. Def.	2/7½	2/10½	
42/6	Schweppes Ord.	2⅛	2¼	
35/3	Smithfield Arg. Meat	13/6	14/0	
23/4½	Unilever Ord.	23/6	24/6	+0/6
24/10½	Do. (N.V.)	25/0	26/0	+0/6

SHIPPING.

—	Cairn Line	4/6	5/0	-0/3
75½	Cunard Ord.	6/3	6/9	
26	Elder-Dempster 6% Pref	0/6	1/6	
12¼	Furness Withy	17/3	17/9	+0/1½
28/6	Houlder Pref. (£5), 4-5	4⅜	5⅝*	
11/9	P. and O. Def. (£1)	17/0	17/6	-0/1½
—	Royal Mail Ord.	1	6	
6⅞	White Star 6½% Pref.	2/6	3/0	-0/4½

TEXTILES AND ARTSILKS.

11/0	Bleachers	10/4½	10/10½	
15/3	Bradford Dyers	15/6	16/3	+0/4½
13/9	British Celanese Ord.	14/0	15/0	+0/7½
13/9	Do. Pref.	13/6	14/6	
17/6	Calico Printers	12/3	12/9	
3 11/16	Canadian Celanese	3⅝	3¾	+⅛
60/9	Coats	61/9	62/3*	+0/3
47/3	Courtaulds	48/7½	49/1½	+0/3
43/6	English Sewing Cotton	43/3	44/3	+0/3
13/9	Fine Spinners	13/9	14/6	+0/6
4/0	Jute Industries Pf. (10/-)	3/9	4/3	
—	Linen Thread Ord.	28/6	29/6*	
10/3	Lister Ord	10/3	11/3	
68/3	Patons and Baldwins	71/0	72/0	+1/3
3 25/32	Snia Viscosa	3 11/16	3 13/16	
—	Whitworth Mitchell	1⅞	2*	+1/16

TEAS.

Amal Estates	17		Imperial	1 11/16	
Assam Con	1 7/32		Jetinga Valley	1⅝	
Assam Front'r	1 5/16		Jhanzie	2 7/16	+1/16
Bog'want'lawa	3 9/16		Jokai	3⅛	
Borelli	2 15/16		Jorehaut	3⅛	-½
Brahmapootra	22¼		Kenan Devan	33½	
Brit. Indian	3 3/16		Lebong	3 3/16	
Budla Beta	2⅜		Lungla	1 1/16	
Ceylon Plant.	3¾		Makum	3 15/16	
Ceylon Prop.	1⅞		Mobund	2⅝	
Chargola	1 5/16		Nedeem	2 7/16	
Chubwa	3 5/16		New Dimbula	4 11/16	
Chulsa	3 1/16		Newara Eliya	4⅝	
Co. Tea & L.	27½		Ouvah	3/0	
Darjeeling Co.	1¾		Peacock & Nil.	2/9	
Do. Consol	2 5/16		Pabbojan	4 1/16	
Deundi	1⅝		Pundaloya	3¼	
Dimbula Val.	2 11/16		Rosehaugh Ce.	1⅜	
Dooars	2⅞		Scottish Assam	2	
Doom Dooma	2⅞	-1/16	Scot. T. & Ln.	2⅜	
E. Assam	3⅛		Singlo	2¾	
East Produce	3 1/16		Sumatra	29/32	
Empire	2⅛	+1/16	Travancore	3 1/16	
Galaha Ceylon	2⅛		Up. Assam	2 5/16	

TELEGRAPHS, TELEPHONES.

78	Anglo-American Def.	27	29	
72	Cables & Wire, 5½% Pf	71	72	-½
24½	Do. 7½% "A" Ord.	23¼	24¼	
10¾	Do "B" Ord.	10½	11	
29/0	Marconi Marine	1⅜	1 7/16	
14/6	Do. Canada	16/3	17/0	+1/0
—	Oriental Telephone	3	3¼	
8¼	Radio Corporation	8⅛	8¼	+1/16
3½	Do. Pref.	—	—	

MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIALS.

3/1½	Assoc. British Pictures	2/9	3/3	
30/0	Associated Cement	29/9	30/3	
39/10½	Boot's Pure Drug (5/-)	41/3	41/9	+1/6
13/3	Borax Con. Def.	13/0	14/0	
13	Brazilian Traction	12⅝	12⅞	
6	British-American Tobacco	5 15/16	6	-1/32
31/6	British Aluminium	31/9	32/9	+0/4½
34/3	British Match	34/7½	35/1½	+0/3
3 5/16	British Portland Cement	3¼	3⅜	
—	British Power and Light	1 5/16	1 1/16	
42/3	British Oil and Cake	42/3	43/3	
8⅜	Carreras	8 15/32	8 15/32	
—	Cerebos Ord.	8¼	8½	
—	Crittal's Manufacturing	7/9	8/6	
44/6	Dunlop Rubber	46/7½	47/1½	+0/4½
75/6	Eastwoods Ord.	1 11/16	1 13/16*	
23/9	Electric and Musical	25/6	25/9	+0/4½
22/3	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	22/3	22/9	+0/3
28/3	Fairey Aviation	28/6	29/6	
—	Finlay (James)	76/3	77/3	+0/6
24/9	Ford Motor	25/6	26/6	+1/3
—	Gallaher Ord.	54/9	55/9	+0/3
1	Gaumont British	14/3	14/9	
—	Do. "A" Ord.	6/6	7/0	-0/1½
19/9	Do. 5½ p.c. Pref.	19/9	20/3	
—	Harland Wolff Pref.	6/6	7/0	+0/4½
—	Imperial Airways	39/6	40/6	
119/9	Imperial Tobacco Ord.	118/10½	119/4½	-0/1½
48/3	Do. Canada	47/9	48/9	
33/9	Imp. Chem. Indus. Ord.	34/9	35/0	
8/10½	Do. Def.	9/3	9/6	[illegible]
29/9	Do. Pref.	29/1½	29/7½	-0/6
22 3/16	International Nickels	23¼	23½	+7/16
—	Do. Paint	45/9	46/9	+0/3
28/6	Lever 7 p.c. Pref.	28/1½	28/7½	
4	London Brick and F.	80/9	81/9	+1/0
9/1½	Napier Ord. (5/-)	8/9	9/6	+0/1½
22/6	National Canning	24/1½	24/7½	+1/4½
—	North American Co.	21	22	
—	Reckitt Ord.	5 3/16	5 5/16	
—	Ste. Madeleine Sugar	16/3	17/3	-0/3
36/6	Salt Union	36/3	37/3	
22¾	Shawinigan Water Com.	22¼	23¼	
58/0	Spillers Ord.	37/6	38/6	-0/3
37/9	Do. Def.	37/6	38/6	
10/0	Swedish Match B	9/3	10/3	
87/0	Tate and Lyle	88/0	88/9	+0/9
—	Tilling Ord.	93/9	94/9	-0/9
—	Tobacco Trust Ord.	4 25/32	4 29/32	
—	Do. Def.	5 31/32	6 3/32	+1/32
4 3/16	Triplex Glass	84/6	85/6	+1/0
21/9	United Molasses	21/7½	22/1½	
53/9	Wall Paper Def.	53/3	54/3	
39/0	White Tomkins Ord.	1⅞	2	
30/6	Wiggins Teape Ord.	30/0	31/0	
93/0	Woolworth Ord.	92/9	93/9	-0/3
29/3	Do. Pref.	29/0	29/9	

* Ex div. † Ex rights. ‡ Cum div. § Ex bonus.

LONDON "STREET" MARKET.

Dealings were not very active in the "Street" last evening. Internationals in the main finished below their best. Home Industrials were neglected, and there were hardly any price movements.

Nickels and Tractions showed a slight decline at 23⅜ offered and 12 15/16 offered respectively. Radios lost 1/16 at 8 7/16, while "Emmies" were 3d. down at 25s. 7½d. Steels fell ½ to 57¼.

Woolworths and American Celanese closed lower at 93s. 3d. and 8½ offered respectively, the latter showing a loss of 1/16. Distillers hardened to 87s., Shell Union fell from 11⅜ to 11 5/16, and Marconi Canadian closed at 16s. 7½d. Dunlops were a shade firmer at 46s. 10d. "Bats" were not so good at 5 31/32.

LONDON MINING MARKET FIRM.

RHODESIANS IN DEMAND.

Encouraged by the better tone which prevailed on the preceding day and a further rise of 8d. in the price of gold to 136s. 5d. per ounce, the Mining Market opened with a firm tone yesterday, and Tuesday's advance induced some public demand, so that prices again went ahead.

The fact that the open speculative position had been practically cleared up exercised a strengthening influence in the Kaffir section, while the knowledge that the Central Mining is participating in the development of the South-Western area acted as a stimulant to public interest. While there were no sensational advances the harder tendency was maintained to the close, helped by good advices from the Cape and Paris.

Although there was no great increase in the volume of trading in the Rhodesian department, a modest demand found the market none too well supplied with shares, and prices consequently again advanced. The Copper descriptions were helped by the further rise in the metal, but the Tank group was still under the influence of Continental realisations.

Tins remained quiet, but among West Africans the publication of the excellent report of the Bibiani directed fresh attention to the shares, active bidding for which was in progress from the start, lifting the price substantially. Australians attracted but little attention. Closing prices:—

SOUTH AFRICAN.

M.U. Feb. 19		
29/0	Afric & Eur	29/9-30/9+1/0
1 7/32	Ang-A. Corp	25/0-26/0+0/6
30/0	Anglo-French	29/6-30/6
6 5/16	Brakpan	6 1/16-6 5/16
20½	Cent. Mining	20⅝-20⅞+3/16
1½	City Deep	1 15/32-1 17/32-1/16
3¾	Con. Goldfl'ds	3 11/16-3 13/16
2 19/32	Cons. M. Reef	2 17/32-2 21/32
19/6	Con. M Sel	19/9-20/3+0/3
10 11/16	Crown Mines	10 9/16-10 11/16-1/16
5 5/16	Daggafont'n	5¼-5⅜+1/32
2⅛	Durban Deep	2 1/16-2⅛
1¾	E. Daggafont'n	1 11/16-1¾
7 7/16	East Geduld	7 11/32-7 15/32+1/32
45/0	E. Rand Prop	44/10½-45/4½+0/1½
20/3	E. Rand Cns.	21/1½-21/7½+/10½
7 5/16	Geduld	7 3/16-7 5/16+1/32
1½	Golden Deep	1 15/32-1 17/32+1/32
2⅞	Gen. Mining	2 27/32-2 29/32+1/32
2⅞	Govt M.	2⅞-2 15/16
5¾	Grootvlei	5 9/16-5 11/16+1/32
27/9	H.E. Prop.	27/0 28/0
2¾	Johan Invsts	54/6-55/6
1 19/32	Kleinfontein	1 9/16-1⅝
1 7/16	Knight's	1½-1 9/16+1/32
4¾	Lace Prop	4⅞-5+3/32
26/3	Langlaagte E	25/6-26/6
14/0	LuipardsVlei	14/0-14/6
3 5/16	Modderfontn	3 7/32-3 11/32
20/0	Modder B	19/3-20/3-0/3
5 1/32	Modder Deep	18/9-19/9+0/3
2 13/16	Modder East	2 23/32-2 27/32
3 1/16	New S. Areas	3-3⅛
2 7/16	New Steyn	2 13/32-2 17/32
2 9/16	Nigel	2 15/32 2 19/32
2	Nourse	1 31/32-2 1/32
0/7½	Oceana Con.	0/4½ 0/10½
6⅜	Rand Mines	6 5/16-6 7/16+1/16
20/0	Rand Select	19/3-19/9
45/0	Randfontein	46/1½-46/7½+0/6
2	Robin DeepB	40/9 41/9+1/0
1 3/32	Rose Deep	1 1/32-1 3/32-1/32
11/4½	Simmer & J.	11/3 11/9+0 1½
13/1½	S.A. Towns.	12/10½-13/4½+0/1½
20/6	Sth.-W. Af.	20/3 21/3
5¾	Springs	5 21/32 5 25/32
10 5/16	Sub Nigel	10¼-10⅜+3/32
5⅞	Trans' Del.B	5¾-6
2 1/32	Trans Con. L	1 15/16-2 1/16
23/6	Trans. Gold	23/0-24/0
5 23/32	Union Corp	5 11/16-5 13/16
1 13/32	Van Ryn	1⅜-1 7/16
2	Do. Deep	1 15/16-2
1 13/16	Vereeniging	1 23/32-1 27/32
2⅛	Vogelstruisb'lt	2 1/32-2 5/32
2 5/16	Welgedacht	2 3/16-2 5/16
24/10½	West R.Con	25/3-25/9+0 7½
1 15/16	West Springs	1 27/32 1 29/32+1/16
3⅛	West Wit Ar	3 1/32-3 5/32-1/16
1 19/32	Wit. Deep	1 17/32 1 21/32

RHODESIAN.

M.U. Feb. 19		
9/3	BechuanaEx	9/0 9/6
4/7½	B. M'Kubwa	4/6-4/9
2½	Cam & Motor	2 15/32-2 17/32
23/0	Char. B.S.A.	23/0-23/6
28/6	Globe & Phœ	28/0-29/0
12/3	GoldF.Rhod	12/1½-12/4½+0/1½
2/4½	Loangwa	2/7½ 2/10½+0/1½
9/16	Lonely Reef.	15/32-19/32
2	Rezende	2 2⅛
1/7½	Rhod. B. Hill	1/6-1/9
14/6	Rhod Katanga	13/9-14 3-0 6
12/10½	Rhod. Select	12/10½-13 4 +0/3
5¾	Rhokana Corp	5 11/16-5 15/16+3/16
28/3	Roan Antel	28/3-29.3+0/4½
13/10½	Select'n Tst.	13/10½-14/4½+0/3
2/1½	Selukwe (2/6)	2 1½-3/1½+0/1½
11/9	Sherw'd Starr	11/6-12/0
19/3	Tangan. Con	18/6 19/0+0/1½
19/3	Do. 6 p.c. Pf	18/9-19/0+0/3
5 5/16	Vic.FallsOrd	5 7/32-5 11/32
41/0	Do. Pref	40/6-41/6
⅞	Wankie Col.	16/9-17/9
20/6	Zamb Expl.	20/3-21/0

DIAMOND.

2 5/32	Cons. Af. Sel.	2 3/32-2 7/32
6¼	DeBeersDef	6 6¼
9¼	Do Pref	9-9¼+1/16
1¼	Jagersf'tein	1 3/16 1 5/16
2 1/16	Premier Pref	1⅞ 2⅛
4/3	West African	3/10½ 4/4½*

AUSTRALIAN.

⅜	Amal. Zinc	5/16-7/16
35/3	B. Hill Prop	35/9-36/9+0/6
2 13/16	Do.South New	2⅞ 3+⅛
10/6	Gt.Fould'r(2/)	10/6-11/0+0/3
25/6	Lake V.Star	25/3 25/9
14/0	Lake V Inv.	13/3-14/3
6/3	Mount Isa	7/0 8/0
3 11/16	Nth.Bn.Hill	3¾-3⅞+1/16
1⅞	Sons of Gwalia	37/0-38/0
1 19/32	Sth. Kalgurli	1 5/16-1 7/16
8/3	Sulphide Ord	7/9-8/3
13/6	Do. Pref	13/3-14/3
2¾	Wiluna Gold	54/6-55/6
1 13/32	Zinc Ord (10/)	1⅜-1⅝
4 5/16	Do. Pref	4¼-4½+3/16

WEST AFRICAN.

8/3	Ariston	8/1½-8/7½
40/0	Ashanti (4/)	41/3 41/9
25/0	Bibiani	27/3-27/9+1/7½
13/6	Fanti Cons	13/0-14/0
33/9	G. Coast Sel	34/0-34/6+0/3
3/3	Nth Ashanti	4/3-4/9+0/4½
22/6	Taqu'h&Abs.	22/6-23/0+0/1½

TIN.

M.U. Feb. 19		
5/7½	Anglo-C. (10/-)	5/0-6/0
7/3	Anglo-Orient	6/9-7/9
20/3	Do Pref	19/9-20/9
17/9	Aramayo	18/6-19/6
8/9	Associa'd Tin	9/3-9/9+0/7½
14/9	Ayer Hitam	14/3 15/0
9/6	Bisichi	9/4½-9 10½
—	Changkat	33/6-34/6*
1 11/16	Gopeng	1⅝-1¾
1 7/16	Ipoh	28/9-29/9+0/3
16/0	Kaduna Synd	2 5/32-2 7/32
13/3	Kamunting	13/1½-13/7½
1 9/16	Kram't Pula	1½-1⅝
14/3	Lond. Tin.	13/10½-14/4½-0/1½
26/0	Malayan T D.	25/6-26/6
9/16	Naraguta	9/16-11/16
8/0	Pahang(5/)	7/9-8/3
14/3	Petaling	14/0-14/6
2/5	Rahm'n Hydr	2/3-2/9
9/0	Rambutan	8/6-9/0
26/0	Renong	25/6 26/6
34/0	Siamese	33/6-34/6
27/6	Sth. Kampar	26/6-27/6
5/9	Tavoy (4/)	5/3 5/9 0/1½
18/3	Tronoh (5/)	18/3-18/9-0/1½

COPPER.

9/9	Messina	9/3-9/9+0/3
19/9	Mount Lyell	19/9-20/9
2/6	Namaqua	3/32-5/32
21⅛	RioTinto(£5)	20⅞ 21
3¾	Tharsis	3 11/16 3 13/16

MISCELLANEOUS.

14/6	Burma Corp	14/7½-14/10½+0/1½
28/3	Champ. Reef	27/9-28/9+0/3
23/0	Chos. Corp	22/9-23/6+0/3
4/3	Explor.(10/-)	3/6-4/6
32/6	Frontino	1 9/16-1 11/16
4/3	Min.Sepa't'n	4¼ 5
8/6	Min.Crp.Can	8/3-9/3+0/3
18/0	Mysore(10/)	18/3-18/9+0/6
3⅛	Nundydroog	3 1/16-3 3/16+1/32
8/3	Ooregum	7/9-8/9
25/0	St.J.Del Rey	24/9-25/9-0/3
17/3	San Fr'isco	17/0 18/0
5/3	Santa Gert	5/0-5/6-0/6
2/0	Tigon Ming.	1/3-2/3
13/6	Trepca (2/6)	13/6-14/0+0/1½
25/0	Waihi Gold	24/6-25/6

* Ex Dividend. † Ex Rights. ‡ Ex bonus.

DUBLIN BUSINESS DONE.

FUNDS BETTER. BANKS STEADY. GUINNESS AND GREAT NORTHERNS HIGHER. INDUSTRIALS GENERALLY HIGHER.

In Funds, 5 per cent. National Loan rose ⅛ at 103¼, 5 per cent. Second ditto ⅛ at 112⅜. 3½ per cent. Fourth Loan ⅛ at 98⅜, and ditto Deed lost ⅛ at 98. 4½ per cent. Land Bonds gained ⅛ at 108¼, ditto (small lots under £200) ⅛ at 108, and 3½ per cent. War Loan repeated 102 1/16. 2¾ per cent. Land Stock (1933) unchanged at 79, and India 3 per cent. improved ½ at 76. Dublin Corporation 5 per cent. Inscribed eased ⅛ at 108⅞, and the 4½ per cent. Redeemable ⅞ at 102⅛. Waterford Corporation 3½ Redeemable changed hands at 80.

Munster and Leinster Bank repeated 96s. 6d., National 45s., and Provincial 25⅜.

Distillers Ord rose 1s. 6d. at 87s. Dublin Distillers "A" 3d. at 7s. 7½d., after 7s. 6d., and the Debs. unaltered at 75. Dunville put on 3d. at 27s. 9d., and Guinness 1½d. at 103s. 1½d., after 103s. and 103s. 3d.

In Rails, Great Northern Ord. hardened ⅛ at 7¼, and the Pref. 1 at 10½. The Debs lost 1 at 54. Great Southern Guaranteed repeated 43½, and the Debs. were ⅛ lower at 62⅛, after 62½. "Can Pacs" Debs. rose ⅛ at 89⅛, after 89 1/16.

Dublin Tramways Ord. repeated 100s., and the Pref. 11 1/16.

Todd Burns Debs. unchanged at 61s., and Walpole Pref. fell 4s. at 51s.

Among Industrials, Associated Chocolate Debs. repeated 10 5/16. British Match lost 1½d. at 34s. 10½d., Coats 6d. at 61s. 9d., after 62s.; the "B" 1s. at 28s. 7½d., and *Independent* Pref. 6d. at 24s. 6d., Burke Debs. gained ⅛ at 7⅜, Courtaulds 1s. at 49s., after 48s. 9d. and 48s. 7½d., Dunlops 1s. 1½d. at 46s. 10½d., after 46s. 9d., and Chemicals 4½d. at 34s. 10½d., after 34s. 7½d. The Defs. were 1½d. lower at 9s. 3¾d., after 9s. 2½d. *Irish Times* 5½ per cent. Pref. put on 6d. at 26s. 6d., after 26s. 3d., and Unilevers 7½d. at 23s. 6d.

"Other business done" will be found at foot of annexed table.

OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS.

5½% National Loan (103) *103½
5% Second Loan (112½) 112⅜
3½% Fourth Loan (98¼) *98⅜
Do. Deed ...(98¼) *98
4½% Land Bonds (108⅛) 108¼
Do. (small lots under £200) ...(107⅞) 108
3½% War Loan (102 1/16) 102 1/16
2¾% Land Stock (1933) (79) *79
India 3% ...(75¾) *76
Dublin 5% Inscr. (109⅛c) 108⅞c
Do. 4½% Red. (103⅛c) 102⅛c
Waterford Corp. 3½% Red. ...*80
Bank Stock (300c) 300b 305a
Munster & Leinster (96/6) 96/6
National ...(45/-) 45/-
Provincial ...(25⅜) *25⅜
Do. New (22½) 21½b 22½a
Distillers Ord. (85/6) *87/-
Dub. Distill. A (7/4½) 7 6 *7/7½
Do. Debs. ...(75) 75
Dunville ...(27/6) 27/9
Guinness (103/-) 103/- 3/3 3/1½
G.N. Ord. ...(7) *7¼
Do. Pref. ...(9½) 10½
Do. Guar. ...(30½) 32b
Do. Debs. ...(55) 54
G.S. Ord. (25) 20b 25a
Do. Guar. ...(43½) 43½
Do. Debs. (62¼) 62⅛ ½
L.M.S. Ord. ...(24½) 25
Can. Pac. Debs. (89) 89⅛ ⅛
Dublin Trams Ord. (100/-) 100/-
Do. Pref (11⅛) 11 1/16
Arnott Ord. ...(81/-) 81/-
Todd Burns Debs. (61/-) 61/-
Walpole Pref. (55/-) 51/-
Assoc. Chocolate Debs. (10 5/16) 10 5/16
British Match * (35/-) 34/10½
Burke Debs. ...(7¼) 7⅜
Coats ...(62/3) 62/- 1/9
Do. B Pref. (29/7½) 28/7½
Courtaulds (48/-) 48/9 8/7½ 9/-
Dunlops (45/9) 46/9 6/9 6/10½
Chemicals (34/6) 34/7½ 4/7½ 4/10½
Do. Def. (9/5¼) 9/2½ 9/3¾
Independent Pref. (25/-) 24/6
Irish Times 5½% Pref. (26/-) *26/3 6/6
Unilever ...(22/10½) 23/6

Other Business Done.

Anglo-Dutch Plant. of Java ... 20/-
Brewers of Vancouver 11/1½
British Celanese 7½% 2nd Pref. ... 14/1½
Electric & Musical 25/4½
Ever-Ready Co. ... 28/9
Ford Motor ... 26/-
Hawker Aircraft ... 24/3
Imperial Airways ... 40/-
Johannesburg Cons. Invest. ... 55/7½
Patons & Baldwins 71/3
Turner & Newall 48/6-8/9

* Odd lot, a asked, b bid, c cash.
(Last business done given in parentheses.)

IRISH BANKS' RATE.

Irish Banks' Rate (June 30, 1932)	3 %
Loans on Government Stocks transferred	2½ %
Deposits under £2,000	1 %
Deposits of £2,000 and over	1¼ %

The rates in the foregoing table are subject to variation.

STOCK EXCHANGE SETTLEMENTS.

Contango	March 5
Ticket	March 6
Intermediate	March 7
Account Day ... Feb. 22	March 8

BELFAST.

Belfast Exchange steady. 3½ per Cent. War Loan, 102⅛ and 102⅛; 3½ per Cent. Conversion Loan at 103⅛, and 4½ per Cent. Guaranteed Bonds at 113. Provincial Bank changed hands at 25⅜, and Provincial Bank New at 21½. Small odd lot of Westminster Bank (fully paid) at 65s. 6d. Belfast Water 3½ per Cent. 1953-63 stock rose to 99⅜. Great Northern Railway Ordinary 7½. In Industrials, Belfast Ropework Ord. repeated 20s. Frazer and Haughtons Pref. advanced to 7⅜. Inglis Ordinary were done at 77s. 6d. and Preference at 26s. 3d. Dunvilles brought 27s. 6d. for market lot and 27s. for small lot. Robert Ledlie Ferguson Ordinary were dealt in at 17s. 9d., and 6 per cent. Pref. at 24s. Harland and Wolff Pref. were recorded at 6s. 6d. and 6s. 9d., and Vickers at 9s. 2¼d. British-Americans changed hands at 119s. 3d.; Gallahers at 55s. 4½d., and Imperials at 119s. 6d. and 119s. Dunlops fetched 46s. 6d., and small lot 46s. 4½d. B.O.C. Ordinary were marked at 18s. 6d.; Maypole at 3s.; Guest Keens at 16s. 4½d.; Turner and Newalls at 48s. 4½d. and 48s. 6d.; Hadfields at 10s. 0¾d.; Rhodesian Corporation at 6s. 3¾d.; United Molasses at 22s. and 22s. 3¾d., and Bengal Iron at 5s. 5¼d. and 5s. 6d.

CORK.

Second National Loan improved to 112⅜, closing buyers; Land Bonds firmer, 108¼; War Loan done at 102 1/16; Munster and Leinster Bank unchanged, 96s. 6d.; Provincial Old 25⅜. Great Southern Pref. remained at 19; Great Southern Deb. rose to 62¼; British and Irish Steam Packet Pref. buyers 12s. 6d., sellers 12s. 9d.; Cork Gas buyers 7¼; Cork Corporation 1928 stock buyers 105; Coats Ord. remained 62s.; Dublin Distillers "A" brought 7s. 6d.; Gouldings Ord. buyers 80s., Pref. sellers 105s.; Gresham Hotel buyers 10¼. Guinness Ord. dealt in 103s.; Musgrave Bros. 7½ per cent. Pref. repeated 19s. 6d., closing sellers; Thompsons Pref. buyers at 95s. 6d.

DIVIDENDS AND REPORTS.

Anglo-French Exploration.—In respect of 1933, 10 per cent., less tax, and £36,738 forward. (For 1932 dividend 6 per cent.; carry forward £30,775.)

Bibiani (1927).—The accounts for the year to September 30 last show that during the twelve months £69,056 was spent on plant, buildings, etc., and £486 on main shafts, bringing the total expenditure to date on these two items up to £91,292 and £5,443, respectively. In addition, £32,119 was spent on mines development, bringing the total outlay in this direction up to £91,723. A working account from date when treatment plant commenced running showed a debit balance, after crediting proceeds from bullion, etc., of £3,459. Cash on hand amounted to £150,017. The pilot plant treated 8086 tons of ore for 3201oz. of gold. Various adjustments were necessary owing to change in character of ore in lower levels, and auxiliary plant is now in hand to meet the new conditions and increase capacity of plant to 10,000 per month. Ore reserves amount to 440,000 tons with an average value of 13dwt. per ton, which compare with 290,000 tons of 10.5dwt. per ton a year previously.

Bearpark Coal and Coke.—Payment of 2½ per cent., less tax, for 1933. (First dividend since 1930.)

City Offices Co.—Final dividend of 15/6 a share, less tax, on Ordinary, making 31/- a share, less tax, for the year ended 31st December, 1933. (Same.)

City and International Trust.—Half-yearly dividend at rate of 5 per cent. per annum on Preferred.

Doulton, Bournes and Dolton.—Final dividend 7½ per cent. on Ord., making 10 per cent. (Same.)

D. Napier and Son.—Trading loss has been reduced to £27,184, against £51,567 in 1931-32. Investment and capital revenues, however, are also down from £70,323 to £27,662, while revenue is credited this year with £18,279, tax provision no longer required, the previous allocation from internal reserves being £56,179. After a full year's payment on the First Preference Shares, the carry forward is reduced from £94,657 to £89,201. As in the previous year, no payment is made on the 8 per cent. Non-Cumulative Preference Shares.

Enfield Cable.—Final dividend of 10 per cent. This brings the year's distribution up to 20 per cent. For the three preceding years the total distribution was 25 per cent., the final payment each time being 15 per cent.

Field, Sons and Co.—Profit £31,710 for 1933, against £20,389 in the previous year. Dividend 15 per cent., less tax, against 10 per cent., tax free, the former payment being on a larger capital. The directors state that the remainder of the unissued Ordinary 10/- shares (45,062) will be issued to existing holders "on favourable terms."

Hughes-Johnson Stampings.—Payment of 2½ per cent., less tax. (Same.)

Hooper, Struve and Co.—Dividend of 5 per cent. on Pref. shares (nil); transfer to reserve, £500 (nil); forward, £685 (£631).

Imperial Bank of India.—The report for the half-year ended December 31 last states that the net profit amounted to Rs.36,90,443, against Rs.36,95,081 for the corresponding period of 1932, and Rs.26,94,803 was brought in. The directors have again allocated Rs.2,50,000 to reserve fund and Rs.74,600, against Rs.79,100, to pension funds, and are maintaining the dividend at 6 per cent., tax free, for the half-year, leaving a balance to go forward of Rs.26,85,646.

James Booth and Co.—Dividend of 15 per cent., less tax (same) on Ordinary for the year ended 31st December, 1933.

Lake View and Star.—Dividend in respect of the year ending 30th June, 1934, of 12½ per cent. (6d. per share), less tax. (Same.)

London and Lomond Investment.—The accounts of London and Lomond Investment Trust for the year ended January 31 last show, after deducting management expenses, interest on bank account, Debenture interest, and income tax, net revenue £23,334, which compares with £22,253 for the previous year, and £1,137 was brought in. As already announced, the directors have again transferred £5,000 to general reserve, and recommend an Ordinary dividend of 4 per cent. for the year, against 3½ per cent. for the preceding 12 months, leaving £2,005 to be carried forward. A valuation of investments at January 31 last showed an appreciation of £49,411 on the balance-sheet figure of £905,438.

Looksan Tea.—Arrears of Preference dividend for the three years 1930-1932 and an interim Preference dividend of 2½ per cent. for 1933, making 17½ per cent. in all, less tax.

Merchants' Trust.—The accounts for the year to January 31 last disclose a net revenue of £49,019 after charging Debenture interest, management expenses, the Preference dividend, and income tax, against which the comparable figure for the previous year was £65,035. A sum of £103,310 was brought in, and the directors (as already announced) recommend a final dividend on the Ordinary stock of 5 per cent., making 8 per cent., against 9 per cent. for the previous twelve months, leaving a balance to go forward of £103,579. The directors add that a valuation of investments at the end of January showed a depreciation of 20.26 per cent. on the balance sheet figure of £3,566,448.

North-Eastern Electric Supply.—Final Ord. dividend of 3½ per cent., making 6 per cent., less tax, for 1933, as in the previous year.

Southern India Tea Estates.—Dividend of 3 per cent. on Preference for the half-year ending 28th February, 1934.

Slazengers.—Net profits for the year £25,685, against £17,483, an increase of £8,202. A dividend of 6 per cent. on Ordinary is recommended, against 2½ per cent. for 1932.

U.S. Debenture Corporation.—Final Ord. dividend of 5 per cent., making 8 per cent., less tax, for the year to January 31, 1934. (Against 10 per cent. for 1932-33.)

MOTORS AND TEXTILES.

BIRMINGHAM.

Business plentiful with several sharp rises. Fords active, up to 26/3. Standards better again, 47/9, Rolls jumped to 90/5, and Alvis to 8/6.

Austins	80/9	Lucas	62/6
Do. Prefd.	28/7½	Rileys	58/3
Bluemels	28/6	Rovers	7/6
Dennis	23/10½	Singers	14/-
Enfields	25/-	S.T.D.	1/-
Guys	3/10½	Triumphs	12/3
Humbers	14/-	Dunlops	46/10½
Leylands	37/3	Raleighs	7½d. dis.

MANCHESTER.

Fair demand for Textiles, with prices generally steady.

Bleachers, 10/6-11/-	Courtaulds, 48/6-49/-
Calicos, 12/3-12/9	Dunlops, 46/9-47/3
Dyers, 15/6-16/-	Turner & Newall, 48/3-48/9
Cottons, 42/-43/-	Wall Paper Def., 53/6-54/-
Spinners, 13/9-14/-	A. & S. Henry, 14/-14/6
"Slubbers," 6/-6/3	
Coats, 61/6-62/6	
Velvets, 12/6-13/6	

FINA[NCIAL] PARA[GRAPHS]

British-American ...
An advertisement ... garding the payment ... on Preference and ... British-American To...

British Celanese ...
Underwriting has ... nection with the iss... 5½ per cent. Mortg... British Celanese. A... this issue the £2,400,... vertible Second Mort... pany are to be redee... will have the option ... new issue. They can ... each £110 of princip... £1, less tax, for adj... stock and £10 cash in ... and £1, less tax for ... conversion list will c... cash lists will open on ...

British Railways a...
The four main ... Britain and Imperi... reached agreement fo... new company, with ... £50,000, to provide a... in the British Isles a... form connecting links... Imperial Airways.

Buffer Tin Pool S...
It is rumoured in F... mining circles that the ... a referendum on a to... the buffer tin pool sch...

Rubber Talks Cont...
The *Financial News* ... is no truth in reports ... striction negotiations h... is informed on unim... that the discussions are ... increasing difficulty is ... the negotiators owing ... munerative price and t... ness of Dutch native o... in values. Authorities ... unduly optimistic have ... and are urging the ne...

Selfridge and Co.
An extraordinary ge... above-named company ... day, 26th inst., for the ... ing, and, if thought fit ... tion as under:—"That ... Cumulative Preference ... fully paid (income tax ... £) in the capital of t... verted into £1,300,000 ... Preference Stock fully ... up to 6s. in the £), and ... Cumulative Preferred O... each fully paid in the ... pany be converted into ... Cumulative Preferred ... paid."

The Scottish Widow...
Assurance Soci...
The report for the y... 6,119 life policies were is... of £4,241,565, of whic... assured, leaving net n... £4,136,902. The net ... only an increase on the ... the previous year, but i... succession it is the hig... in any year in the so... claims by death amount... by maturity to £913,62... cluding bonus additions ... policies which became ... society paid on an avera... £100 originally assured ... sums payable were mo... original amount of the ... case more than three ti... assured. The premium ... was £1,860,516, the tota... and the total outgoings ... a surplus amounting to ... over outgoings. The a... funds at the end of th... £31,028,225. The Stock ... stand in the balance sh... market value at 31st D... on the lowest quotation ... on the London Stock Ex... cases on quotations obta... brokers), less accrued ... The average rate of int... per cent., subject to inc... with £5 8s. 11d. per c... year. The expenses and ... amounted to £257,543, ... cent. of the premium ... cent. of the total revenu... valuation shows a surplu... directors have declared a... quinquennium 1929-33 a... per cent. per annum ... original sums assured ... additions on all particip...

Transvaal Gold Pr...
The total estimated ... gold mines of the Tr... 1934, amounted to £2,6... £2,452,840 for the previ...

"Metro." Assente...
No interim payment ... spect of interest for t... 1934. No income will ... payment, in view of ... London Passenger Tran... no interim payment o... "C" Stock, part of wh... mer stock.

Celanese Offer to...
On June 30 next B... deem the whole of th... vertible Second Mortga... outstanding at a prem... Directions as to the ... payment will be anno... The company has de... £3,000,000 5½ per cent. ... Stock, of which £2,800... issued. The holders ... Convertible Second Mo... to and including Marc... their holdings for—(1) ... per cent. Mortgage ... respect of each £110 of ... premium represented by ... with a cash payment ... interest adjustment; or ... 5½ per cent. Mortgage ... respect of each £100 of ... presented by bonds he... cash payment of £10 ... (less tax) for interest a...

PRICES OF REC...

Ever-Ready New Ord. (15...
Galloway 4 p.c. Deb. ...
India 3½ p.c. 54-59 ...
N.-Eastern Electric 5¼ p.c. ...
South Banket Areas ...
Tati Goldfields ...

BRITISH RAILW...

G.W.R. — Past week, ... £24,000); 7 weeks to dat... £138,000).
L.M.S.R.—Past week, ... £60,000); 7 weeks to dat... £482,000).
L.N.E.R.—Past week, ... £77,000); 7 weeks to dat... £489,000).
SOUTHERN.—Past wee... £9,000); 7 weeks to dat... £71,000).

CANADIAN CATT...

SPECIAL ...
MONT...

Trade active, underto... supplies. Prime steers ... dollars, choice 5.75 do... good 5.25 dollars to 5.... dollars to 4.25 dollars; ... 3.50 dollars per 100 lbs ... John—To Birkenhead, ... 495. To Glasgow; per ... Total cattle, 923.

A remarkable feat wa... ski-runners in the Red ... the 5,200 kilometres ... miles) between Irkutsk ... days, to average almost ... last few days of the ... tween 60 and 70 miles ... ranges had to be crosse...

FINANCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

British-American Tobacco.

An advertisement appears in this issue regarding the payment of the interim dividends on Preference and Ordinary stock of the British-American Tobacco Company.

British Celanese.

Underwriting has been completed in connection with the issue at par of £2,800,000 5½ per cent. Mortgage Debenture stock of British Celanese. According to a notice in this issue the £2,400,000 of 7½ per cent. Convertible Second Mortgage Bonds of the company are to be redeemed at 110, but holders will have the option of converting into the new issue. They can take £110 of stock for each £110 of principal and premium, plus £1, less tax, fc. adjusted interest, or £100 stock and £10 cash in respect of the premium, and £1, less tax for adjusted interest. The conversion list will close on 5th March and cash lists will open on 6th March.

British Railways and Air Lines.

The four main railway companies of Britain and Imperial Airways Ltd., have reached agreement for the formation of a new company, with a nominal capital of £50,000, to provide and operate air services in the British Isles and elsewhere, and to form connecting links with the services of Imperial Airways.

Buffer Tin Pool Scheme.

It is rumoured in Federated Malay States mining circles that the Government will take a referendum on a tonnage basis regarding the buffer tin pool scheme, says Reuter.

Rubber Talks Continuing.

The *Financial News* understands that there is no truth in reports that the rubber restriction negotiations have broken down. It is informed on unimpeachable authority that the discussions are continuing, but that increasing difficulty is being encountered by the negotiators owing to the present remunerative price and the extreme sensitiveness of Dutch native outputs to movements in values. Authorities that were formerly unduly optimistic have become less confident, and are urging the necessity of caution

Selfridge and Co.

An extraordinary general meeting of the above-named company will be held on Monday, 26th inst., for the purpose of considering, and, if thought fit, passing, the resolution as under:—"That the 1,300,000 6 p.c. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each fully paid (income tax free up to 6s. in the £) in the capital of the company be converted into £1,300,000 6 p.c. Cumulative Preference Stock fully paid (income tax free up to 6s. in the £), and the 1,000,000 10 p.c. Cumulative Preferred Ordinary Shares of £1 each fully paid in the capital of the company be converted into £1,000,000 10 p.c. Cumulative Preferred Ordinary Stock fully paid."

The Scottish Widows' Fund and Life Assurance Society.

The report for the year 1933 shows that 6,119 life policies were issued, assuring a total of £4,241,565, of which £104,663 was reassured, leaving net new sums assured of £4,136,902. The net new business is not only an increase on the amount completed in the previous year, but for the fourth time in succession it is the highest total completed in any year in the society's history. The claims by death amounted to £1,035,319 and by maturity to £913,627, both amounts including bonus additions. Under with-profit policies which became claims by death the society paid on an average £160 6s. for each £100 originally assured. In 251 cases the sums payable were more than double the original amount of the policies, and in one case more than three times the original sum assured. The premium income for the year was £1,860,516, the total income £3,476,815, and the total outgoings £2,670,356, showing a surplus amounting to £806,459 of income over outgoings. The assurance and annuity funds at the end of the year amounted to £31,028,225. The Stock Exchange Securities stand in the balance sheet at or under their market value at 31st December, 1933 (based on the lowest quotations of securities quoted on the London Stock Exchange, and in other cases on quotations obtained from the society's brokers), less accrued interest or dividends. The average rate of interest was £5 5s. 2d. per cent., subject to income tax, as compared with £5 8s. 11d. per cent. in the previous year. The expenses and commission together amounted to £257,543, representing 13.84 per cent. of the premium revenue, or 7.41 per cent of the total revenue. The quinquennial valuation shows a surplus of £3,359,702. The directors have declared a vested bonus for the quinquennium 1929-33 at the rate of £2 2s. per cent. per annum, compound on the original sums assured and existing bonus additions on all participating policies.

Transvaal Gold Profits.

The total estimated working profit of the gold mines of the Transvaal for January, 1934, amounted to £2,616,375, compared with £2,452,840 for the previous month.

"Metro." Assented Stock.

No interim payment will be made in respect of interest for the year to June 30, 1934. No income will be received for such payment, in view of the decision by the London Passenger Transport Board to make no interim payment on London Transport "C" Stock, part of which underlies the former stock.

Celanese Offer to Convert.

On June 30 next British Celanese will redeem the whole of the 7½ per cent. Convertible Second Mortgage Bearer Bonds then outstanding at a premium of 10 per cent. Directions as to the method of obtaining payment will be announced in due course. The company has determined to create £3,000,000 5½ per cent. Mortgage Debenture Stock, of which £2,800,000 is about to be issued. The holders of the 7½ per cent. Convertible Second Mortgage Bonds may, up to and including March 5 next, exchange their holdings for—(1) £110 of the new 5½ per cent. Mortgage Debenture Stock in respect of each £110 of principal moneys and premium represented by bonds held by them, with a cash payment of £1 (less tax) for interest adjustment; or (2) £100 of the new 5½ per cent. Mortgage Debenture Stock in respect of each £100 of principal moneys represented by bonds held by them, and a cash payment of £10 for premium and £1 (less tax) for interest adjustment.

PRICES OF RECENT ISSUES.

Ever-Ready New Ord. (15/- paid)	15/7½-10½.
Galloway 4 p.c. Deb.	½-1½ prem.
India 3½ p.c. 54-59	½-¼ dis.
N.-Eastern Electric 3½ p.c. Deb.	3½-4 prem.
South Banket Areas	Par-1½ prem.
Tati Goldfields	1½ dis.-1½ prem.

BRITISH RAILWAY TRAFFICS.

G.W.R. — Past week, £441,000 (increase £24,000); 7 weeks to date, £3,042,000 (increase £158,000).

L.M.S.R.—Past week, £1,093,000 (increase £50,000); 7 weeks to date, £7,433,000 (increase £482,000).

L.N.E.R.—Past week, £823,000 (increase £77,000); 7 weeks to date, £5,583,000 (increase £489,000).

SOUTHERN.—Past week, £327,000 (increase £9,000); 7 weeks to date, £2,263,000 (increase £71,000).

CANADIAN CATTLE EXPORTS.

SPECIAL CABLE.

MONTREAL, Wednesday.

Trade active, undertone stronger on smaller supplies. Prime steers 6.25 dollars to 6.50 dollars, choice 5.75 dollars to 6.00 dollars, good 5.25 dollars to 5.50 dollars; cows 3.50 dollars to 4.25 dollars; bulls 3.00 dollars to 3.50 dollars per 100 lbs. Sailings, from St. John—To Birkenhead, per Commerce, cattle, 495. To Glasgow, per Sulairia, cattle, 428. Total cattle, 923.

A remarkable feat was accomplished by five ski-runners in the Red Army, who covered the 5,200 kilometres (approximately 3,200 miles) between Irkutsk and Moscow in 83 days, to average almost 40 miles a day. The last few days of the run they covered between 60 and 70 miles a day. Two mountain ranges had to be crossed.

THE AMERICAN MARKETS.

SENTIMENT BRIGHT, BUT MOVEMENTS SMALL: STEADY CLOSE.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

A pre-holiday atmosphere pervaded the Stock Exchange to-day, and though sentiment appeared to be cheerful operations were again very slow. Little change in prices was recorded, while the turnover amounted only to 1,900,000 shares.

Quotations were steady at the opening. The chief feature of the morning session was the activity of low-priced issues and specialities, particularly Automotive stocks, many of which gained fractions to 1 point.

The leading Industrials, Rails and Utilities were quiet, but the undertone of the market was generally firm.

Business was dull in the afternoon. A number of low-priced issues continued to be supported, but, with the recognised leaders fluctuating very norrowly, most commentators admitted their inability to judge the immediate trend.

Support for the market became more general in the late dealings, but prices finished below the day's best levels.

The close was steady.

This week's figures of electric power output indicated an increase of 11.6 per cent. over those for the corresponding week of last year. The statistics of freight-car loadings continue to be most encouraging. Some authorities expect an increase of 10,000 cars over the total for last week owing chiefly to an expansion in the movement of coal, following the recent cold weather.

According to the "Iron Age," steel mill activity for the current week is at 44.50 per cent. of capacity as compared with 41.0 per cent. in the previous week. The publication add the demand from the automobile industry constituted the chief stimulating influence. Moreover, with public works and railroad programmes under weigh, a well-sustained demand is expected.

		Wed. Steady.	Tues. Steady
Call Money		—	—
Do. Do.	Demand Bills	—	—
Exchange on Lon.	60 days' sight	5.06 3/4	5.04
Cable Transfers		5.07 7/8	5.05 1/8
Do. Montreal		5.11	5.09 1/2
Exchange Paris	cable	6.54 1/4	6.53 3/4

Eng. Parity	STOCKS	Closing Bid Wed	Tues.
68 7/16	Atchison, Topeka, Santa Fe	69 1/2	70
79 3/4	Do. Preferred	81	82
33	Baltimore and Ohio	33 1/2	33 3/8
16 1/8	Canadian Pacific (New Stock)	16 5/8	16 1/2
44 11/16	Chesapeake and Ohio Com.	45 3/8	45 1/2
7 1/4	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	7 3/8	7 1/4
14	Chicago and North-West	14 1/4	14 1/4
23 7/8	Erie Shares	24 1/4	24 3/8
26 11/16	Erie 1st Preferred	27 1/8	26 3/4
25 7/16	Illinois Central	36 1/8	35 3/8
56 5/8	Louisville and Nashville	57 1/2	55 1/2
6 3/16	Missouri Pacific	5 1/2	5 1/4
41 1/4	New York Central & Hudson R	41 7/8	41 7/8
177 3/16	Norfolk and West Com.	180	180
32 7/8	Northern Pacific Com.	33 3/4	33 3/4
36 13/16	Pennsylvania Shares	37 3/8	37
54 1/8	Reading Shares	55	53
30 3/4	Southern Pacific	31 1/4	31
34 7/16	Southern Railway	35	35
128 15/16	Union Pacific	131	130
103 5/8	American Can. (New Stock)	105 1/4	105 3/4
48	American Smelting (New Stock)	48 3/4	48 1/4
16 1/4	Anaconda Copper	16 1/2	16 1/2
15 5/8	American Radiator	15 7/8	16
120 13/16	American Tel. and Tel.	122 3/4	122 7/8
47 1/8	Bethlehem Steel Com. Stock	47 7/8	47 3/4
30	Brazil Stab 6½%, 1937	30 1/2	31 1/4
40 7/8	Consolidated Gas (New York)	41 1/2	41 1/4
22 1/4	General Electric (New Stock)	22 3/8	22 3/4
40 1/8	General Motors (New)	—	40 1/4
5 1/16	Inter. Mer. Marine Com. Certs.	5 1/8	5
23 1/4	International Nickel	23 7/8	23 3/8
33 7/16	Montgomery Ward	34	33 3/4
130 15/16	National Lead	133	133
21 7/16	North America Company	21 3/4	21 5/8
8 1/8	Radio Corporation	8 1/4	8 1/8
38 1/4	Royal Dutch Petroleum	38 7/8	38 3/4
25 11/16	Shell Transport and Trading	26 1/8	25
11 5/16	Shell Union Oil	11 3/8	11 1/4
20 9/16	U.S. Rubber	20 7/8	21
57 9/16	United States Steel Common	58 1/2	58 3/8
92 1/2	Do. Preferred	94	94 1/4
12 15/16	Brazilian Traction	13	13
29 3/4	Brit.-American Tobacco Coupon	30 1/4	30
7 1/8	Hydro. Electric	7 1/4	7 1/4
22 3/8	International Pet. Canada (New)	22 3/4	22 3/4
—	Silver Commercial Bars	46 3/8	46
	BONDS		
112 11/16	U.K. 5½% Bonds, 1937	114 1/2	115
111 1/2	Do. Funding Loan 4%	113 1/2	112 1/2
102 5/8	U.S. Treasury 3¾% Bds. '46-56	103 1/8	103 7/8
84 5/16	7% German External Loan	85 1/2	84
58 15/16	Amer. S. Refining 5%, '47	102 1/2	102 1/2
104 13/16	Bethlehem Steel 5%, '42	106 1/2	106 1/2
69 5/8	Chile Copper 5%, '47	71	71 1/2

* Asked, † Ex div., ‡ Ex interest; § Ex rights.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Eng. quiv.		Closing Bid Wed.	Tues
113 9/16	Bell Telephone Co. of Canada	115 7/8	116
12 5/8	Brazilian T.L. and P. Co., Ltd	12 7/8	13 1/8
28 15/16	British Columbia Power "A"	29 1/2	28 1/4
6 1/2	Do. "B"	6 5/8	6 5/8
8 11/16	Can. Car and Foundry C.	8 7/8	8 7/8
15 5/16	Do. Preferred	15 1/2	15
18 5/8	Canadian Celanese Com.	19	19 3/8
103 7/8	Do. Do. Pref.	106	106
11 3/4	Canada Cement Co.	11 5/8	11
50 1/2	Do. Preferred	51 1/2	49
16 5/16	Canadian Pacific Railway	16 5/8	16 1/2
6 3/8	Canada Steamship Preferred	6 1/2	6
9 5/16	Cockshutt Plow Co	9 3/8	9 3/4
130 7/16	Con Mining and Smelting	135 1/2	147 1/2
33 11/16	Dominion Bridge Co., Ltd.	34	34
91 1/8	Dominion Glass Co., Ltd	93	93
78 5/16	Dominion Textiles Co.	79 3/4	78
13 5/8	Hollinger Cons. Gold Mines	13 7/8	13 1/2
23 5/16	Inter. Nickel of Canada	23 3/4	23 5/8
6 3/8	Massey Harris Co.	6 1/2	6 1/2
36 7/8	Montreal Light, Heat	37 5/8	37 3/4
45 7/16	Do Debs	46 3/8	46 3/4
26 7/16	National Brewers, Ltd.	27	27 1/8
17 5/8	National Steel Car Corp.	18	18 1/4
204 13/16	Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.	209	205
12 1/4	Power Corporation of Canada	12 1/2	12 1/2
18 7/8	Quebec Power Corporation	19 1/4	13 7/8
22 1/16	Shawinigan Water	22 7/8	22 3/4
14 1/2	Southern Canada Power	14 3/4	14 3/4
36	Steel Co. of Canada	36 3/4	36 7/8
195	Bank Montreal	199	199 1/4
265 9/16	Bank Nova Scotia	271	272
154 1/4	Can. Bank Comm.	162 1/2	163 3/4
161 11/16	Royal Bank of Canada	165	164
	CURB PRICES		
20 1/8	Distillers Corp. Seagrams, Ltd	20 1/2	20
34 9/16	Dome Mines, Ltd.	35 1/4	34 1/2
46 1/16	Hiram Walker Gooderham and Worts, Ltd.	47	45 3/4
13 3/4	Imperial Oil Ltd.	14	14
11 3/4	Imperial Tobacco Co of Canada, Ltd.	12	12
22 5/16	International Petroleum	22 3/4	22 3/4
46 13/16	Lake Shore Mines, Ltd.	47 3/4	44 1/2
39 15/16	McIntyre Porcupine Mines	40 3/4	40 1/2
34 1/16	Noranda Mines, Ltd	34 3/4	34 1/2
26 15/16	Bulolo Gold	27 1/2	27 1/2
15 15/16	Can Indus. Alcohol Com.	16 1/4	16 1/4
15 5/16	Do "B"	15 5/8	16

* Asked, † Ex div., ‡ Ex interest; § Ex rights

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKETS.

WHEAT steady, 1/4c. down to 1/8c. up.

	To-day.	Prev. day.
No. 2 Amber Durum, spot	—	—
No. 2 Mixed Durum, spot	—	—
No. 1 Northern Manitoba spot, f.o.b. New York	74 3/4	75
No. 2 Hard Winter, spot	93 7/8	98 3/4
No. 2 Red Winter, spot	98 7/8	98 3/4

MAIZE steady, 1/2c. up.

	To-day	Prev. day
Western No. 2 Mixed, spot—Based on May option	58 5/8	58 1/8

OATS steady and unaltered. White clipped f.o.b. New York, 39 5/8.

RYE steady, 1/8c. down. No. 2 spot, 55 3/4.

BARLEY barely steady, 3/4c. lower. American malting c.i.f. New York No. 2, 56 1/2.

FLOUR steady and generally unchanged. Spring clears were quoted at 6.20 to 6.40.

LARD steady at 5 points gain. Prime Western steam, 7.05; Middle West, 6.90 to 7.00.

PETROLEUM steady.

Mid-Continent crude 33 to 33.9 per cent. Baume at well, 94 cents

Pennsylvania crude in S.W. Pennsylvania pipe lines (lower price), 197 cents; do. (higher price), 212 cents.

COFFEE—

Closing options—

	Mar.	May	July	Sept.	Dec.
To-day	8.52	8.55	8.61	8.65	8.70
Prev. day	8.61	8.76	8.82	8.85	8.88

SUGAR on spot closed steady and unchanged at 3.50. Futures advanced on active covering by "shorts" in the March option and on buying by the trade and commission houses owing to the quick absorption of 54 March "notices." A partial set-back then occurred under liquidation and commission house selling, but the market closed steady, with values 5 points to 1 point higher. Approximate day's sales (futures), 24,000 tons.

Closing options—

	Mar.	May	July	Sept.	Oct.	Dec	1935 Jan.
To-day	1.60	1.63	1.67	1.70	—	1.73	1.76
Prev. day	1.55	1.61	1.64	1.68	—	1.73	1.75

RUBBER steady, but quiet. First latex thin crepe spot, 12 buyers; smoked ribbed sheets spot, 10 3/16 buyers, 10 7/16 sellers

TALLOW steady. Spot extra loose, 3 5/8; spot special extra, 4 1/4; spot in tierces, 3 3/4.

COTTONSEED OIL—Futures closed barely steady, 5 points down to unchanged. Prime summer yellow spot unquoted. Closing options—March 5.13, May 5.38, July 5.64, Aug. 5.65

SHELLAC—T.N., 21 1/4.

TURPENTINE—Spot, 65 1/2; Savannah spot, 60 1/2

COTTON (New York)—Spot closed quiet and 10 points up at 12.40. Cotton (New Orleans)—Spot closed 9 points up at 12.17.

COMMODITY EXCHANGE INC.

TIN quiet, but 65 points up. Closing options—March 51.90, May 52.20, July 52.60, Sept. 52.80. American standard COPPER firm, 12 to 4 points up. Closing options—March 6.90 to 6.95, May 7.10, July 7.20 to 7.27, Sept. 7.37, Oct. 7.41.

OUTSIDE MARKETS—Straits Tin firmer, 45 points up. Spot and nearby New York, 52.30. Future option—March, 52.32 1/2. Lead steady and unchanged. Spot New York, 4.00; spot East St. Louis, 3.90. Pig Iron steady and unchanged. Eastern Pennsylvania, Northern 2x foundry, silicon 2.25 to 2.75, delivered New York, including freight rate 20.77; Buffalo, silicon 1.75 to 2.25, delivered Boston, including freight rate 19.00.

OUTSIDE U.S. MARKETS.

KANSAS—Wheat easy, with spot 5/8c. and futures 1/4c. to 3/8c. down. No. 2 hard winter spot, 84 7/8. Closing options—May, 80 3/8; July, 79 5/8.

ST. LOUIS—Wheat easy, with spot 1 1/2c. down and futures 1/4c. lower to unchanged. No. 2 red winter spot, 90 1/2. Closing options—May, 87; July, 85 1/2.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat steady. Spot 1/4c. and futures 1/4c. to 1/8c. lower. No. 1 Northern Spring spot, 87. Closing options—May, 83 1/2; July, 83 5/8. Barley barely steady at 3/4c. to 7/8c. loss. Closing options—May, 42 3/4; July, 43 5/8.

DULUTH—Linseed steady at late rates. Closing options—May, 186; July, 186 1/2. Rye easier at 1/8c. fall. Closing option—May, 57. Wheat steady, 1/8c. to 1/4c. up. Closing options—May, 83 1/8; July, 82 3/4.

ARGENTINE GRAIN OPTIONS.

BUENOS AIRES.

WHEAT.—Closing options—Feb., 5.75; March, 5.75; May, 5.75.

MAIZE.—Closing options—Feb., 5.35; March, 5.20; May, 4.87.

LINSEED.—Closing options — Feb., 11.90, March, 11.90; May, 12.21.

ROSARIO.

WHEAT.—Closing options—March, 5.63; May, 5.63.

MAIZE.—Closing options—March, 5.30; May, 4.70.

LINSEED.—Closing options — March, 11.85; May, 12.05.

WINNIPEG GRAINS.

WHEAT opened steady and unchanged. A continued poor export demand, together with some liquidation, had an unsettling effect, while prices also fluctuated in unison with Chicago. The close was barely steady at 1/8c. to 1/4c. fall. Opening options—May, 67; July, 68 1/4; October, unquoted. Closing options—May, 66 7/8; July, 68; October, unquoted. Oats steady, 1/8c. up to unchanged. Closing options—May, 35; July, 35 1/4. October, unquoted. Rye steady, 1/8c. down to unchanged. Closing options—May, 48 1/4; July, 49 5/8; October, unquoted. Barley barely steady, 1/8c. to 1/4c. lower. Closing options—May, 40 5/8; July, 41 3/8; October, unquoted. Linseed steady and unaltered. Closing options—May, 152 1/4; July, 150 3/4; October, unquoted.

Wheat receipts (carlots)	To-day	Prev. day
No. 1 Northern	59	116
No. 2 Northern	41	110
No. 3 Northern	11	23
No. 4 Northern	3	16
Other grades	50	171
Total	174	436

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Wednesday.

Business in grains to-day was of a light and featureless character, the market drifting in an aimless manner. Scattered selling by commission houses and local interests had a bearish effect, while fears of restrictive legislation curtailed outside speculative interest. The somewhat easier cash position constituted an additional disturbing influence but prices then rallied partially in unison with the steadiness of stocks and on evening-up prior to the holiday. Wheat values were unfavourably affected by selling on the part of the Farmers' National Association and owing to reports of light rains in the South-West and a forecast of further moisture. Maize, rye and oats moved within narrow limits, with the fluctuations in wheat constituting the main influence.

WHEAT opened steady, 1/8c. to 1/4c. up, and closed steady, 1/8c. higher to unchanged.

	To-day	Prev. day
No. 2 Hard Winter, spot	88 7/8	—
No. 3 Hard Winter, spot	—	—

Futures—Opening options—

	May	July	Sept.
To-day	88 3/8	86 7/8	87 3/8
Prev. day	89	87 1/4	87 3/4

Futures—Closing options—

	May	July	Sept.
To-day	88 1/2	86 3/4	87 1/4
Prev. day	88 1/4	86 5/8	87 1/4

MAIZE opened steady at 1/8c. advance, and closed steady, 1/2c. to 1/4c. dearer.

Spot No. 2 mixed Western unquoted.

Futures—Opening options—

	May	July	Sept.
To-day	50 1/8	52 1/8	—
Prev. day	50 5/8	52 3/8	54 1/4

Futures—Closing options—

	May	July	Sept.
To-day	50 1/2	52 1/4	54 1/4
Prev. day	50	52	54

OATS closed steady, 1/8c. down to 1/8c. up.

Futures—Closing options—

	May	July	Sept
To-day	35 1/8	34 1/8	34 1/4
Prev. day	35 1/4	34 3/4	34 1/4

RYE closed steady, 1/4c. up to 1/4c. down. No. 2 spot unquoted.

Futures—Closing options—

	May	July	Sept.
To-day	58 3/4	60 1/4	61 1/2
Prev. day	58 1/2	60	61 3/4

BARLEY easy, 1c. down. Futures—Closing options—May, 47; July, unquoted; September, unquoted

PROVISIONS—Lard at the opening was steady. Prices early eased under some selling and in sympathy with hogs, but the market then rallied on light buying by packing interests. The close was steady, with futures 2½ to 7½ points higher. Spot advanced 2½ points. Prime Western steam spot, 6.30.

LARD—Closing option (old contract)—May, 6.05. Closing options (new contract)—May, 6.52½, July, 6.60; September, 6.80.

BACON barely steady, with dry-salted bellies 2½ points up to 5 points down, and fat backs unaltered. Fat backs, 6.50. Dry-salted bellies—Closing options—May, 7.47½; July, 8.40.

HOGS closed barely steady, with light sorts 25 to 15 points down and heavy kinds 15 to 10 points cheaper. Light-weight 4.15 to 4.50 and heavyweight 4.20 to 4.45.

DUNDALK BOMB INCIDENT.

NO EVIDENCE AGAINST PRISONER.

There was a surprise at Dundalk District Court yesterday when the attempted murder charge arising out of the recent bombing of a Dundalk house collapsed.

Edward Lawless, a Dundalk hairdresser, had been remanded in custody on a charge of the attempted murder of Mrs. McGrory and of two little boys who were playing on the street when the bomb was flung and the house was reduced to ruin.

A large crowd had assembled outside the Court-house waiting for the hearing of the case.

Two minutes after Lawless arrived in the Court-house Superintendent McDonagh informed the District Justice that he had no further evidence to produce in the case, and that there was nothing to do except to refuse informations against the accused man and discharge him.

District Justice Goff ordered the release of Lawless, who then left the Court with few friends.

Lawless was the last of several men arrested in connection with the outrage, and he was the only one to be charged, the others being liberated after a few days' detention in barracks.

WEXFORD BANK RAID CHARGE.

THREE MEN REMANDED TO MOUNTJOY PRISON.

John Kiely and James Kiely, of Kilcloney, County Carlow, and James Treacy, of Ballymártin, County Carlow, were, at Wexford yesterday, remanded to Mountjoy Prison on charges arising out of an armed raid on a bank at Taghmon, County Wexford, when over £1,250 was stated to have been taken.

Superintendent O'Brien stated that when arrested Treacy made a statement which it was proposed to put in at a later stage.

Superintendent Desmond said that, following his arrest, John Kiely said: "All I have to say is that I am not guilty."

District Justice Fahy said that he would fix a special day for the hearing of the case.

Superintendent Mansfield, who conducted the proceedings on behalf of the State, said that they might have to get a subpœna from the High Court to secure the attendance of a witness in England.

DUBLIN MAN KILLED IN LONDON.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Wednesday.

The death of a retired member of the Royal Irish Constabulary, Jeremiah Nelligan, of Grosvenor terrace, Dublin, who was thrown from a motor car in a collision at the junction of Marylebone road and Park Crescent, was inquired into by Mr. Idris Evans, Deputy Coroner, and a jury at Paddington to-day.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death, owing to the negligence of Henry Michael Barclay, of Tittleshall, King's Lynn, the driver of the car which collided with that in which Nelligan was riding.

Medical evidence was that Nelligan, who received head injuries, died four hours later in Middlesex Hospital.

Be fully protected. Get a Norwich Union Policy for your car—Fire, Damage to Car, Theft, Public Liability.—63 Dawson St., Dublin. J. G. Aston, Mgr. (Advt.)

Gold valued at five million pounds was shipped in the White Star liner Olympic, from Southampton for New York, yesterday. The liner was to take on board between two and a half and three millions at Cherbourg last night, making one of the largest shipments of gold in recent weeks to the United States

NORTHERN PIG MARKETING.

REGULATIONS GOVERNING CONTRACTS.

The Northern Pigs Marketing Board understands that there are a number of pig producers who desire to make contracts with curers for the sale of pigs during the period March 1st, 1934, to December 31st, 1934, and also a number of curers who desire to make contracts with pig producers for the purchase of pigs during the same period.

The Pigs Marketing Board wishes to inform producers that (a) a pig producer who is not registered cannot make a contract with a curer; (b) that no contract between a registered producer and a curer is valid unless and until it has been registered and confirmed by the Board; and (c) that the Board may refuse to register any contract received for registration more than fourteen days after the day it was made, or any contract not in the form prescribed by the Board.

The Board has, however, not yet prescribed any standard form of contract, but is at present in consultation with the Bacon Marketing Board (Northern Ireland) on this particular matter.

The Board, therefore, announces that until it has prescribed the terms on which, and the form in which, contracts for the sale of pigs by a registered producer to a curer may be made, it will register any contract between a registered producer and a curer, which is neither a contravention of the scheme nor of the Board's standard price, and appears to the Board to be fair and equitable to the producer.

Any pig producer wishing to make a contract, but who has not already registered as a pig producer, should do so at once, and any registered producer who makes a contract with a curer should send the contract form, immediately it has been signed, to the Secretary, Pigs Marketing Board (Northern Ireland), State Buildings, Arthur street, Belfast, and apply to have it registered.

MEATH SHOOTING CHARGE.

SEQUEL TO MIDNIGHT INCIDENT.

Giving evidence at Longwood, Co. Meath, District Court, on the hearing of charges of shooting and causing bodily harm, in which the witness's father was the accused man, and one Edward Malone, the injured man, a youth named Frederick Copperthwaite, Anneville, Hill of Down, said that on 29th December last he was at home with his father, Frederick Copperthwaite.

At about midnight his brother and mother returned to the home, and shortly afterwards they heard a man shouting outside. Witness's father bolted the front door. The man outside then kicked the door. The witness went upstairs, his father followed, but the latter returned downstairs with a gun. Upstairs witness looked out of the window and saw a man outside in the yard. He knew the man to be Ned Malone. In cross-examination, the witness said that his father had had trouble with Malone.

Edward Stack, a neighbour, deposed that on 29th December, after midnight, he heard a man shouting outside his house. On getting up out of bed he found the man to be Edward Malone. Witness brought him into the house and put a bandage on his knee, where there was a wound, which was bleeding profusely.

The State Solicitor at this stage stated that the injured man, Malone, was still unfit to leave hospital, and applied for an adjournment, which was granted.

UNSUBSTANTIATED COMPLAINTS.

REBUKE TO CRITICS AMONG LIVE-STOCK TRADERS.

A meeting of the Irish Livestock Traders' and Exporters' Association was held last night at Prosperity Chambers, Upper O'Connell street, Dublin.

Mr. Con Crowley said that at the last meeting certain statements were made that members of the Association could not get licences, and that some members had actually been offered licences for sale. It was agreed that a meeting of the Cattle Consultative Council be called, and that the men who made these statements should put them in writing for consideration by the Council.

They had failed to do so, with the result that nothing could be done in regard to the matter. Members should be careful not to make statements they were not prepared to substantiate, as the calling together of the Consultative Council was an expensive matter for the taxpayers.

In reference to a complaint of a member that cattle rejected for shipment were marked by the veterinary officials at the North Wall in such a way as to reduce their value the Free State Department of Agriculture wrote that this marking was put on as the animals were offered for shipment after they had been rejected.

It was agreed to make a further protest to the Department.

The following new members were elected:—Messrs. J. Brennan, Ballyraggett; J. F. Comerford, Castlecomer; James Egan, Moate; Twomey Brothers, Castlerea; and J Hynes, Limerick.

A KILKENNY ROW.

DEFENDANTS REFUSE TO BE BOUND TO PEACE.

"I cannot understand people who have the interests of the country at heart believing that this sort of disturbance is going to improve the country. Do you want the country turned into a sort of bear garden, like we have in those South American Republics, and have people slaughtered wholesale, or do you want to have an ordered country, in which men and women and their families can live in peace, without people going down boreens in the dark night attacking their houses and attacking themselves?" said Judge Sealy at Kilkenny Circuit Court yesterday to eleven young men from the Owning area, near Piltown, who were charged with riotously and unlawfully assembling together, and with assaulting James Farrell, Ballyhenebery. The accused men were—Thomas Knox, Michael Butler, Daniel Murphy, Philip Dalton, Patrick Brophy, John Brophy, Bernard Brophy, Edward Brophy, Patrick Fogarty, David Fogarty, and Matthew Hayes.

Farrell gave evidence that the men came to his house armed with sticks, and accused him of pulling down posters. He got a shotgun, and the men tried to take it from him, and a shot went off.

After hearing the evidence, in which all the parties agreed that the dispute ended in a friendly manner, the Judge said that Patrick Brophy and Edward Brophy had not been identified, and he ordered their discharge. The jury found the other nine men guilty of unlawful assembly, but not guilty of assault. The accused men were ordered to enter into recognisances to keep the peace for two years, and when asked by the County Registrar if they acknowledged themselves so bound all except Bernard Brophy answered no. The latter was discharged upon signing recognisances.

The Judge said that the defendants' attitude was rather extraordinary, and impossible to understand. He could do nothing but inflict a suitable punishment for the lesser crime, of which they had been convicted by the jury. He would sentence each of the accused men to three months' hard labour, with the exception of Hayes, whose sentence he would reduce to two months, with hard labour, on account of the injury he had sustained. Daniel Murphy then said he would give an undertaking to keep the peace. He was subsequently discharged, and the other seven prisoners were removed in custody.

WEXFORD ARSON CHARGE.

The burning down of the house of Mr. Nicholas Bolger, near Taghmon, County Wexford, had a sequel at New Ross Court, when five men—John Carroll, Joseph Stafford, William Carroll, Nicholas Roche, and Thomas Roche—were charged with setting fire to the house, resulting in it being burned down.

Mr. J. R. Brennan, solicitor, appeared for the accused men, who, on the application of Superintendent M. Feeney, were remanded on bail of £100 each.

MEDICAL OFFICERS OF HEALTH.

REASONS WHY SALARIES SHOULD NOT BE "CUT."

That it would be unjust to reduce the "already inadequate" salaries of medical officers of health is argued in a statement issued yesterday by the Society of Medical Officers of Health in the Free State, which deplores any action which would tend to lower the living conditions of those engaged in it, with a possible reduction of the efficiency of the service."

The statement points out that, in order to qualify for positions as county medical officers of health or assistant county medical officers of health, candidates must have, in addition to the ordinary degrees and licentiateships, extra qualifications which entail at least one year's whole-time study (in most cases two to three years), and that officers now holding these positions have had to undertake special courses of administrative training in England and elsewhere. It must be said, therefore, that the whole course of training has occupied seven or eight years and necessitated very heavy outlay in cash.

The great majority of medical officers of health in the Free State, before taking up their present posts, resigned similar posts elsewhere, thus surrendering chances of promotion, pension, etc., in services which offered opportunities greater than in their own country. Conditions of service in most of these posts in the Free State, it is pointed out, are considerably below those obtaining elsewhere, and in virtually all cases the salaries are only half those for corresponding posts elsewhere.

After referring to the multiplicity of duties of county medical officers of health in Ireland, who officiate also as school medical officers, tuberculosis medical officers, directors and supervisors of the child welfare schemes in their areas, and inspectors of midwives, the statement goes on to show that public health work in the Free State is in its infancy, and in consequence the burden of work falling upon the newly-appointed medical officer of health is enormously increased.

It is stated that when the salaries were fixed the following factors were considered:—(a) Local authorities had to be encouraged to put the new services into operation, and low salaries were part of the inducement to such authorities; (b) they were fixed recently, and not in the period of currency inflation and high cost of living; and (c) the service was then in its infancy, and salaries were fixed at a minimum rate in consequence.

"Such factors," it is said, "were appreciated by prospective candidates for the posts, and accepted by them on the understanding that such conditions would naturally improve."

SWIMMER FIGHTS SHARK.

LEG AMPUTATED AS RESULT.

A struggle with a shark, the loss of a leg, and a fifty-yard dash to the shore, leaving the water behind him stained with blood—that is the ordeal through which Colin Grant, a 22 year old life-saver, has passed.

He was thrown off a projecting tongue of land when a huge wave struck him, writes Reuter from Sydney, and swept into deep water, where he disappeared below the surface.

When he came to the top again he shouted "Shark!" and watchers saw the water around him stained crimson.

Striving to retain consciousness despite his fearful wound, Grant began to swim for the shore. He covered fifty yards before other life-savers who had dashed into the water carried him on to the beach. He was rushed to hospital and his lacerated leg was amputated.

NEW YORK MENACED BY BEGGARS.

OFFICIALS APPEAL TO CITIZENS.

The thousands of beggars infesting New York's streets are "an alarming menace to public health." This warning has been issued by the City Welfare Council.

Out of 370 beggars examined, writes Reuter's New York Correspondent, 150 were suffering from diseases, frequently in acute and highly contagious stages; 110 were chronic alcoholics, and 25 were drug addicts.

The Council has appealed to the public to put an end to street begging by refusing to give. Officials estimate that 25 per cent. of the beggars have been in New York less than a year, and were attracted by stories of the easy living to be earned by begging. Many have been arrested over and over again. One old man has a record of 56 arrests for vagrancy

STRANGE MARRIAGE DOCUMENT.

One of the strangest marriage documents in the world and, perhaps, without parallel, is mentioned in a report on the attractions of Nova Scotia by the Canadian National Railways.

It is a quit claim to a man's affections!

A young man of Sydney, Cape Breton, fell in love with a young lady in that city. She, however, had a sister, and, after a time the young man discovered it was the sister whom he wanted to marry. He had the courage to say so, and found that his new affection was returned.

But the second object of his love was cautious; she would not marry him unless her sister would give her a quit claim, relinquishing all title to the affections of the young lover, and undertaking not to interfere with them once they were man and wife or exercise any undue influence on the future husband by reason of the former attachment.

Sister No. 1 thought her sister's attitude reasonable, and the desired legal document, duly signed, as part of the marriage contract, is to-day one of the most interesting records of St. George's Church, Sydney, Nova Scotia.

A "HOODOO" BUILDING.

The big new electric power plant at Amagasaki is Japan's "hoodoo" building.

Since its construction was started two years ago more than 20 men working on it have been killed and about 100 injured, writes Reuter from Tokio.

The latest casualties are five men seriously injured by the explosion of an acetylene burner. Two of them were blinded.

CORK ARRESTS.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

CLONAKILTY, Wednesday.

An attack on Leap, Co. Cork, Civic Guard Barracks on the night of February 4 last had a sequel at Rosscarbery to-day, when fifteen men were brought to the barracks following an identification parade. Five were detained and, it is understood, charged in connection with the attack on the barrack. They were—P. Daly, C. Cunningham, P. Byrne, Jas. Keane and James Mahoney, all of Leap and Rosscarbery district.

A man named Michael Condon, from the Ballymacoda district, County Cork, was taken from his home yesterday and brought to the Midleton Barracks, where, with James O'Donoghue, of the same district, he is still detained.

No information is available as to the cause of both detentions

DUBLIN SHIPPING REPORT.

Barometer at 5 p.m.—30.40.

Wind and Weather at 5 p.m.—Light northerly winds; hazy

Foreign arrivals—Barbro, of Mariehamn, 1,242 tons (Captain Nordstrom), from Gdynia, with coal; Dunmore Head, of Belfast, 1,056 tons (Captain Milner), from Riga, with general cargo and timber; Rio Azul, of London, 2,513 tons (Captain Jarvie), from Wallaroo, with wheat.

Coastwise arrivals—Lady Munster, from Liverpool, with passengers and goods; Laird-hill, from Glasgow, with passengers and goods; Slieve Bawn, from Holyhead, with goods; Fastnet, from Glasgow, with goods; Queenie from Stanlow, with asphalt and white spirit; St. Mungo, from Ayr, with coal; Ringwall, from Garston, with coal; Tanlan, from Point of Aire with coal; Amy, Summerfield, from Ardrossan, with coal; Tynan, from Preston, with coal; Skoffos (of Oslo), from Preston light; Slieve Donard, from Holyhead, light; Lady Meath, from Birkenhead, light.

IRISH NEWS IN BRIEF.

Shop Raided.—Two masked and armed men raided the business premises of the Misses Kelly, of Ileigh, Borrisoleigh, County Tipperary, and carried off 30s. and a quantity of cigarettes and tobacco.

* * * * *

New Storage Tank.—For the erection of a storage tank at Lacca waterworks a grant of £3,500 has been allocated to Listowel U.D.C. on condition that the Council be liable for any extra expense in connection with the scheme and that local labour only be employed.

* * * * *

A Tipperary Arrest.—Mr. John McCarthy, a member of the Tipperary Urban Council, is under detention in Tipperary Civic Guard Barracks. So far no charge has been preferred against him. His detention has followed a series of searches of residences of members of Republican organisations.

* * * * *

Loyalty to N.U.R.—An all-grades meeting of Cork railwaymen adopted resolutions deprecating the action of members of the Executive Committee of the Irish Trades Union Congress and others in endeavouring to induce railwaymen to sever their connection with the N.U.R., and pledging loyalty to that organisation.

* * * * *

Illegal Search Alleged.—"A storm in a teacup" was the description given by Judge Devitt at Wicklow Circuit Court to an action in which John Fanning, farmer, Knockraheen, Tinahely, sued Sergeant McGillicuddy, now in County Limerick, who was stationed in Tinahely formerly, for £50 for damages and compensation for assault, battery, and trespass upon person and property when the sergeant searched the plaintiff in the public street of Tinahely on 27th August, 1932. The defence was that the plaintiff agreed to be searched. The Judge dismissed the case without costs.

BLIZZARD DEATH-ROLL TWENTY-FIVE.

RISING TEMPERATURES PROMISE THAW.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

Rising temperatures to-day promised to release the country from the effect of the raging blizzard which inundated New England with snow yesterday, and extended as far south as Maryland.

At least twenty-five persons are known to have perished from the cold.

Scores of lives are still imperilled, particularly on the high seas, where eight vessels have called for aid. Efforts of the coastguards have so far been remarkably successful in all the cases known.

Most trains which had been held up by heavy snowfalls on the lines got under way eventually, though there were instances of trains which came into New York twelve or thirteen hours late.

As a result of being held up by the snow between New York and Boston, a prison governor of that city postponed a triple execution which was due at mid night.

To the poor of New York, however, the snow has come as a God-send, for two million dollars are to be spent on removing the ice-encrusted snow from the streets.

The steam trawler Georgetown, which last night was reported wallowing in heavy seas 200 miles from Boston, with her engines disabled and nineteen men on board, has been found by a Boston coastguard cutter, and has been taken in tow. The trawler was then 380 miles off Boston, and in grave danger of foundering in the heavy seas.

EXCISE'S CLAIM ON BREWERY.

£51,000 IN DUTY.

A demand for £51,000 in duty by the Excise authorities was mentioned in the Scottish Courts at Edinburgh yesterday, when the Edinburgh United Breweries, Ltd., petitioned for the compulsory winding-up of the company and the appointment of a provisional liquidator.

Mr. T. M. Cooper, K.C., said that a few weeks ago the Excise authorities alleged that irregularities had occurred in connection with the payment of duty on beer brewed at the brewery, and an order was obtained for the seizure of the company's books, of which possession was taken.

"Yesterday," said Mr. Cooper, "without previous warning the Excise authorities presented a demand for £51,000 in the name of duty."

"The company being unable to comply with the demand for instant payment," added Mr. Cooper, "the Excise authorities proceeded to distrain the company's goods, with the result that its activities have been paralysed."

Counsel asked that an independent person, with the authority of the Court behind him, should be in a position to possess the assets, which were at that moment being taken out of the brewery. The directors were unaware, and prior to January last, had no knowledge of any irregularity affecting the payment of duty.

The Solicitor-General, for the Excise authorities, said his information was that there had been fraudulent evasion of duty since 1926, and he was entitled to take any steps which the Statute gave to enforce payment.

The Court ordered intimation and advertisement of the petition, and appointed a provisional liquidator.

The Solicitor-General subsequently appeared before Lord Fleming, and obtained an *ex parte* decree against the United Breweries for the payment of duties amounting to £51,901.

Lord Fleming said that he was bound to give the Crown the Order, but he expressed no opinion as to whether the Crown was entitled to enforce the decree, and as to what would be the effect of the decree if they did enforce it.

LIFE IN THE ROYAL AIR FORCE.

FILMING THE WORK IN EGYPT.

Royal Air Force activities in Egypt will be incorporated in a film, to be made by the Gaumont British Picture Corporation. The picture will be a sequel to "Our Fighting Navy"—the recent film of life in the Royal Navy. It will be made by the same man, Mr. John Betts. Over 5,000 feet of film will be taken, so that a complete record of life in the R.A.F. can be presented to the public.

Mr. Betts does not intend working from a script, writes Reuter from Alexandria. He will take "shots" of any scenes and incidents that strike him during his visit. The film is being produced by the company in cooperation with the British Air Ministry. The Egyptian Ministry of Finance has instructed the Customs administration to allow Mr. Betts all possible facilities and to exempt the cinematographic apparatus from dues.

FUNERAL OF MR. T. MORRISON.

The funeral of Mr. Thomas Morrison, of "Morvan," Howth, took place yesterday from Howth Church to St. Fintan's Churchyard. The first part of the Burial Service was read in the church by the Rector, the Rev. Canon Powell. There was a large attendance, which included many officials of the Great Northern Railway Company, to which Mr. Morrison was secretary for fourteen years. He was coal controller during the period of the Great War.

The chief mourners were Mrs. Morrison, widow, and Mr. William Ascough, brother-in-law.

There were present or represented:—Mr. Stephens, general manager of the Great Northern Railway Company; Messrs. T. Lowe, A. Bamford, J. Ahearn, James Wilkinson, J. Greenaway, James G. Ewart, M. Craig, Professor Cooke, the Rev. J. Hamilton, Captain and Mrs. McCaul, Dr. and Mrs. Fannin, R. W. Ryland, Mrs. Cox, Mrs. Powell, Mrs. Campbell, Miss Campbell, A. E. Brindle, J. E. Ewart, R. Bullock, W. G. Smith

INDIA GRIPPED BY FEAR.

RELIGION AND THE EARTHQUAKE.

A wave of superstitious dread has swept over India following the recent earthquake disaster, which Hindu astrologers ascribe to a "planetary conspiracy."

Many of them predict further catastrophes in the near future, writes Reuter's New Delhi Correspondent, and so widespread is the belief in this possibility that the official meteorologist has seen fit to issue a condemnation of the astrologers' theory.

Temples and pilgrim centres are crowded. Everywhere sacrificial fires have been lighted to counteract the baneful influence of the stars. There is a boom in the sale of talismans and Hindu almanacks.

RIVER SWALLOWED UP.

A great impression has been made on the minds of the people by an incident which occurred at Patna during the earthquake. For some distance the waters of the sacred River Ganges, with a dull roar followed by a hissing noise, completely disappeared, leaving several steamers and a number of smaller craft high and dry. Bathers had great difficulty in preventing themselves being sucked into the sandy bed of the river.

A few minutes later, as suddenly as it had vanished, the water surged up again in columns five or six feet high until the former level of the river had been reached.

"The disappearance of the water occurred in the space of a minute," said an eyewitness. "The effect of it was most terrifying. A cry of 'Quyamat!' ('Day of Judgment') arose, and men and women went down on their knees in prayer."

500 AUSTRIANS SET AT LIBERTY.

MITIGATING PUNITIVE RESULTS OF REVOLT.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

VIENNA, Wednesday.

In accordance with Herr Dollfuss's promise of yesterday, the emergency state of martial law has been raised in Vienna and the last of the provinces.

It is stated that 500 persons have been set at liberty and that the number remaining in the disused coachworks in the Porzellangasse is but 103. The police are in charge of this temporary prison, which has been the object of some disquieting rumours during the earlier Heimwehr occupation.

Prisoners convicted only of strike agitation are to receive short sentences of imprisonment under the ordinary police jurisdiction. Combatants and men found in possession of arms are to be tried by the criminal courts.

No decision has yet been taken with regard to the Socialist political leaders, said to number about fifty in all, who are confined in the Rossauerlande police cells. The judicial investigation has first to be completed before it can be known how many of them are to be tried on criminal charges. It has been suggested that those against whom no criminal charge is found to lie may be put in a detention camp.

The impression gained so far is that Herr Dollfuss and some of his more prominent collaborators are doing what is in their power to mitigate the punitive consequences of the revolt.

Frau Weissel, the widow of Herr Weissel, the revolutionary commander of the Floridsdorf Fire Brigade, who was hanged last week, committed suicide to-night.

POLAND AND RUSSIA.

MINISTER'S VIEWS AFTER MOSCOW VISIT.

Commenting on his recent visit to Moscow, Colonel Beck, the Polish Minister of Foreign Affairs, said that the numerous spontaneous demonstrations of sympathy with his country on the part of the Soviet population were as striking as the concrete political results of his conversations.

The Minister said, states Reuter's Warsaw correspondent, that his visit was a proof of the success of the Polish policy of actively opposing the wave of pessimism which spread so easily under the difficult conditions of the moment.

DERRY G.A.A. AND GENERAL O'DUFFY.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

DERRY, Wednesday.

At a meeting to-night of the Derry District Board of the Gaelic Athletic Association a motion to propose General O'Duffy for the post of Treasurer of the Ulster Council of the G.A.A. was defeated by 7 votes to 5.

General O'Duffy, who has held this position for the past six or seven years, has already been nominated for re-election by the Cavan District Board. Mr. G. Arthurs (Armagh) was nominated by Derry.

NEW YORK CHARACTER DEAD.

"DR. THUNDERBOLT."

"Dr. Thunderbolt," one of the most picturesque characters in Harlem, the negro quarter of New York, has died there, at the age of 84.

For years (writes Reuter) he was known throughout the district as an eloquent dispenser of herb tonics and quack remedies for every known ailment. No one knew his real name or his antecedents, although he was obviously a man of considerable culture. At one time he was credited with having made a small fortune at his trade, but he died penniless. Lately he lived with a 70-year-old friend in a ramshackle hut, made of packing-cases.

HOLLYWOOD LACKS THE "PERFECT GENTLEMAN."

When Hollywood wants a man for the rôle of a "perfect gentleman" it frequently has to send to England for one. This was one of the statements made by Mr. Cecil B. De Mille, the famous film director, in a speech on the merits of Hollywood actors and actresses.

He declared, states Reuter, that there were many actresses, but no real actors in Hollywood. What the film colony needed were people who could play "difficult and exacting *rôles*. Men who, for instance, can impersonate the perfect gentleman. We often have to send to England for these actors," he said.

PRIEST FINED.

A priest of the Coptic Christian Church in Alexandria has been fined ten shillings by an Alexandria Court for refusing to administer the Sacrament to a young girl.

When the girl went to Communion with her mother, sister and brother, writes Reuter, the priest ordered her away from the altar. He said she was indecently dressed and wore too much "make up."

The brother then sued the priest, who was ordered to pay 2d. damages in addition to the fine.

HUSBAND AND WIFE DIE TOGETHER.

After 65 years of married life neither John Monda, of Dunapataj, Hungary, nor his wife wished to survive the other.

But when John fell seriously ill it seemed that his wife, a healthy woman, would outlive him, writes Reuter from Budapest.

Then she had a stroke, and both husband and wife died five days later, at 6 o'clock in the evening precisely.

COX'S FURNITURE AND PIANO AUCTION TO-MORROW, 12.30 o'c., AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK

The principal items are:—Upright Overstrung Iron-frame Piano, by Lange, Berlin; superior Hair-upholstered Chesterfield Set, covered in tapestry; costly French China Display Cabinet, Chippendale design do.; Set of 6 Inlaid Mahogany Chairs, 6 Mahogany-frame Panel-back Dining Chairs and Chesterfield to match; 6ft. Spanish Mahogany Mirror-back Sideboard, Mahogany Oval-end Dining Table (8ft. x 4ft.); MAGNIFICENT ITALIAN WALNUT MODERN EXHIBITION BEDROOM SUITE OF 4 PIECES, viz.:—4ft. BREAK-FRONT WARDROBE, CHEVAL CHEST (WITH STOOL AND ELECTRIC FITTINGS ATTACHED); COMBINATION TALLBOY CHEST AND FULL PANEL BED; 4ft. Mahogany Queen Anne design Bedroom Suite, and a varied selection of Diningroom, Drawingroom and Bedroom Furnishings in general; Hall Stands, Pictures, Wireless Sets, Kitchen and Deal Furniture, Culinary Utensils, Lino, Lawn Mowers, and numerous miscellaneous effects.

GOODS ON VIEW TO-DAY. Pianos Sold 3.30 o'clock.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

COX'S GREAT CARPET AUCTION

COMPRISING A MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF

BRITISH AND ORIENTAL CARPETS AND RUGS

WILL BE HELD ON

TUESDAY, 6TH MARCH, AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK

FULL PARTICULARS LATER. CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER

EXECUTOR'S SALE—DAYER, Deceased.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES,

TUESDAY NEXT, 27th FEB., at 12 o'c. (noon),

WELL-PLACED COTTAGE HOUSE,

30 BOTANIC RD., GLASNEVIN,

WITH CLEAR POSSESSION.

Held in Fee-Simple, free of rent for ever. P.L.V., £10 10s. 0d.

This is a single-storey, double-fronted House, situated almost opposite Iona road. Contains 3 apartments, together with kitchen. Garden at rear, with out-offices; garden in front.

Clear possession will be handed the purchaser on completion.

Seen by arrangement with the Auctioneers.

Conditions of Sale from BARRY M. O'MEARA, Solicitor, 19 Upper Merrion street, Dublin; and 18 South Mall, Cork.

FOLLOWING THE SALE OF THE HOUSE, THE ENTIRE CONTENTS, COMPRISING

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

of two Sittingrooms, Bedroom and Kitchen, will be Sold by Auction. Delivery after Sale.

W. J. HOLDEN & SON,

Auctioneers,

2 SAINT ANDREW STREET, DUBLIN.

DOMESTICS, CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

A COOK General, experienced; good references; country girl. Address "Z 1451, Cook," this office.

ABOUT Cooks, Cook Generals, Generals, city, country.—Brady's, 14 Suffolk street (Grafton street).

COOK General, highly recommended, low wages, being deaf.—Katie Franklin, Ballygarvan, New Ross. 20 D

COOK Housekeeper, where maid kept, business, private; city, suburbs.—B 1556, this office.

EXPERIENCED Cook or Kitchenmaid, city or suburbs; good references.—B 1561, this office.

LADY highly recommends an excellent Cook, disengaged; country preferred.—B 1265, this office. 16 D

YOUNG Cook disengaged, highly recommended, city or country; understands dairy.—B 1549, this office.

GENERALS DISENGAGED.

A RELIABLE, trustworthy General, small private family, highly recommended, suburbs.—B 1579, this office.

EXPERIENCED Outdoor General, all duties, city, suburbs; highly recommended.—B 1560, this office.

EXPERIENCED General, small family, city or suburbs; good references.—B 1562, this office.

EXPERIENCED General, small family, good cook; country place not objected to.—B 1578, this office.

EXPERIENCED General, all duties, indoor, outdoor; very good references.—B 1539, this office.

EXPERIENCED General, all duties, city or suburbs; good references.—B 1540, this office.

EXPERIENCED General, all duties, city or suburbs; good references.—B 1557, this office.

EXPERIENCED General or Working Housekeeper; suburbs preferred; good references.—B 1555, this office.

EXPERIENCED General (outdoor or indoor), good cook.—136, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

GENERAL Maid (Protestant) seeks situation, good references.—L. Leahy, c/o Mrs. Chandler, Agher, Enfield, Co. Meath. 19 D

GENERAL, experienced, small adult family, city, suburbs; good references.—B 1563, this office.

GOOD Daily General, three, four days weekly; city, suburbs.—B 1564, this office.

SUPERIOR General, all duties, city or suburbs; highly recommended.—B 1559, this office.

TWO young Country Girls, one experienced, one untrained, want situations as Generals, near each other; Dublin preferred; both can be highly recommended. Address "Z 1447, Girls," this office.

WANTED, situation General; city preferred; £22; age 21, R.C.—Kathleen Murphy, Ballon, Tullow, Carlow.

YOUNG Girl, partly trained, wishes to be trained General, good reference; city or suburbs preferred. Address "Z 1444, General," this office.

YOUNG General disengaged, excellent references; south side preferred. Address "Z 1445, General," this office.

NURSES DISENGAGED.

A COUPLE of trained Infants' Nurses, disengaged, entire charge from month, dieting, health, laundry, etc.; Gentlewomen's service, Ireland or abroad. Miss Moynihan's Bureau, 48 Lower O'Connell street.

AN experienced Nurse seeks post town or country; good reference.—135, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

BABY'S Nurse, experienced, reliable, seeks post, permanent or temporary.—910, Irish Times Branch Office, Cork.

CHILDREN'S Nurse, experienced, young; suburbs preferred; very good references.—B 1565, this office.

CHILDREN'S Nurse, experienced; city preferred; very good references.—B 1551, this office.

EXPERIENCED Nurse, Children's, take infant, town or country; recommended.—B 1554, this office.

EXPERIENCED Nurse, disengaged shortly, good knitter, laundress, needlewoman.—B 1616, this office.

LADY wishes to recommend Children's Nurse, hospital trained; most reliable. Address "Z 1366, Nurse," this office. 16 D

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., DISENGAGED.

YOUNG Kitchenmaid, experienced, disengaged 25th March; anywhere; good references. Address "Z 1457, Maid," this office.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

ALL Waterproof Covers for Carts, Vans, Threshers, Lorries, Rick Covers, Sacks, Bags; best terms.—Coleman, 23 Chancery street, Dublin. T

COVERS for Ricks, Carts, Threshers, Lorries, Tarpaulins, Sacks.—Petrie Bros., 36 Usher's quay, Dublin. T

FOR Sale, Swiss Pentograph Embroidery Machines, 5 yards long, will make edges, insertions and motifs. Box 231, Wheeler's Advertising Agency, Manchester. 17 D

TYPEWRITERS, all makes, from £4; fully guaranteed.—Norman Works, 9b Trinity street. 17 D

SPECIFIC ARTICLES WANTED.

FEATHER BEDS WANTED.
Highest prices given. We send to examine in city.—IRISH FEATHER CO., LTD., TARA ST., DUBLIN. IRISH FIRM. 'Phone: Dublin 43407. T

WANTED, Automatic Scales for grocery; give full particulars.—B 1481, this office. 20 D

WANTED to Purchase immediately, all classes of Books; good condition essential.—"Curator," Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 20 F

WANTED, Pair of Secondhand Prismatic Glasses.—B 1571, this office.

WANTED, Rustic Garden Shelter.—B 1602, this office. 21 A

MACHINERY.

A "KOHLER" Automatic Lighting Engine, 850 watts, 110 volt, in perfect running condition, 18 months in use; bargain, £90. Seen working at Fortfield Lodge, Terenure. Also Acetylene Plant, complete, cheap. 17 D

BELTING for Machinery, all classes, large stock carried.—Doherty, 36 Lower Gardiner street, Dublin. T

CUP Feed Corn Drill will sow any seed from clover to horse bean.—Wilson, Carrigaline.

PULLEYS, Wrought Iron, split and soiled; also Steel and Wood Pulleys.—Doherty, 36 Lower Gardiner street, Dublin. T

PRESSURE Gauges Repaired and made like new.—Dixon and Hempenstall, 12 Suffolk street, Dublin. 19 E

WOODWORKING Machinery, New and Secondhand; largest stock in England.—Cooksley, Tabernacle street, London, E.C.2. 20 F

WANTED, a Horizontal Warp Mill; say circumference, width, maker, condition, price.—B 1532, this office. 20 D

WANTED, Platform Weighing Machine, also Combined Oat Crusher and Grinder; state particulars and lowest price.—Cole, Cloverhill, Co Cavan. 21 E

WANTED, small Portable Crusher for crushing mortar.—B 1694, this office. 21 A

FISHING, SPORTING, GAMES.

GARNETT'S for Guns, Rifles, Cartridges, Hare Nets, Rabbit Sundries, Gun Repairs. Catalogue free.—Parliament street, Dublin. T

GARNETT'S for Fishing Tackle, Rods, Flies, Baits.—Anglers' Resort, Parliament street, Dublin. T

SALMON Fishing—River Lee, County Cork—March, April, May. Over five miles of excellent water to be let in beats or by the rod. Terms for rods will be 8 guineas per week, including board. Apply Manager, Williams's Hotel, Macroom, County Cork. 19 D

YACHTS, BOATS, ETC.

9/11 H.P. Coventry Twin Cylinder, four stroke, Marine engine, complete with silencer, exhaust pipe, propeller and shaft, etc.; almost new, has run less than one hour since new; cost £80, for immediate Sale £45.—Malone, Malahide. 20 F

40/50 THORNYCROFT Marine Engine, dual ignition, self-starter and dynamo, complete with reverse gear, excellent condition; can be inspected, dismantled as removed from boat; £50 cash.—Malone, Malahide. 20 F

WIRELESS, BROADCASTING, ETC.

AC RADIOS, 4 valves, speaker incorp., £7 15/-, with ultra waves £9 15/-; 6vs. supers, ultra waves M.C. incorp. £14; 8vs. ditto, £22; duty inclusive.—K. and E. Makowitsh, 9 Eifelst, Cologne, Germany. Stamp 3d. 19 E

RADIO Gramophone or Set required, A.C. or Battery, for five months.—57 Kimmage road, East, Terenure. 17 D

SIMPLE Pick-up for a Screened Grid Wireless Set, by an Expert, in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 20 F

4-VALVE All Mains Set and Parts, cheap.—5 York avenue, Rathmines.

WATCHES, REPAIRS, JEWELLERY.

FOR reliable Watch, Clock and Jewellery Repairs.—Pillar House, Henry street, Dublin. T

SALE TUESDAY, 6th MARCH, at 1.30, IN SALEROOMS, 188 PEARSE ST.,

SIX SMALL COTTAGES

(ONE LOT), CONVENIENT TO PORTOBELLO BARRACKS, ALONGSIDE CANAL, ABOUT MIDWAY BETWEEN PORTOBELLO AND HAROLD'S CROSS BRIDGES—GROSS ANNUAL RENTAL, £122 4s. 0d.—AND KNOWN AS

3 AND 4 UNION PLACE, HAROLD'S CROSS.

Very long lease will be granted at £15 4s. 11d. yearly. The property stands upon a large plot of ground. Nos. 3 and 4 Union Place are two 2-storey cottages, at the rear of which there are four single-storey cottages. They are let at a weekly rental of £2 7s. 0d. Conditions of Sale from JOS. G. ALLEN, LL.B., Solicitor, 69 Grafton street, Dublin.

WILLIAM J. HERON,

Auctioneer, M.I.A.A.,

188 PEARSE STREET, DUBLIN.

"BATTERSBY'S AUCTIONS,"

ESTABLISHED 1815.

TO-DAY (THURSDAY), at 2.30 o'clock, At Our Property Salerooms, 39 WESTMORELAND STREET

43 ST. PATRICK'S ROAD, DRUMCONDRA.

TWO-STOREY PRE-WAR HOUSE. Vacant Possession.

ARTHUR COX, Solicitor, 42-3 Stephen's Green.

BATTERSBY & CO.,

Auctioneers and Valuers,

39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

OPTICIANS.

SEE Prescotts and See Better—George Prescott and Sons, 13 Merrion Row, Dublin. Established 1875. 'Phone 62689 for appointments. T

SIGHT Testing, Spectacle Repairs; moderate prices; best workmanship.—McGivney, 41 Henry street. 28 17

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

ORNAMENTAL SHRUB PLANTING.

Writing on this subject in the *Weekly Irish Times*, the Garden Correspondent says:—

During the past decade it will be remembered that our winter frosts have not been so severe as formerly. The late spring frosts now give us greater concern, and shrubs that have been tempted into growth by the present mild weather may get a serious check later on; even plants that have withstood a pretty severe winter have been known to perish from the blizzards and frosts of March. There is also a certain amount of risk with tender plants, especially those species that get active early in the year; but, happily, it is less risky now than twenty years ago, when many of the plants now grown in the open were looked upon as hopeless for that purpose.

AT Drummond's—A few specialities of outstanding merit: Drummond's First Early Market Cabbage, 1/6 ounce; packets, 6d and 1/-. Drummond's Stirling Reliance Carrot, 1/4 ounce; packets, 3d. and 6d. Drummond's Stirling Exhibition Onion, packets 1/- and 2/6. Our 1934 Garden Seed Catalogue is full of attractive items for the amateur.—57 and 58 Dawson street, Dublin; and Carlow. T

A SPECIALIST in Garden Planning, rock gardens, crazy paving, rustic pergolas, hard tennis courts, colaspaths; material supplied; R.H.S. medallist.—E. G. White, F.R.H.S., Whitechurch Nurseries, Rathfarnham. Terenure, 747. T

AUCTION—Magnificent collection Ornamental Flowering Plants, Fruit Trees, gold medal Climbing Roses, Wednesday next.—Lawlor, Briscoe, Ormond quay. 15 12

AUBRETIAS, assortment, named varieties, our selection, 6/- dozen, post free.—Alpine Nursery, Ballawley Park, Dundrum, Dublin. Plant list on application. 12 17

AUCTION—Fruit Trees, Roses, Shrubs, grand selection; 11 South King street, Tuesday, 27th, 1 o'clock.—Arthur Jones, Son. 8 19

ALL Garden owners should have a Thompson Garden Frame, sash sliding in multiple grooves; no glazing required. Particulars from, or can be seen in use at, the premises of the Manufacturer—Rex Thompson, Engineer and Contractor, Mount Eden road, Donnybrook, Dublin. 21 A

TOBACCO GROWERS,

PROFIT FROM LAST YEAR'S EXPERIENCE, and do not be misguided in sowing inferior seed.

Insist on getting finest acclimatized seed in sealed packets, 2/- and 5/- each, only from—

POWERS',

TOBACCO GROWERS, WATERFORD. T

BRUSSELS Sprouts, strong, transplanted, 3/6 100, 50 2/-, free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

BOX Edging, strong plants, 6d. dozen; carriage extra. Gardener, Barna House, Galway.

CUPRESSUS Macrocarpa, pot grown, bushy trees, 2-2½ ft., 12/- dozen, free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge, Dublin. 16 X

CAULIFLOWER Plants—Early London, strong transplanted, 4/- 100, 50 2/6, free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

CABBAGE Plants—Delicious early white hearting, Ellams Early York, Nonpareil, Drumhead, Flat Dutch, 2/- 100, free; special prices for quantities.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

CABBAGE Plants, all the best varieties, strong, 8/- 1,000 free, 1/- 100; Cauliflowers, 2/6 100, free 3/- 100.—Thornton, Newcastle, Co. Wicklow. 21 A

FRUIT Trees, Roses, Evergreen, Deciduous and Flowering Shrubs, Climbing and Hedging Plants, Alpine and Herbaceous plants, Rhubarb, Seakale and all Vegetables; large healthy stocks; lowest prices. Catalogues free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

GALVANIZED Wire Netting, Garden Arches, Wood Trellis, Garden Bordering. Lists free.—Staveley's, 137 Parnell street, Dublin. 8 18

GREENHOUSES, Frames, Lights, Greenhouses Repaired; Frames from 12/-.—Byrne, 7 Barrow street. 19 E

GOLDEN Privet, bright golden all year, bushy trees, 2½, 3ft. 12/-, 18/- dozen; 90/-, 100/- 100.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

JERUSALEM Artichokes, white, fine tubers, 3/- stone, £1 cwt.—Fetherstonhaugh, Rockview, Killucan. 16 D

LISSADELL—New Vegetable, Bedding and House Plant. List sent free on request.—Manager, Lissadell, Sligo. T

LARCH Poles for making Pergolas, Arches, Fences, etc.; good clean poles in variety; prices from 9d. each; vans deliver city and suburbs.—Thos. McKenzie and Sons, Ltd., Pearse street, Dublin. 8 15

LAWN Mowers—McKenzies are offering high grade Machines at prices ranging from 21/-.—Thos. McKenzie and Sons, Ltd., Garden Appliance Specialists, Pearse street, Dublin. 8 15

LILY of the Valley, first prize crowns, dozen 2/-, 100 12/6; Garden Lilies, Collection 6 lovely varieties 6/6; post free.—Wm. Power and Co., Waterford. 10 17

LETTUCE Plants, early white crisp Cabbage and Cos varieties, 2/6 100, 50 1/6, free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

McKENZIE'S for high grade Garden Seeds; catalogue is sent free by post on application. 13 X

McKENZIE'S Government certified Seed Potatoes, popular varieties; price list on application. 13 X

McKENZIE'S for improved Seed Wheats, selected Seed Oats and Barley; samples free by post.—Thos. McKenzie and Sons, Ltd., Pearse street, Dublin. 13 X

ONIONS and Leeks, strong plants, from superior, reliable seeds, 2/6 100, 50 1/6 free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

POWER Seeds, for garden and greenhouse—the world's best. Write for "Seed Catalogue."—Wm. Power and Co., Waterford. 2 X

POWER'S Famous Gold Medal Begonias, named to colour, copper, crimson, scarlet, orange-scarlet, white, yellow, pink, salmon, doubles, per dozen 3/-, singles 2/6; mixed all colours, doubles 2/6, singles 2/3, post free.—Wm. Power and Co., Waterford. 2 X

POWER'S Fruit Trees, Roses, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Hedge Plants, Forest Trees, etc. Ask for "Nursery Catalogue."—Wm. Power and Co., Waterford. 2 X

POWER'S Giant Waved Sweet Peas, Collection "Champion Twelve," 120 seeds in 12 varieties 1/6, 240 seeds 2/6; Power's "Premier Eighteen" Collection, 180 seeds in 18 varieties 2/3, 360 seeds 3/9; Standard Mixture, per ounce 9d.; Special "Spencer" Mixture, per ounce 1/4. Post free.—Wm. Power and Co., Waterford. 10 17

POWER'S Large-flowered Gladiolus, 100 bulbs in 10 fine varieties 9/6, 50 for 5/6; in splendid mixture, per 100 7/6, dozen 1/3. Post free.—Wm. Power and Co., Waterford. 10 17

POWER'S Gladiolus Primulinus Hybrids, 100 bulbs in 10 fine varieties, 10/6, 50 for 5/9; in finest mixture, 100 8/6, dozen 1/4, post free.—Wm. Power and Co., Waterford. 10 17

POTTING Soil for Greenhouse Plants, Bulbs, etc., specially prepared, 2/- bushel, two bushels 3/6, delivered.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

PALMS, beautiful Plants, Ferns, Flowering and Foliage Plants in all sizes, cool grown; inspection invited.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

PRIVET, special offer, evergreen, oval leaved, well branched, good roots, 2½ft. 4/- doz, 20/- 100.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

PLANT Now—Scarlet Bedding Begonias make a brilliant display throughout the summer, large corms, 4/6 per dozen, post free; Amaryllus, lovely Pink Belladonna Lilies, 5/6 per dozen, post free. Apply Head Gardener, Coolmore Nursery Gardens, Thomastown, Co. Kilkenny. 15 X

"QUALCAST" Lawn Mowers, from 24s. 2d.; "Ironcrete" Rollers, from 24/-; "Nimble" Wheelbarrows, 21/-. Lists free.—Staveley's, 137 Parnell street, Dublin. 8 18

RHUBARB, best early Scarlet Crowns, 6/- dozen, postage 1/-; Stools, with several crowns, 12/-, 18/-, 24/- dozen, carriage forward.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

ROSES—Choice, up to date varieties, strong, healthy trees, to give quantities of flowers next summer, 18/- dozen, carriage paid; Climbing and Rambling varieties, 18/- dozen. Standards, good heads, 5/- each; Weeping Ramblers, Perkins, etc., four to six feet stems, 7/6 to 15/- each.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

STRAWBERRIES—Strong one year old Plants, fruiting next summer; Royal Sovereign and all leading varieties, 12/6 100, 50 7/-, free, with cultural instructions.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

SEAKALE—Plant now for early cutting, strong, forcing, 3/-, 4/- dozen, postage 1/-; 20/-, 30/- 100, with cultural instructions.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

SEEDS—Vegetable and Flower Seeds of tested purity and germination. Priced catalogue on application.—Suttons, Ltd., South Mall, Cork. 21 B

SIMPLE Pick-up for a Screened Grid Wireless Set, by an Expert, in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 20 F

HOUSES AND LANDS.

CROSTHWAITE PARK, DUN LAOGHAIRE—FOR SALE. House, containing drawingroom, diningroom, four bedrooms, two maids' rooms, bathroom, hot air press, etc.; electric light, electric power; garage. £300 expended in 1931.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,

110 GRAFTON STREET.

BANGOR, CO. DOWN.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE, WITH VALUABLE GOODWILL, FIRST-CLASS

PRIVATE HOTEL,

KNOWN AS

"SOMERSET,"

BALLYHOLME ROAD,

Containing 3 large reception rooms, 9 bedrooms, usual toilet and culinary apartments, wash house; garage and good gardens. Very desirable and convenient situation. A high-class business has been carried on in the premises for the past 30 years, showing a very substantial annual profit. The owner is now retiring from the business, and early purchase would be desirable to enjoy the benefits of the usual Easter and early Summer trade. The premises are in first-class condition, and are held on a long lease, subject to the annual rent of £4 10s. 0d. The Furnishings may, if desired, be purchased at a valuation. The undermentioned can recommend this as a very sound business capable of extension.

Further particulars and appointments to view from

BRICE & SON, F.A.I.,

Property Brokers,

BANGOR, CO. DOWN.

HOTEL PREMISES FOR SALE.

A LARGE AND WELL-EQUIPPED FAMILY HOTEL, IN A PROVINCIAL TOWN IN NORTHERN IRELAND,

Having a central position and a good connection, FOR SALE BY PRIVATE PROPOSALS.

For particulars apply to ROBERT S. MAGEE, Solicitor, Strabane.

GRAZING TO LET.

GRAZING TO LET.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC WORKS invite TENDERS to take three Fields at Colaiste Caoimhin, Glasnevin, containing about 13¼ Acres, Statute measure, for Grazing by Sheep only, for the period ending 30th November, 1934.

Particulars, with a Map of the Lands, may be inspected at Colaiste Caoimhin, or at the Office of Public Works, 51 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.

Sealed Tenders, marked "Glasnevin Grazing," and addressed to the Secretary, Office of Public Works, Dublin, will be received up to, but not later than, 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, 8th March, 1934. The fields will not be let for accommodation, market, or shipping purposes. The Commissioners will not be bound to accept the highest or any Tender.

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC., CONTINUED.

THE Best at a moderate price, Vegetable and Flower Seeds. Write for catalogue, Atkins and Co., Ltd., Seedsmen, Cork. 8 15

TOBACCO Seed—Suitable selected Varieties, with cultural instructions, in 1/-, 2/-, and 4/- packets. Suttons, Ltd., South Mall, Cork. 21 B

TRIPOLI Onion Plants, 100 1/6, 250 3/-, 500 5/-; post free.—J. Henson, Fardrum, Athlone. 20 F

WALLFLOWERS—Blood Red, Fire King, Eastern Queen, Cloth of Gold, Primrose Monarch, Ruby Gem, Vulcan, Harbinger, Golden Tom Thumb, strong transplanted, deliciously perfumed 25 1/6, 2/6; 50 2/6, 4/-; 100 3/-, 4/6, 7/6, free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge. 16 X

POULTRY, FISH, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

NORMAL CONDITIONS.

Writing on this subject in the *Weekly Irish Times*, the Poultry Correspondent says:—

The necessary conditions for successful breeding, which we expect every breeder is acquainted with, are health, vigour and quality in all the birds; then there must be the right number to each male bird, neither too many nor too few, and suitable feeding and treatment should be continued all through. As to the number of hens to run with each cock, there are many factors to be considered, the particular breed, age and vitality, season of the year, and whether they are confined or on free range. As a general idea, it may be stated that with a cock of the heavy breeds six hens may be allowed in a confined run, and twice that number at liberty. With more active, non-sitting breeds eight to twelve hens may be allowed in confinement, and twenty at liberty; but even these numbers cannot be considered as a hard-and-fast rule.

A SUTCHLIFFS (100 egg) Incubator, perfect working order; £3 12/6.—B 1526, this office.

CHICKEN Rearing—First Grains 2/2 stone, Second 2/-; Milk Chick Mash 1/7, quantities cheaper; Poultry Grain, Laying Meal, Grower's Mash 1/4 stone, 9/- cwt., reduction if taken away.—Williamson, 12 Burgh quay. 17 X

CLONMINCH Poultry Farm, Tullamore—White Wyandotte Hatching Eggs and day old Chicks; also R.I.R. x W.W. Write for particulars of my special offer. 18 D

CHICKS! 50 mixed Barred Rocks and Leghorns, due 26th, 32/-; Wyandottes, Leghorns, due March 6th, 8/- dozen; "Hushabye" Brooder Heater, 12/-.—Hastings, Rathmolyon, Meath. 19 D

EIGHT magnificent R.I. Cockerels, year old, 8/- each.—Chauffeur, Hermitage, Roebuck road. 20 F

FOR Sale, Department ringed Turkey Cockerels.—Doyle, Loughrea. 21 A

FOR Sale, Primus No. 1 Cream Separator, Victoria Churn with Stand, Butter Worker and Roller, all in perfect condition. Address "Z 1466, Separator," this office.

FOR Sale, 10 Pure Wyandotte Hens, with second year trap-nested Cock, unrelated; what offers?—Fox, Craan, Gorey, Co. Wexford.

HATCHING Eggs, pure Salmon Faverolle and Indian Runner Ducks, 298 egg strain; 2/6, carriage extra.—Gilmore, Kilquade, Greystones. 7 X

OLD English Game, Partridge Pullets, off Oxford winners.—Major Ker, Portavo, Donaghadee. 21 A

SIMPLE Pick-up for a Screened Grid Wireless Set, by an Expert, in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 20 F

WANTED, African Grey Parrot, good talker.—Miss O'Reilly, 7 Florence terrace, Bray. 19 E

WANTED, three or four young Pea-Hens, last season's birds. Address "Z 1441, Pea-Hens," this office. 20 E

31 EXTRA Eggs weekly from 10 Birds obtained by Mr. J. Taylor for the low cost of one farthing per day spent on Karswood Poultry Spice (containing ground insects), which actually costs only one-tenth of a farthing per bird per day in use, yet increases egg production without forcing. You try it. 28lb. tins 35/-, obtainable from Blanchardstown Flour Mills, 119 Thomas street, and branches, Dublin. 15 D

40 CHICKENS, mostly Rhodes, day old, 25/-.—H. Smyth, Newtown, Drogheda.

FURNITURE.

ANY Furniture Residue, Pianos, Antiques Purchased; prompt cash.—Thornton and Company, Auctioneers, Dun Laoghaire. 76 3

CARPETS—Axminster, 12 x 15, seamless, £7 15/-, other qualities and sizes. Buy direct from Manufacturer. Agents, Cable Mills, New Showrooms, 25 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. X

LAWLOR, Briscoe will Buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture. Auction every Thursday.—35 Ormond quay. T

TO Close Executor's Account—Contents of small house (lately sold), including Brinsmead Piano, in good order, to be Sold in one lot.—B 1617, this office. 21 X

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

PRE-WAR Upright German Piano, rosewood frame, faultless; seen Dublin.—B 1507, this office. 20 D

THE Gramophone Stores, Johnston's Court, Grafton street, Dublin, are Agents for Columbia Records, Gramophones and Radio Sets. Civility and attention to all inquiries. T

DRESS, FURS AND COSTUME.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cusack, 65 Aungier street, gives highest prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, etc.; distance no objection. T

LADY will make Children's Frocks and Coats, moderate.—B 1601, this office.

LEFT-OFF Clothing—Send for Buyer, L. Goodwin, 97 Lower George's street, Dun Laoghaire. 20 F

MATRON'S good Black Gaberdine Coat, 25/-; others (younger), 12/6; Kingstown. Address "Z 1459, Coat," this office.

MOURNING—Brick Coat, Racoon collar, Nigger Tailormade, Turquoise Lace Evening (new), others, Skirts, Blouses; bargains.—B 1593, this office. 21 A

SMART Tweed Costume, slight (6 guineas), sell 30/-, as new; Tweed Coat, 18/-, bargain.—Box 287, Stephens's Library, Dun Laoghaire. 20 D

HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

FOR Sale, two Horses and two Mares; suit farmers or others.—2 Convent avenue, Richmond road, Fairview. 18 D

FOUR useful Horses, 5 to 8 years, sound, good workers.—Stables, rear 79 Donore avenue. 21 A

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK.

BLACK Springer, third calf, due 13th; make good family cow.—Boyle, Sunnybank, Bray. 17 D

GOOD Milch Cow, week calved second calf; overstocked.—Irvine, Rockford Cottage, Blackrock.

WANTED Kitten (Male), Persian or Half Persian; state price and where it can be seen.—134, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

DOGS.

ARGOSY Boarding Kennels—Pedigree Terriers for Sale; reasonable prices; inspection invited.—Mrs. Savell Hicks, Glen Druid, Shankill. 'Phone: Shankill 22.

A PEDIGREE Wire Fox Terrier, six months, £3 3/-.—B 1591, this office.

BOARDING Kennels, safe, comfortable, roomy; frequent exercise over 30 acres; personal supervision. Mrs. Fottrell, Gragarnagh, Castleknock. 30 X

ENTRIES for Ireland's Premier Show Close Monday, 26th (postmark). Schedules from the Irish Kennel Club, 23 Eden quay, Dublin. 21 E

FOR Sale—Beautiful White and Brown Collie, male, five months; £1.—Harford, Martry, Kells, Co. Meath.

FOR Kennel News, Articles and best Reports of Dog Shows, also Irish Kennel Club Registrations, Reports of Meets, etc., read the "Irish Field," Official Organ of the Irish Kennel Club. Published every Saturday. Price 2d. On Sale at all Newsagents' and Bookstalls. T

STUD Greyhound, Rattling Bullet (Rattleway x Wireless Waves), runner-up National Open Cup; 6 Gns.—D. Callanan, Mt. Pleasant, Bandon. 19 F



Very New!

This Model from SWITZERS presents the latest design in Spring Coats. It is carried out in new Brown Boucle, with pleated sleeves and handsome Canadian Fox Roll Collar. Lined Marocain.

There are many new season's designs now showing in the Ladies' Coat Department and others are arriving daily.

Switzers

GRAFTON ST., DUBLIN

BUSINESS, BUSINESS PREMISES, LANDS, ETC.

BUTCHER'S Shop for Sale, rising district, Crumlin Cross; accommodation; large shop, 5 rooms, kitchen, store; price £1,500. Apply Kimmage Estate Building Co., 104 Middle Abbey street, Dublin. Phone 44879 24 14

DRAPERY Business for Sale, in progressive provincial town, Northern Ireland; best central position; good turnover; stock, fixtures and fitting for immediate Sale; owner retiring. Address "Z 1431, Business," this office. 20 D

FOR Offices, Warehouse, or Factory Accommodation apply 23 St. Stephen's Green. Personal attention to every inquiry.—Probert and Franks, Estate Agents. 8 15

ONE door from Grafton street (not vacant)—Excellent Shop and Basement to Let, or interest in lease sold for nominal sum. Apply Corrigan and Co., 60 Dawson street. 19 E

SOUTH City—Magnificent Business Premises, rebuilt in 1920, consisting of ground floor and basement, and 3 floors over; possession of the ground floor and basement, which has a depth of 90 feet; the upper portion is let in offices, with 2 rooms occupied by caretaker. An excellent business premises, suitable for any wholesale purpose, conveniently and centrally situated; price, £3,000.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 17 D

SHOPS, with living accommodation, South suburbs, for Sale, where 500 new houses are being built; excellent stand for butcher, provision merchant, draper, fruiterer, etc. Plans can be inspected at offices of Browne and Dowse, Grafton street, opposite Woolworth's. 21 A

SHOP and Dwellinghouse, 33 Berkeley road, smart front, two windows, splendid position, five rooms, bath, etc., selling 6th March. Keys, Auctioneer, Albert MacArthur, "The Housefinder." 21 A

TO Let or Sell, 9 Eden quay, right at O'Connell Bridge—Extensive Business Premises, rapidly rising location, Shop, Basement; first floor and back portion vacant before May; suit any business. Apply John O'Hagan Ward, Wynnstay, Clonskea. 20 F

TO Let, good walled-in Garden (two acres), 400 feet glasshouses; all well heated, with or without House. Seen anytime at Glenageary House, Glenageary. 21 A

WANTED, small Store, vicinity North quays; particulars, price.—B 1501, this office. 20 F

WANTED to Rent, Garden with Greenhouses, suitable for tomatoes and cucumbers; convenient to city; South side.—B 1576, this office. 21 E

4 HAWKINS street (facing Theatre Royal)—Fine Shop and overhead Offices to Let. Keys, Albert MacArthur, "The Housefinder." 21 A

STABLING AND GRAZING.

GRAZING, 26 Irish Acres, to Let, at Glendruid, Cabinteely. 19 E

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE AND WANTED.

ABANDON House Hunting. Consult Garvey and Good. Free lists on application. Financial accommodation if required.—20 Lincoln place, Dublin. T

ALBERT MacARTHUR, "The Housefinder," "MacArthur House," 17 D'OLIER STREET. T

A COMPREHENSIVE list of House in all principal districts supplied on application. Every class of property available.—Probert and Franks, 23 Stephen's Green. 'Phone 61640. T

ALLEN and Townsend, 11 Stephen's Green, Dublin (telephone 43303)—Lists of Houses, Building Sites, Shops (with and without living accommodation) in all districts. T

ALL along sea coast, Ballsbridge, Kingstown, etc.—Megahey, Auctioneer, Sandycove, has big list pretty Detached Houses, Bungalows, and Cottages for Sale and Letting; all prices. 8 17

AT Dun Laoghaire and Districts—Houses for Sale from £500 upwards.—Lord, Auctioneer, 53 Upper George's street, Dun Laoghaire. 16 20

AUCTION Wednesday, 28th inst., "St. Helen's," Sydney parade, Merrion—Nice, pre-war, non-basement, semi-detached Residence; 3 reception rooms, 5 bedrooms, kitchen and maid's room, etc.; electric light, gas; good gardens, garage; rent only £8; Pembroke lease, possession; inspection invited. Sale at 1.30 p.m. by Corrigan and Co., 60 Dawson street. 19 E

ASHLEAF, Templeogue, Sale; 10 rooms, h. and c. water, bedrooms (double), electric plugs; redecorated; garage, orchard, rock garden; magnificent views from front balconies; lease ever. Price, Gilligan, Solicitor, Bachelor's Walk. 20 F

"AUCTION Sale," Tuesday, 6th March, at "MacArthur House," D'Olier street, will include the following lots:— 21 A

"AUCTION Sale" by previous arrangement with Albert MacArthur, "The Housefinder," part cash can be accepted. 21 A

"AUCTION Sale"—St. Brigid's, Skerries, substantial big House, containing nine apartments, electric light, etc.; suit boardinghouse residence. "Executor's Sale." 21 A

"AUCTION Sale," comfortable House, 30 Hollybank road, Drumcondra, seven apartments, bathroom. "Inspection Invited." 21 A

"AUCTION Sale," neat House, with garage, 21 Vernon Gardens, Vernon avenue, Clontarf, 6 apartments, bathroom, etc; open daily. 21 A

"AUCTION Sale," cosy modern House, 2 Brighton Gardens, Whitton road, Terenure, 4 apartments, bathroom, scullery; newly decorated; open daily. 21 A

"AUCTION Sale," attractive House, with garage, 81 Howth road, Clontarf; seven apartments, bathroom; fine garden. 21 A

"AUCTION Sale," neat investment—3 Charleville road, Rathmines; let at £52 and taxes. 21 A

"AUCTION Sale"—Part cash taken for above lots by arrangement with Albert MacArthur, "The Housefinder." 21 A

ANGLESEY—Rhosneigr, Treaddur Bay and Holyhead Districts—Residences for Sale. Write for list and state requirements to R. Jones-Williams, F.A.I., Estate Agent, Holyhead. 19 X

BATTERSBY and Co., House Agents and Auctioneers. Established 1815. Houses for Sale in city, suburbs and county. Lists free on application. Easy purchase terms arranged. Call, write or 'phone 21042, 39 Westmoreland street, Dublin. 17 D

BATTERSBY offer—£735, Drumcondra, modern, 2 storey House, semi-detached; 7 rooms, bath, electric, large garden, garage. Another, same district, at £950. 17 D

BATTERSBY offer—£750, Clonskea, detached Bungalow, on 'bus route; 5 rooms, bath, electric and gas, large garden. 17 D

BATTERSBY offer—£940, Templeogue; modern built House, semi-detached; 7 rooms, bath, electric, large garden, garage. 17 D

BATTERSBY offer—£1,150, Kilbarrack, Sutton, modern, 2 storey House; 7 rooms, bath, electric, garden, garage. 17 D

BATTERSBY offer—£1,500, Blackrock, detached, modern Residence, near Stillorgan road; 7 rooms, bath, electric, good garden, garage; perfect order. 17 D

BUILDING Site, 160' x 22', near Kingsbridge; suitable builder's yard, garage, etc. Terms, Battersby, 39 Westmoreland street. 8 19

BALLSBRIDGE—£1,650; modern, semi-detached; 3 reception, 4 bedrooms, garage; excellent order. Probert and Franks, 23 Stephen's Green. 19 E

BRAY—For Sale, Norwood, Novara road, well built, detached, non-basement, 10 apartments; side entrances, coach house, with loft. Apply 9002, Wilde's Office, Bray. 19 F

BALLSBRIDGE vicinity—Family Residence, perfect condition; three reception rooms, five bedrooms, electricity, gas; garage. Inquire 5 Elgin road. 21 E

COTTAGE Residence, Dun Laoghaire; 2 reception, 3 bedrooms, kitchen, in perfect order and newly decorated; head rent £5; long lease; easy terms arranged; price £600. Address "Z 1401, Residence," this office. 19 E

CHEAP Houses—Harold's Cross, £600, Ballsbridge, £650, £800; Sandymount, £700; Sutton, £700; Donnybrook, £600; Merrion, £850; Kimmage, £850; part cash sufficient.—Etchingham and Co., 11 Lower Baggot street. 19 E

COMPACT, Modern, Semi-detached House, in excellent condition; two entertaining, three bedrooms, kitchen, back kitchen, larder, storeroom, bathroom, separate lavatory, electric light, gas, garage, tool shed, good garden; remission of rates; low ground rent; Blackrock district. Price only £900.—B 1522, this office. 20 F

CLYDE Road—Four reception, study, 5 bedrooms, garden, greenhouses, garage space.—Sole Agents, Allen and Townsend, 11 Stephen's Green. 21 A

CLONTARF—Detached Bungalow, on ½ acre, 2 reception rooms, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, w.c., kitchen, pantry, etc.; e.l. and gas; out-offices, garage, large gardens, tennis court; in good order and repair; long lease at £7 10/- p.a.; remission of rates for 15 years; price £1,250, or will be Let on lease at £110 p.a. free. Apply Jackson Stops and Joyce, 35 Kildare street, Dublin.

CHOICE detached Bungalow, Sutton, 6 rooms, garage tennis space, only £1,000.—Arthur Jones, Stephen's Green.

DETACHED House, with ground for building 8 houses; Rathmines.—B 1322, this office. 18 D

DALKEY—Handsome pre-war, detached Residence, on nearly 1 acre, for Sale; unrivalled views; not yet vacant. Apply Corrigan and Co., 60 Dawson street. 20 F

FAIRVIEW—House, nine rooms, electric light, gas, good garden; ground rent £4; valuation £20; price £900.—B 1525, this office. 20 F

FOXROCK—Detached non-basement Residence, on 1 acre, 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, garage and men's rooms, freehold, £2,500; would rent.—Allen and Townsend, 11 Stephen's Green. 21 A

HOUSES AND LANDS CONTINUED.

FOR Sale, Kingstown, non-basement, pre-war House, nine apartments, between tram line and sea; £875.—Box 288, Stephens' Library, Dun Laoghaire. 21 A

FOR Sale by Private Treaty, Sandycove, modern, non-basement House; 3 reception, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, cloakroom, garage; good garden.—1692, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 21 A

GILFORD Park—For Sale, semi-detached brick built Houses, long gardens, joining up Park avenue and New road, leading to Sandymount Station; on view daily; price £1,100 and £1,050; interior fittings equal to any £2,000 houses. 8 21

GLASNEVIN—Two-storey semi-detached, 2 reception, 4 bedrooms, rates remission, £875.—Allen and Townsend, 11 Stephen's Green. 21 A

HIGHFIELD road vicinity—Detached non-basement pre-war brick built Residence, containing 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, h. and c. bath, kitchen, electric light and gas, garage (2 cars), garden, greenhouse, and space for tennis court; price, £2,250 seen only on our order.—Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 17 D

"IMMEDIATE Sale"—Magnificent modern detached Residence, 9 miles Dublin, convenient 'bus, train, golf and seafront, delightful situation, built regardless of cost; lounge hall, cloakroom, four reception, 6 bedrooms, excellent bathroom, bright kitchen; fine garage, out-offices; suit boardinghouse or two-family residence; bargain, £1,900; accept "part cash"; particulars—B 1590, this office. 21 A

KENILWORTH Square — Modern, non-basement; seven large rooms; space garage.—Browne and Dowse, Grafton street, opposite Woolworth's. 19 E

MONKSTOWN—Balnootra, Alma road, non-basement, semi-detached, good outlooks, nine good rooms; superior structure and fittings; garage, greenhouse, garden. Open. 19 E

MILLTOWN—Attractive Modern Villa, detached, nine good rooms, garage, greenhouse, tennis, superior structure and fittings; open situation; vacant March.—Auburn, adjoining station and Temple road. 19 E

NEW detached House, 6 rooms and modern kitchen. Apply Comerford, Builder, Whitehall road, Kimmage. 19 E

ONLY 2 left at £950. Modern Residences, on tram line, containing 7 large apartments, bathroom, 2 w.c.'s; completely decorated; e.l., gas; garage, garden front and rear; part cash sufficient; inspection anytime.—Beechlawn Estate, Rathfarnham road, Terenure end. 20 F

PALMERSTON road (east side)—For Sale, with Possession, commodious, well built, semi-detached House, in splendid order, 3 reception and 4 bedrooms, servant's room and usual offices, hot and cold water on each floor, gas and electric light; long lease, low ground rent; ample room for garage at back.—B 1484, this office. 20 F

PICTURESQUE Houses amidst beautiful surroundings, Bushy Park road, Rathfarnham, detached and semi-detached, prices from £1,550 to £1,250; also at Foster avenue, Mount Merrion Estate, £1,000; 20 years' remission of rates; £300 deposit secures.—J. B. Ralph, Foster avenue and Bushy Park road. 20 F

RATHGAR—Non-basement; 2 reception, 3 bedrooms; rates and taxes total under £25 a year; lease 800 years; price £675.—Probert and Franks, 23 Stephen's Green. 19 E

RATHFARNHAM—Charming Detached House, in splendid order; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, very attractive garden; strongly recommended; very low price.—Probert and Franks, 23 Stephen's Green. 19 E

RATHFARNHAM—Comfortable, modern House, with garage, newly decorated; price, £950; £250 cash sufficient.—Holden, Auctioneers, Saint Andrew street. 20 F

SANDYCOVE—Attractive cottage-style Residence, conveniently situated, £675; Stillorgan Park, family Residence, in splendid order, only £600. Apply Hazley and Co, Blackrock. 8 16

SUTTON—Three reception, maid's room, 5 bedrooms, electric light and gas, garage, tennis court and private bathing; £975. Further particulars, Henecys, 18 Crow street, Dublin. 17 D

SHANKILL—Attractive 10-roomed House for Private Sale, perfect repair, electric light, power, hot-houses, garage, out-offices, large productive garden; might let.—B 1492, this office. 20 F

SANDYMOUNT (beside sea)—Three reception, 4 bedrooms, garden, garage space; G.R. £4, long lease; price £900.—Allen and Townsend, 11 Stephen's Green. 21 A

SANDYMOUNT Strand—Attractive 7 roomed House for private Sale, excellent condition; £950.—B 1611, this office. 21 A

THE Kavanaghs should see the "Irish Family Names" Feature in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 20 F

WATERLOO road—One of the best Houses on the road, in splendid order; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, boxroom, bathroom, garage and flat; strongly recommended from personal inspection.—Probert and Franks, 23 Stephen's Green. 19 E

£300 CASH purchases attractive new House, South suburbs (penny tram fare), 7 rooms, garage; balance, £695, repayable over period; legal costs, including mortgage, £15.—Browne and Dowse, Grafton street, opposite Woolworth's. 21 A

HOUSES TO LET.

ARDRISTAN, Old Finglas road—Compact modern House to Let, detached; garden, garage. Seen on application.—George Annesley Ruth, Caragh Cuff, Caragh Lake, Co. Kerry. 21 A

BASEMENTLESS House, Clontarf, 4 bedrooms, garage; £100, exclusive.—Arthur Jones, 10 Stephen's Green. 19 E

COTTAGE to Let, Herbert lane, 24/- weekly.—Archer, 12 Lower Fitzwilliam street. 20 E

CLONTARF (occupied), 'bus passing, eight roomed House; £100, exclusive.—Arthur Jones, Son, 10 Stephen's Green. 20 F

DRUMCONDRA—To be Let at £80 and taxes, pre-war House, 2 reception, breakfast room, 4 bedrooms, bath, hot and cold water; electric light. Particulars from Dockrell Ltd., Agents. 17 D

DARTMOUTH Square—Unfurnished House; three sittingrooms, four bedrooms, bathroom (h. and c.), electricity and gas; rent £100 and rates.—Prim Bros., Dawson street. 20 D

DRUMCONDRA—£78 p.a. free; 2 reception and 3 bedrooms, bathroom, w.c., kitchen, pantries, etc.; e.l. and gas. Apply Jackson Stops and Joyce, 35 Kildare street, Dublin.

HOUSES for Letting, Furnished and Unfurnished. Apply Prim Bros., 21 Dawson street. X

TERENURE—Non-basement, 2 reception, 4 bedrooms, garage, rent £100 free.—Allen and Townsend, 11 Stephen's Green. 21 A

£100 FREE—Dundrum, close station, high situation, semi-detached, 7 rooms, bath, 2 w.c.'s, cloakroom; garden, side, rear entrances, garage, gas, electric.—B 1497, this office. 20 F

HOUSES WANTED.

HOUSE to Rent or Purchase, 2/3 reception, 4/5 bedrooms, garden, garage space; Ballsbridge, Pembroke or Donnybrook preferred. Address "Z 1449, House," this office. 21 A

SANDYCOVE—Small House Wanted to purchase as Investment; possession not required.—B 1365, this office. 20 F

WANTED by Civil Servant to Rent, medium sized House, South side; careful, reliable tenant.—B 1496, this office. 20 F

WANTED to Buy, pre-war House, Dublin coast; about £800.—B 1533, this office. 20 F

APARTMENTS TO LET.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

APARTMENTS Agency—Flats, Board Residence, Furnished Apartments.—Miss White, 25 Nassau street.

A GENTLEMAN can have Bed Sittingroom, breakfast. Ring No. 1 Bell, 8 Upper Pembroke street. 16 D

AT Auburn House, Herbert street—Select Board Residence; visitors or permanent. 16 D

A COMFORTABLE Bed Sittingroom, every convenience, select house; moderate.—8 Ranelagh road. 20 F

ATTRACTIVE Board Residence, 54 Grosvenor road; fires, hot and cold water in bedrooms. 'Phone: Rathmines, 928. 30 X

AT 9 Winton road, Leeson Park, Board Residence, double bedroom, private sittingroom, and meals; vacant shortly. 21 A

BASEMENT to Let, three apartments, adults only.—18 Trafalgar terrace, Seapoint. 20 F

BEDROOM, use Sittingroom, partial or full board; business or office girl; one guinea week; penny tram.—B 1586, this office. 21 E

COMFORTABLE, homely Apartments, single or double rooms, board as required.—119 Strand road, Sandymount. 19 F

DUBLIN Service Flats, 28 Upper Pembroke street (telephone 62888)—Suites with private bathrooms; Flatlets from 1 guinea; any period, meals as required. 24 17

DOUBLE and Single Rooms, full or partial Board.—14 Hatch street. Telephone 62935. 20 F

FURNISHED Bedroom and Sittingroom, attendance, gas, electricity, use of bathroom, near Catholic church and tram, South side; rent £72; suit ladies dining out. Address "Z 1435, Bedroom," this office. 20 F

FITZWILLIAM street—Select Apartments, board as desired; one or two ladies.—B 1585, this office.

LADY can have two nice Furnished Rooms, with attendance, Pembroke.—B 1495, this office. 20 F

LADY with House too large for herself and maid would like to hear of Lady or Gentleman (Protestant) who would appreciate a really comfortable home, with telephone, garage, etc.; 2½ gns. per week.—B 1584, this office.

MOUNTAIN View road, Ranelagh—Business Gentleman or Lady can have select, comfortable Accommodation; garage; partial board if required; moderate.—B 1615, this office.

NORTH Circular road, Park end—Well appointed Bed Sittingroom, with kitchenette, or a three roomed Flat, geyser, bathroom.—B 1411, this office. 19 E

TWO nice Rooms to Let.—28 South Anne street. 21 A

VERY comfortably Furnished Bed-Sittingroom, electric light, suit two; catering as desired.—2 Upper Mount street. 21 A

49 UPPER Mount street—Comfortable Rooms, good catering; also small Furnished Flat. 19 E

55 MOYNE road—Well Furnished Apartments; business girls or young married couple. 18 D

153 LEINSTER Road—4 Professional Business Gentlemen can have select residence, full or partial board. Apply 54 Upper O'Connell street, Cabin Restaurant. 21 A

APARTMENTS WANTED.

BUSINESS gentleman requires well Furnished Sittingroom and Bedroom, Partial Board, city or suburbs. B 1499, this office. 20 F

BUSINESSMAN wants Digs, south side, central; give details.—B 1502, this office.

COMFORTABLE Home, with home comforts, required by elderly lady, Rathmines district.—B 1545, this office. 20 F

YOUNG Lady requires Bedroom, no attendance, south side of city.—B 1592, this office.

FLATS TO LET.

A CHOICE selection of Furnished and Unfurnished Flats available — Lansdowne, Northumberland, Elgin, Pembroke roads, and all best districts.—Exchange Buildings, Ltd., 48 Kildare street. 8 17

AT 26 Hollybrook road, Clontarf, well Furnished Flat, every convenience; after 6 p.m. 19 E

AT 92 Lower Baggot street—Top Flat (unfurnished), three rooms, every convenience; suit two; reference. 19 E

ATTRACTIVE Drawingroom Flat, Merrion square; Top Flat, Pembroke road; Hall Flat, Upper Mount street.—Archer, 12 Lower Fitzwilliam street. 'Phone 62023. 20 F

AT 15 Herbert place, well Furnished self-contained Top Flat, all conveniences, suit couple or lady. Seen mornings.

A HALL Flat, moderate.—6 St. Mary's road. 'Phone: Ballsbridge 296. 20 F

A SMALL Self-contained modern Flat, good bed sittingroom (divan bed), large kitchenette, h. and c., sink, gas cooker and fires; suit lady, quiet Protestants; Ashdale road, Terenure; 16/- weekly.—B 1570, this office. 21 A

AILESBURY road Vicinity—Well Furnished Flat, five apartments, all modern conveniences.—B 1588, this office. 21 A

DRUMCONDRA—Three roomed Unfurnished Flat; every convenience; adults.—B 1573, this office. 21 A

ECONOMICAL Return Self-contained Flat, suit nurse, business gentlewoman.—8 Herbert street, 2-6. 20 D

FURNISHED Flat, Bedroom (s), Sittingroom, Kitchenette; constant hot water.—Castleton, Sandymount. 20 F

FURNISHED Flatlet, bathroom, constant hot, electric.—Eglinton, Newgrove avenue, Sandymount. 20 F

FURNISHED Garden Flat to Let on Morehampton road; moderate.—B 1612, this office. 21 A

HALL Flat to Let, 412 Clontarf road; may be seen Saturday or Sunday after 4 p.m. Apply, particulars B 1351, this office. 19 E

HALF HOUSE, Furnished, bedroom, sittingroom, kitchenette, etc.; seen 2 to 4 or 7 to 9.—3 Belleville avenue, Rathgar. 21 E

KENILWORTH Square—Exceptionally well fitted Flat; five rooms, kitchenette, own bathroom, electricity and gas; use large garden; rent £100.—Prim Bros., 21 Dawson street. 20 D

FLATS TO LET CONTINUED.

SELF Contained Flats and Maisonettes, Furnished and Unfurnished, for Letting, all districts, city and suburbs. Apply Prim Bros., 21 Dawson street. X

SELECT Furnished Flat, two bedrooms, sittingroom, kitchen, bathroom, electricity.—3 Belgrave Park, Rathmines. 19 E

SELF-CONTAINED Furnished Flat, 2 bedrooms, sittingroom, kitchenette, bathroom, £72.—10 Herbert place. 20 F

UNFURNISHED Self-contained Flats — Merrion square, Lower Baggot street, Upper Fitzwilliam street, Stephen's Green, Fitzwilliam place.—Etchingham and Co., 11 Lower Baggot street. 19 E

UNFURNISHED Flat, two rooms, kitchenette, electric light, use of bathroom, private house. Address "Z 1454, Flat," this office. 21 E

UNFURNISHED Flat, 3 rooms, kitchen, bathroom; public telephone.—42 Lower Leeson street. 21 A

29 FITZWILLIAM square, 11 Merrion square, 24 Lower Pembroke street, also 22 Trafalgar terrace, Monkstown, select Self-contained Flats, newly decorated. Apply Mr. Keys, 17 Fownes street, Dublin. 12 13

FLATS WANTED

FOUR Office Girls require Furnished Flat, south side; must be central.—B 1382, this office. 19 E

WANTED, Unfurnished Flat, £65, South side; two bedrooms if possible.—R O 945, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY.

HOUSES TO LET AND WANTED.

BRAY (sea front)—To Let, Unfurnished, attractive Residence, suitable private hotel or residence; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, electric light; moderate rent. Terms, Battersby, 39 Westmoreland street. 8 19

CHARMING House to Let, Glenageary, 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, etc.; garden; tent, £100 and taxes.—Wallace, Woodbank, Killiney road. 21 A

FERRY House, Malahide; three sittingrooms, four bedrooms, servants' rooms, garage. Apply J. H. H. Peard, Castleknock. X

GREYSTONES—To Let, comfortably Furnished House, garden, garage, modern equipment; also Flats, three, five bedrooms; period to suit tenants.—B 1582, this office.

RATHDRUM—House to Let, 2 reception, 3 bedrooms, bath, kitchen, maid's room, electric light; garage; rent very moderate. Address "Z 1425, House," this office. 20 F

SUTTON—Detached, half acre, £110, or Sell; garage; 4 bedrooms.—Jones, Auctioneers.

TO Let or Sell, Ballybrack, non-basement Residence, standing on 5 acres, 4 reception rooms, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, kitchen pantries, bathroom, 2 wc.'s, electric light; recently decorated; good garden, tennis court, 2 glass houses; head rent, £85. Apply Monks and Gaynor, Solicitors, 27 Molesworth street, Dublin. 20 F

TO Let, comfortable, Furnished House, sea front, Dalkey, April or longer; adults. Address "Z 1427, House," this office. 20 F

TO Let, Malahide, Semi-detached Villa, 6 apartments, electric, garage, garden. Address "Z 1439, Villa," this office.

WANTED to Purchase in Wicklow, within 30 miles of Dublin, detached Residence; 4 reception, 10-12 bedrooms, with about 25 acres of land. Full details to Battersby, 39 Westmoreland street. 17 D

WANTED, small Furnished Cottage, with land or large garden; country; reasonable rent; 25 miles Dublin.—B 1332, this office. 17 D

WANTED, small Unfurnished House or Self-Contained Flat, Blackrock-Dalkey; rent £60-£70 p.a.—B 1371, this office. 19 E

WANTED, within next few months, House, Blackrock to Sandycove, four bedrooms; good price offered.—B 1404, this office. 19 E

WANTED for six months or longer, small, comfortable, well Furnished House, Dun Laoghaire, Killiney, Bray districts, careful tenants, two family, no children. Reply, stating full particulars, B 1512, this office. 20 F

WANTED to Rent or Purchase, six or seven roomed House, with garden; Greystones to Blackrock. Address "Z 1464, House," this office.

WANTED, Purchase, small House, Dalkey or Killiney, nice locality; 3 rooms, kitchen and bath; between £350 and £400. Address "Z 1470, House," this office.

APARTMENTS AND FLATS TO LET AND WANTED.

ATTRACTIVE, comfortably Furnished Drawingroom Flat, three rooms, etc., in good locality (Monkstown); near tram, train, and 'bus.—B 1261, this office. 16 D

AN English Lady would appreciate pleasant Home, where maid kept, Kingstown district preferred, in return for £1 per week and friendly assistance.—B 1598, this office. 21 A

BLACKROCK—Self-contained Bedroom, Sittingroom, Kitchenette, w.c., etc.; beside train and tram.—B 1528, this office. 20 F

COMFORTABLE Home; kindly, Protestant family; quiet farmhouse, Leix; motoring free, wireless; 'bus near; very reasonable. Address "Z 1370, Home," this office. 17 D

GENTLEMAN requires Bed Sittingroom, full board, permanent, Dun Laoghaire; state terms.—B 1500, this office. 20 D

KINGSTOWN—Self Contained Unfurnished Flat required by settled married couple, Protestants, no children; sea front; also garage preferred; state particulars.—B 1520, this office. 20 D

KINGSTOWN—Garden Flat vacant, one lady or two only; newly decorated; central; quiet house.—1685, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

LADY requires Bedroom and Sittingroom, with Board and attendance, in or near Greystones. Address "Z 1462, Apartments," this office. 21 F

MONKSTOWN—Self-contained Flat, 3 rooms, bath, electric light; 25/- per week.—Lord, Auctioneer, Dun Laoghaire. 19 F

MONKSTOWN—Newly decorated, three rooms, kitchen, bathroom, Flat, with separate garden, electric light, Vivo boiler.—Box 289, Stephens's Library, Dun Laoghaire.

PAYING Guests—County Wicklow, riding horses available, near sea, rough shooting; convenient 'bus and train. Address "Z 1377, Guests," this office. 18 D

PAYING Guests, country residence, own grounds, beside church, village; 'bus passes gates. Address "Z 1411, Guests," this office. 20 F

TO Let, comfortable, Furnished Flat, overlooking the sea; no children.—260 Clontarf road. 20 F

TWO Ladies require Accommodation in country, farmhouse preferred; state terms.—B 1610, this office.

WOODVILLE, Grange, Granard — Economise pleasantly, restful holiday on lovely lakeside surroundings; comfortable house, sunny aspect; exceptional terms February, March. 8 14

YOUNG Lady requires full Board Residence, vicinity George's street, Dun Laoghaire.—B 1508, this office. 21 F

7 ROOM Unfurnished Flat wanted immediately for a term of years, sea front, Dun Laoghaire; principal bedroom and drawingroom must be facing sea; garden essential. Reply Box 284, Stephens's Library, Dun Laoghaire.

NORTH OF IRELAND.

TO Let, Bovagh House, Aghadowey, Co. Londonderry, Furnished or Unfurnished; 3 sittingrooms, 7 bedrooms; house in perfect order; trout stream through grounds. Apply Crookshank, Leech and Moon, New Row, Coleraine, Co. Londonderry. 19 E

MISCELLANEOUS.

AT Sharpley's, Baby Linen Specialists—Ladies invited to write for Catalogues Baby Linen, Accouchement Nursery Requisites.—Nassau street, Lower Camden street. T

ARTISTIC Picture Framing—No increase in prices, choice selection Pictures and Mirrors.—The Victor Waddington Galleries, 28 South Anne street. T

AMAZING Firelighter—Lights fires without sticks; last indefinitely; saves cost first week; clean, quick, handy; sample, 1/6.—Jiffy Products, 8 Bachelor's Walk. 19 E

ANTISEPTIC Electrolysis Removes Hair permanently without mark. Consultations free.—Miss Read, Certified Specialist, Second Floor, 4 Dawson street. Hours 10.5 X

BOOKS—Wanted, Novels, History, Travels, Miscellaneous; old or modern.—B 1312, this office. 17 D

BEWLEY'S of Middle Abbey street for excellent Tea at 2/-; Port, 4/-; Golden Sherry, 3/6; Brown Sherry, 4/6. 19 E

BILLHEADS, Memos, Cards, Tea Bags, cheapest. Samples free.—Ronan, Ferns, Co. Wexford. 8 20

CONTRACT Bridge—Lady Teacher, specially successful with beginners.—B 1572, this office. 21 A

NOTICE.

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper great care should be taken to include the catch words when same are given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

MANOR Mill Laundry—High Class Work. Write for our reduced Price List. 78 19

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PERMANENT Waving by Experts, 12/6; Tinting from 5/6.—Bennett, 128 Stephen's Green, next Turkish Baths. T

PRINTING at pre-tariff prices.—Leinster Printing Co., 6 Capel street, Dublin. 17 D

PALMISTRY and Psychology—Special visit of Professor Burgess, F.B.I.M.S. (Gold Medallist, 3 Diplomas). World-Famous Character Reader and Expert Adviser. Your fee returned if not satisfied. Hours daily from 2 o'clock to 11 o'clock. At the Fun Palace, by O'Connell Bridge, Dublin. Those unable to call send for particulars and terms to—The Manager, Fun Palace, Dublin. 7 21

SWIMMING Instruction, morning or evening.—F. G. Gillespie, 10 Oxmantown road. 17 D

SIMPLE Pick-up for a Screened Grid Wireless Set, by an Expert, in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 20 F

SMALL Car for Hire (owner driving), any distance, moderate.—3 Pembroke road. 20 F

THE Kavanaghs should see the "Irish Family Names" Feature in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 20 F

79 LOWER Mount street—Miss Rooney, Dressmaker; Evening Dresses, Dressey Dresses. Renovation speciality; up-to-date.

500 BILLHEADS, 4/-; postage 9d.—Leinster Printing Co., 6 Capel street, Dublin. 17 D

THE FIRST WHITE MAN IN CANADA.

FOURTH CENTENARY OF LANDING.

The first white man to set foot on the shores of Canada will be honoured this year, writes Reuter from Niagara Falls, Ontario. It is just four centuries ago (in 1534) that Jacques Cartier, the famous explorer from St. Malo, sailed to the mouth of the St. Lawrence and landed with his seamen on the coast of Gaspe.

Preliminary plans for the celebration have been made at an international gathering at Niagara Falls. Four nations will take part—Great Britain, Canada, the United States and France. The Rush Bagot treaty between Great Britain and the United States will also be commemorated.

The old Fort Niagara, which played a part in the Anglo-American war of 1812-14, will be dedicated as a monument to the peace which has existed between the two countries for more than a century. Both Great Britain and France have been invited to send national bands and detachments from their famous regiments. The pageant will begin in the Province of Prince Edward Island; from there it will move to Gaspe, where Cartier planted the Cross in 1534; thence to the City of Quebec, and on to Montreal. From Montreal it will go to Fort Niagara, and will end at the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto.

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CONQUEST OF THE AIR.

LONDON-MELBOURNE RACE.

A NEW WARPLANE.

DE HAVILLAND'S £5,000 racer for the London-Melbourne contest in October this year is named the "Comet." Mr. J. A. Mollison has ordered one. Serious negotiations for the purchase of others make likely the appearance in the race of five or six of them in all. The "Comet" must be ordered under novel conditions. One-fifth of the purchase price must be deposited at the time of placing an order, which will be accepted up to the end of this month. This sum is recoverable if the company fails to fulfil the terms of its contract, which are that the machine will comply with the technical and other requirements of the contest, that its top speed will be not less than 200 miles an hour, that it will be equipped for a crew of two, and that it will be delivered to the purchaser before the end of September. No details of the machine will be disclosed, even to buyers, till after the closing date for entries for the race.

Pilots who are considering participation in the event are studying ways and means of taking best advantage of the governing conditions. The rules imply, for example, that only one occupant of any racing plane, styled the "pilot-in-charge," need travel in the machine all through the race. Here is an opportunity for the use of relays of second pilots, men who would be taken on board at Karachi, Calcutta and Singapore to help the pilot-in-charge over the next part of the journey. Naturally, men selected for this work would be chosen for their personal knowledge of the section of the route that each would fly; the gain to the entrant would be considerable.

British experts declare that the winning machine in the speed race will probably complete the journey from England to Melbourne in approximately four days, which means an average speed, including all stops, of about 145 miles an hour. Such speed will be well within the capacities of British craft such as the "Comet," and will set a new standard of quick communication, which one day the regular air mail services may emulate.

DESERT PATROL.

A new name passes into the currency of the Royal Air Force with the placing of an order by the Air Ministry for a number of Hawker "Hardy" general purpose biplanes Developed from the famous "Hart" day bomber, which set new standards of performance at the time of its introduction to the Service five years ago, the new craft is specially prepared for service in the Middle East, and may be equipped with extra fuel tanks to increase its range and with a drinking water tank for use on desert patrol. Radio gear and photographic apparatus are also included in its equipment.

Powered like the "Hart" with a Rolls-Royce "Kestrel" 525 h.p. liquid-cooled engine, the "Hardy" retains the high speed characteristic of all Hawker machines, and combines with it great capacity for load. Its crew consists in two men. Ingenious arrangement of the internal fittings makes possible the performance, with very little preparation, of every duty that may be required of a Royal Air Force "general purpose" aeroplane. Two machine guns make up the defensive armament; bombs may be carried in racks beneath the wings when required. Provision is expected in the forthcoming Air Estimates for the re-equipment of more than one squadron now using obsolescent machines, with "Hardy" aeroplanes.

Incidentally, announcement of the "Hardy" order illustrates the present popularity with the Air Ministry of Hawker products. Eight distinct types are already in service—"Fury" and "Nimrod," single-seater fighters; "Demon" and "Osprey," two-seater fighters; "Hart" day bomber; "Audax," Army co-operation 'plane; "Horsley," torpedo 'plane, and "Hart," advanced trainer. Issue of the "Hardy" will bring the number up to nine. Every aeroplane in the Hawker range, with the exception of the "Horsley" and certain experimental craft, is powered with the "Kestrel" motor; the "Horsley" employs the Rolls-Royce "Condor." A special "Kestrel" supercharged engine provides power in the modified "Fury" single-seater fighter, which, with its maximum attainable speed of 250 miles an hour, is the fastest military aircraft in the world.

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Printed and Published by the IRISH TIMES, LIMITED, at the Office, 31 Westmoreland Street, in the Parish of St. Mark and City of Dublin. THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1934.